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Nickel/Brønsted Acid-Catalyzed Chemo- and Enantioselective Intermolecular Hydroamination of Conjugated Dienes



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### Article

# Nickel/Brønsted Acid-Catalyzed Chemo- and Enantioselective Intermolecular Hydroamination of Conjugated Dienes

Jiao Long,<sup>1</sup> Peng Wang,<sup>1</sup> Wang Wang,<sup>1</sup> Yuqiang Li,<sup>1</sup> and Guoyin Yin<sup>1,2,\*</sup>

#### SUMMARY

A novel nickel/Brønsted acid-catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination of acyclic 1,3-dienes has been established. A wide array of primary and secondary amines can be transformed into allylic amines with high yields and high enantioselectivities under very mild conditions. Moreover, our method is compatible with various functional groups and heterocycles, allowing for late-stage functionalization of biologically active complex molecules. Remarkably, this protocol exhibits good chemoselectivity with respect to amines bearing two different nucleophilic sites. Mechanistic studies reveal that the enantioselective carbon-nitrogen bond-forming step is reversible.

#### INTRODUCTION

Chiral amines represent a privileged pharmacophore and are present in a myriad of natural products and drugs (Figure 1A) (Francotte and Lindner, 2006; Lough and Wainer, 2002; Nugent, 2010). Therefore, organic chemists have made considerable efforts toward their synthesis during the last decade (Grogan, 2018; Li and Zhang, 2014; Nugent and El-Shazly, 2010; Patil et al., 2018; Robak et al., 2010). Among them, asymmetric hydroamination of unsaturated C-C bonds serves as an efficient and powerful tool in organic synthesis, particularly hydroamination using free amines (Aillaud et al., 2007; Clement and Jerome, 2017; Dondoni, 2015; Hannedouche and Schulz, 2013, 2018; Hii, 2006; Huang et al., 2015; Huo et al., 2019; Jerome, 2018; Müller et al., 2008; Patel et al., 2017; Pirnot et al., 2016; Reznichenko and Hultzsch, 2016; Zi, 2009, 2011). In this context, transition-metal-catalyzed intermolecular asymmetric hydroamination of allenes (Berthold and Breit, 2018, 2019; Cooke et al., 2012; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Lin et al., 2019; Parveen et al., 2017; Xu et al., 2016), alkynes (Athira et al., 2018; Liu et al., 2011; Lutete et al., 2004; Patil et al., 2006; Xu et al., 2019), and conjugated dienes (Adamson et al., 2017; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Lin et al., 2019; Löber et al., 2001; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Xiong et al., 2018; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008) has been extensively studied (Figure 1B). Nevertheless, the use of noble transition metals such as rhodium and palladium are often mandatory (Adamson et al., 2017; Aillaud et al., 2007; Athira et al., 2018; Berthold et al., 2019; Berthold and Breit, 2018; Clement and Jerome, 2017; Cooke et al., 2012; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Dondoni, 2015; Hannedouche and Schulz, 2013, 2018; Hii, 2006; Huang et al., 2015; Huo et al., 2019; Jerome, 2018; Lin et al., 2019; Liu et al., 2011; Löber et al., 2001; Lutete et al., 2004; Müller et al., 2008; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Parveen et al., 2017; Patel et al., 2017; Patil et al., 2006; Pirnot et al., 2016; Reznichenko and Hultzsch, 2016; Xiong et al., 2018; Xu et al., 2016, 2019; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008; Zi, 2009, 2011); in addition, these methods suffer from limited amine scope (Adamson et al., 2017; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Lin et al., 2019; Löber et al., 2001; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Xiong et al., 2018; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008), as well as excessive guantities of the unsaturated substrate are always required to achieve a high level of efficiency (Adamson et al., 2017; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Lin et al., 2019; Löber et al., 2001; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008).

In recent years, research toward nickel-catalyzed oxidative addition with X-H (X = C, O ...) bonds has become a hot theme owing to earth-abundance of nickel and its great potential in oxidative addition (Ananikov, 2015; Tasker et al., 2014; Wang, 2016; Figure 1C). Significant progress has been made in the asymmetric hydrofunctionalization of alkenes through nickel-catalyzed reactions (Bezzenine-Lafollee et al., 2017; Cai et al., 2019; Chen and Lu, 2018; Cheng et al., 2018, 2019, Diesel et al., 2018, 2019; Donets and Cramer, 2013; Li et al., 2018, 2019a; Lv et al., 2018; Richmond and Moran, 2018; Woźniak and Cramer,

<sup>1</sup>The Institute for Advanced Studies, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, China

<sup>2</sup>Lead Contact

\*Correspondence: yinguoyin@whu.edu.cn https://doi.org/10.1016/j.isci. 2019.11.008





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A Representative Drugs Containing Chiral Amines:



#### Figure 1. Reaction Design

- (A) Representative drugs containing chiral amines.
- (B) Toward chiral allylic amines by asymmetric intermolecular hydroamination.
- (C) Ni-catalyzed asymmetric hydrofunctionalization.

(D) Nickel/Brønsted acid-catalyzed chemo- and enantioselective intermolecular hydroamination of conjugated dienes.

2019; Xiao et al., 2016, 2018; Zhang et al., 2019). Chiral centers are generally induced via a carbon-carbon bond-forming process, involving the direct oxidative addition of C-H bonds (Cai et al., 2019; Cheng et al., 2018, 2019, Diesel et al., 2018, 2019; Donets and Cramer, 2013; Li et al., 2019a; Lv et al., 2018; Woźniak and Cramer, 2019; Zhang et al., 2019) or an external stoichiometric reductant, such as alcohol (Chen et al., 2019) or hydrosiloxane (Ahlin and Cramer, 2016). However, nickel-catalyzed asymmetric hydrofunctionalization of unsaturated compounds involving a carbon-heteroatom bond formation has not been studied much (Tran et al., 2019). As an extension of our studies with nickel-catalyzed carbon-carbon bond formations (Li et al., 2019b; Wang et al., 2019), we turned our attention to carbon-heteroatom bonds. Inspired by the recent reports on metal/Brønsted acid dual catalysis (Adamson et al., 2017; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Han et al., 2018; Kathe and Fleischer, 2019; Lin et al., 2019; Liu and Feng, 2018; Löber et al., 2001; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008), we have developed a novel, room temperature nickel/Brønsted acid-catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination using conjugated dienes as a limiting reagent (Figure 1D). This protocol can transform a wide array of primary and secondary amines into allylic amines in high yields with excellent enantioselectivities. Significantly, good regio-, chemo-, and enantioselectivity have been achieved using amines bearing potentially competitive nucleophilic sites. It is noteworthy that the nickel-catalyzed racemic hydroamination of cyclic dienes has only been reported by the Hartwig group before, wherein they also demonstrated the challenge for the development of an enantioselective variant (Pawlas et al., 2002).



#### Figure 2. Reaction Optimization

Reactions were conducted at 0.2 mmol scale, see Supplemental Information for reaction details. See also Tables S1–S3.

#### RESULTS

#### **Optimization Reaction Conditions**

We initiated this study by choosing phenyl-1,3-diene (1a) and morpholine (2a) as model substrates. Ligand evaluations were conducted using Ni(COD)2 as the precatalyst and TsOH+H2O as a cocatalyst. As shown in Figure 2, a series of bisphosphine ligands were examined; the 1,2-hydroamination product 3a (Wang et al., 2014) was obtained in a moderate yield with a low enantiomeric excess (ee) when chiral BINAP (L1) or SEGPHOS (L2) was used, which demonstrated the feasibility of this hydroamination reaction. Unfortunately, (S)-SKP (L3), (R)-SDP (L4), and (R)-DIOP (L5) as ligand were not effective for this transformation, although (S,S)-BDPP (L6), a flexible bisphosphine ligand, yielded 3a in an excellent yield, but with low enantioselectivity (23% ee). However, both high yields and enantioselectivities were achieved by ( $R_{C}$ ,  $S_P$ )-Duan-Phos (L7). To our delight, excellent ee (95% ee) was obtained when (S,S)-Me-DuPhos (L8), as a more rigid ligand, was used. In addition, the Brønsted acid cocatalyst can also affect the efficiency and enantioselectivity of this hydroamination reaction. Further studies demonstrated that the desired product can also be obtained in high yields without a decrease in enantioselectivity when switching the acid cocatalyst to phenylphosphonic acid (A3) or phthalic acid (A4). To easily weighout, we selected A4 as cocatalyst. Moreover, control experiments indicated that both nickel catalysts and the Brønsted acids were crucial to the success of this reaction. Notably, no other regioisomers were detected in these reactions.

#### Substrate Scope Study

With the optimal conditions in hand, we shifted our attention to investigate the generality of this Ni-catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination reaction. Utilizing **1a**, we examined the scope of the amines. As illustrated in Figure 3, a series of primary amines bearing various functional groups produced the

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#### Figure 3. Scope of Primary and Secondary Amines

Reactions were conducted at 0.2 mmol scale, see Supplemental Information for reaction condition details. <sup>a</sup>Reactions were conducted at 5 mmol scale. <sup>b</sup>12 h; <sup>c</sup>36 h; <sup>d</sup>48 h. See also Scheme S3.



