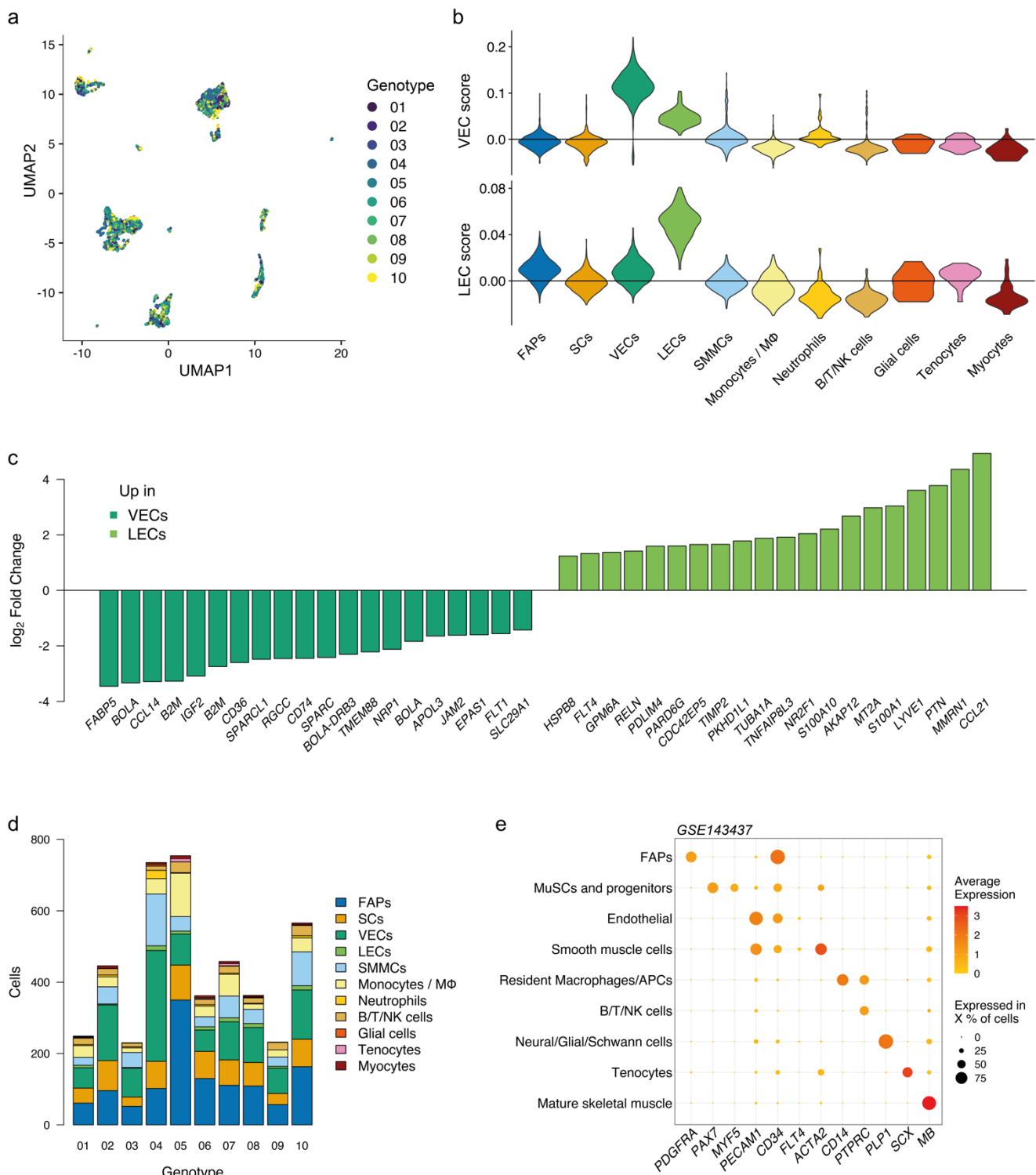


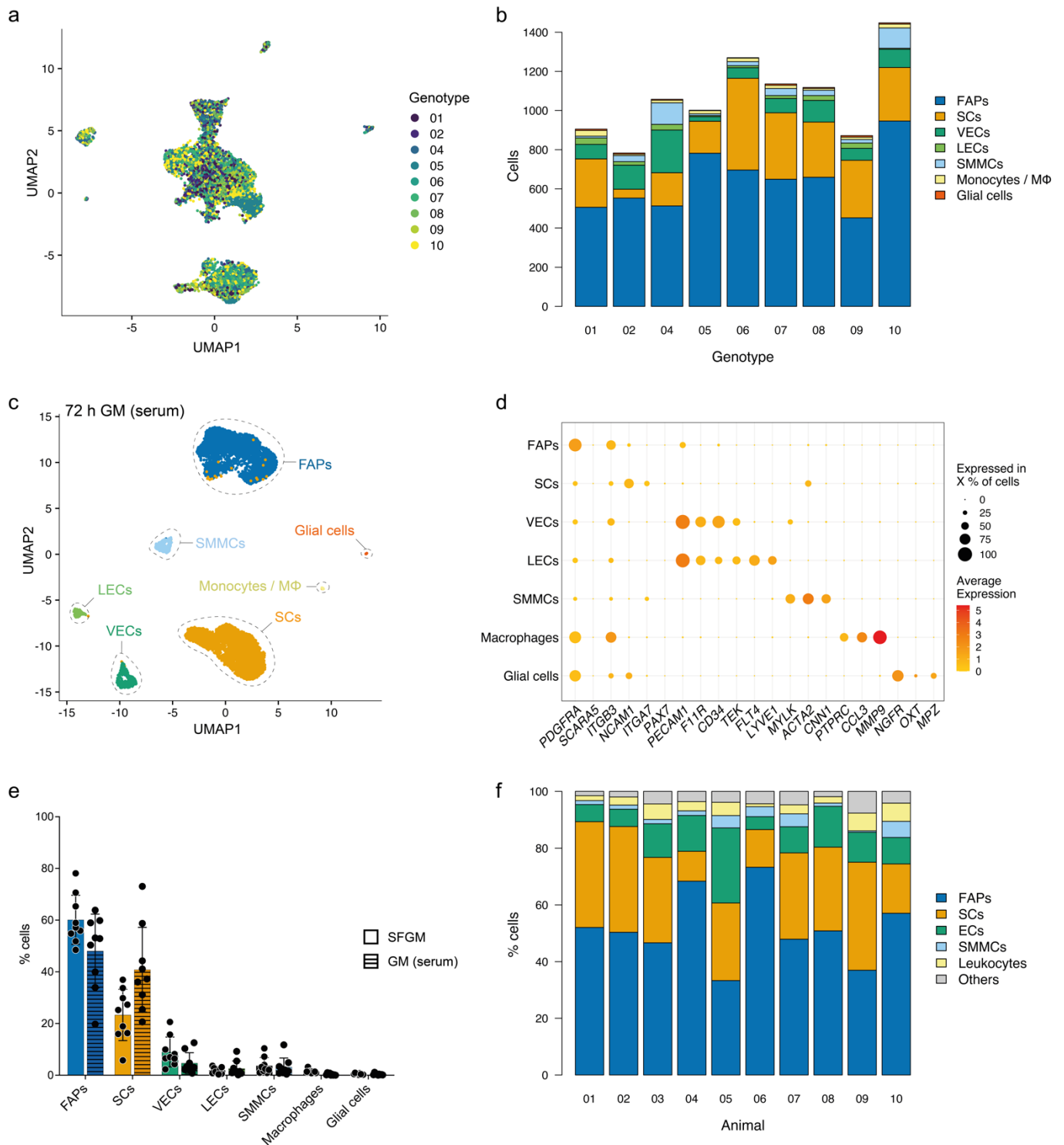
**Supplementary Figure 1: Single-cell RNA-sequencing quality control (related to Figure 1)**

- Number of cells at each timepoint of the scRNA-seq experiment, coloured by genotype (donor animal);
- Total number of genes per cell at each timepoint;
- Total number of unique molecular identifiers (UMIs) per cell at each timepoint;
- Percentage of reads assigned to mitochondrial genes at each timepoint.



