

trans-Diaquabis(pyridazine-3-carboxylato- $\kappa^2 N^2, O$)cobalt(II) dihydrate

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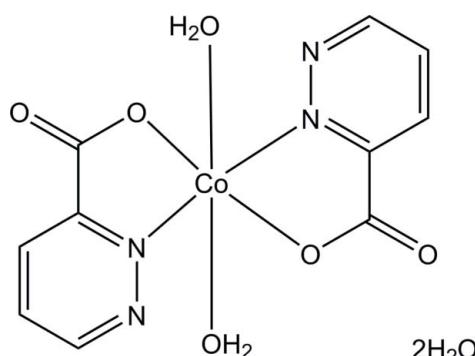
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.026; wR factor = 0.058; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.2.

The title compound, $[Co(C_5H_3N_2O_2)_2(H_2O)_2] \cdot 2H_2O$, contains a Co^{II} ion on an inversion center, exhibiting an octahedral coordination geometry. The equatorial plane is formed by two *trans*-related *N,O*-bidentate pyridazine-3-carboxylate ligands and the axial positions are occupied by two water molecules. The Co^{II} complex molecules are stacked in a column along the *a*-axis direction by an O—H···N hydrogen bond between the non-coordinating pyridazine N atom and the coordinating water molecule. These columns are further connected into a layer parallel to the *ac* plane by additional hydrogen bonds involving the coordinating and non-coordinating water molecules, and the non-coordinating carboxylate O atom. The crystal packing is completed by interlayer weak C—H···O interactions.

Related literature

For the isotropic zinc(II) and manganese(II) complexes, see: Gryz *et al.* (2003); Ardiwlata *et al.* (1989). For a related zinc(II) complex which does not contain non-coordinating water molecules, see: Gryz *et al.* (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[Co(C_5H_3N_2O_2)_2(H_2O)_2] \cdot 2H_2O$	$\gamma = 72.321 (8)^\circ$
$M_r = 377.18$	$V = 347.01 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 1$
$a = 5.2934 (4) \text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 7.2817 (8) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 9.6196 (9) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 100 \text{ K}$
$\alpha = 79.673 (8)^\circ$	$0.09 \times 0.07 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 89.875 (7)^\circ$	

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova diffractometer	2202 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Agilent, 2011)	1369 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.907$, $T_{\max} = 0.967$	1309 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.058$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.28 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.08$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.31 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1369 reflections	
122 parameters	
4 restraints	

Table 1
Selected bond lengths (Å).

Co1—O1	2.0689 (13)	Co1—O1W	2.1199 (14)
Co1—N2	2.1023 (16)		

Table 2
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
O2W—H2WA···O2 ⁱ	0.83 (2)	1.96 (2)	2.787 (2)	175 (2)
O1W—H1WA···O2W	0.82 (2)	1.92 (2)	2.732 (2)	171 (3)
O2W—H2WB···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.83 (2)	2.05 (2)	2.865 (2)	168 (3)
O1W—H1WB···N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82 (2)	2.07 (3)	2.862 (2)	164 (3)
C4—H4···O2 ^{iv}	0.95	2.37	3.188 (2)	145
C6—H6···O1W ^v	0.95	2.33	3.264 (3)	166

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (iii) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (iv) $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z$; (v) $x - 1, y + 1, z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: IS5284).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, m420–m421 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813017340]

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Comment

The title compound, *trans*-[Co(C₄H₃N₂O₂)₂(H₂O)₂].2H₂O, crystallizes in the triclinic crystal system, space group P-1, and it is isostructural with the zinc and manganese complexes previously reported by Gryz *et al.* (2003) and Ardiwlata *et al.* (1989). As expected, the Co—O and Co—N distances (Table 1) are similar to those of the Zn(II) and Mn(II) analogues. Table 2 summarizes the geometrical parameters of the O—H···O and N—H···O hydrogen bonding interactions.

