(HSD11B1) is reported. We examined the HSD11B1 mRNA level and methylation status of the promoter region of the HSD11B1 in the adipose tissue of patients with aldosterone-producing adenoma (APA). Methods: We evaluated 10 adipose tissue specimens from patients with primary aldosteronism due to aldosterone-producing adenoma (APA) and 7 tissue specimens from patients with non-functioning adrenal adenoma (NFA). Primary aldosteronism was diagnosed according to the guideline of the Japanese Endocrine Society. The expression levels of HSD11B1 mRNA were quantified using a real time PCR. Isolated DNA was treated with bisulfite amplified using primers specific for humanHSD11B1promoter region. Results: The glycohemoglobin level was significantly higher in patients with APA compared with those with NFA (p<0.05). Blood pressure was significantly elevated in patients with APA compared with those with NFA (p<0.01). The HSD11B1 mRNA level and the enzyme activities were significantly increased in the adipose tissues of APA compared with NFA patients (p<0.05). The methylation ratio was not significantly different between APA and NFA patients. Conclusion: These results may suggest that adipose11beta-HSD1 contributes to metabolic abnormalities in APA. The pathophysiological significance of epigenetic control of 11beta-HSD1 gene in the adipose tissue should be further studied.

Presentation: No date and time listed

Abstract citation ID: bvac150.495

## Cardiovascular Endocrinology **ODP145**

Epigenesis of 11beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase 1 in the adipose tissue of aldosterone-producing adenoma

Daisuke Aono, MD, Masashi Demura, MD, Shigehiro Karashima, MD, Mitsuhiro Kometani, MD, Seigo Konishi, MD, Takashi Sawamura, MD, Yoshimichi Takeda, MD, Yoshiyu Takeda, MD, and Takashi Yoneda, MD

Objective: 11Beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase 1 (11beta-HSD1) is the key enzyme of metabolic syndrome. The transcript-specific epigenetic regulation of 11b-HSD1