Supplementary information for:

Lack of TYK2 Signaling Enhances Host Resistance to Candida albicans Skin Infection

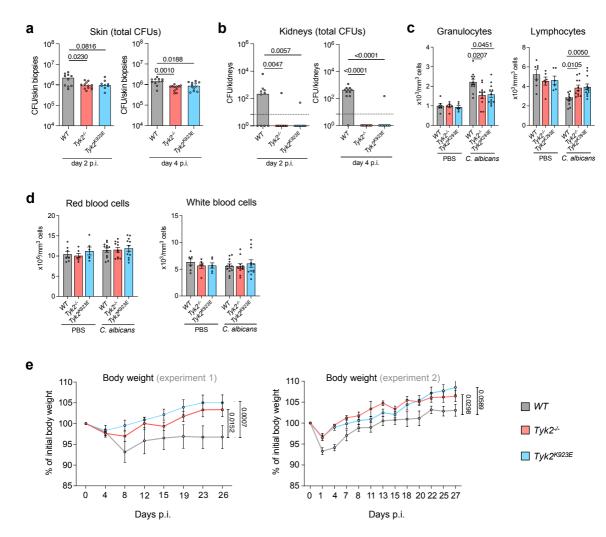
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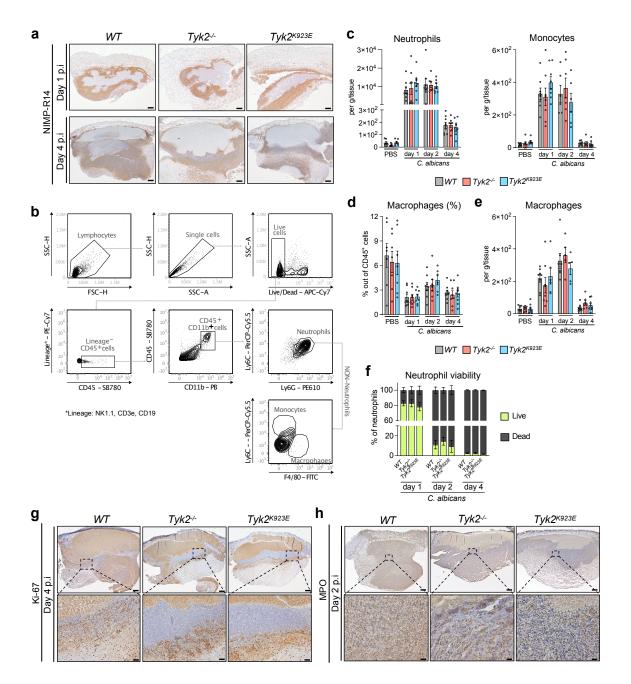
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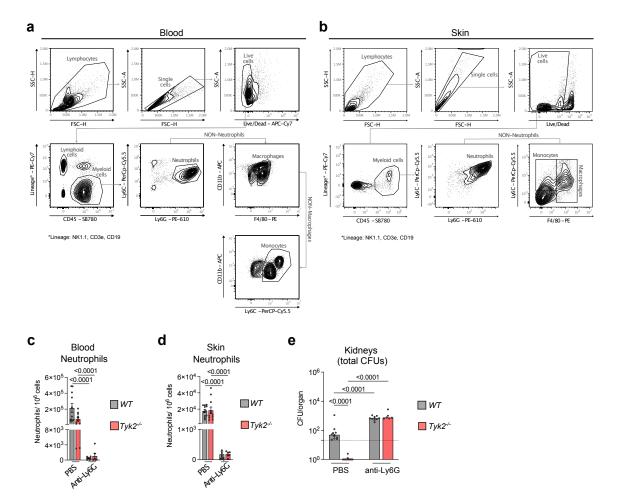
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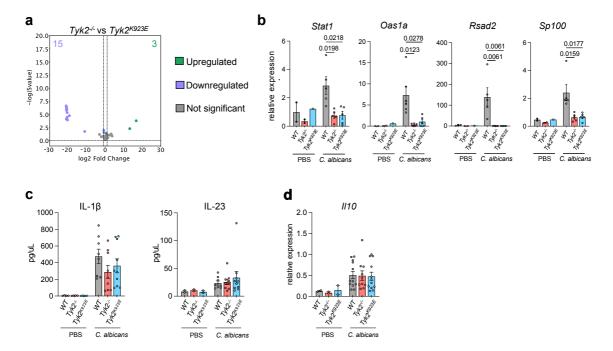
Supplementary Fig. S1. a-b Fungal load in the skin (a) and in the kidneys (b) was measured on days 2 and day 4 p.i. The total number of CFUs per skin (4 biopsies of 4 mm) and kidneys is represented. For each time-point, pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. Skin - day 2: n=10 (WT), n=12 ($Tyk2^{-f}$), n=9 ($Tyk2^{K923E}$); day 4: n=11 (WT), n=11 ($Tyk2^{-f}$), n=12 ($Tyk2^{K923E}$); Kidneys - day 2: n=10 (WT), n=12 ($Tyk2^{K923E}$), day 4: n=11 (WT), n=11 ($Tyk2^{-f}$), n=11 ($Tyk2^{K923E}$); Median values are given; n: biological replicates. The dotted line indicates the assay detection limit. c-d Blood cell composition on day 4 p.i was determined with a Vet ABC analyzer. The total numbers of granulocytes and lymphocytes (c) and of red and white blood cells (d) are shown. For each cell population, pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. PBS: n=7 (WT) and n=6 ($Tyk2^{-f}$) and $Tyk2^{K923E}$ mice was measured overtime and is shown as percentage relative to the weight on the day before the infection (set as 100%). Two independent experiments are separately represented. Experiment 1: n=6 (WT and $Tyk2^{-f}$) and n=5 ($Tyk2^{-f}$) and n=5 ($Tyk2^{-f}$) and n=6 ($Tyk2^{-f}$) and n=6 ($Tyk2^{-f}$) and n=6 ($Tyk2^{-f}$). Source data are provided as a Source Data file



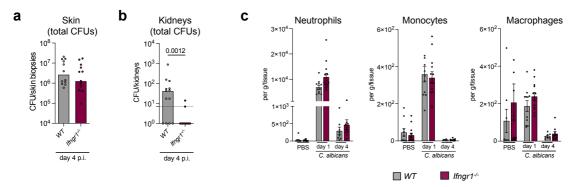
Supplementary Fig. S2. a Skin sections obtained from infected WT, Tyk2-4 and Tyk2K923E mice on day 1 and 4 p.i were stained with an anti-NIMP-R14 antibody. Data are representative of sections from 5 mice per genotype (day 1) and 4 WT and 5 Tyk2-4 and Tyk2^{K923E} mice (day 4). Scale bar: 200 μm. **b** The gating strategy used to define skin-infiltrating neutrophils, monocytes and macrophages is shown. c-e Skin-infiltrating neutrophils (gated as CD45+CD11b+Ly6C+Ly6G+ cells) and monocytes (gated as CD45+CD11b+Ly6G-Ly6ChighF4/80 cells) (c) and macrophages (gated as CD45+CD11b+Ly6G-F4/80+ cells) (d, e) were quantified by flow cytometry on days 1, 2 and 4 p.i. The number of these cells per gram of skin (c, e) or the percentage of cells out of myeloid CD45⁺ CD11b⁺ cells (d) is shown. For each time-point, pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. c