Experimental

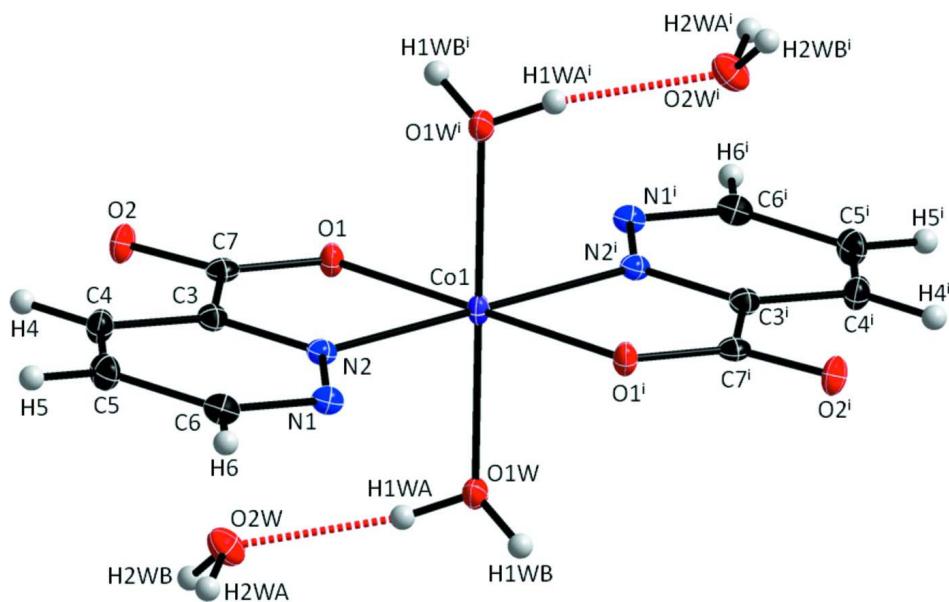
To a solution of CoCl₂.6H₂O (71 mg, 0.3 mmol) in water (15 ml) 3-pyridazine carboxylic acid (74 mg, 0.6 mmol) was added and the resulting solution was stirred for 30 min at 90 °C. Prismatic orange crystals were obtained by slow evaporation after two days.

Refinement

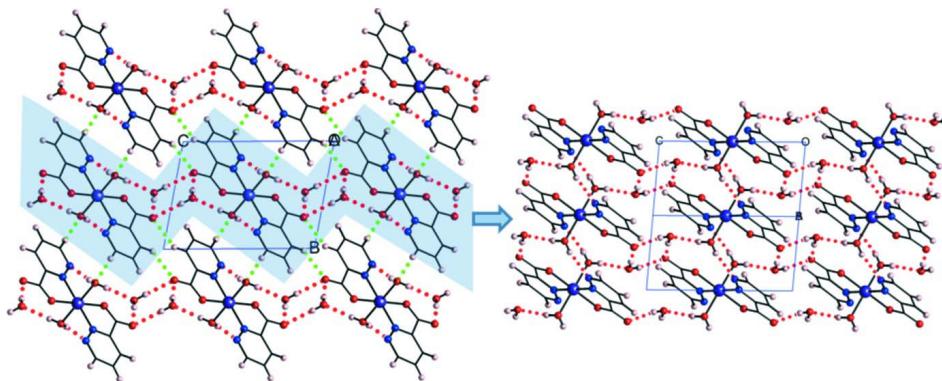
H atoms of the water molecules were located in a Fourier difference map and refined isotropically with O—H bond lengths restrained to 0.84 (2) Å. All H atoms of the pyridazine ring were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C—H = 0.95 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

Computing details

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2011); program(s) used to solve structure: OLEX2 (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

**Figure 1**

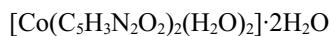
Molecular structure of the title compound, showing atom labelling and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.
[Symmetry code: (i) $1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z$.]

**Figure 2**

Left: View of the crystal packing along the crystallographic a axis. Right: Projection of a layer along the $[1\bar{1}0]$ direction (O—H···O and O—H···N hydrogen bonds represented as dotted red lines and C—H···O weak interactions as dotted green lines).

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Crystal data



$M_r = 377.18$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 5.2934 (4)$ Å

$b = 7.2817 (8)$ Å

$c = 9.6196 (9)$ Å

$\alpha = 79.673 (8)^\circ$

$\beta = 89.875 (7)^\circ$

$$\gamma = 72.321 (8)^\circ$$

$$V = 347.01 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$$

$$Z = 1$$

$$F(000) = 193$$

$$D_x = 1.805 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$$

$$\text{Mo } K\alpha \text{ radiation, } \lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$$

