



Crystal structure of lutetium aluminate (LUAM), $\text{Lu}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$

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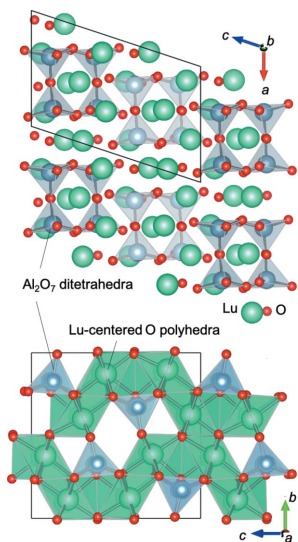
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The crystal structure of the title compound containing lutetium, the last element in the lanthanide series, was determined using a single crystal prepared by heating a pressed pellet of a 2:1 molar ratio mixture of Lu_2O_3 and Al_2O_3 powders in an Ar atmosphere at 2173 K for 4 h. $\text{Lu}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$ is isostructural with $\text{Eu}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$ and composed of Al_2O_7 ditetrahedra and Lu-centered six- and sevenfold oxygen polyhedra. The unit-cell volume, $787.3(3) \text{ \AA}^3$, is the smallest among the volumes of the rare-earth (RE) aluminates, $\text{RE}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$. The crystal studied was refined as a two-component pseudo-merohedric twin.

1. Chemical context

In the Al_2O_3 - Lu_2O_3 system, where Lu has the largest atomic number among the rare-earth elements (RE), the following three phases have been reported: $\text{Lu}_3\text{Al}_5\text{O}_{12}$, LuAlO_3 , and $\text{Lu}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$. These phases have been actively investigated as host materials, not only for phosphors (Ding *et al.*, 2011; Xiang *et al.*, 2016; Wang *et al.*, 2018), but also for scintillators, owing to their large radiation absorption cross sections arising from the presence of Lu. Various scintillation properties of Ce- and Pr-doped $\text{Lu}_3\text{Al}_5\text{O}_{12}$ and LuAlO_3 crystals have been characterized (Wojtowicz, 1999; Nikl, 2000; Wojtowicz *et al.*, 2006; Nikl *et al.*, 2013), and the luminescence properties of Ce- and Pr-doped $\text{Lu}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$ evaluated (Lempicki *et al.*, 1996; Zhang *et al.*, 1997; Zhang *et al.*, 1998; Drozdowski *et al.*, 2005). The crystal structures of the lutetium aluminates $\text{Lu}_3\text{Al}_5\text{O}_{12}$ (Euler & Bruce, 1965) and LuAlO_3 (Dernier & Maines, 1971; Shishido *et al.*, 1995) have been determined as garnet-type (LUAG) and perovskite-type (LUAP), respectively. However, to date, there have been no reports of the lattice constants of $\text{Lu}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$, although Shirvinskaya & Popova (1977) treated it as isotopic with $\text{Y}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$ and have reported the *d*-spacings and relative peak intensities in the powder X-ray diffraction pattern (PDF#00-033-0844).

Many REAl_2O_9 compounds have been investigated in detail. After Warsaw & Roy (1959) first reported the existence of $\text{Y}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$, Reed & Chase (1962) determined the space group of this material as $P2_1/c$ using X-ray Weissenberg and precession photography. Christensen & Hazell (1991) later determined the crystal structure of $\text{Y}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$ using powder synchrotron X-ray and neutron diffraction. Brandle & Steinfink (1969) also prepared crystals of REAl_2O_9 ($\text{RE} = \text{Sm}, \text{Gd}, \text{Eu}, \text{Dy}, \text{Ho}$) and determined the crystal structure of $\text{Eu}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$ using X-ray diffraction.



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The lattice parameters of $RE_4Al_2O_9$ have previously been reported for $RE = Y$ (Lehmann *et al.*, 1987; Reed & Chase, 1962; Christensen & Hazell, 1991; Yamane *et al.*, 1995b; Talik *et al.*, 2016), La (Dohrup *et al.*, 1996), Pr (Dohrup *et al.*, 1996), Nd (Dohrup *et al.*, 1996), Sm (Brandle & Steinfink, 1969; Mizuno *et al.*, 1977a; Yamane *et al.*, 1995a), Eu (Brandle & Steinfink, 1969; Mizuno *et al.*, 1977b; Yamane *et al.*, 1995a), Gd (Brandle & Steinfink, 1969; Mizuno *et al.*, 1977b; Yamane *et al.*, 1995a; Dohrup *et al.*, 1996; Martín-Sedeño *et al.*, 2006), Tb (Jero & Kriven, 1988; Yamane *et al.*, 1995a; Dohrup *et al.*, 1996; Li *et al.*, 2009), Dy (Brandle & Steinfink, 1969; Mizuno *et al.*, 1978; Yamane *et al.*, 1995a), Ho (Brandle & Steinfink, 1969; Mizuno, 1979; Yamane *et al.*, 1995a), Er (Mizuno, 1979; Yamane *et al.*, 1995a), Tm (Yamane *et al.*, 1995a), and Yb (Mizuno & Noguchi, 1980; Yamane *et al.*, 1995a).

Wu & Pelton (1992) investigated the phase diagram of the Lu_2O_3 – Al_2O_3 system and showed that $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ melted congruently at 2313 K under an inert atmosphere. Petrosyan *et al.* (2006) studied the same system under a reducing atmosphere and reported that $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ could be formed by reaction of Lu_2O_3 and $Lu_3Al_5O_{12}$ at 1923 K, but decomposed into Lu_2O_3 and a melt at 2273 K. Subsequently, Petrosyan *et al.* (2013) observed incongruent melting of $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ at 2123 K under an Ar / 2% H_2 atmosphere using differential thermal analysis (DTA). Klimm (2010) employed DTA to investigate $LuAlO_3$ melting behavior in a 5 N pure Ar flow and concluded that the congruent and incongruent melting of $LuAlO_3$ depended on the atmospheric conditions. The author also concluded that the phase diagram at around Lu:Al = 1:1 under an inert atmosphere, previously reported by Wu & Pelton (1992), is correct. Yamane *et al.* (1995a) reported that only a very small amount of $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ can be obtained by reactions in air at 1673–2073 K, even though $RE_4Al_2O_9$ ($RE = Y, Sm$ – Yb) can be synthesized under the same conditions.

