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# Asymmetric amination of $\alpha, \alpha$-dialkyl substituted aldehydes catalyzed by a simple chiral primary amino acid and its application to the preparation of a S1P ${ }_{1}$ agonist $\dagger$ 

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#### Abstract

The chiral catalytic amination of an $\alpha, \alpha$-dialkyl substituted aldehyde usually proceeds with low enantioselectivity. We selected naphthyl-L-alanine as the catalyst and observed improved enantioselectivity for the amination. Using this method, racemic $\alpha$-methyl- $\alpha$-benzyloxypropanal was aminated to give chiral serine derivatives in $74 \%$ ee, which was further increased to $>99 \%$ ee after recrystallization. Moreover, we also successfully synthesized a chiral phosphonium salt 9 for the preparation of one $\alpha$-substituted alaninol compound 14 as an $\mathrm{S}_{1} \mathrm{P}_{1}$ agonist in high overall yield.


## Introduction

$\alpha, \alpha$-Disubstituted amino alcohols, aldehydes and acids are important chiral building blocks in organic synthesis. They are routinely found in a number of peptides, ${ }^{1-5}$ natural products ${ }^{6,7}$ and pharmaceuticals. ${ }^{8,9}$ Due to this importance, their synthesis has attracted sustained interest from the synthetic community. Existing methods for the asymmetric approach to scaffolds include classical Seebach's method, ${ }^{10,11}$ auxiliary Strecker synthesis, ${ }^{12}$ and a variety of asymmetric phase transfer catalysis reactions. ${ }^{13}$

Recently, several methods have been reported describing the asymmetric Michael $\alpha$-amination of achiral aldehydes via proline catalysis, resulting in the products being obtained in good yields and excellent enantioselectivities. ${ }^{14-17}$ However, these proline catalysts do not imbue high enantioselectivities in the amination of branched aldehydes. Wang et al. reported that 3-(1-naphthyl)-u-alanine (1d) successfully promoted the enantioselective $\alpha$-amination of branched aldehydes with azadicarboxylates to give $\alpha$-alkyl- $\alpha$-aryl disubstituted aldehydes in up to $99 \%$ ee. ${ }^{18}$ However, low enantioselectivities only $4-28 \%$ ee were obtained with $\alpha$-alkyl- $\alpha$-alkyl disubstituted, potentially owing to poor stereo-differentiation between the two $\alpha$-substituents. ${ }^{14}$ To some extent, the application of this kind of reaction is limited. In 2005, Barbas et al. reported higher

[^0]stereoselectivities were possible utilizing proline derived tetrazole catalyst (1b) for the amination of $\alpha$-alkyl- $\alpha$-benzyl disubstituted aldehydes. ${ }^{19}$ In addition, no further progress about the asymmetric amination of $\alpha$-alkyl- $\alpha$-alkyl disubstituted aldehydes had been reported.

## Results and discussion

Herein, we report the asymmetric Machel $\alpha$-amination of $\alpha$-methyl-$\alpha$-protected hydroxymethyl aldehydes and their subsequent reduction and cyclisation to afford oxazolidinones in good ee. We initially chose 3-(benzyloxy)-2-methylpropanal and dibenzyl azodicarboxylate (DBAD) as a model substrate to determine to optimal reaction conditions. When t-proline (1a) ( $30 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) was used, ${ }^{14}$ the reaction was complete in 48 hours at room temperature and provided the amino aldehyde in $56 \%$ yield, however we obtained poor enantioselectivities ( $32 \%$ ee). To improve the enantioselectivity, we screened a number of catalysts (Fig. 1). For example, tetrazole catalyst (1b) ( $15 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ provided $42 \%$ ee with $68 \%$ yield (Table 1, entry 2). ${ }^{17}$ 3-(1-Naphthyl)-L-alanine catalyst (1d) ( $15 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ gave the amino aldehyde in $70 \%$ yield with $46 \%$ ee (Table 1, entry 4). ${ }^{18}$

We then turned our attention to the effects of solvents on both yield and enantioselectivities (Table 2). Among them, dioxane, MeOH, MTBE and THF (entries 9, 10, 7 and 8) were all tolerated and produce the desired oxazolidinones in moderate


Fig. 1 Chiral catalysts.

Table 1 Screening of chiral catalysts ${ }^{a}$

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entry | Catalyst | Time (h) | Yield ${ }^{\text {b }}$ (\%) | $\mathrm{ee}^{c}(\%)$ |
| 1 | 1 a | 48 | 56 | 32 |
| 2 | 1b | 12 | 68 | 42 |
| 3 | 1c | 24 | 45 | $34^{d}$ |
| 4 | 1d | 24 | 70 | 46 |
| 5 | 1e | 24 | 53 | 44 |

${ }^{a}$ All reactions were carried out with aldehyde ( 0.75 mmol ), DBAD ( 0.5 mmol ), catalyst ( $15 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) in THF solvent ( 4 mL ) at rt under argon, subsequent reduction and cyclisation to the oxazolidinone. ${ }^{b}$ Isolated yield. ${ }^{c}$ Determined by HPLC with a Chiralpak-OD column. ${ }^{d}$ With the opposite enantiomer.
to good enantioselectivities. Of particular note, THF delivered the highest enantioselectivity ( $69 \%$ ee) in synthetically useful yields.