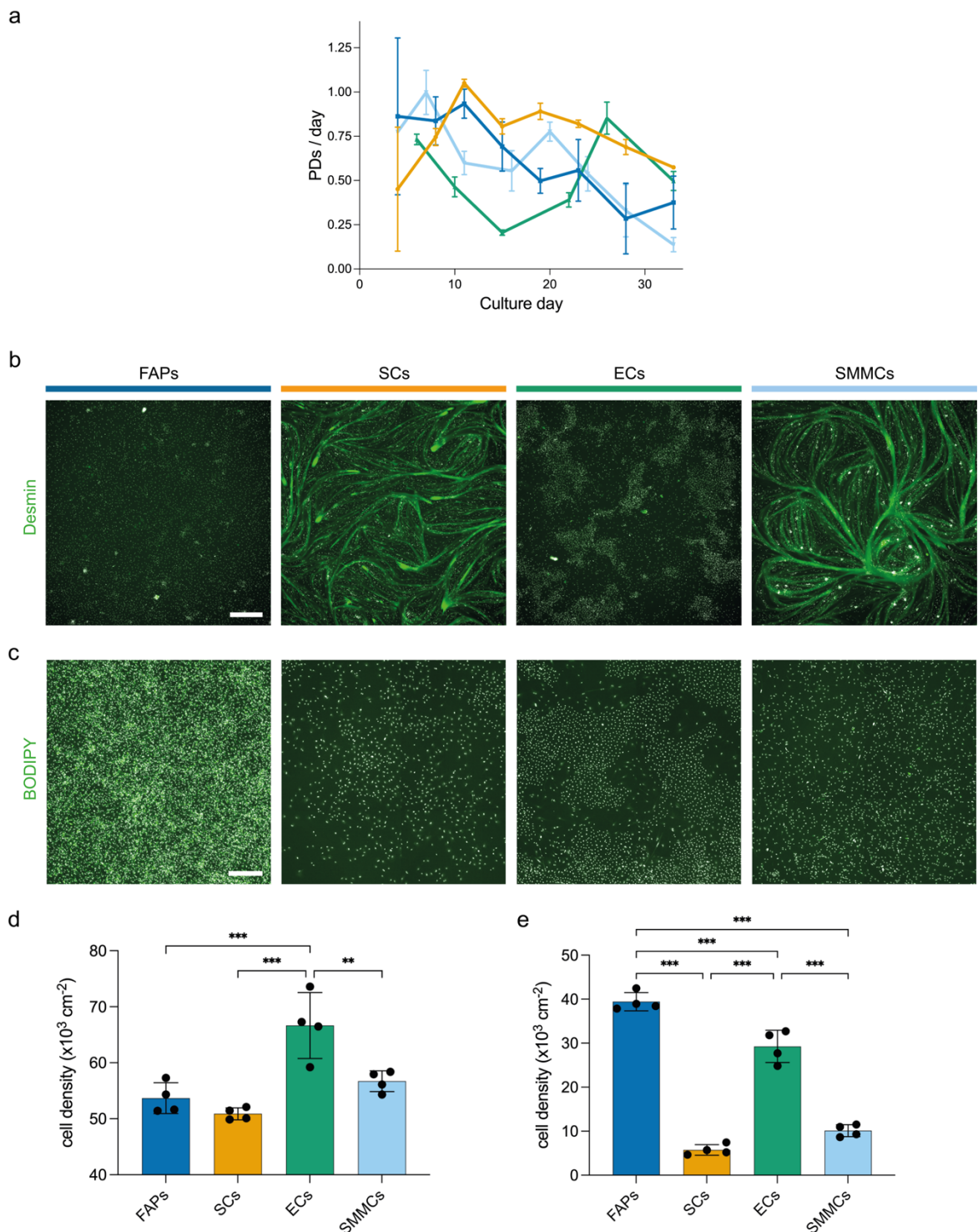
**Supplementary Figure 2: Identification of cell types in the bovine muscle niche (related to Figure 1).**

- UMAP of bovine muscle cells coloured by genotype;
- Averaged expression of *Descartes'* gene signature for vascular (top) and lymphatic endothelial (bottom) marker genes per cluster;
- Fold changes of the 20 most differentially expressed genes between vascular endothelial cells (VECs, dark green) and lymphatic endothelial cells (LECs, light green);
- Number of cells per genotype at Timepoint 1, coloured by respective cell type;
- Dotplot of normalised expression averaged within each cell-type in murine muscle (GSE143437) for markers shown in Fig. 1e.