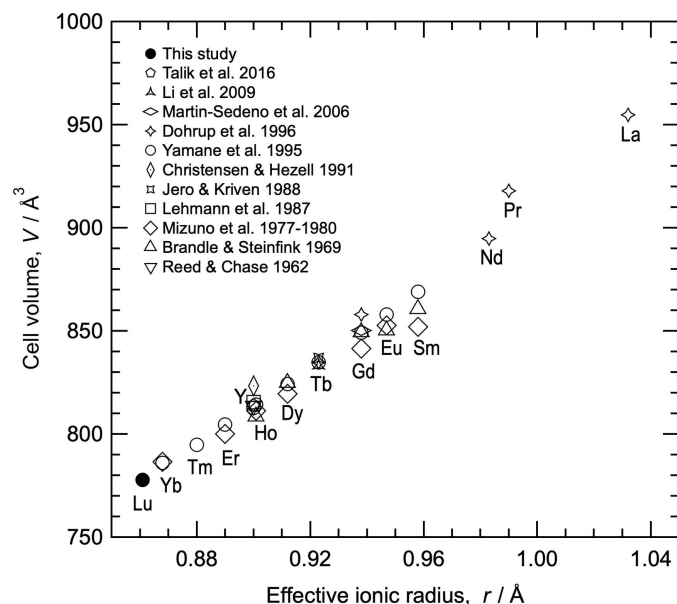


Figure 1
Unit-cell volume of $RE_4Al_2O_9$ versus effective ionic radius for the trivalent rare-earth anion (RE^{3+}) with sixfold coordination.

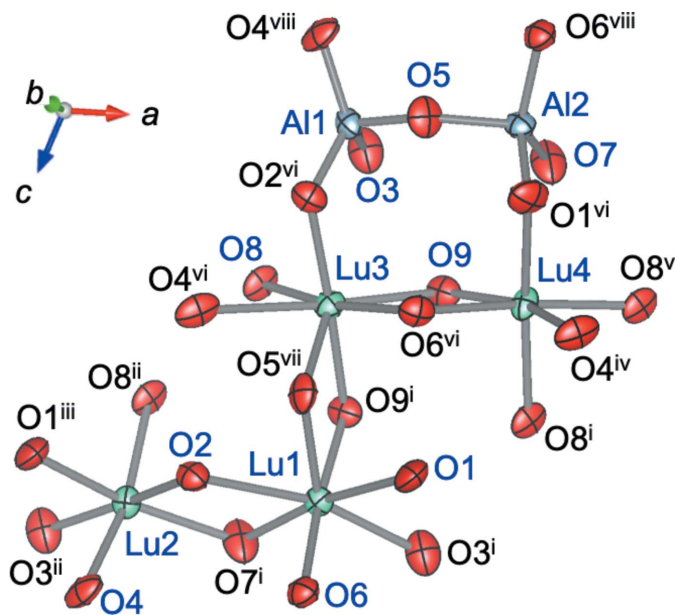


Figure 2

The atomic arrangement of $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ depicted with displacement ellipsoids at the 99% probability level. [Symmetry codes: (i) $1 - x, -y, 1 - z$; (ii) $-x, -y, 1 - z$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z$; (iv) $1 + x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (v) $x + 1, y, z$; (vi) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (vii) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (viii) $x, y, z - 1$.]

Following these reports, the present authors also attempted to synthesize $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ by heating a 2:1 molar ratio powder mixture of Lu_2O_3 and Al_2O_3 at 2073 K for 2 h in air, but the sample obtained was a mixture of $LuAlO_3$ and Lu_2O_3 (see Fig. S1a in the supporting information). The method used to prepare the single crystals of $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ used for the present diffraction study is described below.

2. Structural commentary

X-ray diffraction spots from the $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ single crystal were indexed on the basis of a monoclinic unit cell with lattice parameters: $a = 7.236$ (2) Å, $b = 10.333$ (2) Å, $c = 11.096$ (3) Å, and $\beta = 108.38$ (2)°. As shown in Fig. 1, the unit-cell volume of $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ calculated from these parameters lies on the extrapolated line of $RE_4Al_2O_9$ volumes plotted against the effective ionic radii for sixfold coordination of the trivalent rare-earth anions (RE^{3+}) (Shannon, 1976). In other words, $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ containing Lu, which has the smallest effective ionic radius of the RE atoms, has the smallest unit-cell volume in the $RE_4Al_2O_9$ series, in line with predictions arising from the lanthanide contraction.

The crystal structure of $Lu_4Al_2O_9$ (space group $P2_1/c$), determined using $Eu_4Al_2O_9$ (Brandle & Steinfink, 1969) as the starting model, contains two crystallographically distinct Al sites, four Lu sites, and nine O sites. The two Al sites are tetrahedrally coordinated by oxygen atoms. The two Al tetrahedra are connected through a shared O5 atom, forming an Al_2O_7 ditetrahedral oxy-aluminate group (Fig. 2). The Al_2O_7 dimers lie parallel to the a axis, and are related by the c glide symmetry operation (Fig. 3). The average Al1–O and

Al2–O distances in Lu₄Al₂O₉ are 1.744 and 1.756 Å, respectively, which are comparable to values found in Eu₄Al₂O₉ (1.741 and 1.755 Å, Brandle & Steinfink, 1969) and Y₄Al₂O₉ (1.739 and 1.769 Å, Lehmann *et al.*, 1987). The bond-valence sums (BVS; Brown & Altermatt, 1985) calculated using the Al–O distances and bond-valence parameters recently reported by Gagne & Hawthorne (2015) ($r_0 = 1.634$ Å, $b = 0.39$) are 3.02 and 2.93 for Al1 and Al2, respectively. These BVS values are close to those expected for trivalent Al. The Al1–O5–Al2 angle of the Al₂O₇ dimer is 134.9 (3)°, which is smaller than the corresponding angles in Eu₄Al₂O₉ (141.9°; Brandle & Steinfink, 1969) and Y₄Al₂O₉ (137.6°; Lehmann *et al.*, 1987).