Furthermore, when lowering temperature to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, we observed no improvement in enantioselectivity, however the reaction became notably more sluggish. Increasing catalyst loading up to $30 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ did not improve either enantioselectivity or reaction time.

With these optimized conditions in hand, we probed the substrate scope of the reaction (Table 3). In general, various oxazolidinones 5 were obtained in moderate to good yields (54$89 \%$ ) and enantioselectivities ( $24-73 \%$ ee). The reactions showed poor enantioselectivities for $\alpha$-methyl- $\alpha$-ethyl and $\alpha$ -methyl- $\alpha$-carbethoxy disubstituted aldehydes, but not for $\alpha$ -

Table 2 Screening of solvents ${ }^{a}$

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entry | Solvent | Time | Yield ${ }^{\text {b }}$ (\%) | $\mathrm{ee}^{c}(\%)$ |
| 1 | $n$-Hexane | 24 | 52 | 48 |
| 2 | Toluene | 72 | 49 | 45 |
| 3 | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | 72 | 41 | 30 |
| 4 | EtOAc | 24 | 67 | 54 |
| 5 | $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ | 36 | 47 | 40 |
| 7 | MTBE | 36 | 84 | 49 |
| 8 | THF | 36 | 81 | 69 |
| 9 | Dioxane | 36 | 76 | 57 |
| 10 | MeOH | 24 | 69 | 57 |
| 11 | Ethylene glycol | 24 | 42 | 57 |

[^1]methyl- $\alpha$-protected hydroxymethyl substituted aldehydes with aromatic ring. The results also showed that electronwithdrawing groups were more successful than electrondonating groups. Moreover, $p$-F and $p-\mathrm{CF}_{3}$ substituents both showed similar enantioselectivities. We then investigated differing azodicarboxylates and observed that di-p-chlorobenzyl azodicarboxylate (DCAD) provided the desired products in excellent yields ( $90 \%$ ) and good enantioselectivities (up to ee $74 \%$ ) while lower enantioselectivities were obtained with diethyl azadicarboxylate (DEAD) or diisopropyl azadicarboxylate (DIAD). We also observed good enantioselective control with catalysts bearing naphthalene rings. This may be due to the $\pi-\pi$ interaction between the aromatic ring of substrate and naphthalene ring limiting the conformation of the intermediate, thus improving the level of stereo-differentiation between the two $\alpha$-substituents. Additionally, when the azo reagent contained an aromatic ring this $\pi-\pi$ interaction may be further enhanced, resulting in the observed improvement of stereoselectivity.

Upon recrystallization from $90 \%$ ethanol, the aldehyde $\mathbf{4 a}-\boldsymbol{p}$ ClBn was obtained in $97 \%$ ee ( $60 \%$ yield) and $\mathbf{4 h}-\boldsymbol{p}$-ClBn was obtained in $97 \%$ ee ( $65 \%$ yield), which was subsequently converted to oxazolidinone $\mathbf{5 a}-\boldsymbol{p}$-ClBn in $>99 \%$ ee and $\mathbf{5 h} \mathbf{h} \boldsymbol{p}$-ClBn was obtained in $98 \%$ ee respectively. The absolute configuration of $5-R$ was determined to be $(R)$ on CD spectrum. Under ambient pressure, hydrogenation using $10 \% \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}$ in methanol/acetic acid, the benzyloxycarbonyl group was removed. Cleavage of the hydrazine moiety, 7 was accomplished by treating with $\mathrm{NaNO}_{2}$ (ref. 14) (Scheme 1). Alcohol 7 was treated with $p-\mathrm{TsCl}$ in pyridine, and the resulting tosylate was successively converted to iodide 8 with NaI in acetone under a reflux condition. ${ }^{20} 8$ with triphenylphosphine in DMF provided the desired phosphonium salt 9 in moderate yield as a stable white solid. ${ }^{20}$

Then we applied the chiral phosphonium salt 9 to the synthesis of biological active compound as $\mathrm{S}_{1 \mathrm{P}_{1}}$ agonist 14. These types of compounds possessing a chiral 2-methyl-2aminoethanol have shown promise in recent years as the immunosuppressant. ${ }^{21,22}$ This compound is an analogue of SYL930, an immunosuppressant we have been reported before. ${ }^{23}$ SYL930 is currently in phase I clinical stage. The synthesis of $\mathbf{1 4}$ started from the aldehyde 11 in only a three step manipulation. ${ }^{24}$ Aldehyde $\mathbf{1 1}$ was synthesized in good yield from 4-bromobenzaldehyde and dinary pinacol borate ester 10 via Suzuki reaction with Pd-dimer (dibromobis(tri-tert-butylphosphine)dipalladium) as the catalyst. ${ }^{24}$ The Wittig reaction of 9 with 11 in dry THF at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 h furnished the alkenes 12 in good yield. Subsequently reducing with $10 \% \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}$ in MeOH for 1 h afforded compound 13 in virtually quantitative yield after a flash-filtration. Finally, hydrolysis of the oxazolidinone part and then acidification with 1 M HCl in $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ produced the chiral $\alpha$-substituted alaninol compound 14.