#### Figure 4. Scope of Conjugated Dienes

Reactions were conducted at 0.2 mmol scale, see Supplemental Information for reaction condition details. See also Scheme S3.

corresponding hydroamination products **3b-3I** with good to excellent yields with excellent enantioselectivities. Notably, (R)-(+)-1-Phenylethylamine, a chiral amine, also gave the hydroamination product in a moderate yield with an excellent diastereomeric ratio (dr > 20:1, **3m**). In addition to the aliphatic amines, primary arylamines were also suitable for the reaction to generate the chiral amine products with excellent enantioselectivities, albeit in lower yields under the current reaction conditions. It is noteworthy that the aryl bromide is compatible with this nickel-catalyzed reaction (**3p**). To assess the practicality of this



#### Figure 5. Substrates Containing Two Nucleophilic Sites

Reactions were conducted at 0.2 mmol scale, see Supplemental Information for reaction condition details. See also Scheme S3.

asymmetric hydroamination reaction, a gram-scale experiment was conducted. When the reaction of **1a** with **2g** was performed on a 5 mmol scale, it still was able to furnish **3g** without loss of reaction efficiency and optical enantioselectivities, even in the presence of 1 mol % catalysts.

Next, the scope of secondary amines was tested. Various secondary cyclic amines afforded the chiral allylic amines in both remarkable yields and enantioselectivities (**3a-3v**). Moreover, acyclic secondary amines were also able to produce the desired hydroamination products with excellent enantioselectivities under the same reaction conditions (**3w-3aa**). Interestingly, although catalytic amount of Brønsted acid was used as a cocatalyst, amines containing other nitrogen atoms did not affect this asymmetric transformation (**3**j and **3v**). Additionally, a series of functional groups, including ethers (**3**i and **3**a), esters (**3**I), thioethers (**3**q), terminal alkenes (**3**h and **3**w), and heterocycles such as furan (**3**f) and pyrimidines (**3**v), all were well tolerated in this reaction.

Subsequently, the scope of 1,3-dienes was studied. A set of aryl-substituted linear 1,3-butadienes were examined with both primary and secondary amines under the optimal conditions. As shown in Figure 4, both electron-rich and deficient substituents did not affect the efficiency or enantioselectivity. Alkyl-substituted butadienes were also capable of producing the Markovnikov hydroamination products (**3ai**, **3aj**, **3ar**, **3as**, and **3at**) in excellent yields with an excellent ee value. Notably, no other regioisomers were detected in these reactions. Furthermore, the hydroamination product (**3au**) could also be synthesized from 1,3-cyclohexadiene, albeit in low yields and enantioselectivity under the current conditions.

As we have highlighted earlier, both primary and secondary alkyl and aryl amines can produce satisfactory results in this nickel/Brønsted acid-catalyzed reaction. We were curious about the chemoselectivity when using one substrate containing two different nucleophilic sites. Guided by this idea, a set of more complex amines were tested under the optimal conditions and the results have been displayed in Figure 5. With aminoethanol, only the 1,2-hydroamination product (**3av**) was isolated with an excellent yield and ee value. Notably, the less sterically encumbered primary amine was found to be more reactive than the secondary amine when N-benzylethylediamine was used (**3aw**). Interestingly, the acidic phenol did not affect the amination (**3ax**), and the hydroamination reaction of the aryl amine (**3ay**) was not affected by the presence of an alcohol. Moreover, a single isomer with both excellent ee and yield could be obtained from tryptamine (**3az**). Finally, high chemoselectivity was shown at the aliphatic amine part when 4-aminobenzyl-amine was used (**3ba**). Collectively, these results suggest that this nickel-catalyzed reaction exhibits



#### Scheme 1. Amine Exchange Experiment

(1) Exchange experiment of secondary amine-based product (3t) with secondary amine (morpholine).
(2) Exchange experiment of secondary amine-based product (3t) with primary amine (furfuryl amine).
(3) Exchange experiment of primary amine-based product (3k) with secondary amine (morpholine).
(4) Exchange experiment of primary amine-based product (3k) with primary amine (furfuryl amine).
Data are represented as mean value of three times; see also Scheme S5.

good chemoselectivity toward hydroamination and also demonstrates the potential of this method in the late-stage diversification of biomolecules.

#### DISCUSSION

#### **Mechanism Study**

To get more details of this transformation, a preliminary mechanistic investigation was conducted. In Hartwig's reaction, a reversible carbon-nitrogen bond formation was observed. To determine if this phenomenon also exists in our reaction, amine exchange experiments were performed first. When the enantioenriched **3t** and stoichiometric morpholine were subjected to the optimal conditions, both **3t** and **3a** were detected (Scheme 1-1). A similar phenomenon was also observed in the reaction of **3t** with a primary amine (Scheme 1-2). This reversible effect was also found when a primary amine-based product was used (Schemes 1-3 and 1-4). These findings strongly suggested that a reversibility of carbon-nitrogen bond formation was involved in this reaction. These results are in consistence with Hartwig's results (Pawlas et al., 2002) but inconsistent with the results of Mazet's conditions (Tran et al., 2019).

Furthermore, a decrease in enantioselectivity over time has been observed in the palladium-catalyzed hydroamination reactions (Löber et al., 2001; Pawlas et al., 2002). To determine if this phenomenon also exists in our reaction, time course experiments were conducted for both primary and secondary amines (Figure 6). To our surprise, significant racemization was observed for the reaction with a secondary amine

6 A 2

ith A4)

Yield (with A3)

Yield (with A4)

0

48

42

36

Time (h)



#### Figure 6. Reaction Profiles

80

6

12 18 24 30 36

Time (h

(A) Time course experiments of secondary amine.(B) Time course experiments of primary amine.Data are represented as mean value of three times; see also Scheme S6 and Figure S246.

42

48

(Figure 6A), whereas there was nearly no alteration of enantioselectivity in a reaction with a primary amine (Figure 6B). Moreover, similar results were also obtained switching A4 to A3.

80

12 18 24 30

Finally, based on precedent studies (Adamson et al., 2017; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Lin et al., 2019; Löber et al., 2001; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Xiong et al., 2018; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008) and the above-mentioned findings (see Supplemental Information for more results), a mechanistic profile is proposed for this transformation. As illustrated in Scheme 2, the reaction is initiated by a Ni(0) species (I), which undergoes oxidative addition to form a Ni(II)-H species (II). Subsequently, a 1,3-diene migratory insertion leads to the formation of a  $\pi$ -allylNi(II) intermediate (III). The hydroamination product **3** is ultimately generated from the  $\pi$ -allylNi(II) complex by an amine nucleophilic attack (McDonald et al., 2011), accompanied by releasing of a Ni(0) species and regeneration of the acid cocatalyst.

#### Conclusion

In summary, we have developed a novel nickel and Brønsted acid-cocatalyzed asymmetric hydroamination reaction. The choice of chiral bisphosphine ligand and the use of a suitable Brønsted acid in catalytic amount are crucial to the success of this transformation. This protocol allows access to a series of



Scheme 2. Proposed Mechanism

enantiopure secondary and tertiary allylic amines from linear conjugated dienes and free amines. This method provides high enantioselectivity and a broad substrate scope for the synthesis of various chiral amines. Importantly, a set of complex amines have been accomplished with excellent chemo- and enantio-selectivity in this system. The good functional group tolerance and the scalability demonstrates the potential of this method in the synthesis of enantiopure amines. Mechanistic studies indicate that the C-N bond formation is a reversible step. Moreover, racemization over time exists in the reaction with secondary amines but not for primary amines. We believe this chemistry will greatly benefit medicinal chemistry and further reaction development.

#### **Limitations of the Study**

The disubstituted diene was not suitable in this methodology.

#### **METHODS**

All methods can be found in the accompanying Transparent Methods supplemental file.

#### DATA AND CODE AVAILABILITY

All data and methods can be found in the Supplemental Information.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Supplemental Information can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1016/j.isci.2019.11.008.

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#### **AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS**

G.Y. conceived the project and designed the experiments. J.L. discovered the reported process and designed and carried out almost all the experiments. P.W. participated in synthesizing partial substrates. W.W. helped in executing isotopic labeling studies, and Y.L. helped in analyzing the data. G.Y. wrote the manuscript. J.L. wrote Supplemental Information. All the authors discussed the results and commented on the manuscript.

#### **DECLARATION OF INTERESTS**

The authors declare no competing interests.

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### **Supplemental Information**

### Nickel/Brønsted Acid-Catalyzed

### **Chemo- and Enantioselective Intermolecular**

### Hydroamination of Conjugated Dienes

Jiao Long, Peng Wang, Wang Wang, Yuqiang Li, and Guoyin Yin





Figure S1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of substrate 1a, related to Figure 2.



Figure S2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of substrate 1a, related to Figure 2.



Figure S3. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of substrate 1b, related to Figure 4.



Figure S4. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of substrate 1b, related to Figure 4.



Figure S5. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of substrate 1c, related to Figure 4.



Figure S6. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of substrate 1c, related to Figure 4.



Figure S7. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of substrate 1d, related to Figure 4.



Figure S8. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of substrate 1d, related to Figure 4.



