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4-[(*E*)-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)iminomethyl]-phenolAliakbar Dehno Khalaji,^a Karla Fejfarová^{b*} and Michal Dušek^b^aDepartment of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Golestan University, Gorgan, Iran, and ^bInstitute of Physics ASCR, v.v.i., Na Slovance 2, 182 21 Praha 8, Czech Republic

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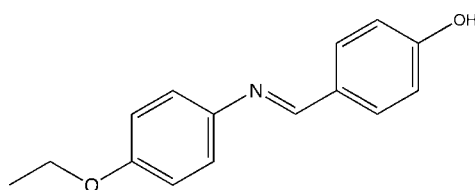
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 120$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.031; wR factor = 0.103; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_2$, the dihedral angle between the benzene rings is $52.04(5)^\circ$ and the molecule has an *E* conformation about the central $\text{C}=\text{N}$ bond. In the crystal, molecules are connected by $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds, forming zigzag chains along the *b* axis. The crystal packing also features weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions.

Related literature

For Schiff base derivatives and related structures, see: Fejfarová *et al.* (2010); Özek *et al.* (2010); Akkurt *et al.* (2008); Khalaji *et al.* (2008, 2009) For applications and properties of Schiff bases, see: Dalapati *et al.* (2011); Keypour *et al.* (2010); Khalil *et al.* (2009); Khanmohammadi *et al.* (2009); Sun *et al.* (2012); Da Silva *et al.* (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_2$
 $M_r = 241.3$
 Orthorhombic, *Pbca*
 $a = 10.9155(2)$ Å
 $b = 9.4056(2)$ Å
 $c = 25.0422(5)$ Å

$V = 2571.00(9)$ Å³
 $Z = 8$
 Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.67$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 120$ K
 $0.54 \times 0.20 \times 0.03$ mm

Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur diffractometer with an Atlas (Gemini ultra Cu) detector
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2011)
 $T_{\min} = 0.795$, $T_{\max} = 1$
 22644 measured reflections
 1778 independent reflections
 1780 reflections with $I > 3\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$
 $\theta_{\max} = 61.1^\circ$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 3\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.103$
 $S = 1.71$
 1778 reflections
 166 parameters
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.11$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.11$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C7}-\text{H7b}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.96	2.50	3.3393 (15)	147
$\text{O2}-\text{H2o}\cdots\text{N1}^{ii}$	0.894 (17)	1.825 (17)	2.7098 (12)	170.0 (14)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, y + 1, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR2002* (Burla *et al.*, 2003); program(s) used to refine structure: *JANA2006* (Petříček *et al.*, 2006); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: *JANA2006*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5991).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2646 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812034253]

4-[(*E*)-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)iminomethyl]phenol

Aliakbar Dehno Khalaji, Karla Fejfarová and Michal Dušek

Comment

Schiff base compounds exhibit a broad range of biological activities, including antifungal, and antibacterial (Da Silva *et al.*, 2011). They are used as anion sensors (Dalapati *et al.*, 2011; Khalil *et al.*, 2009), non-linear optics compounds (Sun *et al.*, 2012), and as versatile ligands in coordination chemistry (Khanmohammadi *et al.*, 2009; Keypour *et al.*, 2010). The present work is part of a structural study of Schiff bases (Khalaji *et al.*, 2008, 2009; Fejfarová *et al.*, 2010) and we report here the structure of (*E*)-(4-hydroxybenzylidene)-4-ethoxyaniline, (1).

The molecule of (1) (Fig. 1) has an *E* conformation about the central C=N bond and the C=N and C—N bond lengths of 1.2853 (45) and 1.4250 (14) Å agree well with the corresponding distances in other Schiff bases (Akkurt *et al.*, 2008; Özek *et al.*, 2010; Khalaji *et al.*, 2008, 2009; Fejfarová *et al.*, 2010). The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 52.04 (5)°. The ethoxy group is almost coplanar with the adjacent ring [dihedral angle 3.51 (12)°]. The molecules are connected by intermolecular O—H···N hydrogen bonds, forming zigzag chains along the *b* axis (Fig. 2). The crystal structure is further stabilized by intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bonds.