## Conclusions

In this study, we presented an efficient asymmetric amination of branched racemic aldehydes catalyzed by the commercially available amino acid (3-(1-naphthyl)-s-alanine). Under the

Table 3 Substrate scope ${ }^{a}$

${ }^{a}$ Reaction conditions: the azodicarboxylate (1 equiv.) was added to the aldehyde ( 1.5 equiv.), with catalyst ( $15 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) in THF at rt for the stated period of time under argon. Reaction performed without isolating the intermediate. ${ }^{b}$ Isolated yield. ${ }^{c}$ Isolated by silica gel column chromatography. ${ }^{d}$ Determined by chiral HPLC. ${ }^{e}$ ee determined by chiral HPLC after recrystallization. Absolute configuration of 5 - $\boldsymbol{R}$ to determined be $(R)$ on CD spectrum.
optimized conditions, we obtained $\alpha$-methyl- $\alpha$-protected hydroxymethyl substituted aldehydes in high ee. Importantly, we developed an efficient catalytic method for synthesizing the Wittig reagent involving a chiral 2-methyl-2-aminoethanol structure that could be applied to other syntheses. Further, a new $\mathrm{S1P}_{1}$ agonist 14 has been obtained by this method in high overall yield.

## Experimental

General procedure for the synthesis of 4,4-disubstituted 3-alkoxycarbonylamino-oxazolidin-2-ones (5-R) by one pot method

Catalyst 1d ( $15 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ in respect to the azodicarboxylate) was added to a suspension of aldehydes ( $2,1.5$ eq. in respect to the azodicarboxylate) and azodicarboxylate (3) in THF. The mixture stirred at rt under argon until the colour of the azodicarboxylate
had disappeared. $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$ (3 eq. in respect to the azodicarboxylate) was added in portions at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h , and then it was quenched by adding 1 M HCl aq. until the mixture reached pH 7 , and it was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The combined organic phases were dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The resulting crude was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel eluted with light petroleum ether-ethyl acetate mixture ( $4: 1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) to afford products $5-R$ as oil or solid.

## 3-Ethyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5a-Et)

White solid, yield $79 \%$; mp $50-55{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.24\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.27(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.47(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.05(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.14(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $4.33(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.51\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.33(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, NH), 7.27-7.38 (m, 5H, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 14.3,19.8$,




Scheme 1 Synthesis of the $\alpha$-substituted alaninol compound as $\mathrm{SIP}_{1}$ agonist.
29.7, 61.2, 62.5, 71.4, 71.8, 73.2, 127.8, 128.1, 128.7, 137.4, 156.3, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$309.1445, found 309.1442; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak OD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=$ $90: 10$, flow rate $\left.1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right): t_{\mathrm{R}}=16.37 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=20.63 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $57 \%$ ee.

## 3-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5a-Bn)

Oil, yield $81 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $3.27(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.44(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.06$ (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.32(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.46(\mathrm{~s}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $5.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.38(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.24-7.35(\mathrm{~m}$, $10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 19.8,61.2,68.1,71.4$, 71.7, 73.2, 127.8, 128.2, 128.3, 128.5, 128.6, 128.7, 135.3, 127.3, 156.1, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$371.1602, found 371.1591; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak OD, hexane/ isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=17.15 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=25.28 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor) $69 \% \mathrm{ee}$.

## 3-(4-Chloro)benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one ( $5 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{p}$-ClBn)

