

## Bacterial synthesis of anisotropic gold nanoparticles

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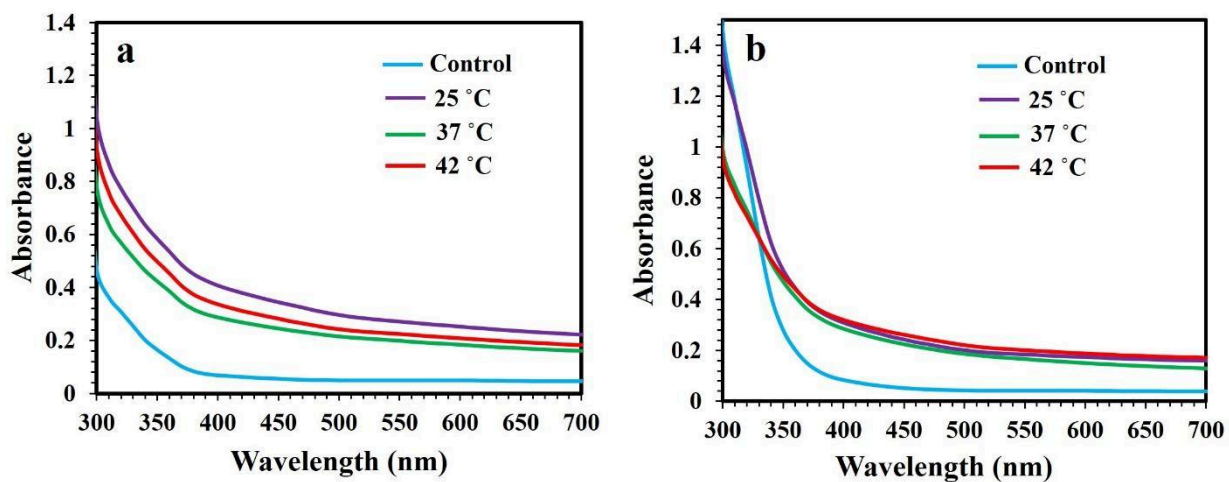
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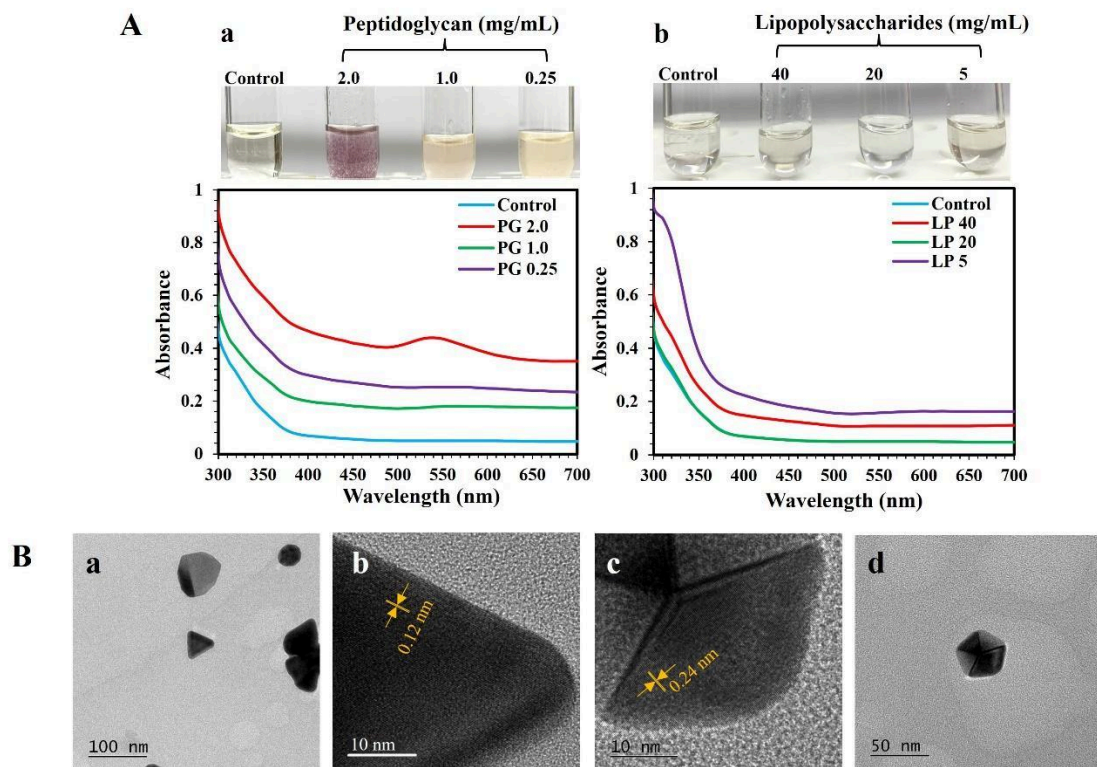
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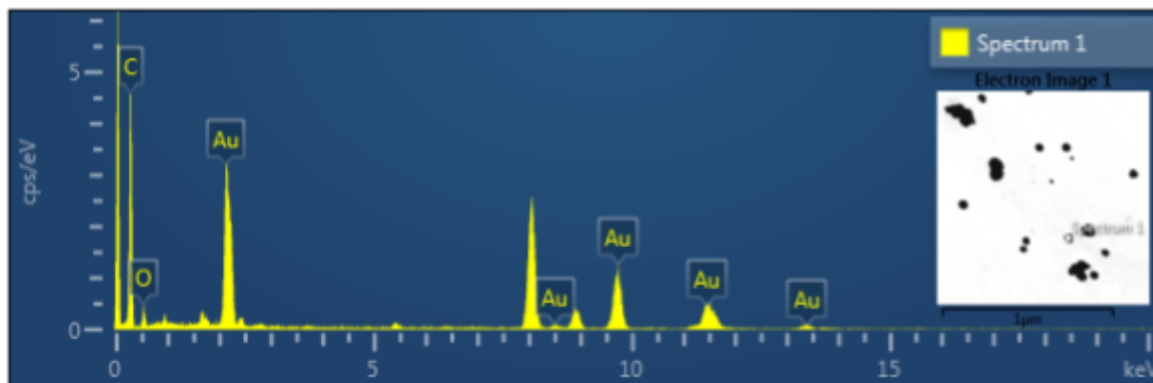
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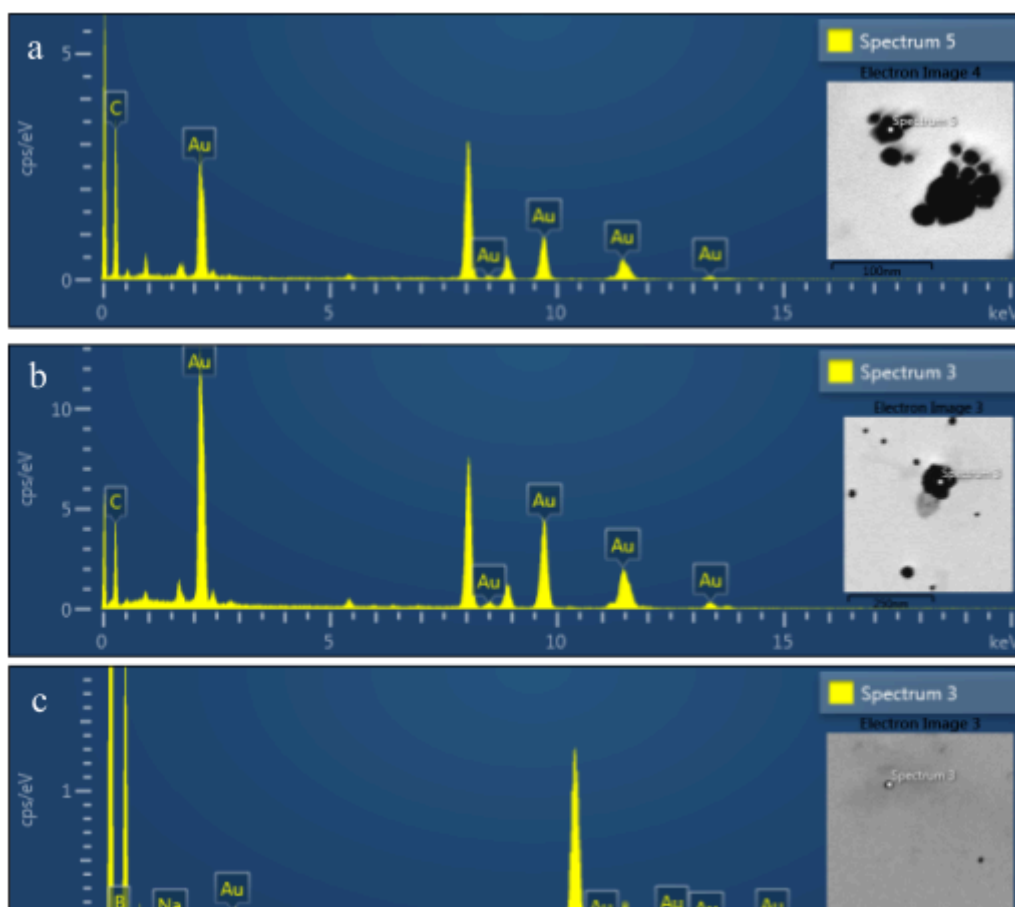
**FIGURE S1** UV-vis investigation of attempt synthesis of AuNPs using *P. aeruginosa* ATCC 27853. UV-vis recorded after 48 h of incubation corresponding to bacterial cell suspensions of  $1.5 \times 10^8$  CFU/mL (a) and  $3 \times 10^8$  CFU/mL (b), incubated with 0.5 mM of DS-AuCl<sub>4</sub> at 25 °C, 37 °C, and 42 °C. No nanoparticle peak was observed.