Figure S9. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of substrate 1e, related to Figure 4.



Figure S10. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of substrate 1e, related to Figure 4.



Figure S12. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of substrate 1f, related to Figure 4.



Figure S13. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of substrate 1f, related to Figure 4.



Figure S14. <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra of substrate 1f, related to Figure 4.



Figure S15. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of substrate 1g, related to Figure 4.



Figure S16. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of substrate 1g, related to Figure 4.



Figure S18. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of substrate 1h, related to Figure 4.



00 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -∵ fl (ppm)

Figure S20. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of substrate 1i, related to Figure 4.



Figure S22. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of substrate 1j, related to Figure 4.



Supplemental figures for <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C and <sup>19</sup>F-NMR spectra of products 3a-3bd.

Figure S24. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3a, related to Figure 3.

120

110

100 90 f1 (ppm) 80 70

60 50

40

30 20 10

0

130

150 140

00

190 180

170

160



Figure S26. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3b, related to Figure 3.



00 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 **Figure S28**. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **3c**, related to **Figure 3**.

0 -



Figure S29. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3d, related to Figure 3.



Figure S30. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3d, related to Figure 3.



Figure S31. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3e, related to Figure 3.



Figure S32. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3e, related to Figure 3.

7740 77733 77733 77733 77733 77726 77726 77726 77726 66.46.46 66.4





Figure S33. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3f, related to Figure 3.



Figure S34. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3f, related to Figure 3.







Figure S36. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3g, related to Figure 3.



Figure S37. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of **3h**, related to Figure 3.



Figure S38. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3h, related to Figure 3.





Figure S39. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3i, related to Figure 3.



Figure S40. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3i, related to Figure 3.

-0.00



Figure S41. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3j, related to Figure 3.



Figure S42. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3j, related to Figure 3.





Figure S44. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3k, related to Figure 3.





Figure S45. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3I, related to Figure 3.



Figure S46. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3I, related to Figure 3.




Figure S47. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3m, related to Figure 3.



Figure S48. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3m, related to Figure 3.



Figure S49. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3n, related to Figure 3.



Figure S50. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **3n**, related to Figure 3.



Figure S51. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3o, related to Figure 3.



Figure S52. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **30**, related to Figure 3.



Figure S53. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3p, related to Figure 3.



Figure S54. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **3p**, related to Figure 3.



Figure S55. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3q, related to Figure 3.



Figure S56. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **3q**, related to Figure 3.



Figure S57. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3r, related to Figure 3.



Figure S58. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3r, related to Figure 3.





Figure S60. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3s, related to Figure 3.



Figure S62. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3t, related to Figure 3.



Figure S63. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3u, related to Figure 3.



Figure S64. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3u, related to Figure 3.







Figure S66. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3v, related to Figure 3.





Figure S67. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3w, related to Figure 3.



Figure S68. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3w, related to Figure 3.



Figure S69. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3x, related to Figure 3.



Figure S70. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3x, related to Figure 3.



Figure S71. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3y, related to Figure 3.



Figure S72. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3y, related to Figure 3.



Figure S73. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3z, related to Figure 3.



Figure S74. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3z, related to Figure 3.





Figure S76. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3aa, related to Figure 3.





Figure S78. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3ab, related to Figure 4.

 $\begin{array}{c} 7.3.7\\ 7.3.6\\ 7.7.2.8\\$ 



Figure S79. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3ac, related to Figure 4.



Figure S80. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **3ac**, related to Figure 4.



Figure S82. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3ad, related to Figure 4.





Figure S83. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3ae, related to Figure 4.



Figure S84. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3ae, related to Figure 4.





Figure S86. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3af, related to Figure 4.





Figure S88. <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra of **3af**, related to Figure 4.





Figure S90. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3ag, related to Figure 4.



Figure S91. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3ah, related to Figure 4.



Figure S92. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3ah, related to Figure 4.





Figure S93. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3ai, related to Figure 4.



Figure S94. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3ai, related to Figure 4.







Figure S95. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3aj, related to Figure 4.



Figure S96. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3aj, related to Figure 4.



Figure S97. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3ak, related to Figure 4.



Figure S98. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **3ak**, related to Figure 4.





Figure S99. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3al, related to Figure 4.



Figure S100. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3al, related to Figure 4.



Figure S101. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3am, related to Figure 4.



Figure S102. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3am, related to Figure 4.



Figure S103. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3an, related to Figure 4.

0.0 9.5 9.0 8.5 8.0 7.5 7.0



6.5 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 f1 (ppm)

0.5 0.0 -0.5 -1

Figure S104. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3an, related to Figure 4.



Figure S106. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3ao, related to Figure 4.



Figure S107. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3ao, related to Figure 4.



Figure S108. <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra of **3ao**, related to Figure 4.



Figure S109. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3ap, related to Figure 4.



Figure S110. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **3ap**, related to Figure 4.



Figure S112. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3aq, related to Figure 4.





Figure S113. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3ar, related to Figure 4.



Figure S114. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of **3ar**, related to Figure 4.



Figure S116. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3as, related to Figure 4.





Figure S118. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3at, related to Figure 4.


Figure S120. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3au, related to Figure 4.





Figure S122. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3av, related to Figure 5.





Figure S123. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3aw, related to Figure 5.



Figure S124. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3aw, related to Figure 5.





Figure S126. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3ax, related to Figure 5.





Figure S128. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3ay, related to Figure 5.



Figure S129. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3az, related to Figure 5.



Figure S130. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3az, related to Figure 5.





Figure S131. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 3ba, related to Figure 5.



Figure S132. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3ba, related to Figure 5.













Figure S136. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3bc.



 $\begin{array}{c} 8.8,8\\ 8.8,39\\ 7.7,7,13\\ 7.7,7,14\\ 7.7,7,13\\ 7.7,7,13\\ 7.7,7,23\\ 7.7$ 





Figure S138. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of 3bd.

## Supplemental figures for <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>2</sup>H-NMR spectra of deuterium labeling studies

## $\begin{array}{c} 7.73\\ 7.73\\ 7.73\\ 7.73\\ 7.73\\ 7.73\\ 7.72\\$



Figure S140. <sup>2</sup>H NMR spectra of *d*-3t, related to Scheme S7.

## Supplemental Figures for HPLC spectra

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-0306\LJ-0306 2019-03-06 14-33-09\002-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-100-7-RAC



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Instrument 2 3/6/2019 3:50:34 PM

Figure S141. HPLC spectra of *rac*-3a, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-0306\LJ-0306 2019-03-06 14-33-09\001-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-100-7

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 1 Injection Date : 3/6/2019 2:45:19 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-0306\LJ-0306 2019-03-06 14-33-09\DAD-0D(1-2)-90-10-0 Acq. Method .5ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M Last changed : 1/20/2019 9:58:06 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-OD(1-2)-95-5-1ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M Last changed : 3/6/2019 3:56:51 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 B, Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:DATA\GUAN YUQING\L-0306\L-0306 2019-03-06 14-33-09001-0201.D) mAU 40 00 Ph Me 3a 14.400 30.00 20.00 1000 388 ٥ 16 18 10 14 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- -- | 1 11.388 BB 0.4032 650.96808 23.07139 1.0541 2 14.400 BB 0.3453 6.11045e4 2707.21484 98.9459 Totals : 6.17554e4 2730.28624

Instrument 2 3/6/2019 3:56:57 PM

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Figure S142. HPLC spectra of 3a, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\027-3101.D Sample Name: LJ-130-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 31 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 27 Injection Date : 4/13/2019 8:42:22 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\VWD-AD(1-Acq. Method 2)-99-1-0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/5/2019 3:34:42 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-OD(1-2)-95-5-1ML-2UL-ALL-50MIN.M Last changed : 4/15/2019 11:27:15 AM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated W/D1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATALYH\LYH-4656-RAC\LYH-4656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53/027-3101.D) mAU Me HN 800 Ph Me rac-3b 600 - 9.156 9.738 400 200 ٥ 14 16 18 10 12 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] [mAU] \* - | -- -- -- | 1 9.156 BV 0.3458 1.21645e4 524.16223 44.6965 2 9.738 VV 0.4121 1.50512e4 519.38824 55.3035 Totals : 2.72157e4 1043.55048

Instrument 2 4/15/2019 11:27:25 AM

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Figure S143. HPLC spectra of rac-3b, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\024-2801.D Sample Name: LJ-108-7

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 28 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 24 Injection Date : 4/13/2019 6:39:44 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\VWD-AD(1-Acq. Method 2)-99-1-0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/5/2019 3:34:42 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/14/2019 8:49:14 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATALYH\LYH-4656-RAC\LYH-4656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53 1024-2801.D) mAU Me HN 800 Ph Me 3b 600 0.BD 400 200 ٥ 16 12 14 18 10 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] % ----|-----|-----|------|------|------| 1 9.060 VB 0.3911 1.24684e4 460.12094 100.0000 Totals : 1.24684e4 460.12094 Page 1 of 1

Instrument 2 4/14/2019 8:51:04 PM

Figure S144. HPLC spectra of 3b, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\028-3201.D Sample Name: LJ-130-3