Catalyst 1d ( $64 \mathrm{mg}, 15 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ in respect to the azodicarboxylate) was added to a suspension of 3-(benzyloxy)-2-methylpropanal (1.15 g, 6.46 mmol ) and di-p-chlorobenzyl azodicarboxylate ( $1.58 \mathrm{~g}, 4.31$
mmol ) in THF ( 40 mL ). The mixture stirred at rt under argon until the colour of the azodicarboxylate had disappeared and quenched by the addition $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, then extracted three times with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}(50 \mathrm{ml}$ $\times 3$ ). The combined organic layers were dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting crude was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluting with light petroleum ether-ethyl acetate mixture ( $4: 1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) to afford $\mathbf{4 a - p}$-ClBn $(1.87 \mathrm{~g})$ as solid in $80 \%$ yield with $71 \%$ ee. Recrystallization from $90 \%$ ethanol, the aldehyde $\mathbf{4 a} \boldsymbol{p}$-ClBn $(930 \mathrm{mg})$ was obtained in $97 \%$ ee ( $50 \%$ yield). $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20} 9.72$ (c $\left.0.29, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.34\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.60-$ $3.77\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.01-5.15\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.70$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $7.16-7.30\left(\mathrm{~m}, 13 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 9.55(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHO})$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$545.12407, found 545.12390; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak $\mathrm{AD}-\mathrm{H}$, hexane/isopropanol $=85: 15$, flow rate 1.0 $\mathrm{mL} \mathrm{min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=213 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=21.62 \mathrm{~min}($ major $), t_{\mathrm{R}}=23.77 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor).
$\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}(190 \mathrm{mg}, 5.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ was added to a solution of 4a-p-ClBn ( $900 \mathrm{mg}, 1.65 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}(4 \mathrm{~mL})$. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h , and then it was quenched by adding 1 M HCl aq. until the mixture reached pH 7 , and it was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The combined organic phases were dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The resulting crude was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel eluted with light petroleum ether-ethyl acetate mixture ( $4: 1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) to afford $\mathbf{5 a - p}$ ClBn ( 650 mg ) in $94 \%$ yield with $>99 \%$ ee. As oil; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20}-12.3$ (c 0.13, $\left.\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.26(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J$ $=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.43(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.05(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{CH}), 4.32(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.49\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.06\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, 6.49 (bs, 1H, NH), $7.24-7.36\left(\mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Har}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right){ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz , $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 19.8,61.2,67.2,71.4,71.7,73.2,127.8,128.2,128.5,128.7$, 128.8, 129.6, 134.0, 134.3, 137.3, 156.0, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$405.1212, found 405.1204; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak OD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate 1.0 $\mathrm{mL} \mathrm{min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=213 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=27.77 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=35.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor).

## 3-(4-Chloro)benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-methyl) benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one ( $\mathbf{5 b} \mathbf{- B n}$ )

Oil, yield $54 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $2.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.24(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.40(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.99(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.31(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{CH}), 4.40-4.48\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.39(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NH}), 7.13-7.18\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.31-7.37\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 19.8,21.2,61.2,68.0,71.3,71.4,73.0,73.1$, 128.1, 128.2, 128.5, 128.6, 129.2, 129.4, 134.3, 135.4, 138.0, 156.2, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$385.1758, found 385.1738; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/ isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=22.42 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=25.10 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $48 \%$ ee.

## 3-(4-Chloro)benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-methyl) benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5b-p-ClBn)

Oil, yield $56 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.23\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.30$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.24(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.39(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{CH}), 4.04(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.31(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.39-$ $4.49\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.08\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.22(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.13-7.16(\mathrm{~m}$,
$4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ), $7.26\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.32\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right)$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 19.8,21.2,61.2,67.2,71.2,71.4,73.0$, 128.1, 128.8, 129.4, 129.6, 133.9, 134.2, 134.4, 138.1, 156.0, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 419.1368$, found 419.1359; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol = $90: 10$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=23.38 \mathrm{~min}($ major $), t_{\mathrm{R}}=$ 26.35 min (minor), $54 \%$ ee.

## 3-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(3,4-dimethoxy) benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5c-Et)

Oil, yield 78\%; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.20\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $3.21(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.40(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.82(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.84\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.01(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.08-$ $4.13\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.28(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.37-4.44(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $6.45(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.76-6.80\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 14.3,14.5,19.7,55.8,55.9,61.2,62.4,71.3,71.4$, 72.9, 110.9, 111.0, 120.3, 130.0, 148.9, 149.3, 156.3, 156.9; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$391.1476, found 391.1471; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak OD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=21.88 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ $=27.05 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $38 \%$ ee.

## 3-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(3,4-dimethoxy) benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one ( 5 c - Bn )

Oil, yield $67 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$ ), 3.22 (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $3.40\left(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ ), $3.80(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $3.84\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.03(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.30(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.41\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.11\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.347(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH})$, 6.79-6.82 (m, 3H, Har), 7.25-7.35 (m, 5H, Har); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz , $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 19.7,55.9,61.3,68.0,71.3,71.4,72.9,111.0,120.3,128.2$, 128.4, 128.6, 129.9, 135.4, 148.9, 149.3, 156.2, 156.9; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$453.1632, found 453.1638; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=85: 15$, flow rate 1.0 $\mathrm{mL} \min ^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=26.31 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=32.42 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $45 \%$ ee.

## 3-Ethyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-trifluoro)benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5d-Et)

White solid, yield $75 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.21-1.26(\mathrm{~m}$, $6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $3.26(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.46(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{CH}), 4.04(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.13\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.30(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.43-4.50\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.61(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.70-7.04$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.22-7.26\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 14.3,19.7,61.2,62.5,71.4,71.9,72.5,115.4,115.6,129.4,129.5$, 133.2, 156.4, 156.8, 161.3, 163.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~F}[\mathrm{M}+$ $\mathrm{H}]^{+}$327.1351, found 327.1341; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AS-H, hexane/isopropanol $=80: 20$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254$ nm ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=51.09 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=76.63 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $56 \%$ ee.