Experimental

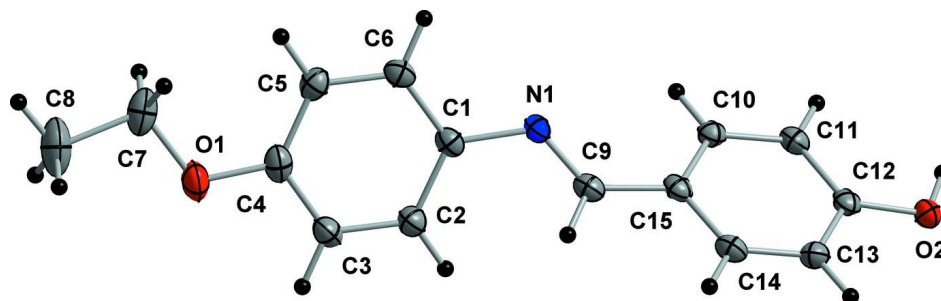
To a stirring solution of the 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde (0.2 mmol, in 5 ml of methanol) was added 4-ethoxyaniline (0.2 mmol) in 10 ml of methanol and the mixture was stirred for 1 h in air at 323 K and was then left at room temperature for several days without disturbance yielding suitable crystals of 1 that subsequently were filtered off and washed with Et₂O. Yield: 82%.

Refinement

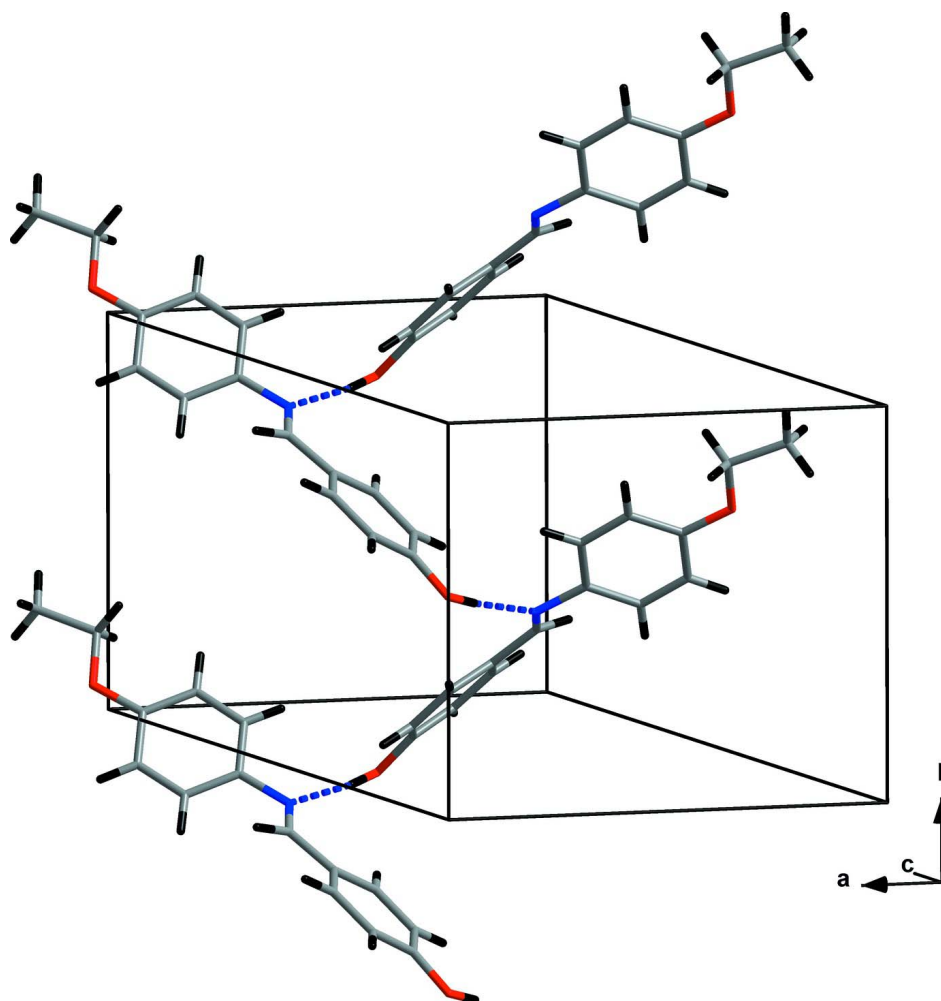
The hydroxyl hydrogen atom was found in difference Fourier maps and its coordinates were refined. All other hydrogen atoms were calculated geometrically and refined as riding on their parent atoms. The methyl H atoms were allowed to rotate freely about the adjacent C—C bond. The displacement coefficients of hydrogen atoms $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$ were set to $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{O})$ for the methyl- and hydroxyl- groups and to $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for the CH- and CH₂- groups.