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 32 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 28 Injection Date : 4/13/2019 9:23:12 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\VWD-AD(1-Acq. Method 2)-99-1-0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/5/2019 3:34:42 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-OD(1-2)-95-5-1ML-2UL-ALL-50MIN.M Last changed : 4/15/2019 11:29:25 AM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated VWD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATALYH\LYH-4656-RAC\LYH-4656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53 1028-3201.D) mAU Ph、 1400 ΗN 1200 Ph Me rac-3c 1000 800 14.351 <u>8</u> 600 400 200 D-24 22 14 16 18 20 min -----Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- -- | 1 14.351 BV 0.4302 1.98917e4 684.26312 48.7101 2 15.469 VB 0.4812 2.09452e4 639.34631 51.2899 Totals : 4.08368e4 1323.60944

Instrument 2 4/15/2019 11:30:43 AM

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Figure S145. HPLC spectra of rac-3c, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\025-2901.D Sample Name: LJ-108-9

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 29 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 25 Injection Date : 4/13/2019 7:20:36 AM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\VWD-AD(1-Acq. Method 2)-99-1-0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/5/2019 3:34:42 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-OD(1-2)-95-5-1ML-2UL-ALL-50MIN.M Last changed : 4/15/2019 11:31:56 AM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATALYH\LYH-4656-RAC\LYH-4656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53 1025-2901.D) Ph. mAU HN 20.00 Ph Me 3c 1500 13.920 1000 500 4.986 ۵ 22 24 10 12 16 18 20 min -----Area Percent Report ------Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area 1 13.920 VV 0.4096 3.02696e4 1097.99194 96.0947 2 14.986 VB 0.4442 1230.14990 38.24589 3.9053 Totals : 3.14997e4 1136.23783

Instrument 2 4/15/2019 11:32:03 AM

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Figure S146. HPLC spectra of 3c, related to Figure 3.



\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 2 Injection Date : 3/11/2019 11:48:25 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-108\LJ-108 2019-03-11 22-35-19\DAD-0J(1-6)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 3/7/2019 10:25:35 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\YANG JIAXIN\VWD-IA-(1-2)-85-15-1.0ML-5UL-210NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 5/31/2019 8:36:13 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:/DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-108\LJ-108 2019-03-11 22-35-19/002-0301.D) mAU HN 400 Ph Me 350 rac-3d 300 10.915 10.494 250 200 150 100 50 Û 11 13 10 12 ģ 14 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] ÷ ----|-----|-----|------|------- | -- -- -- | 1 10.494 BV 0.2743 3832.56519 218.90829 43.3094 2 10.915 VB 0.3402 5016.70459 218.20282 56.6906 Totals : 8849.26978 437.11111

Instrument 1 5/31/2019 8:36:20 PM

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Figure S147. HPLC spectra of rac-3d, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-108\LJ-108 2019-03-12 10-09-36\001-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-108-5

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 1 Injection Date : 3/12/2019 10:23:31 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-108\LJ-108 2019-03-12 10-09-36\DAD-0J(1-6)-95-5-0. 5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 3/12/2019 10:32:53 AM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LWD\VWD-AD(1-2)-95-5-1ML-3UL-210NM-10MIN.M Last changed : 3/21/2019 8:42:39 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 A Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-108\LJ-108 2019-03-12 10-09-360001-0201.D) mAU 1200 ΗN Ph Me 1000 3d 800 468 à 600 400 200 Ô۰ 18 10 12 14 16 mir Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal Multiplier 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] ÷ # [min] [mAU] 1 10.458 VB 0.3057 1.38817e4 687.03412 100.0000 Totals : 1.38817e4 687.03412

Instrument 2 3/21/2019 8:42:46 PM

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Figure S148. HPLC spectra of 3d, related to Figure 3.





Instrument 1 9/26/2019 8:26:04 PM

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Figure S149. HPLC spectra of rac-3e, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\LGY\WSC-20190926\WSC-20190926 2019-09-26 16-36-45\082-0801.D Sample Name: LJ-108-3

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 8 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 82 Injection Date : 9/26/2019 7:48:55 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LGY\WSC-20190926\WSC-20190926 2019-09-26 16-36-45\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-254NM-25MIN.M Last changed : 9/26/2019 6:06:23 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-25MIN.M Last changed : 9/26/2019 8:22:26 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATALG YW/SC-20190926W/SC-20190926 2019-09-26 16-36-45/082-0801.D) mAU 40.00 ΗN BIBA 3500 Ph' Me 30.00 3e 2500 2000 1500 1000 199<sup>3,19</sup> 500 ۵ 10 12 14 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* - | -- -- - | 1 10.978 MM 0.3938 6.72504e4 2846.45654 95.7299 2 12.058 MM 0.3352 2999.78540 149.16602 4.2701 Totals : 7.02502e4 2995.62256

Instrument 1 9/26/2019 8:22:34 PM

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Figure S150. HPLC spectra of 3e, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\073-1501.D Sample Name: LJ-137-5-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 15 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 73 Injection Date : 4/16/2019 8:30:00 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 8:04:43 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 4/17/2019 8:22:42 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 B, Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33'073-1501.D) mAU ] HN 200 Ph Me 16.533 rac-3f 150 20.312 100 50 Û 14 26 20 24 28 18 22 16 mi Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* ----|------|-----|------|------| 1 16.533 BB 0.7913 8224.38672 151.04292 49.9715 2 20.312 BB 0.9384 8233.77539 120.61980 50.0285 Totals : 1.64582e4 271.66273

Instrument 2 4/17/2019 8:22:47 PM

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Figure S151. HPLC spectra of rac-3f, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\074-1601.D Sample Name: LJ-137-5

Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 16 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 74 Injection Date : 4/16/2019 9:31:03 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 8:04:43 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 4/17/2019 8:24:00 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 B, Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33'074-1601.D) mAU 🤉 С 800 HN 700 Ph Me 600 3f 19.985 500 400 300 200 100 17.0.12 Û 26 14 20 24 28 18 22 16 mi Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* ----|-----|----|-----|------|------|-----| 1 17.012 BB 0.6427 203.91769 3.79637 0.6686 2 19.985 BB 0.9646 3.02947e4 436.01385 99.3314 Totals : 3.04986e4 439.81022

Instrument 2 4/17/2019 8:24:05 PM

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Figure S152. HPLC spectra of 3f, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\082-1401.D Sample Name: LJ-137-2-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 14 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 82 Injection Date : 4/15/2019 4:32:13 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\VWD-AD(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-20MIN.M Last changed : 3/6/2019 6:07:05 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-1ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 5:10:13 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WWD1 A Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATAWGUAN YUQINGVLK-ALLKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25/082-1401.D) mAU 🗆 1750 HN 1500 Ph Me 1250 rac-3g <u>8</u> 1.571 1000 750 500 250 ٥ 13 1214 11 10 mir Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* 1 11.003 BV 0.2840 1.88847e4 1010.75867 47.4026 2 11.571 VB 0.3170 2.09543e4 985.94733 52.5974 Totals : 3.98390e4 1996.70599

Instrument 2 4/16/2019 5:10:22 PM

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Figure S153. HPLC spectra of rac-3g, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\081-1301.D Sample Name: LJ-137-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 13 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 81 Injection Date : 4/15/2019 4:11:23 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\VWD-AD(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-20MIN.M Last changed : 3/6/2019 6:07:05 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-1ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 5:13:01 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WWD1 A Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATAWGUAN YUQINGVLK-ALLKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25/081-1301.D) mAU <sup>-</sup> 20.00 HN Ph Me 11.593 1500 3g 1000 500 11.049 ٥ 13 12 14 10 11 mir Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* 1 11.049 BV 0.2695 572.29053 32.96646 1.9854 2 11.593 VB 0.3129 2.82527e4 1362.80029 98.0146 Totals : 2.88250e4 1395.76675

Instrument 2 4/16/2019 5:13:10 PM

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Figure S154. HPLC spectra of 3g, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-143-3\LJ-143-3 2019-04-30 21-36-43\092-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-143-3

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 92 Injection Date : 4/30/2019 9:48:50 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-143-3\LJ-143-3 2019-04-30 21-36-43\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/30/2019 10:09:25 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-143-3\LJ-143-3 2019-04-30 21-36-43\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method) : 5/15/2019 6:54:22 PM Last changed (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DADI B, Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:/DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-143-3 YLJ-143-3 2019-04-30 21-36-43'092-0201.D) mAU HN 500 Ph Me *rac-*3h 400 971 12.696 300 200 100 0 16 17 11 12 13 10 14 15 -----Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal Multiplier 1.0000 : Dilution : 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* # [min] ----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----| 1 11.971 BV 0.3726 7039.42920 286.54825 45.4016 2 12.696 VB 0.4370 8465.38184 284.63971 54.5984 Totals : 1.55048e4 571.18796 Page 1 of 2 Instrument 2 5/15/2019 6:55:28 PM

Figure S155. HPLC spectra of rac-3h, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-141\LJ-141-3 2019-05-05 15-21-14\092-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-141-3