## 3-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-fluoro)benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5d-Bn)

Oil, yield $80 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 3.32 (d, 1H, $J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.51(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.12$ (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.37$ (d, 1H, $J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.51(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $5.21\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.42(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.08(\mathrm{t}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$,
$\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ), $7.30\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Har}\right.$ ), $7.40\left(\mathrm{bs}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 19.8,60.4,68.1,71.4,71.9,72.5,115.7$, $128.2,128.5,128.6,129.4,129.5,132.5,133.2,135.2,156.2$, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~F}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 389.1507$, found 389.1502; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=$ $90: 10$, flow rate $\left.1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right): t_{\mathrm{R}}=22.44 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=24.32 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $68 \%$ ee.

## 3-(4-Chloro)benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-fluoro) benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one ( $5 \mathrm{~d}-\boldsymbol{p}$ - ClBn )

Oil, yield $89 \% ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.24$ (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.43(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.04(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.30(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.40-4.48\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $5.07\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.84(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.00\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right)$, $7.21-7.25\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.30\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 19.7, 61.2, 67.3, 71.4, 71.8, 72.5, 115.4, 115.7, 128.8, 129.0, 129.4, 129.5, 133.1, 133.2, 134.0, 134.2, 156.1, 156.8, 161.3, 163.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{ClF}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 423.1118$, found 423.1104; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=$ $90: 10$, flow rate $\left.1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right): t_{\mathrm{R}}=36.19 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=45.33 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $70 \%$ ee.

## 3-Ethyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-chloro)benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5e-Et)

White solid, yield $78 \%, \mathrm{mp} 80-85{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.25\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.27(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.48(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.06(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.17(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=16 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $4.32(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.47-4.48\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.39$ (bs, 1H, NH), 6.76-6.80 (m, 4H, Har); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 14.3,19.8,61.2,62.6,71.4,72.1,72.5,128.8,129.0,133.9,135.9$, 156.3, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$343.1055, found 343.1048; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak OJ-H, hexane/isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $\left.1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right): t_{\mathrm{R}}=32.27 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=37.97 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $57 \%$ ee.

## 3-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-chloro)benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5e-Bn)

White solid, yield $63 \%$; mp $75-80{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.25(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.45(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.06(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.31(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{CH}), 4.41-4.49\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.13\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.60(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, NH), $7.19\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.29-7.37\left(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 19.8,60.4,61.2,68.1,71.4,71.7,72.1$, $72.5,127.8,128.2,128.5,128.7,128.8,129.0,133.9,135.3,135.9$, 156.2, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 405.1212$, found 405.1201; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/ isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=16.12 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=17.62 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $59 \%$ ee.

## 3-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-bromo)benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5f-Bn)

White solid, yield $79 \%$; mp $80-84{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.32(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.52(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.12(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.37(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{CH}), 4.49-4.50\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.49(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH})$,
$7.19\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.52(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $\left.8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 19.7,61.2,68.1,71.4,72.2$, 72.5, 121.9, 128.2, 128.5, 128.7, 129.3, 131.7, 135.4, 136.5, 156.3, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Br}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$449.0707, found 449.0710; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=$ $85: 15$, flow rate $\left.1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right): t_{\mathrm{R}}=19.46 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=21.85 \mathrm{~min}(\mathrm{minor}), 59 \%$ ee.

## 4-Chlorobenzyl(4-(((4-bromobenzyl)oxy)methyl)-4-methyl-2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)carbamate (5f-p-ClBn)

Oil, yield $75 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.27\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $3.27(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=10 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.45(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=10 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.08(\mathrm{~d}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.32(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.45(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.11\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.27(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.14(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.27\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.33\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right)$, $7.47\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Har}_{\mathrm{a}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 19.7$, 61.2, 68.1, 71.4, 72.2, 72.5, 121.9, 128.2, 128.5, 128.7, 129.3, 131.7, 135.4, 136.5, 156.3, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5^{-}}$ ClBr $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$483.0317, found 483.0315; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak $\mathrm{AD}-\mathrm{H}$, hexane/isopropanol $=85: 15$, flow rate 1.0 $\left.\mathrm{mL} \mathrm{min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right): t_{\mathrm{R}}=22.65 \mathrm{~min}($ major $), t_{\mathrm{R}}=27.78 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 59\% ee.

## 3-Ethyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-cyano)benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5g-Et)

Oil, yield $81 \% ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.22\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $3.33(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.55(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.06(\mathrm{~d}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.11-4.16\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.34(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.51-4.62\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.892(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.36$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Har}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.58\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Har}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 14.3,19.6,61.2,62.5,70.8,71.3,72.3,72.8$, $111.4,118.8,127.6,130.3,132.3,132.4,143.1,156.5,156.7$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{5}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 334.1398$, found 334.1416; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=43.74 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $t_{\mathrm{R}}$ $=48.41 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $57 \%$ ee.

