

Activation of the aryl hydrocarbon receptor by a component of cigarette smoke reduces germ cell proliferation in the human fetal ovary

Richard A. Anderson^{1,*}, Luke McIlwain¹, Shiona Coutts¹, Hazel L. Kinnell¹, Paul A. Fowler¹, and Andrew J. Childs^{1,2}

¹MRC Centre for Reproductive Health, Queen's Medical Research Institute, University of Edinburgh, 47 Little France Crescent, Edinburgh EH16 4TJ, UK ²Division of Applied Medicine, Institute of Medical Sciences, Aberdeen AB25 2ZD, UK

*Correspondence address. Division of Reproduction and Developmental Sciences, The Queen's Medical Research Institute, The University of Edinburgh, 47 Little France Crescent, Edinburgh EH16 4TJ, UK. Tel: +44 131 2426386; Fax: +44 131 2426441; E-mail: richard.anderson@ed.ac.uk

Mol Hum Reprod. 2014;20:42–48

The authors would like to apologise for omitting a source of funding in the Funding statement of the above manuscript. The work presented in this article was also funded by a grant (354FRG) awarded by Medical Research Scotland to AJC.

The authors would like to assure readers that this does not affect any content of the article.