**Supplementary Figure 3: Adherent cell types from bovine muscle niche after 72 h in vitro (related to Figure 2).**

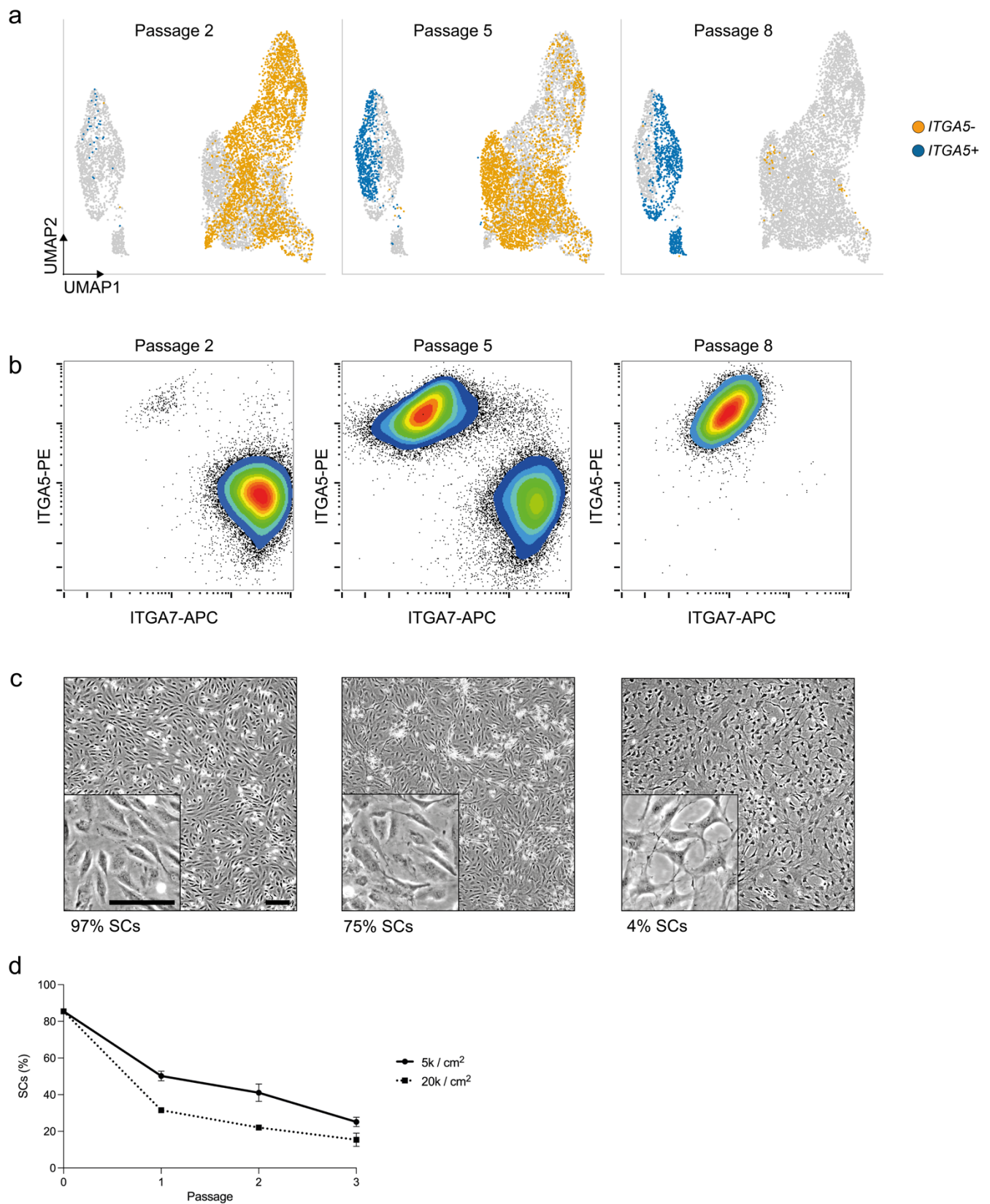
- UMAP of adherent cell fraction after 72 h in SFGM, coloured by genotype;
- Number of cells per genotype at Timepoint 2, coloured by respective cell type;
- UMAP of adherent cell fraction after 72 h in serum-containing GM, coloured by respective phenotype;
- Dot plot of marker expression from Fig. 2d in adherent cell fraction after 72 h in serum-containing GM;
- Comparison of relative cluster sizes of each cell type in serum-containing and serum-free growth media,  $n = 9$ ;
- Percentage of cell types in 10 donor animals after 72 h in SFGM, measured via flow cytometry based on gating strategy shown in Fig. 2f.



