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# Data in Brief





### Data Article

# Data for $\beta$ -lactoglobulin conformational analysis after (-)-epigallocatechin gallate and metal ions binding



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### ARTICLE INFO

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### ABSTRACT

This data article contains complementary results related to the paper "Effect of metal ions on the binding reaction of (-)-epigallocatechin gallate to  $\beta$ -lactoglobulin" (Zhang et al., 2017) [1]. Data was obtained by circular dichroism (CD) spectroscopy to investigate potential  $\beta$ -lactoglobulin ( $\beta$ -Lg) conformational changes with different concentrations of EGCg and Cu<sup>2+</sup> or Al<sup>3+</sup> added to  $\beta$ -Lg. 500  $\mu$ L of the 25  $\mu$ M  $\beta$ -Lg solution containing EGCg (25  $\mu$ M) or metal ions (0–500  $\mu$ M) were measured, and the spectra were recorded. CD spectroscopy data present in this article indicated that the  $\beta$ -Lg-Cu,  $\beta$ -Lg-Al and  $\beta$ -Lg-EGCg interaction resulted in unfolding of the secondary structure of  $\beta$ -Lg.

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### **Specifications Table**

Subject area More specific Chemistry

Polyphenol chemistry

More specific subject area

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Type of data Figure

How data was MOS-500 spectropolarimeter (Bio-Logic, France)

acquired

Data format Analyzed

Experimental CD spectroscopy was performed with the method of Li et al. [2].

factors

Experimental features All samples were prepared in 20 mM PBS buffer at pH 7.4. 500  $\mu$ L of the 25  $\mu$ M  $\beta$ Lg solution containing EGCg (25  $\mu$ M) or metal ions (0–500  $\mu$ M) were measured.

and the spectra were recorded.

Data source Nanjing, China

location

Data accessibility Data is with this article

### Value of the data

• The data provides some additional data on the effects of metal ions on the binding reaction of EGCg to  $\beta$ -Lg.

- The data indicated the conformational change of  $\beta$ -Lg after binding with EGCg or metal ions Cu, Al.
- The interaction between [β-Lg-Cu] and [β-Lg-Al] results in unfolding of the secondary structure of β-Lg.
- This data provide insights in understanding the effects of metal ions on the binding reaction of polyphenol compounds to  $\beta$ -Lg.

### 1. Data

Fig. 1 reports the CD spectra of  $\beta$ -Lg with different concentrations of EGCg or Cu<sup>2+</sup> or Al<sup>3+</sup>. The negative bands at 222 nm could indicate the  $\alpha$ -helix structure of the proteins [1,3].

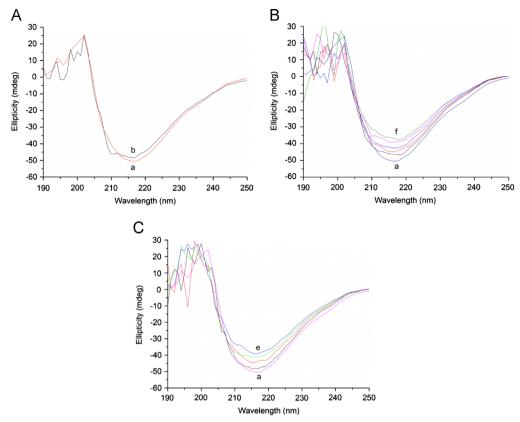
### 2. Experimental design, materials and methods

### 2.1. Materials

EGCg (  $\geq$  95%) and β-Lg (A variant, purity  $\geq$  90%) were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich Co. (St. Louis, MO, USA). Working solutions of EGCg (0.25 mM) were prepared by dissolving the EGCg in a 50% methanol solution. The working solution of β-Lg (25 μM) was prepared in 20 mM PBS buffer, pH 7.4 and stored in a refrigerator prior to use. The β-Lg and EGCg concentrations were determined spectrophotometrically by their extinction coefficients:  $\varepsilon_{280}$ (β-Lg)=17600 M<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup> and  $\varepsilon_{280}$ (EGCg)=9700 M<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup> at 280 nm [4,5]. For *in vitro* experiments, the working solutions of Cu<sup>2+</sup> and Al<sup>3+</sup> (1.0 mM) were prepared by dissolving CuCl<sub>2</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O and AlCl<sub>3</sub>, respectively, in double-distilled water containing 0.1 M HCl to facilitate dissolution. All other reagents and solvents were of analytical reagent grade and used without further purification. All aqueous solutions were prepared using freshly double-distilled water.

## 2.2. Experimental design

CD spectroscopy was performed using a MOS-500 spectropolarimeter (Bio-Logic, France) with the modified method of Li et al. [2]. The CD spectra of the  $\beta$ -Lg, [ $\beta$ -Lg-EGCg] and [ $\beta$ -Lg-metal] systems were recorded between 190 and 250 nm by scanning the spectrum at 25 °C, with a scanning speed of 100 nm min<sup>-1</sup>, 2 s response time, and 1.0 nm step size. All samples were prepared in 20 mM PBS buffer at pH 7.4. To investigate the effect of EGCg, Cu<sup>2+</sup> and Al<sup>3+</sup> on the secondary structure of  $\beta$ -Lg, 500  $\mu$ L of the 25  $\mu$ M  $\beta$ -Lg solution containing EGCg (25  $\mu$ M) or metal ions (0–500  $\mu$ M) were measured, and the spectra were recorded. The samples were loaded into a rectangular quartz cuvette with a path



**Fig. 1.** (A) CD spectra of  $\beta$ -Lg-EGCg system. a, (25 μM  $\beta$ -Lg), b (25 μM EGCg); (B) CD spectra of  $\beta$ -Lg-Cu system. a, (25 μΜ  $\beta$ -Lg),  $c(Cu^{2+})$ : a (0), b (100 μM), c (200 μM), d (300 μM), e (400 μM), f (500 μM); (C) CD spectra of  $\beta$ -Lg-Al system. a (25 μΜ  $\beta$ -Lg),  $c(Al^{3+})$ : a (0), b (100 μM), c (200 μM), d (300 μM), e (400 μM).

length of 1 mm. The spectra of three consecutive scans were averaged and corrected by subtracting the solvent/buffer spectra.

### Acknowledgements

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### Transparency document. Supplementary material

Transparency data associated with this article can be found in the online version at http://dx.doi. org/10.1016/j.dib.2016.12.021.

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