Of the four crystallographically distinct Lu atoms, Lu1 and Lu3 are coordinated by seven oxygen atoms with five Lu–O distances in the range 2.219 (5)–2.344 (5) Å and two in the range 2.461 (6)–2.573 (6) Å. The remaining Lu atoms, Lu2 and Lu4, are coordinated by six oxygen atoms in distorted octahedra with Lu–O distances in the range 2.172 (6)–2.337 (6) Å.

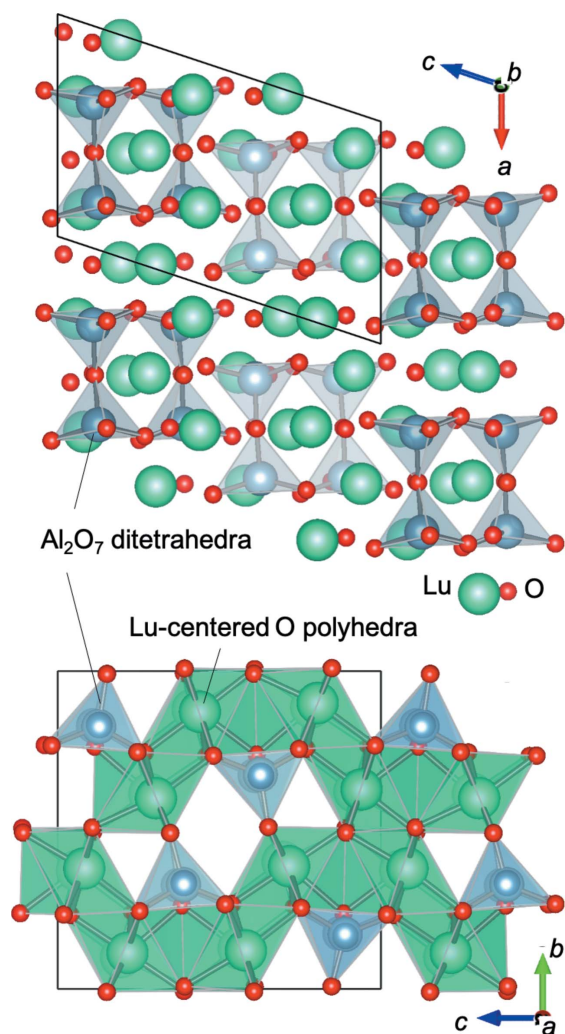


Figure 3
The crystal structure of Lu₄Al₂O₉, highlighting the Al₂O₇ ditetrahedra viewed down the *b* axis (upper), and the Al₂O₇ ditetrahedra and Lu-centered polyhedra viewed down the *a* axis (lower).

The averages Lu–O distances for the six-fold coordinated Lu atoms in Lu₄Al₂O₉ are 2.250 and 2.260 Å for Lu2 and Lu4, respectively. These values are 0.02–0.10 Å shorter than those for the LuO₆ octahedra found in Lu₃Al₅O₁₂ (2.352 Å; Euler & Bruce, 1965) and LuAlO₃ (2.330 Å; Shishido *et al.*, 1995).

The average values for the Eu–O and Y–O distances in Eu₄Al₂O₉ and Y₄Al₂O₉ lie in the ranges 2.328–2.439 Å (Brandle & Steinfink, 1969) and 2.286–2.387 Å (Lehmann *et al.*, 1987), respectively. The differences between the RE–O lengths in RE₄Al₂O₉ when RE = Eu and Lu (0.07–0.09 Å), and when RE = Y and Lu (0.02–0.05 Å) correspond to the differences between ${}^{\text{VI}}r_{\text{Eu}} - {}^{\text{VI}}r_{\text{Lu}}$ (0.086 Å) and ${}^{\text{VI}}r_{\text{Y}} - {}^{\text{VI}}r_{\text{Lu}}$ (0.039 Å), where ${}^{\text{VI}}r_{\text{Eu}}$, ${}^{\text{VI}}r_{\text{Lu}}$, and ${}^{\text{VI}}r_{\text{Y}}$ are the effective ionic radii in sixfold coordination of Lu³⁺ (0.861 Å), Eu³⁺ (0.947 Å), and Y³⁺ (0.900 Å), respectively (Shannon, 1976). The BVS for Lu1, Lu2, Lu3, and Lu4, calculated using the bond-valence parameters ($r_0 = 1.939$ Å, $b = 0.403$) of Gagné & Hawthorne (2015), are 2.766, 2.796, 2.642, and 2.714, respectively, which are smaller than the expected valence value of +3 for the Lu atoms. The polyhedral volumes of Lu1O₇ (18.18 Å³), Lu2O₆ (14.29 Å³), Lu3O₇ (18.56 Å³), and Lu4O₆ (14.24 Å³) are 1.1–1.7 Å³ and 0.5–0.8 Å³ smaller than those for Eu₄Al₂O₉ (Eu1O₇:19.85 Å³, Eu2O₆:15.38 Å³, Eu3O₇:20.14 Å³, and Eu4O₆:15.71 Å³) and for Y₄Al₂O₉ (Y1O₇:18.66 Å³, Y2O₆:14.77 Å³, Y3O₇:19.33 Å³, and Y4O₆:14.98 Å³), respectively. These differences in polyhedral volumes correlate with the differences in ionic radii of the lanthanides.