**Supplementary Figure 4: Proliferation and differentiation capacities of purified cell types (related to Figure 3).**

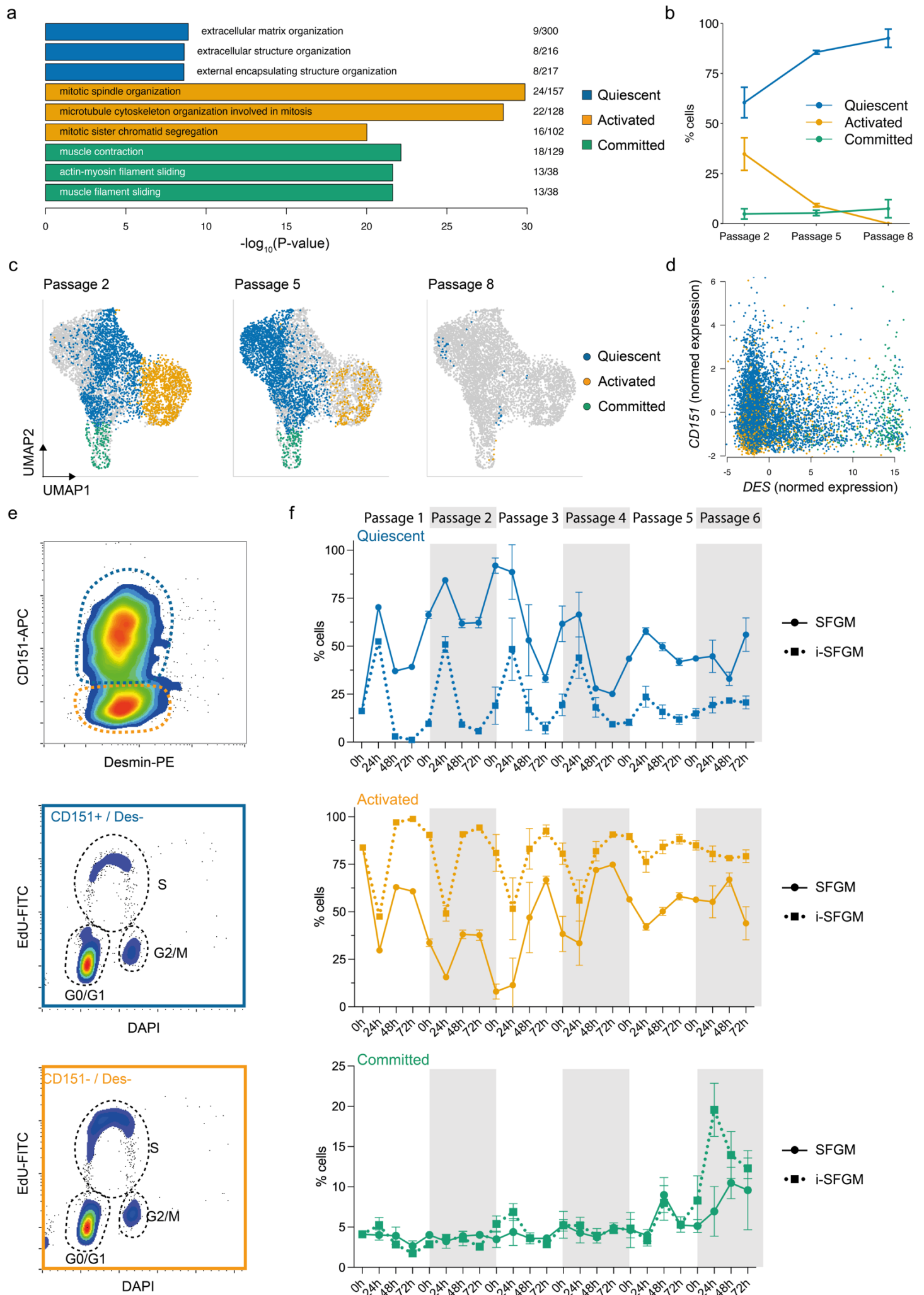
- Growth rates during long-term proliferation experiments shown in Fig. 3d. Data is shown as PDs per day; time points correspond to the preceding passage,  $n = 3$ ;
  - Cell counts for each cell type in myogenic differentiation assay after 72 h in SFDM,  $n = 4$ ;
  - Cell counts for each cell type after 240 h in serum-free adipogenic differentiation medium,  $n = 4$ ;
  - Immunofluorescent staining for desmin (green) and Hoechst (white) in purified cell types after 72 h of myogenic differentiation in SFDM; scale bar = 500  $\mu\text{m}$ ;
  - Immunofluorescent BODIPY staining (green) in purified cell types after 240 h of adipogenic differentiation; nuclei stained with Hoechst (white); scale bar = 500  $\mu\text{m}$ ;
- Adjusted  $p$ -values: \*  $< 0.05$ , \*\*  $< 0.01$ , \*\*\*  $< 0.001$ .





