SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS

Gopus	n*	Species	Cutibacterium acnes (+)		Cutibacterium acnes (-)	
Genus		Opecies	HP (+)** (n=9)	HP (-) (n=2)	HP (+)** (n=15)	HP (-) (n=8)
Streptococcus	25	Streptococcus mitis	5		8	2
		Streptococcus salivarius	4		7	2
		Streptococcus anginosus	1		1	
		Streptococcus pneumoniae	2		3	1
		Streptococcus parasanguinis	5		3	3
		Streptococcus thermophilus			2	
		Streptococcus anginosus			2	
		Streptococcus sanguinis			1	
		Streptococcus sp. (oral strain)	1		1	2
		Streptococcus cristatus			2	1
		Streptococcus infantis	3	1	1	1
		Streptococcus oralis			2	
		Streptococcus australis			2	
Rothia	19	Rothia mucilaginosa	5		8	2
	Rothia dentocariosa		1		3	2
Actinomyces	15	Actinomyces odontolyticus	2		8	3
	Actinomyces viscos				1	
		Actinomyces naeslundii				2
		Actinomyces oris			1	
		Actinomyces sp.			1	
Veillonella	7	Veillonella dispar	1		4	
		Veillonella parvula	1		1	

Table S1. Prevalence of bacteria isolated from gastric biopsy samples from Nicaragua.

Staphylococcus	6	Staphylococcus aureus				1
		Staphylococcus epidermidis			2	1
		Staphylococcus pasteuri	1		1	
		Staphylococcus hominis	1			
Pseudomonas	5	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	2	3		
Atopobium	5	Atopobium parvulum	1		3	1
Prevotella	5	Prevotella aurantiaca			1	
		Prevotella melaninogenica			1	1
		Prevotella jejuni			1	
		Prevotella histicola	1			
		Prevotella pallens			1	
Neisseria	5	Neisseria perflava	Neisseria perflava 1		1	
		Neisseria flavenscens			1	
		Neisseria mucosa				1
		Neisseria sicca			1	
Micrococcus	2	Micrococcus antarcticus		1		
		Micrococcus sp	1			
Stenotrophomonas 2		Stenotrophomonas maltophilia	2		1	
Elizabethkingia	Elizabethkingia 2 Elizabethkingia anophelis		1		1	
Gemella 2 Gemella sanguinis				2	1	
Solobacterium	2	Solobacterium moorei			2	
Klebsiella	1 Klebsiella oxytoca 1					
Enterococcus	erococcus 1 Enterococcus casseliflavus 1					
Mogibacterium 1 Mogibacterium diversum		1				
Delftia	1	Delftia acidovorans			1	

Parvimonas	1	Parvimonas micra		1		
Moraxella	1	Moraxella osloensis			1	
Porphyromonas	1	Porphyromonas catoniae			1	
		Porphyromonas pasteri			1	
Corynebacterium	1	Corynebacterium argentoratense			1	

*n = Number of biopsies

***H. pylori* positivity determined by histopathology

C. acnes MIT strain	Streptococcus spp.	Staphylococcus spp.	Pseudomonas spp.	Klebsiella spp.	Rothia spp.	Other Bacteria	Helicobacter pylori
18-1849	S. mitis S. salivarius S. anguinosus S. pneumoniae S. parasanguinis	-	P. aeruginosa	K. oxytoca	R. mucilaginosa	Actinomyces odontolyticus	-
18-1851	S. parasanguinis S. salivarius	-	-	-	-	-	-
18-1857	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18-1859	S. parasanguinis S. salivarius	-	-	-	R. mucilaginosa R. dentocariosa	-	-
18-1863	-	-	-	-	-	-	+
18-1864	S. infantis S. mitis group	-	-	-	R. mucilaginosa R. dentoscariosa	Enterococcus casseliflavus Veillonella dispar	+
18-1869	S. infantis	-	-	-	-	Micrococcus antarcticus	-
18-1871	S. pneumoniae S. salivarius S. mitis	S. pasteuri	-	-	-	Stenotrophomas maltophilia Micrococcus spp. Neisseria perflava	-
18-1873	S. mitis S. parasanguinis	-	-	-	R. mucilaginosa	-	-
18-1879	S. spp (oral)	-	P. aeruginosa	-	-	Stenotrophomas maltophilia Elizabethkingia anophelis	-
18-1881	S. salivarius S. infantis S. mitis S. parasanguinis	S. hominis	-	-	R. mucilaginosa	Veillonella parvula Mogibacterium diversum Atopobium parvulum Actinomyces odontolyticus Prevotella histicola	+

Table S2. Other bacteria isolated from Nicaraguan gastric biopsies positive for *C. acnes*.