3. Synthesis and crystallization

The starting powders Al₂O₃ (Sumitomo Chemicals, AKP20, 99.99%) and Lu₂O₃ (Nippon Yttrium, 99.999%) were mixed in a molar ratio of Lu:Al = 2:1, ground with ethanol in an agate mortar, and pressed into a pellet. The pellet was placed in a BN crucible with an inner diameter of 18 mm and a height of 20 mm. The BN crucible was covered with a BN lid, and heated in a chamber with a carbon heater (Shimadzu Mectem, Inc., VESTA). The pellet was heated slowly under vacuum (~10^{−2} Pa) from room temperature to 1273 K. During the 5 min. hold at 1273 K, the chamber was filled with Ar (99.9995%) up to 0.15 MPa. The temperature was then raised to 2173 K at a heating rate of 300 K h^{−1}. After being held at 2173 K for 4 h, the sample was cooled to 1473 K at a rate of 20 K h^{−1}, and then to room temperature by shutting off the heater. A part of the obtained sample was pulverized in the agate mortar, and powder X-ray diffraction measurements (Bruker D2 Phaser, Cu K α radiation) confirmed that the major crystalline phase present in the sample was Lu₄Al₂O₉, together with small amounts of LuAlO₃ and unreacted Lu₂O₃ (Fig. S1*a*). Colorless crystals of Lu₄Al₂O₉ were selected for single-crystal X-ray diffraction studies.

4. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 1. The Eu atoms in the rare-earth metal sites in the structural model of Eu₄Al₂O₉ (Brandle &

Table 1
Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	Lu ₄ Al ₂ O ₉
<i>M_r</i>	897.84
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, <i>P2₁/c</i>
Temperature (K)	301
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	7.2360 (11), 10.3330 (19), 11.096 (3)
β (°)	108.381 (11)
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	787.3 (3)
<i>Z</i>	4
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> α
μ (mm ⁻¹)	49.97
Crystal size (mm)	0.12 × 0.05 × 0.04
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker D8 QUEST
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2016)
<i>T_{min}</i> , <i>T_{max}</i>	0.451, 0.746
No. of measured, independent and observed [<i>I</i> > 2 σ (<i>I</i>)] reflections	32672, 2795, 2719
<i>R_{int}</i>	0.035
($\sin \theta/\lambda$) _{max} (Å ⁻¹)	0.748
Refinement	
<i>R</i> [<i>F</i> ² > 2 σ (<i>F</i> ²)], <i>wR</i> (<i>F</i> ²), <i>S</i>	0.019, 0.043, 1.17
No. of reflections	2795
No. of parameters	138
$\Delta\rho_{\max}$, $\Delta\rho_{\min}$ (e Å ⁻³)	1.49, -1.81

Computer programs: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2018), *SAINT* (Bruker, 2017), *SHELXL2014/7* (Sheldrick, 2015), *VESTA* (Momma & Izumi, 2011) and *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

Steinfink, 1969) were replaced by Lu atoms to generate the initial model. Several iterations of refinement yielded an *R* value of 10.07% and a residual electron density of ~10 e Å⁻³. A subsequent refinement, performed by implementing the (100) twin plane observed in a study of Y₄Al₂O₉ (Yamane *et al.*, 1995*b*), yielded an *R*(*F*² > 2 σ (*F*²)) value of 1.92% with an approximate volume ratio of 6:4 for the twin domains.

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Computing details

Data collection: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2018); cell refinement: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2018); data reduction: *S SAINT* (Bruker, 2017); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014/7* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *VESTA* (Momma & Izumi, 2011); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

Lutetium aluminate

Crystal data

$\text{Lu}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_9$

$M_r = 897.84$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 7.2360$ (11) Å

$b = 10.3330$ (19) Å

$c = 11.096$ (3) Å

$\beta = 108.381$ (11)°

$V = 787.3$ (3) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1528$

$D_x = 7.575$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1294 reflections

$\theta = 2.8\text{--}38.5^\circ$

$\mu = 49.97$ mm⁻¹

$T = 301$ K

Chip, colourless

0.12 × 0.05 × 0.04 mm

Data collection

Bruker D8 QUEST

diffractometer

Detector resolution: 7.3910 pixels mm⁻¹

ω and σ cans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 2016)

$T_{\min} = 0.451$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$

32672 measured reflections

2795 independent reflections

2719 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$

$\theta_{\max} = 32.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.8^\circ$

$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$

$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.019$

$wR(F^2) = 0.043$

$S = 1.17$

2795 reflections

138 parameters

0 restraints

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + 17.273P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.49$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.81$ e Å⁻³

Extinction correction: *SHELXL2014/7*

(Sheldrick 2015b),

$F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.00026 (2)

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refined as a two-component inversion twin