**Supplementary Figure 5: Overgrowth of SCs by FAPs during long-term cultivation (related to Figure 4).**

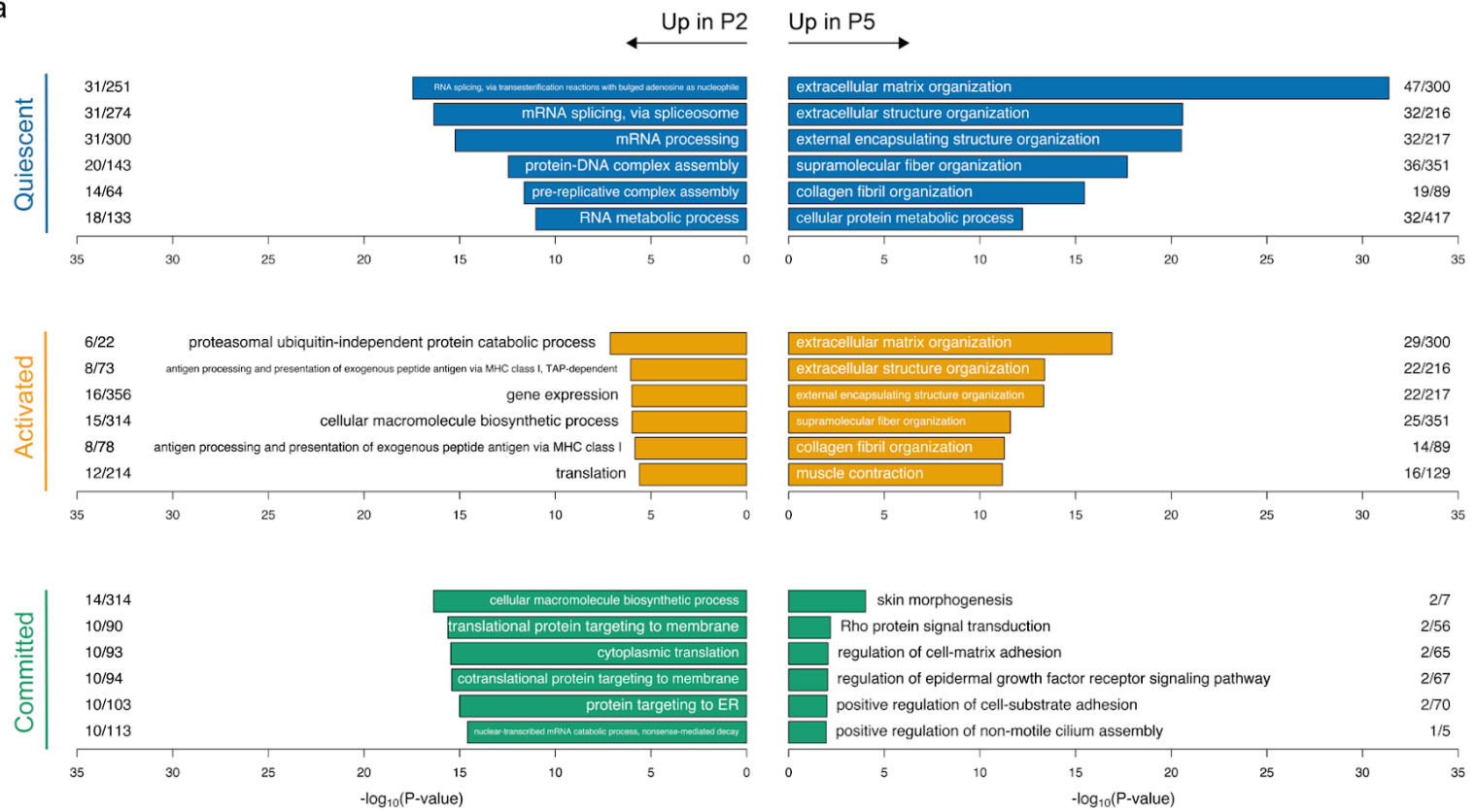
- UMAPs of sorted SCs at passages 2 (Timepoint 3, left), 5 (Timepoint 4, centre) and 8 (Timepoint 5, right), clusters coloured for expression of *ITGA5*;
- Flow cytometry plots of sorted SCs at passages 2 (left), 5 (centre) and 8 (right);
- Brightfield images of heterogeneous cultures with denoted *ITGA7*<sup>+</sup> percentages; scale bars = 100  $\mu$ m;
- Proportion of SCs resulting from passaging at different seeding densities, as measured via flow cytometry; error bars indicate *SD*, *n* = 4.