Fig S1. Gastric histopathology for female mice. (A) Combined gastric total histopathologic score (GHAI), **(B)** gastric histopathologic inflammation score, **(C)** gastric foveolar and glandular hyperplasia score, and **(D)** gastric dysplasia and neoplasia score in female mice that were uninfected, colonized by *C. acnes*, infected with *H. pylori* SS1, infected with *H. pylori* followed by *C. acnes*, or dosed with *C. acnes* prior to *H. pylori* at 17 weeks post-infection. Female mice coinfected with *C. acnes* followed by *H. pylori* showed increased dysplasia and neoplasia scores. Hp = H. *pylori* SS1 strain; Ca = *C. acnes*; Hp + Ca = mice infected with *H. pylori* followed by *C. acnes*; Ca + Hp = mice dosed with *C. acnes* prior to *H. pylori*. **p*<0.05, ***p*<0.01.



Fig S2. Cytokines and *Foxm1* gene expression in female mice. (A) Gastric mRNA levels of *Foxm1* (A), *II-1* β (B), *Ifn-* γ (C), *Tnf-* α (D), *IL-17a* (E), *II-22* (F) in female mice. *II-10* and *II-22* mRNA expression in male mice (G,H) and both sexes (I,J) at 17 weeks post-infection. *II-1* β expression was decreased in female mice coinfected with *H. pylori* prior to *C. acnes* compared to *H. pylori* monoinfection. Hp = *H. pylori* SS1 strain; Ca = *C. acnes*; Hp + Ca = mice infected

with *H. pylori* followed by *C. acnes*; Ca + Hp = mice dosed with *C. acnes* prior to *H. pylori*. **p*<0.05, ***p*<0.01.



Fig S3. Gastric inflammatory proteins. (A) IFN- γ , (B) IL-1 α , (C) eotaxin, (D) G-CSF, (E) IP-10, and (F) MIG levels in male germ-free INS-GAS mice that were uninfected, colonized by *C*. *acnes*, infected with *H. pylori*, infected with *H. pylori* prior to *C. acnes*, or dosed with *C. acnes* prior to *H. pylori* at 17 weeks post-infection. Inflammatory gastric proteins were increased in *H. pylori-infected* animals compared to uninfected and *C. acnes*-colonized controls. Hp = *H. pylori* SS1 strain; Ca = *C. acnes*; Hp + Ca = mice infected with *H. pylori* followed by *C. acnes*; Ca + Hp = mice dosed with *C. acnes* prior to *H. pylori*. **p*<0.05, ***p*<0.01, ****p*<0.001, *****p*<0.0001.



Fig S4. Antibody response against *H. pylori* and *C. acnes* in female mice. Anti-*H. pylori* and *C. acnes* serum anti-inflammatory IgG1 (A,C) and pro-inflammatory IgG2a (B,D) antibodies measured by ELISA in male germ-free INS-GAS mice that were uninfected, colonized by *C. acnes*, infected with *H. pylori*, infected with *H. pylori* prior to *C. acnes*, or dosed with *C. acnes* prior to *H. pylori* at 17 weeks post-infection. Anti-inflammatory IgG1 antibodies against *H. pylori* were decreased in coinfected females compared to *H. pylori* monoinfection. Hp = *H. pylori* SS1 strain; Ca = *C. acnes*; Hp + Ca = mice infected with *H. pylori* followed by *C. acnes*; Ca + Hp = mice dosed with *C. acnes* prior to *H. pylori*. **p*<0.05, ***p*<0.01, *****p*<0.0001.



Fig S5. Flow cytometry of mesenteric and gastric lymph nodes. T-BET expression (A) and FOXP3 expression (B) in CD4+ T cells in mesenteric lymph nodes. T-BET expression (C) and FOXP3 expression (D) in CD4+ T cells in gastric lymph nodes. (B) FOXP3 expression in CD4+ T cells in gastric lymph nodes at 17 weeks post-infection. Colonized mice had increased T-BET and decreased FOXP3 expression compared to uninfected controls. T-BET and FOXP3 expression in gastric and mesenteric lymph nodes did not differ between coinfected and monoinfected mice. Hp = *H. pylori* SS1 strain; Ca = *C. acnes*; Hp + Ca = mice infected with *H. pylori* followed by *C. acnes*; Ca + Hp = mice dosed with *C. acnes* prior to *H. pylori.* **p*<0.05, ***p*<0.01, ****p*<0.001, *****p*<0.001.



Fig S6. Representative images of gastric immunohistochemistry. Gastric samples from male mice at 17 weeks post-infection were stained for F4-80 (macrophage), CD3 (T cell), FOXP3 (Treg), CD45 B220 (B cell), and MPO (Neutrophil). Representative images were taken at 200X magnification. Gastric inflammatory cells (brown staining) were increased in *H.* pylori-infected mice compared to uninfected and *C. acnes* controls. Hp = *H. pylori* SS1 strain; Ca = *C. acnes*; Hp + Ca = mice infected with *H. pylori* followed by *C. acnes*; Ca + Hp = mice dosed with *C. acnes* prior to *H. pylori*.