CORRECTION

Correction to: Mutations in the nucleotide binding and hydrolysis domains of helicobacter pylori MutS2 lead to altered biochemical activities and inactivation of its in vivo function

Prashant P. Damke¹, Rajkumar Dhanaraju¹, Stéphanie Marsin^{2,3,4}, J. Pablo Radicella^{2,3,4*} and Desirazu N. Rao^{1*}

Correction to: BMC Microbiol https://doi.org/10.1186/s12866-016-0629-3

Following publication of the original article [1], the authors notified us of an error in the presentation of Fig. 6G.

In the published version panels 5 and 6 of the Fig. 6G are similar, but the nuclease assays contained two different nucleotide cofactors. During assembly and handling of the images for this figure, the same image, albeit with different contrast, was used unintentionally for panels 5 and 6. This image corresponded to panel 6.

The assay addressed the effect of ADP (Fig. 6G, panel 5) and ATP γ S (Fig. 6G, panel 6) on the nuclease activity of HpMutS2 on Holliday junction substrate. In absence of cofactors (Fig. 6D, and 6G panel 1), HpMutS2 degrades Holliday junction at 26.49 ± 3.95 pM min-1 (Table 3). The addition of ADP and ATP γ S reduced the nuclease activity of HpMutS2 by ~ 1.5-fold, resulting in the cleavage rates of 18.85 ± 1.9 pM min-1 and 17.44 ± 0.84 pM min-1, respectively.

The quantification of the assays shown in Fig. 6D were derived from the correct gel images and therefore Fig. 6D and DNA cleavage rates presented in Table 3 remains unchanged.

Corrected Figure ^6 is presented below:

Author details

¹Department of Biochemistry, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore 560012, India. ²CEA, Institute of Cellular and Molecular Radiobiology, Fontenay aux Roses, France. ³INSERM UMR967, Fontenay aux Roses, France. ⁴Universités Paris Diderot et Paris Sud, Fontenay aux Roses, France.

Published online: 19 August 2019

Reference

 Damke et al. (2016) Mutations in the nucleotide binding and hydrolysis domains of Helicobacter pylori MutS2 lead to altered biochemical activities and inactivation of its in vivo function (2016) 16:14 DOI: https://doi.org/1 0.1186/s12866-016-0629-3.

* Correspondence: pablo.radicella@cea.fr; dnrao@biochem.iisc.ernet.in



© The Author(s). 2019 **Open Access** This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which pernits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated.



Open Access

 $^{^{2}\}mbox{CEA},$ Institute of Cellular and Molecular Radiobiology, Fontenay aux Roses, France

¹Department of Biochemistry, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore 560012, India

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



products were electrophoresed on urea-PAGE (15 %). The percentage reduction in substrate was calculated by considering DNA without protein as 100 %. Error bars represent standard deviation from two or more different experiments. (**g**, panel 1–6) Time dependent cleavage of Holliday junction by HpMutS2 and mutants. Reactions were performed as described in (A-F). Reactions aliquots were removed at 0, 15, 30, 60, 90, and 120 min