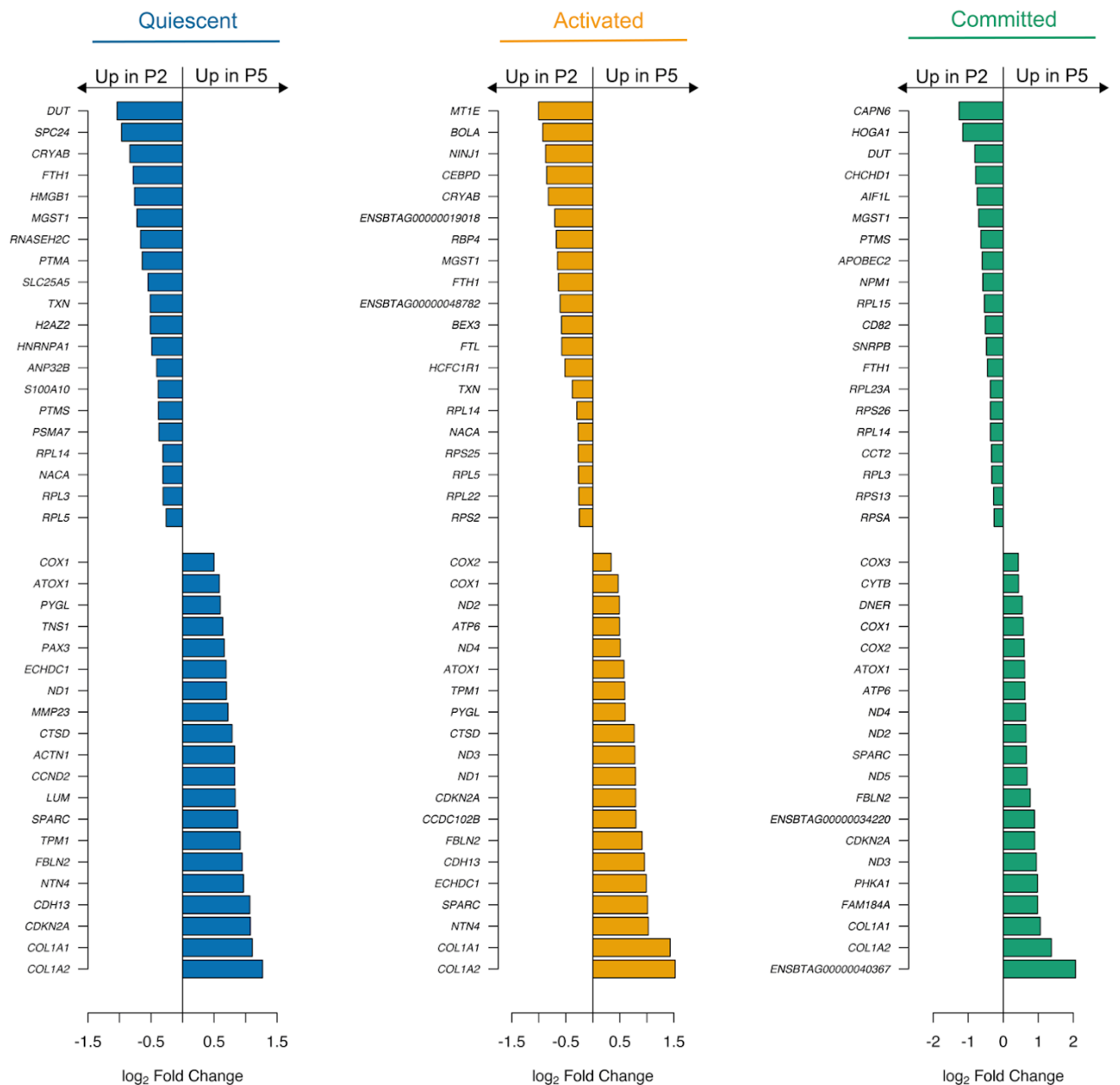
**Supplementary Figure 6: Three dynamic states identified within purified SCs (related to Figure 5).**

- a) Top three most significantly enriched GO terms corresponding to upregulated genes in quiescent, activated, and committed SCs;
- b) Proportions of quiescent, activated and committed SCs at passages 2, 5 and 8, as determined via scRNA-seq;
- c) Combined UMAPs showing SCs at passages 2 (left), 5 (centre) and 8 (right), coloured according to cell state;
- d) Expression of *CD151* and *DES* in SCs at passage 2; cells are coloured by state;
- e) Gating strategy for cell cycle analysis via flow cytometry; SCs were stained for CD151 and desmin (top); CD151+ (blue, centre) and CD151- (orange, bottom) cells were assigned to cell cycle phases as indicated by dotted gates;
- f) Proportion of quiescent (top), activated (centre) and committed (right) SCs in SFGM and improved SFGM media over the course of three passages, determined every 24 h via flow cytometry.

a



b





**Supplementary Figure 7: Aging effects within SC subpopulations (related to Figure 5).**

- a) Most significantly enriched GO-terms corresponding to the 200 most upregulated genes between passage 2 (left) and passage 5 (right) in quiescent (blue), activated (orange), and committed (green) SCs;
- b) Fold changes of the 20 most up- and downregulated genes in quiescent (blue), activated (orange), and committed (green) SCs.