## 3-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-cyano)benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5g-Bn)

Oil, yield $71 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.27\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $3.31(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.52(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.05(\mathrm{~d}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.33(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.48-4.58(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.10\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 7.09(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.25-7.35(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ), $7.55\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 19.7,61.2,68.1,71.4,72.3,72.9,111.5,118.7,127.5,128.2$, $128.5,128.7,132.4,135.3,143.0,156.3,156.7$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{5}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 396.1554$, found 396.1573; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate 1.0 $\mathrm{mL} \mathrm{min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=65.86 \mathrm{~min}($ major $), t_{\mathrm{R}}=69.48 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 65\% ee.

## 3-(4-Chloro)benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-cyano) benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5g-p-ClBn)

Oil, yield $73 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.28\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $3.31(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.50(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.08$
$(\mathrm{d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.34(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.51-4.60$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.09\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.62(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.25(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J$ $\left.=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.31\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.37(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ), $7.59\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 19.7,61.2,67.3,71.4,72.5,120.0,122.7,125.4,125.5$, $125.6,125.7,127.5,128.9,133.8,134.5,141.4,156.1,156.7$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$430.1164, found 430.1159; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=$ $85: 15$, flow rate $\left.1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right): t_{\mathrm{R}}=50.46 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=57.77 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $62 \%$ ee.

## 3-Ethyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-trifluoro)benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5h-Et)

White solid, yield $76 \% ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.23(\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.31(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH})$, $3.52(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.06(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.14$ $\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.34(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.52-$ $4.62\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.78(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.38(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ), $7.58\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $\delta 14.3,19.6,61.2,62.5,71.3,72.4,72.5,125.5,127.5,141.7$, 156.4, 156.8; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~F}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$377.1319, found 377.1315; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/ isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $\left.1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right)$ : $t_{\mathrm{R}}=13.40 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=15.24 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $56 \%$ ee.

## 3-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-trifluoro)benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5h-Bn)

Oil, yield $89 \% ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.27\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $3.30(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.51(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.05$ $(\mathrm{d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.33(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.49-4.59$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.87(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.25-7.38(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.58\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Har}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}(100 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 19.7,61.2,68.1,71.4,72.5,72.6,125.5,125.6,127.4$, 128.2, 128.5, 128.6, 135.3, 141.6, 156.3, 156.8; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~F}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 439.1475$, found 439.1470; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AS-H, hexane/isopropanol $=80: 20$, flow rate 1.0 $\left.\mathrm{mL} \mathrm{min}^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right): t_{\mathrm{R}}=29.18 \mathrm{~min}($ major $), t_{\mathrm{R}}=61.72 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 67\% ee.

## 3-(4-Chloro)benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-trifluoro) benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5h-p-ClBn)

Catalyst 1d (191 mg, $15 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ in respect to the azodicarboxylate) was added to a suspension of 2-methyl-3-((4-(trifluoromethyl) benzyl)oxy)propanal ( $2.2 \mathrm{~g}, 8.93 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and di-p-chlorobenzyl azodicarboxylate $(2.17 \mathrm{~g}, 5.93 \mathrm{mmol})$ in THF $(50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The mixture stirred at rt under argon until the colour of the azodicarboxylate had disappeared and quenched by the addition $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, then extracted three times with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}(50 \mathrm{~mL} \times 3)$. The combined organic layers were dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting crude was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluting with light petroleum etherethyl acetate mixture ( $4: 1 \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) to afford $\mathbf{4 h}-\mathbf{p}$ - $\mathbf{C l B n}(3.27 \mathrm{~g})$ as solid in $90 \%$ yield with $74 \%$ ee. Mp $145-149{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.32\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.71-3.87\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.54(\mathrm{~s}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $5.10-5.20\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.71(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.22-7.38$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.62\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 9.62(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHO})$;

HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~F}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$613.1115, found 613.1110; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=$ $85: 15$, flow rate $\left.1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right): t_{\mathrm{R}}=18.00 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=20.29 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor).

Upon recrystallization from $90 \%$ ethanol, the aldehyde $\mathbf{4 h}-\boldsymbol{p}$ ClBn ( 2.1 g ) was obtained in $98 \%$ ee ( $65 \%$ yield). After reduction and cyclization with $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}(380 \mathrm{mg}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}), \mathbf{5 h}-\boldsymbol{p}$-ClBn ( 1.53 g ) was obtained in $95 \%$ yield with $98 \%$ ee. $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20}-17.84$ (c 0.7, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.34\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.36(\mathrm{~d}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.56(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.12(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.38(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.56-4.46\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $5.18\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.84(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.38-7.43\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.63$ $\left(\mathrm{d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 19.7,61.2$, 67.3, 71.4, 72.5, 125.4, 122.7, 125.5, 125.6, 127.5, 128.8, 129.6, 133.8, 134.4, 141.4, 156.1, 156.7; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5^{-}}$ $\mathrm{ClF}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$473.1084, found 473.1086; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AS-H, hexane/isopropanol $=70: 30$, flow rate 1.0 $\mathrm{mL} \mathrm{min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=34.57 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=56.49 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor).