Cell parameters from 1404 reflections

$$\theta = 2.2\text{--}27.8^\circ$$

$$\mu = 1.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$$

$T = 100$ K

Prism, orange

 $0.09 \times 0.07 \times 0.05$ mm*Data collection*

Agilent SuperNova Single source at offset diffractometer

 $T_{\min} = 0.907, T_{\max} = 0.967$

Radiation source: SuperNova (Mo) X-ray Source

2202 measured reflections

Mirror monochromator

1369 independent reflections

Detector resolution: 16.2439 pixels mm⁻¹1309 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ ω scans $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$ Absorption correction: multi-scan
(CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2011) $\theta_{\max} = 26^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 2.2^\circ$ $h = -6 \rightarrow 6$ $k = -8 \rightarrow 7$ $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$ *Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Least-squares matrix: full

Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $wR(F^2) = 0.058$ $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0165P)^2 + 0.2394P]$ $S = 1.08$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

1369 reflections

 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

122 parameters

 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.28 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

4 restraints

 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

*Special details***Experimental.** IR (cm⁻¹): 3500(s), 3320(s), 3229(s), 3075(s), 1626(s), 1580(m), 1559(s), 1451(w), 1385(w), 1227(w), 1163(w), 1090(w), 1074(w), 1034(w), 988(m), 851(m), 783(m), 721(m), 675(m), 536(w), 440(w).**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.**Refinement.** Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Co1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.00870 (12)
O1W	0.3333 (3)	0.3129 (2)	0.41228 (15)	0.0114 (3)
N1	-0.0009 (3)	0.8482 (2)	0.40078 (17)	0.0106 (3)
O1	0.7179 (3)	0.52521 (19)	0.32270 (14)	0.0108 (3)
O2	0.7178 (3)	0.7107 (2)	0.11041 (14)	0.0134 (3)
N2	0.2411 (3)	0.7466 (2)	0.36752 (17)	0.0097 (3)
O2W	0.2458 (3)	0.4748 (2)	0.13080 (16)	0.0164 (3)
C5	-0.0299 (4)	1.0868 (3)	0.1892 (2)	0.0143 (4)
H5	-0.1268	1.2074	0.1306	0.017*
C7	0.6162 (4)	0.6691 (3)	0.2244 (2)	0.0105 (4)
C3	0.3458 (4)	0.8063 (3)	0.2481 (2)	0.0098 (4)
C6	-0.1312 (4)	1.0140 (3)	0.3137 (2)	0.0123 (4)

H6	-0.3022	1.0865	0.3375	0.015*
C4	0.2144 (4)	0.9783 (3)	0.1543 (2)	0.0130 (4)
H4	0.2908	1.0191	0.0695	0.016*
H2WA	0.086 (3)	0.541 (3)	0.122 (3)	0.029 (7)*
H1WA	0.291 (5)	0.359 (3)	0.3285 (18)	0.024 (7)*
H2WB	0.281 (5)	0.420 (4)	0.062 (2)	0.032 (8)*
H1WB	0.214 (4)	0.281 (4)	0.454 (3)	0.031 (7)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Co1	0.0088 (2)	0.0093 (2)	0.00666 (19)	-0.00195 (15)	0.00114 (14)	0.00030 (14)
O1W	0.0119 (7)	0.0136 (7)	0.0087 (7)	-0.0048 (6)	0.0012 (6)	-0.0001 (6)
N1	0.0095 (8)	0.0113 (8)	0.0114 (8)	-0.0029 (7)	0.0008 (6)	-0.0036 (7)
O1	0.0104 (7)	0.0111 (7)	0.0088 (7)	-0.0019 (6)	0.0010 (5)	0.0012 (5)
O2	0.0161 (7)	0.0143 (7)	0.0089 (7)	-0.0045 (6)	0.0051 (6)	-0.0002 (6)
N2	0.0091 (8)	0.0116 (8)	0.0096 (8)	-0.0040 (7)	0.0008 (6)	-0.0035 (7)
O2W	0.0148 (8)	0.0210 (8)	0.0127 (8)	-0.0029 (7)	0.0002 (6)	-0.0060 (6)
C5	0.0163 (10)	0.0095 (10)	0.0146 (11)	-0.0021 (8)	-0.0025 (8)	0.0009 (8)
C7	0.0114 (9)	0.0104 (9)	0.0119 (10)	-0.0053 (8)	0.0002 (8)	-0.0046 (8)
C3	0.0103 (9)	0.0105 (9)	0.0097 (9)	-0.0037 (8)	0.0009 (7)	-0.0037 (8)
C6	0.0106 (10)	0.0127 (10)	0.0138 (10)	-0.0024 (8)	0.0005 (8)	-0.0049 (8)
C4	0.0160 (10)	0.0129 (10)	0.0102 (10)	-0.0057 (8)	0.0012 (8)	0.0002 (8)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Co1—O1	2.0689 (13)	O2—C7	1.249 (2)
Co1—O1 ⁱ	2.0689 (13)	N2—C3	1.334 (2)
Co1—N2 ⁱ	2.1023 (16)	O2W—H2WA	0.835 (17)
Co1—N2	2.1023 (16)	O2W—H2WB	0.824 (17)
Co1—O1W	2.1199 (14)	C5—C4	1.372 (3)
Co1—O1W ⁱ	2.1199 (14)	C5—C6	1.395 (3)
O1W—H1WA	0.819 (16)	C5—H5	0.95
O1W—H1WB	0.822 (17)	C7—C3	1.520 (3)
N1—C6	1.330 (2)	C3—C4	1.391 (3)
N1—N2	1.341 (2)	C6—H6	0.95
O1—C7	1.259 (2)	C4—H4	0.95
O1—Co1—O1 ⁱ	180	C3—N2—N1	121.11 (16)
O1—Co1—N2 ⁱ	101.76 (6)	C3—N2—Co1	113.96 (13)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—N2 ⁱ	78.24 (6)	N1—N2—Co1	124.73 (12)
O1—Co1—N2	78.24 (6)	H2WA—O2W—H2WB	108 (3)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—N2	101.76 (6)	C4—C5—C6	117.74 (18)
N2 ⁱ —Co1—N2	180	C4—C5—H5	121.1
O1—Co1—O1W	89.54 (5)	C6—C5—H5	121.1
O1 ⁱ —Co1—O1W	90.46 (5)	O2—C7—O1	126.21 (18)
N2 ⁱ —Co1—O1W	89.58 (6)	O2—C7—C3	117.09 (17)
N2—Co1—O1W	90.42 (6)	O1—C7—C3	116.69 (16)
O1—Co1—O1W ⁱ	90.46 (5)	N2—C3—C4	122.10 (18)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—O1W ⁱ	89.54 (5)	N2—C3—C7	114.00 (16)