**Supplementary Table 2: Media formulations.**

#	Component	Reference	Concentration
<b>Serum-free growth medium (SFGM)</b>			
1	DMEM/F-12	21331-020, Gibco	
2	$\alpha$ -linolenic acid	L2376, Sigma Aldrich	1.0 $\mu\text{g ml}^{-1}$
3	FGF-2	100-18B, Peprotech	10 $\text{ng ml}^{-1}$
4	Human Serum Albumin	Rc HA NW20, Richcore Lifesciences	5.0 $\text{mg ml}^{-1}$
5	HGF	100-39H, Peprotech	5 $\text{ng ml}^{-1}$
6	Hydrocortisone	H0888, Sigma Aldrich	36 $\text{ng ml}^{-1}$
7	IGF-1	100-11, Peprotech	100 $\text{ng ml}^{-1}$
8	IL-6	200-06, Peprotech	20 $\text{ng ml}^{-1}$
9	ITSE	00-101, biogems	1%
10	GlutaMax	35050-061, Gibco	1%
11	Glucose	G7021, Sigma Aldrich	17.7 mM
12	L-ascorbic acid 2-phosphate (Vitamin C)	A8960, Sigma Aldrich	155 $\mu\text{M}$
13	PDGF-BB	100-14B, Peprotech	10 $\text{ng ml}^{-1}$
14	Penicillin/Streptomycin/Amphotericin (PSA)	17-745E, Lonza	1%
15	VEGF	100-20 Peprotech	10 $\text{ng ml}^{-1}$
<b>Growth medium (GM)</b>			
1	Ham's F-10 Nutrient Mix	31550-023, Gibco	
2	Fetal Bovine Serum, heat inactivated (FBS)	10082147, Gibco	20%
3	FGF-2	100-18B, Peprotech	5 $\text{ng ml}^{-1}$
4	PSA	17-745E, Lonza	1%
<b>Serum-free myogenic differentiation medium (SFDm)</b>			
1	DMEM/F-12	21311-020, Gibco	
2	EGF-1	AF-100-15, Peprotech	10 $\text{ng ml}^{-1}$
3	Human Serum Albumin	Rc HA NW20, Richcore Lifesciences	0.5 $\text{mg ml}^{-1}$
4	ITSE	00-101, biogems	2%
5	L-ascorbic acid 2-phosphate (Vitamin C)	A8960, Sigma Aldrich	40 $\mu\text{M}$
6	Lysophosphatidic acid (LPA)	L7260, Sigma Aldrich	1 $\mu\text{M}$
7	MEM Amino Acids Solution	11130-051, ThermoFisher	0.50%
8	$\text{NaHCO}_3$	P2256, Sigma Aldrich	6.5 mM
9	PSA	17-745E, Lonza	1%
10	Soy hydrolysates	58903C, Merck	1%
<b>Serum-free adipogenic differentiation medium</b>			
1	DMEM/F-12	21311-020, Gibco	
2	$\text{CaCl}_2$	C3881, Sigma Aldrich	1 mM
3	D-(+)-Galactose	G5388, Sigma Aldrich	17 mM
4	Hydrocortisone	H0888, Sigma Aldrich	9 $\text{ng ml}^{-1}$
5	Indomethacin	I7378, Sigma Aldrich	5 nM

6	Insulin (recombinant human)	I0516, Sigma Aldrich	10 µg ml <sup>-1</sup>
7	L-ascorbic acid 2-phosphate (Vitamin C)	A8960, Sigma Aldrich	227 µM
8	Chemically defined lipid concentrate	11905-031, Gibco	0.1%
9	PSA	17-745E, Lonza	1%
10	Putrescine dihydrochloride	51799, Sigma Aldrich	57 µM
11	Sodium pyruvate	P2256, Sigma Aldrich	10 mM
12	Water (Type 1)	Millipore, Merck	15%

**Supplementary Table 3: Antibodies used in this study.**

Target	Colour	Source	Dilution	Reference	Application
Calponin-1	-	Abcam	1:400	ab46794	IF
CD151	APC	Miltenyi Biotec	1:50	130-103-664	Flow
CD29	APC	BioLegend	1:20	B247653	Flow
CD45-Ro	APC-Vio770	Miltenyi Biotec	1:50	130-114-083	Flow
Desmin	-	Sigma Aldrich	1:1000	D1033	Flow; IF
ITGA5	PE	Miltenyi Biotec	1:50	130-110-532	Flow
ITGA7	APC	Miltenyi Biotec	1:50	130-123-833	Flow
JAM-1 / F11R	PE-Vio770	Miltenyi Biotec	1:50	130-109-484	Flow
NCAM1	PE	BD Biosciences	1:20	335826	Flow
Pax7	-	Developmental Studies Hybridoma Bank	1:100	Cat# PAX7	IF
PDGFR $\alpha$	-	Abcam	1:200	ab203491	IF
TEK / Tie2	-	BioLegend	1:100	334202	IF
mouse	AF488	Invitrogen	1:250	A-11029	IF
mouse	PE	Miltenyi Biotec	1:250	30-119-684	IF
rabbit	AF488	Invitrogen	1:250	A-11034	IF