

CORRECTION

Correction: Occurrence of Priming in the Degradation of Lignocellulose in Marine Sediments

The *PLOS ONE* Staff

[Fig 2](#) is incorrect. The axes are missing in panel b. The authors have provided a corrected version here. The publisher apologizes for the error.



 OPEN ACCESS

Citation: The *PLOS ONE* Staff (2016) Correction: Occurrence of Priming in the Degradation of Lignocellulose in Marine Sediments. *PLoS ONE* 11(4): e0154365. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0154365

Published: April 21, 2016

Copyright: © 2016 The PLOS ONE Staff. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](#), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

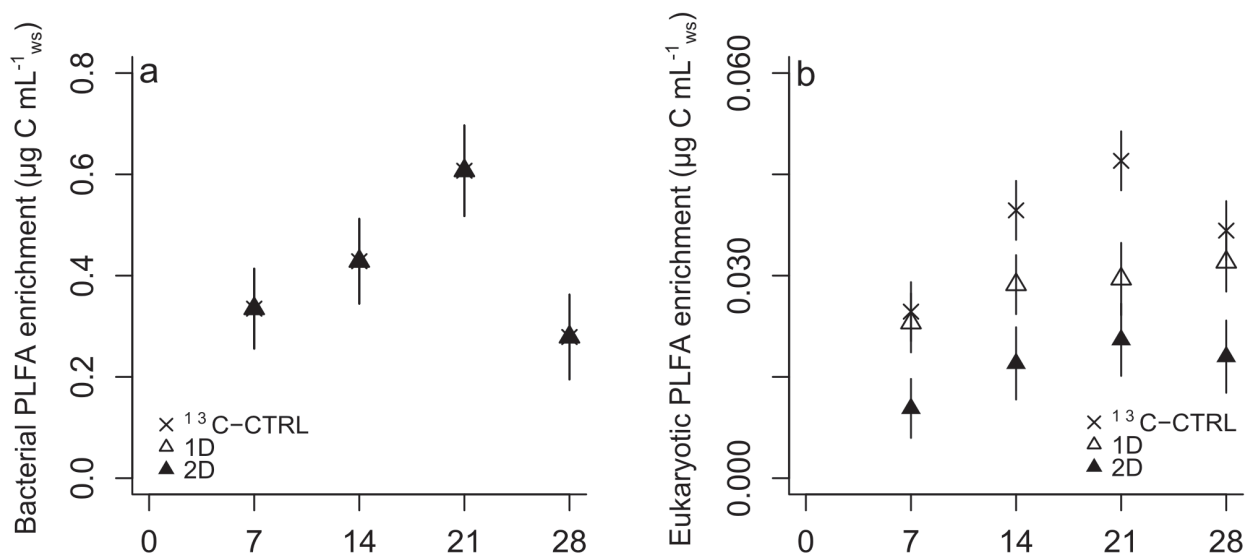


Fig 2. Incorporation of lignocellulosic carbon into bacterial (a) and eukaryotic (b) biomass with time and treatment based on the ^{13}C enrichment of PLFA biomarkers. Data in (a) exactly overlap so that symbols for ^{13}C -CTRL and 1D are hidden under the 2D filled triangles. Data represent the mean \pm s.e. m. (n = 3).

doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0154365.g001

Reference

1. Gontikaki E, Thornton B, Cornulier T, Witte U (2015) Occurrence of Priming in the Degradation of Lignocellulose in Marine Sediments. PLoS ONE 10(12): e0143917. doi: [10.1371/journal.pone.0143917](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0143917) PMID: [26633175](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26633175/)