N2 ⁱ —Co1—O1W ⁱ	90.42 (6)	C4—C3—C7	123.89 (17)
N2—Co1—O1W ⁱ	89.58 (6)	N1—C6—C5	123.38 (18)
O1W—Co1—O1W ⁱ	180.00 (4)	N1—C6—H6	118.3
Co1—O1W—H1WA	109.3 (17)	C5—C6—H6	118.3
Co1—O1W—H1WB	117.4 (18)	C5—C4—C3	117.37 (18)
H1WA—O1W—H1WB	112 (2)	C5—C4—H4	121.3
C6—N1—N2	118.24 (16)	C3—C4—H4	121.3
C7—O1—Co1	116.67 (12)		
N2 ⁱ —Co1—O1—C7	-176.98 (13)	Co1—O1—C7—C3	-0.1 (2)
N2—Co1—O1—C7	3.02 (13)	N1—N2—C3—C4	1.8 (3)
O1W—Co1—O1—C7	93.54 (13)	Co1—N2—C3—C4	-173.40 (14)
O1W ⁱ —Co1—O1—C7	-86.46 (13)	N1—N2—C3—C7	-177.51 (15)
C6—N1—N2—C3	-2.1 (3)	Co1—N2—C3—C7	7.27 (19)
C6—N1—N2—Co1	172.59 (13)	O2—C7—C3—N2	175.85 (16)
O1—Co1—N2—C3	-5.73 (12)	O1—C7—C3—N2	-5.0 (2)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—N2—C3	174.27 (12)	O2—C7—C3—C4	-3.5 (3)
O1W—Co1—N2—C3	-95.18 (13)	O1—C7—C3—C4	175.72 (17)
O1W ⁱ —Co1—N2—C3	84.82 (13)	N2—N1—C6—C5	0.4 (3)
O1—Co1—N2—N1	179.25 (15)	C4—C5—C6—N1	1.5 (3)
O1 ⁱ —Co1—N2—N1	-0.75 (15)	C6—C5—C4—C3	-1.7 (3)
O1W—Co1—N2—N1	89.80 (14)	N2—C3—C4—C5	0.2 (3)
O1W ⁱ —Co1—N2—N1	-90.20 (14)	C7—C3—C4—C5	179.45 (17)
Co1—O1—C7—O2	179.04 (15)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\cdots H$	$D—H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—H\cdots A$
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