PBS: n=7 (WT, $Tyk2^{4}$, $Tyk2^{K923E}$); C. albicans day 1: n=8 (WT, $Tyk2^{4}$, $Tyk2^{K923E}$); C. albicans day 2: n=8 (WT) and n=7 ($Tyk2^{4}$, $Tyk2^{K923E}$); C. albicans day 4: n=9 (WT, $Tyk2^{4}$) and n=8 ($Tyk2^{K923E}$); d PBS: n=7 (WT, $Tyk2^{4}$, $Tyk2^{4}$); C. albicans day 1: n=8 (WT), n=7 ($Tyk2^{4}$) and n=6 ($Tyk2^{K923E}$); C. albicans day 4: n=9 (WT, $Tyk2^{K923E}$) and n=8 ($Tyk2^{4}$); e PBS: n=7 (WT, Tyk2⁴, Tyk2^{6923E}); C. albicans day 1: n=8 (WT, Tyk2⁴), n=6 (Tyk2^{K923E}); C. albicans day 2: n=7 (WT), n=5 (Tyk2⁴, Tyk2^{K923E}), day 4: n=9 (WT, $Tyk2^{k923E}$) and n=7 ($Tyk2^{4}$); Mean values \pm SEM are given; n: biological replicates. f The viability of skin infiltrating neutrophils was quantified based on flow cytometry analysis with live/dead staining. For each time-point, pooled data from 2 experiments is shown. C. albicans day 1: n=8 (WT, $Tyk2^{\checkmark}$, $Tyk2^{K923E}$); C. albicans day 2: n=8 (WT), n=7 ($Tyk2^{\checkmark}$, $Tyk2^{K923E}$); C. albicans day 4: n=9 (WT, $Tyk2^{K923E}$) and n=8 ($Tyk2^{\checkmark}$); Mean values \pm SEM are given; n: biological replicates. day 4: n=9 (WT, $Tyk2^{K923E}$) and n=8 ($Tyk2^{L}$); Mean values \pm SEM are given; n: biological replicates. g Skin sections obtained from infected WT, $Tyk2^{L}$ and $Tyk2^{K923E}$ mice on day 4 p.i were stained with an anti-Ki-67 antibody. Scale bar: 200 μm (top), 50 μm (bottom). h Skin sections obtained from infected WT, Tyk2+ and Tyk2^{K923E} mice on day 2 p.i were stained with an anti-MPO antibody. Scale bar: 200 µm (top) , 20 µm (bottom). Data are representative of sections from 4 WT and 5 Tyk2-/and $Tyk2^{K923E}$ mice (g), and 7 mice per genotype (h). Statistical analysis was conducted using One-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's multiple comparison test (c-f). Statistical significance is only given for the comparison between the genotypes (c-f). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



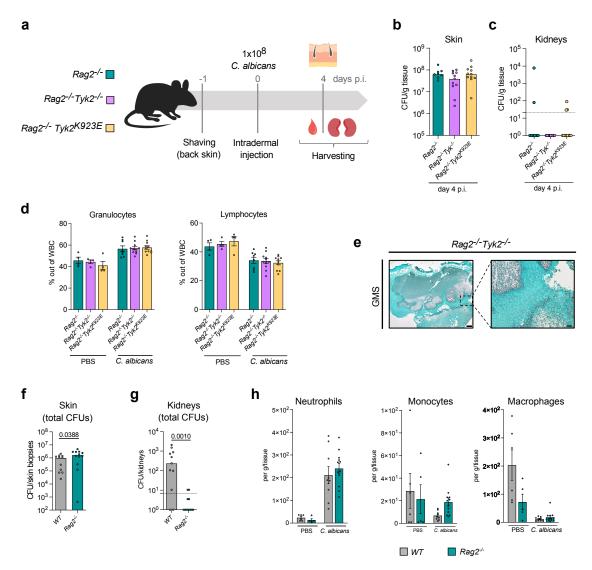
Supplementary Fig. S3. a-b The gating strategies used to define neutrophils, monocytes and macrophages in the blood (a) and the skin (b) are shown. c-d The numbers of neutrophils in the blood (c) and in the skin (d) are shown. Pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. c PBS: n=11 (WT, $Tyk2^{-c}$); Anti-Ly6G: n=9 (WT), n=6 ($Tyk2^{-c}$); d PBS: n=11 (WT, $Tyk2^{-c}$); Anti-Ly6G: n=10 (WT), n=6 ($Tyk2^{-c}$); Mean values \pm SEM are given; n: biological replicates. \pm Fungal load in the kidneys of mice injected with anti-Ly6G or PBS was measured on day 2 p.i. PBS: n=11 (WT, $Tyk2^{-c}$); Anti-Ly6G: n=11 (WT), n=6 ($Tyk2^{-c}$); Mean values \pm SEM are given; n: biological replicates. The dotted line indicates the assay detection limit. Statistical analysis was conducted using One-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's multiple comparison test (c-e). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