Instrument 2 5/15/2019 6:58:17 PM

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Figure S156. HPLC spectra of 3h, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\084-2301.D Sample Name: LJ-137-4-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 23 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 84 Injection Date : 4/15/2019 8:20:08 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0. Acg. Method 6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/5/2019 3:34:42 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-1ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 5:15:44 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated W/D1 A Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATAWG UAN YUQING\LK-ALKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25/084-2301.D) mAU. Ô 200 NH Ph Me rac-3i 150 <del>8</del> ŵ 19.776 88 100 88 50 Û 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 12 mi Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* 1 15.466 BV 0.5692 4599.29883 121.60919 24.3744 
 2
 16.890
 VB
 0.7248
 4798.18164
 98.42130
 25.4284

 3
 19.776
 BV
 0.7116
 4753.76123
 100.00168
 25.1929
4 21.663 VB 0.8876 4718.16992 77.89811 25.0043

Instrument 2 4/16/2019 5:15:54 PM

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Figure S157. HPLC spectra of rac-3i, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\083-1801.D Sample Name: LJ-137-4

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 18 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 83 Injection Date : 4/15/2019 6:25:42 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0. Acg. Method 6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/5/2019 3:34:42 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-1ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 5:17:35 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated W/D1 A Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATAWG UAN YUQING\LK-ALKB-190415 2019-04 15 08-56-25/083-1801.D) mAU <sup>-</sup> Ô 250 NH Ph Ме 200 15.298 3i 150 224 100 50 841 a ٥ 14 16 20 22 24 26 28 18 12 mi Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* 1 15.296 BB 0.6059 7013.24561 171.57776 49.3191 2 19.841 BV 0.5918 75.46820 1.71367 0.5307 0.8378 7131.41895 125.51943 50.1502 3 21.224 VB Totals : 1.42201e4 298.81086

Instrument 2 4/16/2019 5:19:31 PM

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Figure S158. HPLC spectra of 3i, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-197\LJ-197 2019-06-21 11-59-17\082-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-197-1

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 82 Injection Date : 6/21/2019 1:33:44 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-197\LJ-197 2019-06-21 11-59-17\VWD-AS(1-6)-90-10-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-80MIN.M Last changed : 6/21/2019 11:56:20 AM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\VWD-AS(1-6)-85-15-1ML-2UL-210NM-30MIN.M Last changed : 6/26/2019 3:41:31 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated W/D1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ 197\LJ-197 2019-06-21 11-59-17\082-0301.D) Me mAU N Me 80 Bz∖ area and and 1008 (MAR. 30 Ph Me 60 rac-Bz-3j 785 40 20 0 30 35 40 45 50 55 65 60 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area 1 43.785 MF 2.7221 7444.35938 45.58009 48.0146 2 50.327 FM 2.7315 8060.00781 49.17983 51.9854 Totals : 1.55044e4 94.75991

Instrument 1 6/26/2019 3:41:37 PM

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Figure S159. HPLC spectra of rac-Bz-3j, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LK-190625-S 2019-06-25 20-53-56\081-0601.D Sample Name: LJ-201-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 81 Injection Date : 6/26/2019 1:24:20 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LK-190625-S 2019-06-25 20-53-56\VWD-AS(1-6)-90-10-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-254NM-80MIN.M Last changed : 6/21/2019 11:56:20 AM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\VWD-AS(1-6)-85-15-1ML-2UL-210NM-30MIN.M Last changed : 6/26/2019 3:39:40 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATAIG UAN YUQING\LK-A\LK-190625-S 2019-06-25 20-53-56\081-0601.D) Me mAU Me 250 Bz. 040 CA 1980. 200 Ph Me Bz-3j 150 100 ATADOR 50 8 ő. n. 45 65 35 40 60 30 50 55 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] ÷ - | -- -- -- | 1 43.070 MF 2.6495 2.66761e4 167.80351 98.2541 2 50.833 FM 2.8864 474.00171 2.73700 1.7459 2.71501e4 170.54051 Totals :

Instrument 1 6/26/2019 3:39:52 PM

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Figure S160. HPLC spectra of Bz-3j, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-5-899\LYH-5-899-RAC-1 2019-09-28 08-42-40\084-0901.D Sample Name: LJ-2-48-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 9 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 84 Injection Date : 9/28/2019 12:30:11 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-5-899\LYH-5-899-RAC-1 2019-09-28 08-42-40\VWD-AD(1-2)-95-5-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-254NM-30MIN.M Last changed : 4/9/2019 4:22:03 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-25MIN.M Last changed : 9/28/2019 10:40:08 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATALYH\LYH-5-899\LYH-5-899-RAC-1 2019-09-28 08-42-40\084-0901.D) Ph mAU 700 ΗN 600 Ph Me rac-3k 11.348 500 12.195 400 300 200 100 D 10 12.5 17.5 20 75 15 22.5 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] [mAU] \* - | -- -- -- | 1 11.348 BV 0.2453 7554.13770 468.01944 49.9302 2 12.195 VB 0.2624 7575.27100 441.02200 50.0698 Totals : 1.51294e4 909.04144

Instrument 1 9/28/2019 10:40:13 PM

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Figure S161. HPLC spectra of rac-3k, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-5-899\LYH-5-899-RAC-1 2019-09-28 08-42-40\083-0801.D Sample Name: LJ-2-48

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 8 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 83 Injection Date : 9/28/2019 11:59:20 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-5-899\LYH-5-899-RAC-1 2019-09-28 08-42-40\VWD-AD(1-2)-95-5-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-254NM-30MIN.M Last changed : 4/9/2019 4:22:03 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-25MIN.M Last changed : 9/28/2019 10:43:16 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATALYH\LYH-5-899\LYH-5-899-RAC-1 2019-09-28 08-42-40\083-0801.D) Ph mAU 1400 HN 1200 Ph Me 1334 3k 10.00 800 600 400 200 12.192 Û 20 7.5 10 12.5 15 17.5 22.5 2 5 5 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* - | -- -- - | 1 11.334 BV 0.2461 1.52293e4 944.59326 97.5071 2 12.192 VB 0.2853 389.35504 20.52347 2.4929 Totals : 1.56187e4 965.11673

Instrument 1 9/28/2019 10:43:21 PM

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Figure S162. HPLC spectra of 3k, related to Figure 3.





Instrument 2 5/18/2019 9:17:29 AM

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Figure S163. HPLC spectra of rac-3I, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-165-VWD\LJ-165-AD 2019-05-17 09-17-21\002-0401.D Sample Name: LJ-165-2

Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 2 Injection Date : 5/17/2019 10:27:26 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 8.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-165-VWD\LJ-165-AD 2019-05-17 09-17-21\VWD-AD(1-2)-99 Acq. Method -1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 5/17/2019 9:43:47 AM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LWD\DAD-OD(1-2)-95-5-0.5ML-3UL-ALL-60MIN-517.M Last changed : 5/18/2019 9:15:28 AM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated \WD1 A Wavelength=254nm (D\DATAGUAN YUQING\LJ-165-WD1\LJ-165-AD 2019-05-17 09-17-2 1002-0401.D) MeO. 0 mAU 🗍 40 ΗN 35 Ph Me 30 31 25 27.541 20 15 10 5 ٥ 28 36 24 26 30 34 22 32  $2\dot{r}$ mi Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] ÷ # [min] [mAU] 1 27.541 BB 0.6917 967.04639 20.52325 100.0000 Totals : 967.04639 20.52325

Instrument 2 5/18/2019 9:16:20 AM

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Figure S164. HPLC spectra of 3I, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\002-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-103-1-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 2 Injection Date : 3/6/2019 11:49:55 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\DAD-0D(1-2)-95-5-1ML-Acq. Method 5UL-ALL-20MIN.M Last changed : 3/5/2019 8:56:43 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/19/2019 9:55:54 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DADI A Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:/DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49/002-0301.D) mAU HN 800 Ρh Me rac-3n 600 11.825 400 200 ٥ 10 14 16 18 12 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- -- | 1 11.625 VV 0.3233 9037.16797 416.16431 49.3755 2 13.360 VB 0.3097 9265.78516 462.59473 50.6245 Totals : 1.83030e4 878.75903

Instrument 2 3/19/2019 9:56:00 PM

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Figure S165. HPLC spectra of rac-3n, related to Figure 3.
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\001-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-103-1

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 1 Injection Date : 3/6/2019 11:28:57 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\DAD-0D(1-2)-95-5-1ML-Acq. Method 5UL-ALL-20MIN.M Last changed : 3/5/2019 8:56:43 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/19/2019 9:58:51 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DADI A Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:/DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49/001-0201.D) mAU HN 20.00 Ph Me 559 3n 1500 1000 500 13.391 ۵ 10 1216 18 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- -- | 1 11.559 BV 0.3120 3.36730e4 1609.93042 92.6141 2 13.391 VB 0.3181 2685.40967 129.39296 7.3859 Totals : 3.63584e4 1739.32338

