STROBE Statement—Checklist of items that should be included in reports of *cohort studies*

	Item No	Recommendation	Page No
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the	1
		abstract	
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was	26
		done and what was found	
Introduction			
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being	63-
		reported	99
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	100- 105
Methods			
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	109- 112
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of	114-
		recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	128
Participants	6	(a) Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of	114-
		participants. Describe methods of follow-up	128
		(b) For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and	
		unexposed	
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and	130-
		effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	164
Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of	130-
measurement		assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if	164
		there is more than one group	
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	173
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	201
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable,	167-
		describe which groupings were chosen and why	170
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for	167-
		confounding	197
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	
		(d) If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed	
		(\underline{e}) Describe any sensitivity analyses	
Results			
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially	201-
		eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study,	215
		completing follow-up, and analysed	
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	206
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	206
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social)	203
		and information on exposures and potential confounders	
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	
		(c) Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	
Outcome data	15*	Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	217-
			296

Main results		(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their	260
		precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for	
		and why they were included	
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a	
		meaningful time period	-
Other analyses 17		Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity	
		analyses	
Discussion			
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	300
Limitations 19	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision.	451
		Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	
Interpretation 20	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations,	451
		multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	451
Other informati	on		
Funding 22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if		
		applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	

^{*}Give information separately for exposed and unexposed groups.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at http://www.strobe-statement.org.