Computing details

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR2002* (Burla *et al.*, 2003); program(s) used to refine structure: *JANA2006* (Petříček *et al.*, 2006); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: *JANA2006* (Petříček *et al.*, 2006).

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are shown at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Hydrogen-bonded chain propagating along the *b* axis. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

4-[(*E*)-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)iminomethyl]phenol

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{15}NO_2$
 $M_r = 241.3$

Orthorhombic, *Pbca*
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab

$a = 10.9155 (2) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 9.4056 (2) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 25.0422 (5) \text{ \AA}$
 $V = 2571.00 (9) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 8$
 $F(000) = 1024$
 $D_x = 1.246 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.5418 \text{ \AA}$
 Cell parameters from 14821 reflections
 $\theta = 3.5\text{--}61.1^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.67 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 120 \text{ K}$
 Plate, light yellow
 $0.54 \times 0.20 \times 0.03 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur
 diffractometer with an Atlas (Gemini ultra Cu)
 detector
 Radiation source: Enhance Ultra (Cu) X-ray
 Source
 Mirror monochromator
 Detector resolution: $10.3784 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$
 Rotation method data acquisition using ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2011)

$T_{\min} = 0.795$, $T_{\max} = 1$
 22644 measured reflections
 1978 independent reflections
 1780 reflections with $I > 3\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$
 $\theta_{\max} = 61.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.5^\circ$
 $h = -12 \rightarrow 12$
 $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
 $l = -28 \rightarrow 27$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.103$
 $S = 1.71$
 1978 reflections
 166 parameters
 0 restraints
 57 constraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 Weighting scheme based on measured s.u.'s $w =$
 $1/(\sigma^2(I) + 0.0025000002I^2)$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.006$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.11 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.11 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. Absorption correction: CrysAlis PRO (Agilent, 2011). Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

Refinement. The refinement was carried out against all reflections. The conventional R -factor is always based on F . The goodness of fit as well as the weighted R -factor are based on F and F^2 for refinement carried out on F and F^2 , respectively. The threshold expression is used only for calculating R -factors *etc.* and it is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.

The program used for refinement, Jana2006, uses the weighting scheme based on the experimental expectations, see `_refine_ls_weighting_details`, that does not force S to be one. Therefore the values of S are usually larger than the ones from the *SHELX* program.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	-0.08099 (8)	0.58106 (10)	0.55939 (4)	0.0344 (3)
O2	0.50129 (8)	-0.13939 (9)	0.85269 (3)	0.0251 (3)
N1	0.26997 (8)	0.30259 (10)	0.68326 (4)	0.0196 (3)
C1	0.18053 (10)	0.37189 (12)	0.65100 (4)	0.0200 (3)
C2	0.06035 (11)	0.32217 (13)	0.64660 (4)	0.0234 (4)
C3	-0.02398 (11)	0.39425 (13)	0.61577 (5)	0.0260 (4)
C4	0.00974 (12)	0.51683 (14)	0.58837 (4)	0.0259 (4)
C5	0.12999 (11)	0.56466 (13)	0.59109 (5)	0.0251 (4)
C6	0.21487 (11)	0.49095 (12)	0.62174 (5)	0.0228 (4)
C7	-0.04877 (15)	0.70560 (14)	0.52934 (5)	0.0357 (4)