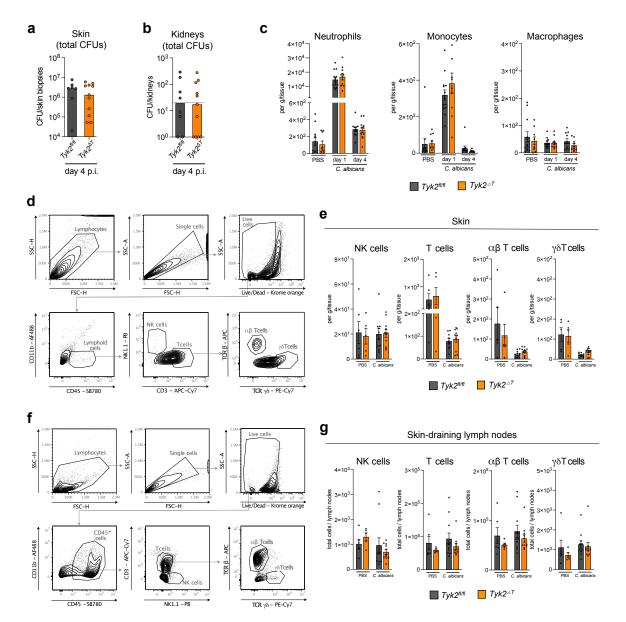
Supplementary Fig. S4. a Volcano plot showing the differentially expressed genes between $Tyk2^{-/}$ and $Tyk2^{K923E}$. Genes were identified from DESeq2-normalized read counts of genes with a threshold of $p_{adj} < 0.05$ between $Tyk2^{-/}$ and $Tyk2^{K923E}$ cells. Data are from one experiment (n=3 per genotype). **b** mRNA levels of Stat1, Oas1a, Rsad2, and Sp100 in the skin on day 1 p.i were measured by RT-qPCR. Data were normalized to the housekeeping gene Ube2d2. One experiment is shown. PBS: n=2 $(WT, Tyk2^{-/}, Tyk2^{K923E})$; Mean values \pm SEM are given; n: biological replicates. **c** IL-1 β and IL-23 in the skin on day 2 p.i were measured using a Luminex assay. Pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. IL-1 β - PBS: n=4/genotype; C. albicans, n=8 (WT), n=10 $(Tyk2^{K923E})$; Mean values \pm SEM are given; n: biological replicates. **d** mRNA levels of II10 in the infected skin on day 4 p.i were measured by RT-qPCR. Data were normalized to the housekeeping gene Ube2d2. Pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. PBS: n=2 (PBS); C. albicans: n=12 (WT), n=10 $(Tyk2^{K923E})$; Mean values \pm SEM are given; n: biological replicates. **d** mRNA levels of II10 in the infected skin on day 4 p.i were measured by RT-qPCR. Data were normalized to the housekeeping gene Ube2d2. Pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. PBS: n=2 (PBS); C. albicans: n=12 (WT), n=10 $(Tyk2^{K923E})$; Mean values \pm SEM are given; n: biological replicates. Statistical analysis was conducted using One-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's multiple comparison test (b-d). Statistical significance is only given for the comparison between the genotypes (b-d). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



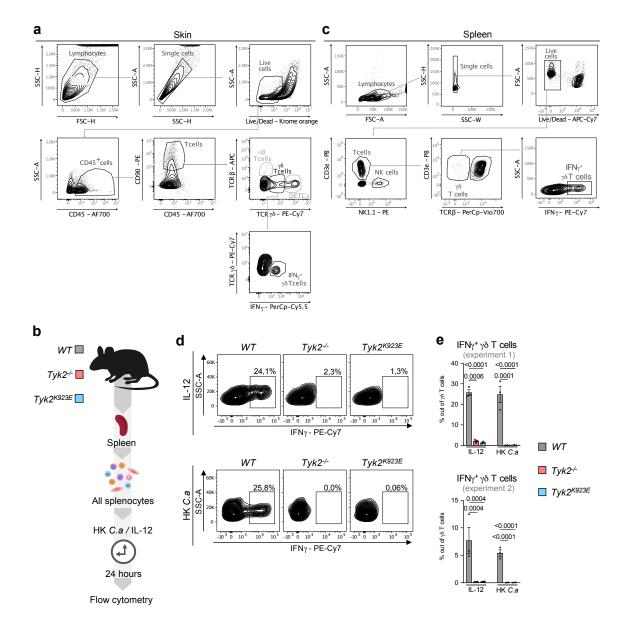
Supplementary Fig. S5. a-b Fungal load in the skin (a) and in the kidneys (b) was measured on day 4 p.i. The total number of CFUs per skin (4 biopsies of 4 mm) and kidneys is represented. Pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. a n=12 (WT), n=13 (Ifngr1+'); b n=13 (WT, Ifngr1+'); Median values are given; n: biological replicates. The dotted line indicates the assay detection limit. c Skin-infiltrating neutrophils (gated as