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Al1	0.2142 (4)	0.1742 (2)	0.1270 (2)	0.0058 (4)
Al2	0.6551 (4)	0.1717 (2)	0.1108 (2)	0.0059 (4)
Lu1	0.52225 (7)	0.11375 (3)	0.78409 (2)	0.00572 (6)
Lu2	0.02236 (6)	0.10027 (3)	0.80405 (2)	0.00574 (6)
Lu3	0.34172 (7)	0.12783 (3)	0.44005 (2)	0.00605 (6)
Lu4	0.83940 (6)	0.12082 (3)	0.41774 (3)	0.00610 (6)
O1	0.7934 (8)	0.2450 (6)	0.7469 (5)	0.0102 (11)
O2	0.2314 (8)	0.2439 (5)	0.7699 (5)	0.0072 (11)
O3	0.2106 (13)	0.0095 (5)	0.1516 (5)	0.0102 (10)
O4	0.0720 (8)	0.2340 (6)	0.9813 (6)	0.0092 (11)
O5	0.4326 (10)	0.2381 (4)	0.1156 (5)	0.0085 (8)
O6	0.6371 (8)	0.2328 (5)	0.9599 (5)	0.0072 (11)
O7	0.6926 (13)	0.0084 (5)	0.1529 (5)	0.0111 (10)
O8	0.0764 (12)	-0.0082 (5)	0.3927 (5)	0.0072 (9)
O9	0.5643 (13)	0.0063 (5)	0.3906 (5)	0.0069 (9)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Al1	0.0071 (12)	0.0044 (8)	0.0067 (9)	0.0012 (8)	0.0032 (8)	0.0005 (7)
Al2	0.0074 (12)	0.0050 (8)	0.0055 (8)	0.0010 (8)	0.0021 (8)	0.0012 (7)
Lu1	0.00622 (14)	0.00463 (12)	0.00594 (10)	0.00019 (12)	0.00140 (14)	-0.00101 (8)
Lu2	0.00566 (13)	0.00433 (12)	0.00733 (10)	-0.00031 (13)	0.00218 (14)	-0.00058 (8)
Lu3	0.00647 (13)	0.00518 (11)	0.00625 (10)	0.00024 (13)	0.00165 (13)	0.00101 (9)
Lu4	0.00538 (14)	0.00435 (10)	0.00863 (10)	0.00048 (13)	0.00231 (15)	0.00137 (9)
O1	0.008 (3)	0.013 (3)	0.008 (2)	0.0039 (19)	0.0002 (18)	0.002 (2)
O2	0.009 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.0012 (18)	0.0030 (19)	0.0010 (17)
O3	0.011 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.000 (3)	0.007 (3)	0.0006 (17)
O4	0.009 (3)	0.007 (2)	0.009 (2)	0.0039 (18)	-0.0009 (18)	-0.0003 (19)
O5	0.008 (2)	0.0064 (18)	0.012 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.004 (2)	-0.0003 (15)
O6	0.008 (3)	0.007 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.0017 (18)	0.0018 (18)	0.0009 (17)
O7	0.013 (3)	0.008 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.003 (3)	0.009 (3)	0.0059 (18)
O8	0.005 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.009 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.000 (3)	-0.0002 (16)
O9	0.010 (3)	0.0042 (19)	0.007 (2)	0.001 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.0001 (16)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Al1—O3	1.724 (6)	Lu3—O5 ^{iv}	2.310 (5)
Al1—O4 ⁱ	1.733 (6)	Lu3—O6 ⁱⁱ	2.529 (5)
Al1—O5	1.754 (7)	Lu3—O4 ⁱⁱ	2.573 (6)
Al1—O2 ⁱⁱ	1.767 (6)	Lu3—Al2 ^{iv}	3.211 (2)
Al1—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	3.219 (2)	Lu3—Al1 ^{iv}	3.247 (2)
Al1—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	3.247 (2)	Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.4748 (8)
Al1—Lu3	3.336 (2)	Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.4803 (7)
Al2—O7	1.749 (6)	Lu4—O4 ^{ix}	2.198 (6)
Al2—O1 ⁱⁱ	1.753 (6)	Lu4—O9	2.253 (8)
Al2—O6 ⁱ	1.755 (6)	Lu4—O6 ⁱⁱ	2.255 (6)
Al2—O5	1.767 (7)	Lu4—O8 ^v	2.257 (8)
Al2—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	3.211 (2)	Lu4—O1 ⁱⁱ	2.287 (6)
Al2—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	3.272 (2)	Lu4—O8 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.311 (5)
Al2—Lu4	3.285 (2)	Lu4—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.4804 (7)
Lu1—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.219 (5)	Lu4—Lu4 ^x	3.5061 (8)
Lu1—O6	2.233 (5)	Lu4—Lu2 ^{ix}	3.5641 (7)
Lu1—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.236 (8)	Lu4—Lu3 ^v	3.5652 (7)
Lu1—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.277 (8)	Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	3.5836 (7)
Lu1—O5 ^{iv}	2.344 (5)	O1—Al2 ^{iv}	1.753 (6)
Lu1—O2	2.461 (6)	O1—Lu2 ^v	2.172 (6)
Lu1—O1	2.524 (6)	O1—Lu4 ^{iv}	2.287 (6)
Lu1—Al1 ^{iv}	3.219 (2)	O2—Al1 ^{iv}	1.767 (6)
Lu1—Al2 ^{iv}	3.272 (2)	O2—Lu3 ^{iv}	2.238 (5)
Lu1—Lu2 ^v	3.5579 (7)	O3—Lu2 ^{vii}	2.213 (8)
Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	3.5836 (7)	O3—Lu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.236 (8)
Lu1—Lu3	3.6270 (9)	O4—Al1 ^{xi}	1.733 (6)
Lu2—O1 ^{vi}	2.172 (6)	O4—Lu4 ^{viii}	2.198 (6)
Lu2—O3 ^{vii}	2.213 (8)	O4—Lu3 ^{iv}	2.573 (6)
Lu2—O2	2.235 (6)	O5—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	2.310 (5)
Lu2—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.263 (8)	O5—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	2.344 (5)
Lu2—O8 ^{vii}	2.280 (5)	O6—Al2 ^{xi}	1.754 (6)
Lu2—O4	2.337 (6)	O6—Lu4 ^{iv}	2.255 (6)
Lu2—Lu1 ^{vi}	3.5579 (7)	O6—Lu3 ^{iv}	2.529 (5)
Lu2—Lu4 ^{viii}	3.5641 (7)	O7—Lu2 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.263 (8)
Lu2—Lu3 ^{iv}	3.6485 (7)	O7—Lu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.277 (8)
Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.7187 (7)	O8—Lu4 ^{vi}	2.257 (8)
Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	3.9156 (7)	O8—Lu2 ^{vii}	2.280 (5)
Lu3—O2 ⁱⁱ	2.238 (5)	O8—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.311 (5)
Lu3—O9	2.242 (8)	O9—Lu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.219 (5)
Lu3—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.260 (5)	O9—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.260 (5)
Lu3—O8	2.302 (7)		
O3—Al1—O4 ⁱ	117.7 (3)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—O8	96.84 (19)
O3—Al1—O5	116.2 (4)	O9—Lu3—O8	102.35 (18)
O4 ⁱ —Al1—O5	94.7 (3)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu3—O8	80.0 (2)
O3—Al1—O2 ⁱⁱ	109.3 (3)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—O5 ^{iv}	106.69 (18)