C8	-0.16378 (16)	0.75963 (18)	0.50327 (7)	0.0509 (5)
C9	0.23493 (11)	0.24457 (11)	0.72715 (5)	0.0208 (4)
C10	0.42099 (10)	0.09397 (12)	0.74119 (5)	0.0198 (4)
C11	0.48630 (10)	-0.00196 (12)	0.77159 (4)	0.0199 (4)
C12	0.44379 (10)	-0.04176 (12)	0.82220 (4)	0.0205 (4)
C13	0.33635 (10)	0.01912 (12)	0.84201 (5)	0.0230 (4)
C14	0.27084 (11)	0.11386 (12)	0.81106 (4)	0.0228 (4)
C15	0.31179 (10)	0.15335 (12)	0.76005 (4)	0.0202 (4)
H2	0.036296	0.23732	0.665154	0.028*
H3	-0.106486	0.35958	0.613196	0.0313*
H5	0.154298	0.648332	0.571861	0.0301*
H6	0.298437	0.52267	0.622731	0.0273*
H7a	0.009871	0.680691	0.502344	0.0429*
H7b	-0.017107	0.776855	0.553066	0.0429*
H8a	-0.144624	0.840538	0.481436	0.0764*
H8b	-0.198521	0.686045	0.48144	0.0764*
H8c	-0.221636	0.786824	0.530273	0.0764*
H9	0.152732	0.262562	0.738996	0.0249*
H10	0.450945	0.120386	0.706538	0.0237*
H11	0.561133	-0.041581	0.758022	0.0239*
H13	0.308026	-0.0049	0.877165	0.0276*
H14	0.196003	0.153391	0.82466	0.0273*
H2o	0.5725 (16)	-0.1625 (16)	0.8374 (6)	0.0377*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0303 (5)	0.0399 (6)	0.0330 (5)	0.0097 (4)	-0.0083 (4)	0.0063 (4)
O2	0.0188 (5)	0.0286 (5)	0.0279 (5)	0.0040 (3)	0.0011 (3)	0.0074 (3)
N1	0.0168 (5)	0.0182 (5)	0.0238 (5)	-0.0005 (4)	-0.0022 (4)	-0.0012 (4)
C1	0.0181 (6)	0.0208 (6)	0.0210 (6)	0.0025 (4)	0.0003 (4)	-0.0033 (5)
C2	0.0218 (6)	0.0235 (7)	0.0248 (6)	-0.0005 (5)	-0.0009 (5)	-0.0002 (5)
C3	0.0180 (6)	0.0325 (7)	0.0277 (7)	0.0002 (5)	-0.0020 (5)	-0.0016 (5)
C4	0.0263 (7)	0.0303 (7)	0.0212 (6)	0.0081 (5)	-0.0028 (5)	-0.0019 (5)
C5	0.0281 (7)	0.0243 (6)	0.0229 (6)	0.0017 (5)	0.0022 (5)	0.0005 (5)
C6	0.0204 (6)	0.0238 (6)	0.0241 (6)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0014 (5)	-0.0020 (5)
C7	0.0496 (9)	0.0313 (7)	0.0262 (7)	0.0121 (6)	-0.0067 (6)	0.0008 (5)
C8	0.0644 (11)	0.0465 (9)	0.0418 (9)	0.0231 (8)	-0.0190 (8)	-0.0003 (7)
C9	0.0166 (6)	0.0199 (6)	0.0259 (7)	-0.0002 (4)	-0.0001 (5)	-0.0030 (5)
C10	0.0176 (6)	0.0207 (6)	0.0209 (6)	-0.0030 (4)	-0.0007 (4)	-0.0011 (4)
C11	0.0154 (6)	0.0205 (6)	0.0239 (6)	-0.0006 (4)	-0.0010 (4)	-0.0023 (5)
C12	0.0169 (6)	0.0196 (6)	0.0249 (6)	-0.0035 (4)	-0.0041 (4)	-0.0005 (5)
C13	0.0190 (6)	0.0271 (7)	0.0228 (6)	-0.0026 (5)	0.0014 (5)	0.0015 (5)
C14	0.0167 (6)	0.0248 (6)	0.0267 (6)	0.0005 (5)	0.0007 (5)	-0.0014 (5)
C15	0.0171 (6)	0.0193 (6)	0.0243 (6)	-0.0030 (4)	-0.0026 (5)	-0.0025 (5)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C4	1.3684 (15)	C7—H7a	0.96
O1—C7	1.4360 (16)	C7—H7b	0.96