Instrument 2 3/19/2019 9:58:58 PM

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Figure S166. HPLC spectra of 3n, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-124-7\LJ-124-7-RAC 2019-04-08 11-06-38\013-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-124-7-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 13 Injection Date : 4/8/2019 11:20:11 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-124-7\LJ-124-7-RAC 2019-04-08 11-06-38\VWD-AD(1-2)-Acq. Method 95-5-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 3/11/2019 10:31:45 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:50:19 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D\DATAVG UAN YUQING\LJ 1247\LJ-1247-RAC 2019-04-08 11-06-38/013-0201.D) mAU Me 600 ΗN Ph Me 500 rac-30 400 14.740 16.7.18 300 200 100 ٥ 22 24 18 16 20 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* - | -- -- -- | 1 14.740 BV 0.2928 6485.12012 339.57712 50.0335 2 16.718 BB 0.3248 6476.43945 304.93433 49.9665 Totals : 1.29616e4 644.51144

Instrument 2 4/14/2019 9:50:25 PM

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Figure S167. HPLC spectra of rac-30, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190410 2019-04-10 09-04-18\083-0701.D Sample Name: LJ-124-7

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 7 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 83 Injection Date : 4/10/2019 11:42:55 AM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190410 2019-04-10 09-04-18\VWD-AD(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-30MIN.M Last changed : 4/9/2019 4:22:03 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:48:13 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated W/D1\_A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATAG UAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190410 2019-04-10 09-04-18\083-0701.D) mAU Me 800 ΗN 700 Ρh Me 30 600 14.580 500 400 300 200 100 16.495 ۵ 22 24 18 12 14 16 20 min 10 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] [mAU] \* - | -- -- - | 1 14.580 BB 0.2905 8222.70313 435.13837 96.3629 2 16.495 BB 0.3246 310.35309 14.56537 3.6371 Totals : 8533.05621 449.70374

Instrument 2 4/14/2019 9:48:21 PM

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Figure S168. HPLC spectra of 3o, related to Figure 3.





Instrument 2 4/14/2019 9:53:33 PM

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Figure S169. HPLC spectra of rac-3p, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\LGY\LGY-3-132\LGY-3-132 2019-04-09 15-22-08\092-0601.D Sample Name: LJ-129-10

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 92 Injection Date : 4/9/2019 5:43:24 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LGY\LGY-3-132\LGY-3-132 2019-04-09 15-22-08\DAD-0D(1-2)-95-5-1ML-Acq. Method 5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/9/2019 6:21:57 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:54:40 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated
DAD1 A Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:/DATALGYLGY.3-132%GY.3-132%2019-04-09 15-22-08/092-0601.D) Br mAU <sup>–</sup> 600 HN Ph Me 500 3p 17.234 400 300 200 100 13.504 Û 15 25 20 10 m Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal Multiplier 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* 1 13.504 BB 0.3190 496.94272 23.86341 4.0801 2 17.234 BB 0.4827 1.16826e4 365.71744 95.9199 Totals : 1.21796e4 389.58085

Instrument 2 4/14/2019 9:54:45 PM

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Figure S170. HPLC spectra of 3p, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\021-0601.D Sample Name: LJ-109-5

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 21 Injection Date : 3/14/2019 11:32:48 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\DAD-0D(1-2)-90-10-0 Acq. Method .5ML-5UL-ALL-30MIN.M Last changed : 10/30/2018 11:03:07 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/19/2019 10:31:02 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\L-110\L-110-2 2019-03-14 22-08-29\021-0601.D) mAU 800 Ph Me rac-3q 3,590 600 9.706 400 200 0 10 14 16 18 12 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* ----|-----|-----|------|------- | -- -- -- | 1 8.590 BV 0.2446 9138.08984 542.15143 49.1392 2 9.706 VB 0.2699 9458.22656 501.71347 50.8608 Totals : 1.85963e4 1043.86490

Instrument 2 3/19/2019 10:31:08 PM

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Figure S171. HPLC spectra of rac-3q, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\023-0801.D Sample Name: LJ-110-5

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 8 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 23 Injection Date : 3/15/2019 12:34:45 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\DAD-0D(1-2)-90-10-0 Acq. Method .5ML-5UL-ALL-30MIN.M Last changed : 10/30/2018 11:03:07 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/19/2019 10:29:50 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\023-0801.D) mAU 2500 Ph Me 2000 3q 9.653 1500 1000 500 3.718 Û 14 16 18 Å 10 12 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] ÷ ----|-----|-----|------|------- | -- -- -- | 1 8.718 BV 0.3143 527.30475 24.37941 2.1601 2 9.653 VB 0.2483 2.38843e4 1404.88000 97.8399 Totals : 2.44116e4 1429.25941

Instrument 2 3/19/2019 10:29:56 PM

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Figure S172. HPLC spectra of 3q, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-105-11-0D\LJ-106-6 2019-03-08 19-55-22\001-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-106-6-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 1 Injection Date : 3/8/2019 8:07:24 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 2.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-105-11-0D\LJ-106-6 2019-03-08 19-55-22\DAD-0D(1-2)-Acq. Method 99-1-0.5ML-2UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/8/2019 8:20:08 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\YANG JIAXIN\DAD-OJ(1-6)-90-10-1ML-3UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/8/2019 9:25:14 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated
DAD1 B, Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:/DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-105-11-0D\LJ-106-6 2019-03-08 19-55-22/001-0201.D) mAU 250 Ph Me 200 rac-3r 150 Front State St trai 3151.3 8 100 50 ٥ - 50 13 14 10 11 12 mir Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* 1 8.642 MF 0.6583 3087.92310 78.17834 49.4446 2 9.824 FM 0.8897 3157.29639 59.14474 50.5554 6245.21948 137.32309 Totals :

Instrument 2 3/8/2019 9:30:19 PM

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Figure S173. HPLC spectra of rac-3r, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-105-11-0D\LJ-106-6 2019-03-08 19-55-22\002-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-106-6



Instrument 2 3/8/2019 9:26:43 PM

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Figure S174. HPLC spectra of 3r, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-155\LJ-155 2019-05-03 17-00-25\065-0801.D Sample Name: LJ-108-4-RAC

Acg. Operator	: Seg. Line : 8	
Acq. Instrument	: Instrument 2 Location : Vial 65	
Injection Date	: 5/3/2019 9:52:17 PM Inj : 1	
	Inj Volume : 5.000 ul	
Acg. Method	: D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-155\LJ-155 2019-05-03 17-00-25\DAD	-OD(1-2)-95-5-0.
··· ·· ··· ··· ·	5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M	1,
Last changed	: 5/3/2019 10:02:26 PM	
<i>,</i>	(modified after loading)	
Analysis Method	: D:\DATA\GUAN YUOING\LJ-155\LJ-155 2019-05-03 17-00-25\DAD	-OD(1-2)-95-5-0.
	5ML-5HL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method)	,,
Last changed	: 5/4/2019 9:40:19 AM	
Late enangea	(modified after loading)	
Additional Info	: Peak(s) manually integrated	
DAD1 B, Sig=	254,4 Ref=off(D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-155\LJ-155 2019-05-03 17-00-25\065-0801.D)	
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		rac_3e
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Doolt DotTimo Trm	n Width broo Weight broo	
Fear Reclime Typ	c winder Alea Alea [min] [ndHta] [ndH] *	
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ll		
1 7.395 MM	0.2795 1492.07043 88.97803 52.1377	
Z 8.137 MM	0.2450 1369.72009 93.17516 47.8623	
Totola .		
iucais :	2001./9033 102.13319	
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rument 2 5/4/201	.9 9:40:34 AM	raye i Ul 2

Figure S175. HPLC spectra of *rac*-3s, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-155\LJ-155 2019-05-03 17-00-25\066-0901.D Sample Name: LJ-108-4

Acq. Operator :	Seq. Line : 9	
Acq. Instrument :	Instrument 2 Location : Vial 66	
Injection Date :	5/3/2019 10:13:18 PM Inj : 1	
	Inj Volume : 5.000 μl	
Acq. Method :	D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-155\LJ-155 2019-05-03 17-00-25\DAD-0D(1-2	)-95-5-0.
	5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M	
Last changed :	5/3/2019 10:02:26 PM	
	(modified after loading)	
Analysis Method :	D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-155\LJ-155 2019-05-03 17-00-25\DAD-0D(1-2	)-95-5-0.
	5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method)	
Last changed :	5/4/2019 9:54:17 AM	
	(modified after loading)	
Additional Info :	Peak(s) manually integrated	
2500 -	м, ч нен-отт (р. жил Акориин торликовы-тооты-тоо 2019-06-03 17-00-20006-0901. b) Рh	
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1500 -		
1000 -		
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l ₀ <u>∔</u>		
	Area Percent Report	
Sorted By	: Signal	
nuitipiier Dilutier	: 1.0000	
Viiution	: 1.0000 Dilution Fostor with ISTR	
ose multipiler «	Dilucion Lactor Mith 121Da	
Signal 1: DAD1 B,	Sig=254,4 Ref=off	
Peak RetTime Type # [min] 	: Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] % -	
1 7.584 MF 2 8.101 FM	0.2171 383.43253 29.43110 1.4013 0.2581 2.69788e4 1742.11572 98.5987	
Fotals :	2.73622e4 1771.54683	1 of 2
cument Z 5/4/2019	/ 9:54:25 AM Page	1 OI 4

Figure S176. HPLC spectra of 3s, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\013-0401.D Sample Name: LJ-110-2-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 13 Injection Date : 3/14/2019 11:00:40 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\DAD-0D(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M Last changed : 3/4/2019 3:12:24 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/19/2019 10:24:44 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 A. Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\L-110\L-110-2 2019-03-14 22-08-29\013-0401.D) mAU 500 Ph Me rac-3t 400 13.786 14.575 300 200 100 Û 10 12 16 18 14 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- -- | 1 13.786 BV 0.2600 5142.11768 303.06146 50.4431 2 14.575 VB 0.2721 5051.77002 285.98007 49.5569 Totals : 1.01939e4 589.04153

Instrument 2 3/19/2019 10:24:49 PM

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Figure S177. HPLC spectra of rac-3t, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\011-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-110-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 11 Injection Date : 3/14/2019 10:18:39 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\DAD-0D(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M Last changed : 3/4/2019 3:12:24 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/19/2019 10:26:50 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 A. Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\L-110\L-110-2 2019-03-14 22-08-29\011-0201.D) mAU 2500 Ph Me 3t 2000 13,820 1500 1000 500 14.620 Û 16 10 12 18 14 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area 1 13.820 BV 0.2600 2.43711e4 1436.18689 98.4123 1.5877 2 14.620 VB 0.2869 393.19205 20.21956 Totals : 2.47643e4 1456.40645

Instrument 2 3/19/2019 10:26:55 PM

Page 1 of 2

Figure S178. HPLC spectra of 3t, related to Figure 3.