O4 ⁱ —Al1—O2 ⁱⁱ	121.3 (3)	O9—Lu3—O5 ^{iv}	120.4 (2)
O5—Al1—O2 ⁱⁱ	94.3 (3)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu3—O5 ^{iv}	74.68 (16)
O3—Al1—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	128.9 (3)	O8—Lu3—O5 ^{iv}	123.6 (2)
O4 ⁱ —Al1—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	111.6 (2)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—O6 ⁱⁱ	78.65 (19)
O5—Al1—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	45.30 (17)	O9—Lu3—O6 ⁱⁱ	71.8 (2)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Al1—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	49.24 (19)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu3—O6 ⁱⁱ	104.6 (2)
O3—Al1—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	138.1 (3)	O8—Lu3—O6 ⁱⁱ	171.4 (2)
O4 ⁱ —Al1—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	52.0 (2)	O5 ^{iv} —Lu3—O6 ⁱⁱ	65.0 (2)
O5—Al1—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	43.34 (18)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—O4 ⁱⁱ	74.48 (19)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Al1—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	108.5 (2)	O9—Lu3—O4 ⁱⁱ	176.2 (2)
Lu1 ⁱⁱ —Al1—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	68.24 (5)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu3—O4 ⁱⁱ	103.8 (2)
O3—Al1—Lu3	72.9 (2)	O8—Lu3—O4 ⁱⁱ	75.8 (2)
O4 ⁱ —Al1—Lu3	155.5 (2)	O5 ^{iv} —Lu3—O4 ⁱⁱ	63.1 (2)
O5—Al1—Lu3	99.75 (19)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—O4 ⁱⁱ	109.64 (15)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Al1—Lu3	38.37 (18)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al2 ^{iv}	96.50 (15)
Lu1 ⁱⁱ —Al1—Lu3	67.47 (5)	O9—Lu3—Al2 ^{iv}	94.44 (18)
Lu3 ⁱⁱ —Al1—Lu3	135.61 (8)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al2 ^{iv}	86.21 (17)
O7—Al2—O1 ⁱⁱ	104.2 (3)	O8—Lu3—Al2 ^{iv}	155.68 (16)
O7—Al2—O6 ⁱ	124.1 (3)	O5 ^{iv} —Lu3—Al2 ^{iv}	32.39 (17)
O1 ⁱⁱ —Al2—O6 ⁱ	119.7 (3)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al2 ^{iv}	32.95 (13)
O7—Al2—O5	115.6 (4)	O4 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al2 ^{iv}	88.36 (14)
O1 ⁱⁱ —Al2—O5	93.5 (3)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al1 ^{iv}	93.90 (15)
O6 ⁱ —Al2—O5	95.4 (3)	O9—Lu3—Al1 ^{iv}	151.60 (17)
O7—Al2—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	143.2 (3)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al1 ^{iv}	85.82 (16)
O1 ⁱⁱ —Al2—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	107.2 (2)	O8—Lu3—Al1 ^{iv}	98.38 (18)
O6 ⁱ —Al2—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	51.62 (19)	O5 ^{iv} —Lu3—Al1 ^{iv}	31.41 (17)
O5—Al2—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	44.47 (16)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al1 ^{iv}	89.32 (13)
O7—Al2—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	123.1 (2)	O4 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al1 ^{iv}	32.07 (14)
O1 ⁱⁱ —Al2—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	49.8 (2)	Al2 ^{iv} —Lu3—Al1 ^{iv}	60.46 (5)
O6 ⁱ —Al2—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	111.7 (2)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al1	29.36 (15)
O5—Al2—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	43.89 (17)	O9—Lu3—Al1	79.05 (14)
Lu3 ⁱⁱ —Al2—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	68.03 (5)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al1	149.97 (14)
O7—Al2—Lu4	65.8 (2)	O8—Lu3—Al1	85.02 (13)
O1 ⁱⁱ —Al2—Lu4	41.4 (2)	O5 ^{iv} —Lu3—Al1	134.72 (12)
O6 ⁱ —Al2—Lu4	158.5 (2)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al1	87.58 (13)
O5—Al2—Lu4	96.12 (18)	O4 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Al1	97.42 (14)
Lu3 ⁱⁱ —Al2—Lu4	134.03 (8)	Al2 ^{iv} —Lu3—Al1	115.70 (7)
Lu1 ⁱⁱ —Al2—Lu4	66.26 (5)	Al1 ^{iv} —Lu3—Al1	122.25 (5)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O6	174.8 (3)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	142.19 (14)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	86.4 (2)	O9—Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	39.67 (13)
O6—Lu1—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	89.4 (2)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	39.30 (19)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	85.8 (2)	O8—Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	91.43 (16)
O6—Lu1—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	98.0 (2)	O5 ^{iv} —Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	98.91 (14)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	101.03 (18)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	87.86 (13)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O5 ^{iv}	74.76 (17)	O4 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	143.06 (13)
O6—Lu1—O5 ^{iv}	105.69 (19)	Al2 ^{iv} —Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	90.40 (5)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O5 ^{iv}	128.4 (2)	Al1 ^{iv} —Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	121.35 (4)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O5 ^{iv}	124.3 (2)	Al1—Lu3—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	116.13 (4)