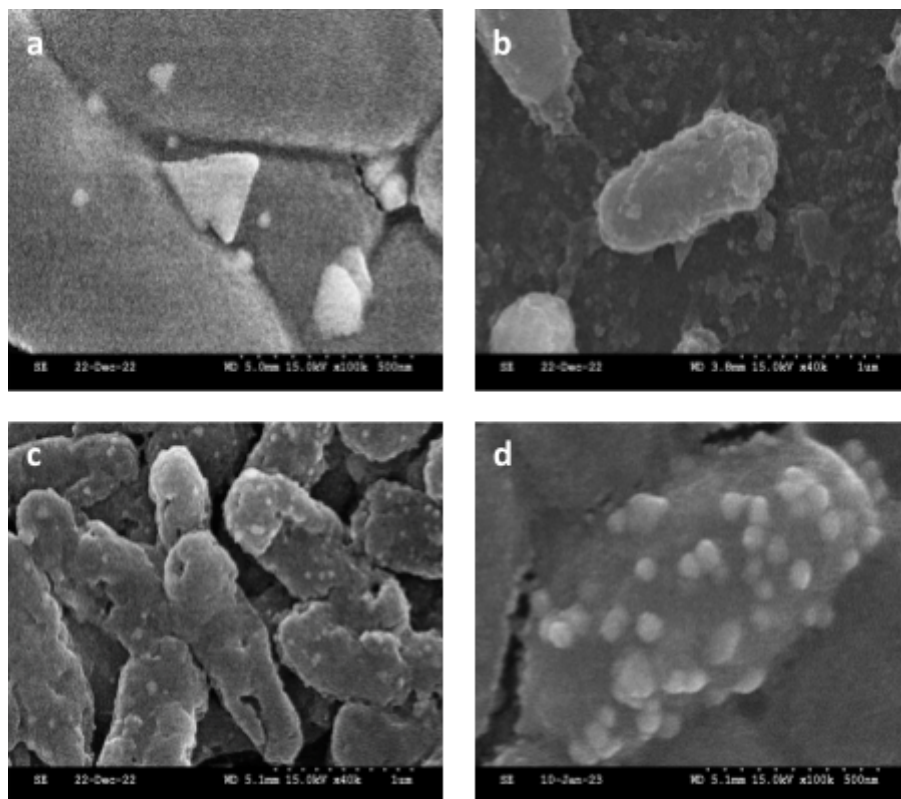
**FIGURE S2** UV-vis and TEM investigation of AuNPs synthesized by peptidoglycan and lipopolysaccharides. (A) UV-vis of AuNPs synthesized using different concentrations of *B. subtilis* peptidoglycan (a) and *E. coli* lipopolysaccharides (b) incubated with 0.5 mM of DS-AuCl<sub>4</sub> at 42 °C (24) h of incubation, and the corresponding test tubes. (B) HR-TEM analysis of synthesized AuNPs using *B. subtilis* peptidoglycan (a-d). Images were taken after one week of incubation at 42 °C. The measured lattice spacing for some AuNPs is shown in orange.



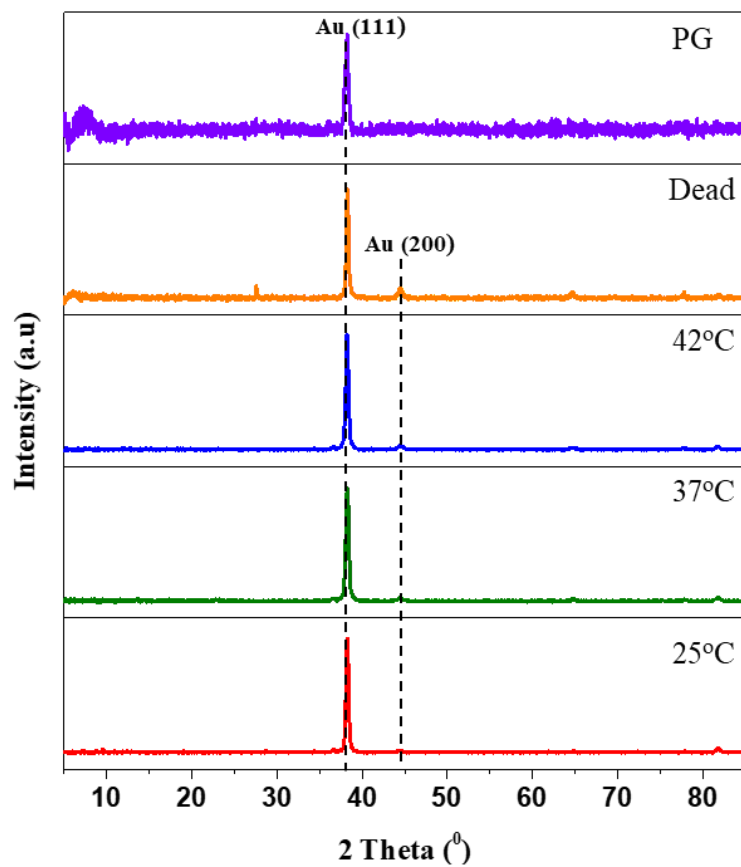
**FIGURE S3** EDS of AuNPs synthesized using peptidoglycan. EDS was recorded after 2 mg/mL of *Bacillus* peptidoglycan incubated with 0.5 mM of DS-AuCl<sub>4</sub> at 37 °C (24 h).



