



# Corrigendum: Outcomes Associated With Osteochondral Allograft Transplantation in Dogs

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# A Corrigendum on

# Outcomes Associated With Osteochondral Allograft Transplantation in Dogs

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In the original article, the letters "XXX" were published, where specific information should be substituted, in the **Materials and Methods** section page 1, paragraph 1, page 1, paragraph 2 and page 3, paragraph 3. The corrected paragraphs appear below

# MATERIALS AND METHODS, paragraph 1

This retrospective study involved acquisition of data for all dogs undergoing OCA transplantation using OCAs provided by a single canine tissue bank (The Thompson Laboratory for Regenerative Orthopaedics, University of Missouri) and for whom follow-up data were available.

# MATERIALS AND METHODS, paragraph 2

Osteochondral tissues were recovered using strict aseptic technique immediately following euthanasia (i.e., within 30 min of euthanasia), measured, and immediately placed in a proprietary medium and stored in accordance with a validated protocol (Missouri Osteochondral Preservation System;  $MOPS^{\textcircled{R}}$ ) (15, 16, 31).

## MATERIALS AND METHODS, paragraph 3

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All OCAs were implanted within 56 days of donor death because a previous study has shown that all MOPS $^{\textcircled{\$}}$ -preserved canine donor tissue exceeds minimum essential viable chondrocyte density up to 56 days following tissue recovery (30).

The authors apologize for these errors and state that these do not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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