Instrument 2 3/23/2019 4:04:14 PM

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Figure S179. HPLC spectra of rac-3u, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-113-1\LJ-113-1 2019-03-23 12-44-07\084-0801.D Sample Name: LJ-113-2



Instrument 2 3/23/2019 4:06:33 PM

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Figure S180. HPLC spectra of rac-3u, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-158-1\LJ-158-1 2019-05-09 21-57-47\052-0401.D Sample Name: LJ-158-1-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 52 Injection Date : 5/9/2019 11:02:38 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-158-1\LJ-158-1 2019-05-09 21-57-47\VWD-AD(1-2)-95-5-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-254NM-30MIN.M Last changed : 4/9/2019 4:22:03 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\VWD-AD(1-2)-100-0-0.2ML-1UL-220NM-100MIN.M Last changed : 5/10/2019 2:56:18 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated W/D1 A, Wavdength=254 nm (D:\DATAG UAN YUQINGVLJ-158-1\LJ-158-1 2019-05-09 21-57-47/052-0401.D) mAU 800 12.780 15.034 600 Ph Me rac-3v 400 200 ٥ 18 22 24 10 12 14 16 20 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- -- | 1 12.780 VB 0.3437 1.44385e4 631.57111 50.8506 2 15.034 BB 0.3822 1.39554e4 547.74023 49.1494 Totals : 2.83939e4 1179.31134

Instrument 1 5/10/2019 2:56:24 PM

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Figure S181. HPLC spectra of rac-3v, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-158-1\LJ-158-1 2019-05-09 21-57-47\051-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-158-1

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 51 Injection Date : 5/9/2019 10:31:48 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-158-1\LJ-158-1 2019-05-09 21-57-47\VWD-AD(1-2)-95-5-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-254NM-30MIN.M Last changed : 4/9/2019 4:22:03 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\VWD-AD(1-2)-100-0-0.2ML-1UL-220NM-100MIN.M Last changed : 5/10/2019 2:57:58 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated W/D1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATAG UAN YUQINGVLJ-158-1\LJ-158-1 2019-05-09 21-57-47/051-0301.D) mAU 2500 12.678 20.00 Ph Me 1500 3v 1000 500 12 ģ ۵ 24 10 12 16 18 20 22 14 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area 1 12.678 BV 0.3434 4.06017e4 1785.04187 97.2820 2 15.172 VB 0.4279 1134.37378 39.75301 2.7180 Totals : 4.17361e4 1824.79488

Instrument 1 5/10/2019 2:58:04 PM

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Figure S182. HPLC spectra of 3v, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\072-0601.D Sample Name: LJ-137-3-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 72 Injection Date : 4/16/2019 5:30:41 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 5:44:26 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method) : 4/17/2019 8:15:04 PM Last changed (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DADI B, Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:/DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-314J-137-32019-04-16 16-30-331072-0601.D) mAU N<sup>\_Me</sup> 175 Ph 150 Me rac-3w 125 108 128 12 Server (Ball 100 75 50 25 ۵ 7 5 8.5 ģ 9.5 10 10.5 min ------Area Percent Report Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : Dilution : 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* # [min] ----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----| 1 7.975 MM 0.3028 1296.12183 71.34225 49.9210 2 9.356 MM 0.3030 1300.22363 71.51093 50.0790 Totals : 2596.34546 142.85318 Page 1 of 2 Instrument 2 4/17/2019 8:16:00 PM

Figure S183. HPLC spectra of *rac*-3w, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\071-0701.D Sample Name: LJ-137-3

\_\_\_\_\_ Seq. Line : 7 Acq. Operator : Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 71 Injection Date : 4/16/2019 5:51:42 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 5:44:26 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method) : 4/17/2019 8:20:23 PM Last changed (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DADI B, Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:/DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3 YLJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33'071-0701.D) mAU N<sup>\_\_</sup>Me 2500 Ph Me 3w 20.00 9.342 1500 10.00 500 985 0 10 11 ------Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal Multiplier 1.0000 : Dilution : 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* # [min] ----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----| 7.985 BB 0.2119 103.08399 7.24746 1 0.4068 2 9.342 VB 0.2788 2.52373e4 1357.84119 99.5932 Totals : 2.53404e4 1365.08865 Page 1 of 2 Instrument 2 4/17/2019 8:20:29 PM

Figure S184. HPLC spectra of 3w, related to Figure 3.

Sample Name: LJ-113-1-RAC \_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 10 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 61 Injection Date : 3/27/2019 11:37:02 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\XZC\XZC-DATA-4\XZC-20190327-1 2019-03-27 13-36-36\DAD-0D(1-2)-90-10 Acq. Method -1ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M Last changed : 12/25/2018 5:41:36 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:23:10 PM (modified after loading) DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:/DATAXZCWZC-DATA-4WZC-20190327-12019-03-27 13-38-36/061-1001.D) mAU Ph `N´<sup>Me</sup> 400 Ph Me rac-3x 300 3016 200 100 D -----Area Percent Report Sorted By Signal : Multiplier 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* ----|-----|-----|-----| 4.862 BV 0.1923 3595.02271 264.92239 49.8359 1 2 6.016 VB 0.2090 3618.70410 249.76396 50.1641 Totals : 7213.72681 514.68636 Page 1 of 1 Instrument 2 4/14/2019 9:23:15 PM

Data File D:\DATA\XZC\XZC-DATA-4\XZC-20190327-1 2019-03-27 13-36-36\061-1001.D

Figure S185. HPLC spectra of rac-3x, related to Figure 3.

Sample Name: LJ-113-1 \_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 11 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 62 Injection Date : 3/27/2019 11:58:01 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\XZC\XZC-DATA-4\XZC-20190327-1 2019-03-27 13-36-36\DAD-0D(1-2)-90-10 Acq. Method -1ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M Last changed : 12/25/2018 5:41:36 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:24:48 PM (modified after loading) DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:/DATAXZCWZC-DATA-4WZC-20190327-12019-03-27 13-38-36/062-1101.D) mAU Ph `N\_Me 800 Ph Ме 3x 600 5.984 400 200 .025 ٥ 12 14 10 mii -----Area Percent Report Sorted By : Signal Multiplier 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] # [min] \* -----5.025 BB 0.2364 70.61983 4.46831 1.0636 1 2 5.984 BB 0.1998 6568.77344 479.64868 98.9364 Totals : 6639.39326 484.11699 

Data File D:\DATA\XZC\XZC-DATA-4\XZC-20190327-1 2019-03-27 13-36-36\062-1101.D

Instrument 2 4/14/2019 9:24:53 PM

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Figure S186. HPLC spectra of 3x, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\012-1001.D Sample Name: LJ-103-4-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 10 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 12 Injection Date : 3/7/2019 2:17:08 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\DAD-0D(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M Last changed : 3/4/2019 3:12:24 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/19/2019 10:07:49 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DADI A Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:/DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49/012-1001.D) Ph Ph mAU 700 Ph Me 600 10% pair Albert rac-3y 500 Star Star 8 ŝ.s<sup>¢}</sup> 400 300 200 100 ۵ 14 16 18 Å 10 12 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] [mAU] \* - | -- -- -- | 1 7.597 MM 0.2056 5786.62988 469.13281 50.3232 2 10.533 MM 0.2510 5712.29883 379.24442 49.6768 Totals : 1.14989e4 848.37723

Instrument 2 3/19/2019 10:08:03 PM

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Figure S187. HPLC spectra of rac-3y, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\011-0901.D Sample Name: LJ-103-4

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 9 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 11 Injection Date : 3/7/2019 1:56:04 AM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\DAD-0D(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M Last changed : 3/4/2019 3:12:24 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/19/2019 10:11:39 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DADI A Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:/DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49/011-0901.D) Ph Ph mAU 1400 1200 Ph Me 3y 1000 590 800 600 400 200 10.529 ۵ 12 10 14 16 18 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area ÷ - | -- -- -- | 1 7.590 BB 0.1842 1.05131e4 827.54132 97.6746 2 10.529 BB 0.2115 250.29330 18.30650 2.3254 Totals : 1.07634e4 845.84782

Instrument 2 3/19/2019 10:11:43 PM

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Figure S188. HPLC spectra of 3y, related to Figure 3.