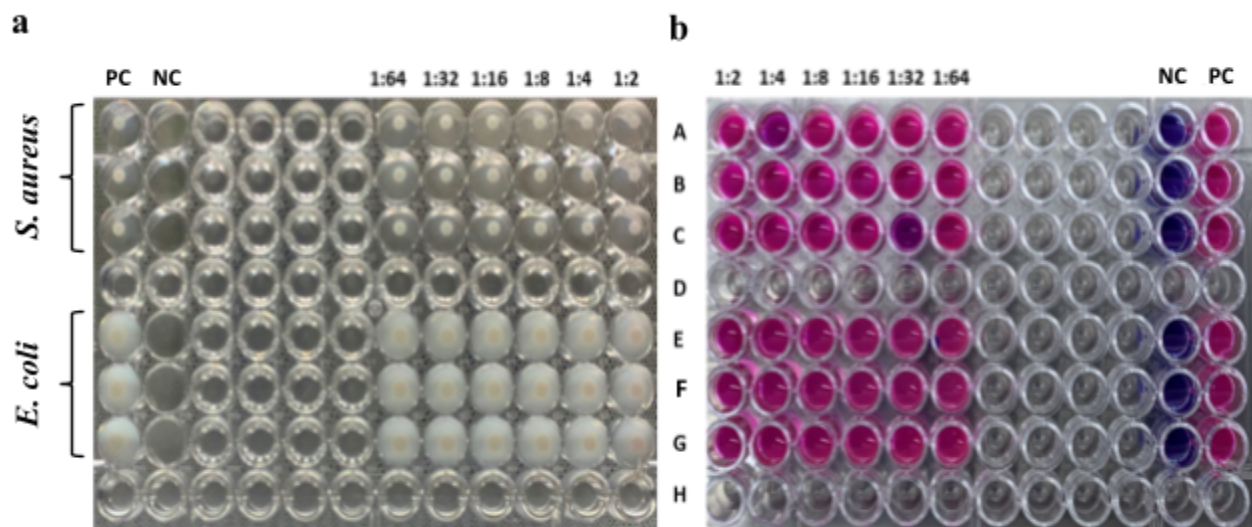
**FIGURE S4** EDS analysis of AuNPs synthesized using extracellular *P. aeruginosa* ATCC 27853 metabolites. EDS after incubation of extracellular metabolites of 24 h (a) and 96 h (b) of growth with 0.5 mM DS-AuCl<sub>4</sub> at 42 °C. Sodium borohydride (c) was included as positive control.



**FIGURE S5** FE-SEM analysis of AuNPs synthesized using *P. aeruginosa* ATCC 27853. Images were taken from AuNPs obtained under different experimental conditions. After 24 h (42 °C) (a), at pH 12.7 (b), by autoclave-dead bacteria (c), and by mechanically lysed bacteria (d).



**FIGURE S6** XRD of AuNPs obtained under different experimental conditions. P-XRD diffractograms of the AuNPs synthesized at 25 °C (48 h), 37 °C (24 h), and 42 °C (24 h), using autoclave-dead bacteria and *Bacillus* peptidoglycan (PG).



**FIGURE S7.** Antibacterial activities of AuNPs against *S. aureus* and *E. coli* using microplate assays. AuNPs produced by live cells were diluted twofold from 1:2 to 1:64 in Muller Hinton broth. (a) A 96-well plate showing bottom and turbidity, indicating growth for both bacterial species. (b) A 96-well plate treated with resazurin showing a reduction from blue to purple, indicating active bacterial growth in both cases. Bacteria were tested in triplicates: *S. aureus* was tested from rows A to C, and *E. coli* from rows E to G. PC, positive control with bacteria and no AuNPs; NC, negative control without bacteria. Similar results were observed when AuNPs produced using extracellular metabolites were tested (data not shown).