O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O2	104.5 (2)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	137.27 (15)
O6—Lu1—O2	80.21 (19)	O9—Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	95.71 (15)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O2	165.4 (2)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	39.5 (2)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O2	70.7 (2)	O8—Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	41.12 (12)
O5 ^{iv} —Lu1—O2	64.9 (2)	O5 ^{iv} —Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	96.21 (14)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O1	100.2 (2)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	144.07 (12)
O6—Lu1—O1	75.68 (19)	O4 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	85.06 (13)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O1	73.7 (2)	Al2 ^{iv} —Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	120.37 (4)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—O1	171.6 (2)	Al1 ^{iv} —Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	87.25 (5)
O5 ^{iv} —Lu1—O1	63.4 (2)	Al1—Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	123.92 (4)
O2—Lu1—O1	112.92 (16)	Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu3—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	64.036 (14)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Al1 ^{iv}	87.18 (17)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—O9	163.0 (2)
O6—Lu1—Al1 ^{iv}	95.83 (15)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—O6 ⁱⁱ	87.53 (18)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Al1 ^{iv}	160.44 (18)	O9—Lu4—O6 ⁱⁱ	77.1 (2)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Al1 ^{iv}	96.91 (18)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—O8 ^v	84.7 (2)
O5 ^{iv} —Lu1—Al1 ^{iv}	32.14 (17)	O9—Lu4—O8 ^v	110.30 (17)
O2—Lu1—Al1 ^{iv}	32.95 (13)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—O8 ^v	171.9 (2)
O1—Lu1—Al1 ^{iv}	89.26 (14)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—O1 ⁱⁱ	75.4 (2)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Al2 ^{iv}	85.38 (16)	O9—Lu4—O1 ⁱⁱ	108.45 (19)
O6—Lu1—Al2 ^{iv}	92.47 (15)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—O1 ⁱⁱ	80.3 (2)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Al2 ^{iv}	100.91 (19)	O8 ^v —Lu4—O1 ⁱⁱ	100.0 (2)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Al2 ^{iv}	155.76 (18)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—O8 ⁱⁱⁱ	95.5 (2)
O5 ^{iv} —Lu1—Al2 ^{iv}	31.50 (17)	O9—Lu4—O8 ⁱⁱⁱ	79.9 (2)
O2—Lu1—Al2 ^{iv}	89.77 (14)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—O8 ⁱⁱⁱ	98.7 (2)
O1—Lu1—Al2 ^{iv}	32.02 (14)	O8 ^v —Lu4—O8 ⁱⁱⁱ	79.7 (3)
Al1 ^{iv} —Lu1—Al2 ^{iv}	60.13 (5)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—O8 ⁱⁱⁱ	170.9 (2)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Lu2 ^v	91.9 (2)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—Al2	104.05 (15)
O6—Lu1—Lu2 ^v	82.89 (14)	O9—Lu4—Al2	83.86 (13)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Lu2 ^v	36.67 (18)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Al2	91.72 (14)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Lu2 ^v	137.63 (18)	O8 ^v —Lu4—Al2	92.45 (14)
O5 ^{iv} —Lu1—Lu2 ^v	95.47 (17)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Al2	30.48 (15)
O2—Lu1—Lu2 ^v	149.10 (13)	O8 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu4—Al2	158.20 (14)
O1—Lu1—Lu2 ^v	37.17 (13)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	135.90 (15)
Al1 ^{iv} —Lu1—Lu2 ^v	125.28 (5)	O9—Lu4—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	39.61 (13)
Al2 ^{iv} —Lu1—Lu2 ^v	65.26 (5)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	92.25 (14)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	139.2 (2)	O8 ^v —Lu4—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	91.67 (16)
O6—Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	37.22 (14)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	147.82 (15)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	85.85 (17)	O8 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	40.93 (18)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	135.01 (15)	Al2—Lu4—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	120.03 (4)
O5 ^{iv} —Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	79.07 (14)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—Lu4 ^x	90.25 (15)
O2—Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	91.80 (13)	O9—Lu4—Lu4 ^x	96.21 (15)
O1—Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	39.37 (13)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu4 ^x	137.47 (14)
Al1 ^{iv} —Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	86.95 (5)	O8 ^v —Lu4—Lu4 ^x	40.44 (13)
Al2 ^{iv} —Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	57.05 (4)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu4 ^x	139.71 (15)
Lu2 ^v —Lu1—Lu4 ^{iv}	59.875 (14)	O8 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu4 ^x	39.3 (2)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Lu3	36.30 (13)	Al2—Lu4—Lu4 ^x	129.75 (4)
O6—Lu1—Lu3	143.97 (15)	Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu4 ^x	61.365 (15)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Lu3	110.32 (15)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—Lu2 ^{ix}	39.59 (15)

O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu1—Lu3	106.94 (16)	O9—Lu4—Lu2 ^{ix}	142.06 (14)
O5 ^{iv} —Lu1—Lu3	38.47 (12)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu2 ^{ix}	82.47 (14)
O2—Lu1—Lu3	83.91 (13)	O8 ^v —Lu4—Lu2 ^{ix}	93.01 (16)
O1—Lu1—Lu3	81.20 (13)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu2 ^{ix}	35.84 (15)
Al1 ^{iv} —Lu1—Lu3	56.26 (4)	O8 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu2 ^{ix}	135.12 (17)
Al2 ^{iv} —Lu1—Lu3	55.19 (4)	Al2—Lu4—Lu2 ^{ix}	65.06 (4)
Lu2 ^v —Lu1—Lu3	95.095 (18)	Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu2 ^{ix}	172.933 (13)
Lu4 ^{iv} —Lu1—Lu3	112.083 (15)	Lu4 ^x —Lu4—Lu2 ^{ix}	120.06 (2)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—O3 ^{vii}	81.6 (2)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—Lu3 ^v	45.83 (16)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—O2	89.32 (19)	O9—Lu4—Lu3 ^v	149.15 (16)
O3 ^{vii} —Lu2—O2	169.1 (2)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu3 ^v	133.35 (14)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	164.5 (2)	O8 ^v —Lu4—Lu3 ^v	39.02 (17)
O3 ^{vii} —Lu2—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	113.97 (17)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu3 ^v	85.63 (15)
O2—Lu2—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	75.2 (2)	O8 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu3 ^v	88.7 (2)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—O8 ^{vii}	91.6 (2)	Al2—Lu4—Lu3 ^v	98.07 (5)
O3 ^{vii} —Lu2—O8 ^{vii}	88.2 (2)	Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu3 ^v	120.326 (15)
O2—Lu2—O8 ^{vii}	98.0 (2)	Lu4 ^x —Lu4—Lu3 ^v	58.961 (16)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu2—O8 ^{vii}	89.1 (3)	Lu2 ^{ix} —Lu4—Lu3 ^v	61.562 (13)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—O4	74.9 (2)	O4 ^{ix} —Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	86.32 (15)
O3 ^{vii} —Lu2—O4	92.4 (2)	O9—Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	85.60 (15)
O2—Lu2—O4	79.5 (2)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	36.81 (14)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu2—O4	103.2 (2)	O8 ^v —Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	144.42 (14)
O8 ^{vii} —Lu2—O4	166.2 (2)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	44.44 (15)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu1 ^{vi}	44.59 (16)	O8 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	135.46 (19)
O3 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu1 ^{vi}	37.11 (17)	Al2—Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	56.69 (4)
O2—Lu2—Lu1 ^{vi}	133.86 (14)	Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	117.97 (2)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu2—Lu1 ^{vi}	150.92 (17)	Lu4 ^x —Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	173.404 (16)
O8 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu1 ^{vi}	87.2 (2)	Lu2 ^{ix} —Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	59.705 (14)
O4—Lu2—Lu1 ^{vi}	84.98 (14)	Lu3 ^v —Lu4—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	121.266 (15)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu4 ^{viii}	38.06 (15)	Al2 ^{iv} —O1—Lu2 ^v	139.9 (3)
O3 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu4 ^{viii}	86.66 (16)	Al2 ^{iv} —O1—Lu4 ^{iv}	108.1 (3)
O2—Lu2—Lu4 ^{viii}	82.52 (14)	Lu2 ^v —O1—Lu4 ^{iv}	106.1 (2)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu2—Lu4 ^{viii}	137.89 (15)	Al2 ^{iv} —O1—Lu1	98.2 (3)
O8 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu4 ^{viii}	129.58 (17)	Lu2 ^v —O1—Lu1	98.2 (2)
O4—Lu2—Lu4 ^{viii}	36.84 (14)	Lu4 ^{iv} —O1—Lu1	96.2 (2)
Lu1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu4 ^{viii}	60.420 (13)	Al1 ^{iv} —O2—Lu2	127.6 (3)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{iv}	85.18 (17)	Al1 ^{iv} —O2—Lu3 ^{iv}	112.3 (3)
O3 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{iv}	136.93 (14)	Lu2—O2—Lu3 ^{iv}	109.3 (2)
O2—Lu2—Lu3 ^{iv}	35.36 (14)	Al1 ^{iv} —O2—Lu1	97.8 (2)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu2—Lu3 ^{iv}	83.02 (17)	Lu2—O2—Lu1	103.7 (2)
O8 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{iv}	133.14 (18)	Lu3 ^{iv} —O2—Lu1	101.5 (2)
O4—Lu2—Lu3 ^{iv}	44.56 (15)	Al1—O3—Lu2 ^{vii}	126.3 (5)
Lu1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{iv}	119.653 (15)	Al1—O3—Lu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	123.9 (5)
Lu4 ^{viii} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{iv}	59.233 (14)	Lu2 ^{vii} —O3—Lu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	106.2 (2)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu1	128.85 (16)	Al1 ^{xi} —O4—Lu4 ^{viii}	135.4 (3)
O3 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu1	149.48 (17)	Al1 ^{xi} —O4—Lu2	117.6 (3)
O2—Lu2—Lu1	40.30 (14)	Lu4 ^{viii} —O4—Lu2	103.6 (2)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu2—Lu1	35.63 (17)	Al1 ^{xi} —O4—Lu3 ^{iv}	95.9 (3)