## 3-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-4-(4-nitro)benzyloxy-oxazolidin-2-one (5i-Bn)

Oil, yield $77 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $3.35(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.56(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.10$ (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.36(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.54-4.64$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.13\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.82(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.25-7.35(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.41\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 8.15(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 18.4,19.8,29.7,30.9,61.2$, 68.2, 71.4, 72.1, 73.0, 76.7, 77.1, 77.2, 77.4, 123.8, 127.7, 128.2, 128.6, 128.7, 136.2, 144.8, 147.6, 164.2, 164.6, 207.2; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{7}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 416.1452$, found 416.1435; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=72.96 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=$ 76.57 min (minor), $55 \%$ ee.

4-Chlorobenzyl((4R)-4-methyl-2-oxo-4-(((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)methyl)oxazolidin-3-yl)carbamate (5j-Bn)
Oil, yield $70 \%$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 1.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 1.41-1.56 (m, 4H, $2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.60-1.74 (m, 4H, CH2), 3.34-3.84 (m, $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 4.05-4.11 (m, 1H, CH), 4.33-4.38 (m, 1H, CH), 4.43$4.55(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 5.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.93$ (bs, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 7.26-7.33 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$387.1527, found 387.1508; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/ isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \min ^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=26.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=34.5 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), $60 \% \mathrm{ee}$.

## Benzyl(4-ethyl-4-methyl-2-oxooxazolidin-3-yl)carbamate (51-Bn)

Oil, yield 78\%; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(600 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 0.86-0.96\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 1.24-1.33 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 1.55-1.70 (m, 2H, CH $)_{2}$, $4.06(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 5.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 6.53(\mathrm{bs}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, NH ), 7.26-7.38 (m, 5H, Har); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.7,22.1$, 29.8, 53.4, 61.8, 68.2, 72.1, 128.3, 128.5, 128.6, 135.3, 156.0, 156.3; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Na}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$301.1159, found 301.1154; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}$ ): $t_{\mathrm{R}}=21.53 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=$ 23.23 min (minor), $37 \%$ ee.

## Dibenzyl 1-(1-ethoxy-2-methyl-1,3-dioxopropan-2-yl)hydrazine-1,2dicarboxylate ( $\mathbf{4 m}-\mathrm{Bn}$ )

Oil, yield 76\%; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 1.26(\mathrm{t}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.56\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 4.18-4.22\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.16(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, $2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $6.60(\mathrm{brs}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.25-7.32\left(\mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 9.60(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, CHO); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$429.1653, found 429.1656; HPLC (Daicel Chiralpak OD-H, hexane/isopropanol $=$ $90: 10$, flow rate $\left.1.0 \mathrm{~mL} \mathrm{~min}{ }^{-1}, \lambda=254 \mathrm{~nm}\right): t_{\mathrm{R}}=20.65 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), $t_{\mathrm{R}}=22.78 \mathrm{~min}($ minor $), 24 \%$ ee.

## (R)-3-Amino-4-(hydroxymethyl)-4-methyloxazolidin-2-one (6)

To a solution of $\mathbf{5 h}-\boldsymbol{p}$ - ClBn ( $670 \mathrm{mg}, 1.42 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in 8 ml of methanol and acetic acid ( 4 mL ). 360 mg of $10 \%$ palladium on charcoal was added. The mixture hydrogenated at ambient pressure for 12 h and filtered. The filtrate was evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel (dichloromethane/methanol, $20: 1$ to $10: 1$ ) delivered $152 \mathrm{mg}(1.03 \mathrm{mmol}, 73 \%)$ of a colourless solid. Mp 113-115 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20}-3.86\left(c 0.9, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.20(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $3.31(\mathrm{dd}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.55\left(\mathrm{bs}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right.$ and OH ), $3.76-3.79(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 3.96(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH})$, $4.40(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}) ;$ HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$ 147.0762, found 147.0764.

## (R)-4-(Hydroxymethyl)-4-methyloxazolidin-2-one (7)

$146 \mathrm{mg}(1 \mathrm{mmol})$ of $\mathrm{NaNO}_{2}$ was added dropwise to a solution of $45.0 \mathrm{mg}(0.234 \mathrm{mmol})$ of 6 in 18 ml of acetic acid and 6 ml of 1 M HCl . The mixture was refluxed for 1 h . The solvent was evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel (dichloromethane/methanol, $20: 1$ to $10: 1)$ delivered $79 \mathrm{mg}(0.6 \mathrm{mmol}, 60 \%)$ of a white solid. $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20}-8.8\left(c 0.5, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right)$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $\delta 1.34\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 3.55\left(\mathrm{dd}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.04$ (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}$ ), 4.33 (d, $1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}$ ), 5.59 (bs, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $150 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 22.6,58.9,67.5,72.8$, 159.4; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{NO}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$132.0654, found 132.0655.