CD45+'CD11b+Ly6G+Ly6G+cells), monocytes (gated as CD45+'CD11b+Ly6G-Ly6G+4/80+cells) were quantified based on flow cytometry analysis on day 1 and 4 p.i. For each time-point, pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. Neutrophils and Monocytes – PBS: n=10 (WT, Ifngr1+'); C. albicans day 1: n=11 (WT), n=13 (Ifngr1+'); C. albicans day 4: n=8 (WT), n=10 (Ifngr1+'); Macrophages – PBS: n=8 (WT), n=13 (Ifngr1+'); C. albicans day 4: n=8 (WT), n=10 (Ifngr1+'); Macrophages + SEM are given; n: biological replicates. Statistical analysis was conducted using a two-tailed Mann Whitney test (a, b) and One-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's multiple comparison test (c). Statistical significance is only given for the comparison between the genotypes (c). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. S6. a Rag2-/- Tyk2-/- and Rag2-/- Tyk2K923E mice were infected as described in the legend to Fig. 1. b-c Fungal load in the skin (b) and kidneys (c) was measured on day 4 p.i. Pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. n=8 (Rag2+/), n=11 (Rag2+Tyk2+, Rag2+Tyk2+3); Median values are given; n: biological replicates. The dotted line indicates the assay detection limit. d Blood cell composition on day 4 p.i was determined with a Vet ABC analyzer. The percentage of granulocytes and lymphocytes out of total white blood cells (WBC) is shown. For each cell population, pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. PBS: n=4 (Rag2+, Rag2+Tyk2+, Rag2+Tyk2+, Rag2+Tyk2K923E); C. albicans: n=8 (Rag2+), n=11 (Rag2+ Tyk2+, Rag2+Tyk2^{k923E}); Mean values ± SEM are given; n: biological replicates. e Representative pictures of the infected skin on day 4 p.i. A GMS staining of the skin sections is shown. Data are representative of sections from 4 mice per genotype. Scale bar represents 200 µm (left) or 50 µm (right). f-g Fungal load in the skin (f) and in the kidneys (g) was measured on day 4 p.i. The total number of CFUs per skin (4 biopsies of 4 mm) and kidneys and pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. n=11 (WT), n=12 (Raq2^{-/-}); Median values are given; n: biological replicates. The dotted line indicates the assay detection limit. h Skin-infiltrating neutrophils (gated as CD45+CD11b+Ly6C+Ly6G+ cells), monocytes (gated as CD45+CD11b+Ly6G-Ly6ChighF4/80- cells) and macrophages (gated as CD45+CD11b+Ly6G-F4/80+ cells) were quantified based on flow cytometry analysis on day 4 p.i. Pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. PBS: n=6 (WT), n=5 (Rag2 $^{-1}$); C. albicans: n=9 (WT), n=12 (Rag2 $^{-1}$); Mean values ± SEM are given; n: biological replicates. Statistical analysis was conducted using One-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's multiple comparison test (b-d, h) or two-tailed Mann Whitney test (f-g). Statistical significance is only given for the comparison between the genotypes (b-d, h). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. S7. a-b Fungal load in the skin (a) and in the kidneys (b) was measured on day 4 p.i. The total number of CFUs per skin (4 biopsies of 4 mm) and kidneys is represented. Pooled data from 2 independent experiments are shown. a n=7 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=11 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=10 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=11 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=11 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=11 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=10 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=11 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=10 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=10 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=10 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=10 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=11 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=10 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=11 $(Tyk2^{4/n})$, n=10 $(Tyk2^{4/n}$



Supplementary Fig. S8. a The gating strategy used to identify IFN $\gamma^+\gamma\delta$ T cells out of skin cells incubated with heat-killed *C. albicans*, IL-2 or IL-12 is shown. **b** The spleens of *WT*, $Tyk2^{\checkmark}$ and $Tyk2^{\aleph 923E}$ mice were collected and single cell suspensions were prepared. 1x10⁶ splenocytes were incubated for 24 hours with heat-killed *C. albicans* (HK *C.a*) or IL-12 and stained for flow cytometry analysis. **c** The gating strategy used to identify IFN $\gamma^+\gamma\delta$ T cells out of splenocytes is shown. **d-e** The percentage of IFN γ^+ cells out of $\gamma\delta$ T cells was determined by flow cytometry analysis. Representative contour plots are presented (**d**) and two independent experiments are shown (**e**). Experiment 1: n=3 (*WT*, $Tyk2^{\checkmark}$, $Tyk2^{\aleph 923E}$); Experiment 2: n=3 (*WT*), n=2 ($Tyk2^{\checkmark}$, $Tyk2^{\aleph 923E}$); Mean values \pm SEM are given; n: biological replicate; each biological replicate was plated in duplicates. Statistical analysis was conducted using One-way ANOVA followed by Tukey's multiple comparison test. Statistical significance is only given for the comparison between the genotypes. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.