O2—C12	1.3492 (14)	C8—H8a	0.96
O2—H2o	0.894 (17)	C8—H8b	0.96
N1—C1	1.4250 (14)	C8—H8c	0.96
N1—C9	1.2853 (14)	C9—C15	1.4557 (16)
C1—C2	1.3971 (16)	C9—H9	0.96
C1—C6	1.3897 (16)	C10—C11	1.3791 (16)
C2—C3	1.3795 (17)	C10—C15	1.3985 (15)
C2—H2	0.96	C10—H10	0.96
C3—C4	1.3913 (17)	C11—C12	1.4006 (15)
C3—H3	0.96	C11—H11	0.96
C4—C5	1.3892 (17)	C12—C13	1.3961 (16)
C5—C6	1.3887 (16)	C13—C14	1.3807 (16)
C5—H5	0.96	C13—H13	0.96
C6—H6	0.96	C14—C15	1.4033 (16)
C7—C8	1.504 (2)	C14—H14	0.96
C4—O1—C7	117.43 (10)	C7—C8—H8a	109.47
C12—O2—H2o	109.1 (9)	C7—C8—H8b	109.47
C1—N1—C9	118.37 (9)	C7—C8—H8c	109.47
N1—C1—C2	122.33 (10)	H8a—C8—H8b	109.47
N1—C1—C6	118.86 (10)	H8a—C8—H8c	109.47
C2—C1—C6	118.78 (10)	H8b—C8—H8c	109.47
C1—C2—C3	120.40 (11)	N1—C9—C15	124.24 (10)
C1—C2—H2	119.8	N1—C9—H9	117.88
C3—C2—H2	119.8	C15—C9—H9	117.88
C2—C3—C4	120.45 (11)	C11—C10—C15	121.02 (10)
C2—C3—H3	119.77	C11—C10—H10	119.49
C4—C3—H3	119.77	C15—C10—H10	119.49
O1—C4—C3	115.84 (11)	C10—C11—C12	120.21 (10)
O1—C4—C5	124.54 (11)	C10—C11—H11	119.89
C3—C4—C5	119.61 (11)	C12—C11—H11	119.9
C4—C5—C6	119.73 (11)	O2—C12—C11	122.68 (10)
C4—C5—H5	120.14	O2—C12—C13	117.95 (10)
C6—C5—H5	120.14	C11—C12—C13	119.35 (10)
C1—C6—C5	120.91 (11)	C12—C13—C14	120.02 (11)
C1—C6—H6	119.54	C12—C13—H13	119.99
C5—C6—H6	119.54	C14—C13—H13	119.99
O1—C7—C8	107.38 (12)	C13—C14—C15	121.12 (10)
O1—C7—H7a	109.47	C13—C14—H14	119.44
O1—C7—H7b	109.47	C15—C14—H14	119.44
C8—C7—H7a	109.47	C9—C15—C10	122.37 (10)
C8—C7—H7b	109.47	C9—C15—C14	119.18 (10)
H7a—C7—H7b	111.48	C10—C15—C14	118.24 (10)
C4—O1—C7—C8	-177.51 (11)	N1—C9—C15—C10	-15.04 (18)
C9—N1—C1—C2	-35.10 (15)	N1—C9—C15—C14	170.16 (11)
C9—N1—C1—C6	146.67 (11)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$C7-H7b\cdots O2^i$	0.96	2.50	3.3393 (15)	147
$O2-H2o\cdots N1^{ii}$	0.894 (17)	1.825 (17)	2.7098 (12)	170.0 (14)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1/2, y+1, -z+3/2$; (ii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$.