## $4^{\prime}$-(2-Propyloxazol-4-yl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carbaldehyde (11)

Catalyst Pd-dimer $(2.5 \mathrm{mg}, 1 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ in respect to 4 -bromobenzaldehyde) was added to a suspension of 4-bromobenzaldehyde ( $101 \mathrm{mg}, 0.55 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(207 \mathrm{mg}, 1.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $\mathbf{1 0}$ ( $157 \mathrm{mg}, 0.5 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in toluene : EtOH : $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=1: 1: 1(\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v})$. The mixture was refluxed for 4 h . Then the solvent was removed under vacuum. The crude material was extracted with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and washed with brine. The organic phase was dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$ and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was chromatographed (silica gel, light petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=20: 1$ ) to afford the aldehyde ( $116 \mathrm{mg}, 80 \%$ ) as a white solid. $\mathrm{Mp} 100{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.04(\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.84-1.89\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.83\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 7.69(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ), 7.78-7.85 (m, 4H, Har), $7.89\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Har}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.95-8.01(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ), $10.06(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHO}) ;$ HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NO}_{2}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$ 292.1332, found 292.1335.
( $R, E$ )-4-Methyl-4-(2-(4'-(2-propyloxazol-4-yl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)vinyl)oxazolidin-2-one (12)
To a suspension of the phosphonium salt ( $235 \mathrm{mg}, 0.48 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in THF was added $n$-butyllithium $(2.5 \mathrm{M}$ in hexane, 0.37 mL , 0.937 mmol ) at $-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and then the solution was stirred for 30 min at the same temperature. After the addition of benzaldehyde ( $70 \mathrm{mg}, 0.24 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the reaction mixture was warmed to ambient temperature and stirred for 3 h . After quenching with saturated aq. $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$, the resulting biphasic mixture was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered, and evaporated. Purification by silica gel column chromatography (hexane : AcOEt $=4: 1$ to $1: 1$ ) provided $12(131 \mathrm{mg}$, $73 \%$ ) as a white solid. $\mathrm{Mp} 235{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20}-17.8\left(c 0.1, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.03\left(\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.81-1.90$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.82\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.17-4.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}), 4.58-4.65\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.12(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.16-6.22(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}), 6.66(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 7.46\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right)$, $7.59-7.65\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.80\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Har}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.87(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 13.7,20.7,30.2,56.2,70.2$, $125.9,126.3,127.2,127.3,130.6,133.2,133.7,134.3,139.6$, 140.1, 140.9, 158.9, 165.5; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$ 389.1860 , found 389.1882 .

## (R)-4-Methyl-4-(2-(4'-(2-propyloxazol-4-yl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)ethyl) oxazolidin-2-one (13)

To a solution of 12 ( $120 \mathrm{mg}, 0.32 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in methanol was added $10 \% \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(30 \mathrm{mg})$, and then the suspension was stirred for 2 h under a hydrogen atmosphere at ambient temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered and evaporated in vacuo, providing the product $13(112 \mathrm{mg}, 92 \%)$ as a white solid. Mp $185{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20} 14.4\left(c 0.5, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.04(\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.44\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.84-1.89\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.93-$ $1.97\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.70-2.74\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.75-2.86(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.10(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.22(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH})$, 5.42 (bs, 1H, NH), $7.25(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 7.55(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 7.61\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.79(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.86\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 13.7,20.6$, $26.0,30.0,30.1,42.2,57.6,75.6,125.9,127.2,127.3,128.7,129.8$, 133.2, 138.8, 139.8, 139.9, 140.3, 158.7, 165.6; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$391.2016, found 391.2011.

## (R)-2-Amino-2-methyl-4-(4'-(2-propyloxazol-4-yl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)butan-1-ol hydrochloride (14)

Compound $13(100 \mathrm{mg}, 0.26 \mathrm{mmol})$ was diluted with methanol : $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=10: 1(\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v})$, then potassium hydroxide $(146 \mathrm{mg}, 2.6 \mathrm{mmol})$ was added, which was refluxed for 18 h . After cooling to room temperature, water was added to the reaction mixture and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The combined organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered, and evaporated. The crude product was chromatographed (silica gel, dichloromethane/methanol $=10: 1$ ), then added 1 M HCl in $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ to afford the product 14 $(82 \mathrm{mg}, 80 \%)$ as a white solid. Mp $214{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{20}-1.61$ (c 0.2, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.01(\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$,
$\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.34\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.81-1.92\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.68-2.72(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 2.83-2.86 (m, 2H, CH2 $), 3.52-3.57\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 3.62-$ $3.65\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 7.31\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.58(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=$ $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}$ ), $7.65\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Har}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 7.77(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right), 8.23\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ar}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 14.0,20.4$, $21.6,30.2,30.8,38.7,58.8,66.3,127.2,128.2,128.3,130.0,136.0$, 139.9, 140.7, 141.9, 142.1, 167.8; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}[\mathrm{M}$ $+\mathrm{H}]^{+} 365.2224$, found 365.2212 .

## Conflicts of interest

There are no conflicts to declare.

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[^1]:    ${ }^{a}$ Reaction conditions: the azodicarboxylate ( 1 equiv.) was added to the aldehyde ( 1.5 equiv.), with catalyst ( $15 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) in THF at rt for the stated period of time under argon. Reaction without isolation of intermediate. Isolated yield. ${ }^{c}$ Determined by chiral HPLC.