O8 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu1	88.6 (2)	Lu4 ^{viii} —O4—Lu3 ^{iv}	96.4 (2)
O4—Lu2—Lu1	97.74 (14)	Lu2—O4—Lu3 ^{iv}	95.9 (2)
Lu1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu1	172.025 (12)	Al1—O5—Al2	134.9 (3)
Lu4 ^{viii} —Lu2—Lu1	118.072 (14)	Al1—O5—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	105.3 (3)
Lu3 ^{iv} —Lu2—Lu1	59.438 (13)	Al2—O5—Lu3 ⁱⁱ	103.1 (3)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	124.70 (15)	Al1—O5—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	102.6 (3)
O3 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	102.42 (15)	Al2—O5—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	104.6 (3)
O2—Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	87.60 (14)	Lu3 ⁱⁱ —O5—Lu1 ⁱⁱ	102.39 (18)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	54.38 (15)	Al2 ^{xi} —O6—Lu1	122.0 (3)
O8 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	34.8 (2)	Al2 ^{xi} —O6—Lu4 ^{iv}	125.6 (3)
O4—Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	156.67 (14)	Lu1—O6—Lu4 ^{iv}	106.0 (2)
Lu1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	117.607 (14)	Al2 ^{xi} —O6—Lu3 ^{iv}	95.4 (2)
Lu4 ^{viii} —Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	159.792 (10)	Lu1—O6—Lu3 ^{iv}	99.6 (2)
Lu3 ^{iv} —Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	118.642 (17)	Lu4 ^{iv} —O6—Lu3 ^{iv}	100.7 (2)
Lu1—Lu2—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	60.716 (12)	Al2—O7—Lu2 ⁱⁱⁱ	126.1 (5)
O1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	85.85 (16)	Al2—O7—Lu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	123.6 (5)
O3 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	56.75 (14)	Lu2 ⁱⁱⁱ —O7—Lu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	109.0 (2)
O2—Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	128.77 (14)	Lu4 ^{vi} —O8—Lu2 ^{vii}	110.1 (3)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	102.54 (16)	Lu4 ^{vi} —O8—Lu3	102.9 (2)
O8 ^{vii} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	31.5 (2)	Lu2 ^{vii} —O8—Lu3	117.4 (3)
O4—Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	146.03 (14)	Lu4 ^{vi} —O8—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	100.3 (3)
Lu1 ^{vi} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	62.045 (13)	Lu2 ^{vii} —O8—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	125.0 (2)
Lu4 ^{viii} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	119.182 (17)	Lu3—O8—Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ	97.9 (2)
Lu3 ^{iv} —Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	161.782 (11)	Lu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O9—Lu3	120.0 (4)
Lu1—Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	116.038 (15)	Lu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O9—Lu4	113.8 (3)
Lu4 ⁱⁱⁱ —Lu2—Lu3 ^{vii}	55.607 (13)	Lu3—O9—Lu4	110.2 (2)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—O9	102.6 (2)	Lu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O9—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	108.2 (2)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Lu3—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	176.7 (3)	Lu3—O9—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	101.0 (3)
O9—Lu3—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	79.0 (3)	Lu4—O9—Lu3 ⁱⁱⁱ	100.9 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z-1$; (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iv) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (v) $x+1, y, z$; (vi) $x-1, y, z$; (vii) $-x, -y, -z+1$; (viii) $x-1, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (ix) $x+1, -y+1/2, z-1/2$; (x) $-x+2, -y, -z+1$; (xi) $x, y, z+1$.