Instrument 2 8/15/2019 6:37:53 PM

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Figure S189. HPLC spectra of rac-3z, related to Figure 3.





Instrument 2 8/15/2019 6:36:10 PM

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Figure S190. HPLC spectra of 3z, related to Figure 3.





Instrument 1 8/14/2019 9:01:15 PM

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Figure S191. HPLC spectra of rac-3aa, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26-1 2019-08-14 19-54-25\092-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-2-26-1



Instrument 1 8/14/2019 9:03:32 PM

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Figure S192. HPLC spectra of 3aa, related to Figure 3.

Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\072-0501.D Sample Name: LJ-157-8-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 5 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 72 Injection Date : 5/6/2019 11:23:57 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl Acq. Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-0.5ML -5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 3/10/2019 2:55:21 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-0.5ML -5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 5/16/2019 9:39:12 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 B, Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:DATALLWDALWD5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49072-0501.D) mAU 🗆 350 NH 300 Me 250 609 OMe 2 32.540 rac-3ab 200 150 100 50 0 25 35 40 45 20 30 mi Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* ----|------|-----|------|------|------| 1 27.509 BB 0.6781 9748.92676 212.96362 49.7788 2 32.540 BB 0.7825 9835.56641 182.56171 50.2212 Totals : 1.95845e4 395.52533

Instrument 2 5/16/2019 9:39:15 PM

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Figure S193. HPLC spectra of rac-3ab, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\071-0401.D Sample Name: LJ-157-8

Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 71 Injection Date : 5/6/2019 10:22:58 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-0.5ML Acq. Method -5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 3/10/2019 2:55:21 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-0.5ML -5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 5/16/2019 9:40:28 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 B, Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:DATALLWDALWD5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49071-0401.D) mAU 🗆 600 NH 500 Me 27.802 400 OMe 3ab 300 200 100 ۵ 35 40 45 25 20 30 mir Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] ÷ # [min] [mAU] 1 27.802 BB 0.6682 1.73284e4 385.65326 100.0000 Totals : 1.73284e4 385.65326

Instrument 2 5/16/2019 9:40:33 PM

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Figure S194. HPLC spectra of 3ab, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-55\LJ-2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\082-0501.D Sample Name: LJ-2-55-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 5 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 82 Injection Date : 10/1/2019 11:21:53 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-55\LJ-2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-Acq. Method 1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 10/1/2019 10:33:36 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LGY\VWD-AS(1-6)-99-1-1ML-5UL-254NM-35MIN.M Last changed : 10/2/2019 9:54:14 AM (modified after loading) W/D1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ:2-55\LJ:2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\082-0501.D) mAU <sup>–</sup> 120 NH 100 MeO 28.262 Me 8 80 8 rac-3ac 60 40 20 D 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 20 22 24 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- - | 1 28.262 BV 0.6025 3147.13306 79.73415 49.7559 2 30.084 VB 0.6431 3178.01807 75.34550 50.2441 Totals : 6325.15112 155.07965

Instrument 1 10/2/2019 9:54:23 AM

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Figure S195. HPLC spectra of rac-3ac, related to Figure 4.





Instrument 1 10/2/2019 9:58:48 AM

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Figure S196. HPLC spectra of 3ac, related to Figure 4.





Instrument 1 5/4/2019 10:06:29 AM

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Figure S197. HPLC spectra of rac-3ad, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-740\LYH-4-740-1 2019-05-03 15-55-01\086-1401.D Sample Name: LJ-150-1

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 14 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 86 Injection Date : 5/4/2019 12:27:04 AM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-740\LYH-4-740-1 2019-05-03 15-55-01\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 4:38:17 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\VWD-AD(1-2)-70-30-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 5/4/2019 10:07:46 AM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated W/D1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATALYH\LYH-4740\LYH-4740-1 2019-05-03 15-55-01/086-1401.D) mAU 800 NH Me 600 MeO 3ad 400 200 ٥ 35 25 30 40 45 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted By Signal : Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] % ----|-----|-----|------|------|------| 1 33.479 BB 0.7929 3.00404e4 571.85364 100.0000 Totals : 3.00404e4 571.85364 Page 1 of 1 Instrument 1 5/4/2019 10:07:51 AM

Figure S198. HPLC spectra of 3ad, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\072-1201.D Sample Name: LJ-151-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 12 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 72 Injection Date : 4/28/2019 11:25:07 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-0.5ML-Acq. Method 5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 3/10/2019 2:55:21 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 5/3/2019 5:50:12 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated
DAD1 B. Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:/DATALSLV\_SL-4-45V\_SL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38/072-1201.D) mAU 🗆 350 NH 300 Ме 250 25.028 365 ŝ 2.00 rac-3ae 150 100 50 0 17.5 22.5 25 27.5 35 37.5 20 30 32.5 mi Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* 1 25.028 BV 0.5388 7893.84473 215.79332 49.4747 2 27.365 VB 0.6179 8061.46973 191.99297 50.5253 Totals : 1.59553e4 407.78629

Instrument 2 5/3/2019 5:50:23 PM

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Figure S199. HPLC spectra of rac-3ae, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\062-1301.D Sample Name: LJ-150-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 13 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 62 Injection Date : 4/29/2019 12:26:10 AM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-0.5ML-Acq. Method 5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 3/10/2019 2:55:21 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 5/3/2019 5:51:46 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated
DAD1 B. Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:/DATAUSLULSL4-45USL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38/062-1301.D) mAU 🗆 1750 NH 1500 Me 1250 25.072 3ae 1000 750 500 250 ٥ 35 17.5 27.5 37.5 32.5 20 22.5 25 30 mir Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal Multiplier 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* 1 25.072 BB 0.5086 3.41880e4 1005.60474 100.0000 Totals : 3.41880e4 1005.60474

Instrument 2 5/3/2019 5:51:56 PM

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Figure S200. HPLC spectra of 3ae, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\064-0601.D Sample Name: LJ-162-2-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 64 Injection Date : 5/13/2019 8:44:23 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\VWD-AS(1-6)-99-1 Acq. Method -0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/12/2019 10:38:44 AM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 5/13/2019 9:39:08 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated VWD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ:162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55'064-0601.D) mAU 200 NH Me 150 1.394 12,985 F<sub>3</sub>C rac-3af 100 50 Û 20 7.5 10 12.5 15 17.5 22.5 2.5 5 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area ÷ - | -- -- -- | 1 11.394 BB 0.3691 2954.75879 121.35410 49.4600 2 12.985 BB 0.3738 3019.27490 122.38118 50.5400 Totals : 5974.03369 243.73528

Instrument 1 5/13/2019 9:39:13 PM

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Figure S201. HPLC spectra of rac-3af, related to Figure 4.
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\063-0501.D Sample Name: LJ-162-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 5 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 63 Injection Date : 5/13/2019 8:03:30 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\VWD-AS(1-6)-99-1 Acq. Method -0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/12/2019 10:38:44 AM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 5/13/2019 9:40:43 PM (modified after loading) \WD1 A Wavelength=254nm (D\DATAGUAN YUQING\LJ 162\LJ-162(\WD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55'063-0501.D) mAU  $\cap$ 800 NH Me 600 8<u>8</u>  $F_3C$ 3af 400 200 3.008 ٥ <u>10</u> 17.5 <u>20</u> 22.5 75 12.5 15 -----Area Percent Report Sorted By Signal : Multiplier 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* ----|-----|----|-----| ------1 11.486 BV 0.3762 1.30095e4 524.87543 98.0807 2 13.008 VB 0.4413 254.57536 8.31177 1.9193 Totals : 1.32641e4 533.18720 

Instrument 1 5/13/2019 9:40:49 PM

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Figure S202. HPLC spectra of 3af, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-150\LJ-150(151) 2019-04-28 17-43-31\083-0401.D Sample Name: LJ-151-3

Acq. Operator Acq. Instrument Injection Date	:				
Acq. Instrument Injection Date			Seq. Line :	4	
Injection Date	: Instrument I		Location : V:	ial 83	
log Method	: 4/28/2019 7:0	7:00 PM	Inj :	1	
log Method		I	Inj Volume : 5.	.000 µl	
leq. nealou	: D:\DATA\GUAN -0.6ML-5UL-25	YUQING\LJ-150\LJ-1 54NM-40MIN.M	150(151) 2019-0	04-28 17-43-	31\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1
last changed	: 4/28/2019 7:4	14:37 PM			
	(modified aft	er loading)			
Analysis Method	: D:\DATA\GUAN	YUQING\LJ-150\LJ-1	150(151) 2019-0	04-28 17-43-	31\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1
	-0.6ML-5UL-25	4NM-40MIN.M (Seque	ence Method)		
Last changed	: 5/3/2019 5:58	/:38 PM			
Additional Tuf.	(modified art	er loading)			
	avelength=254 nm (D:\DAT	AGUAN YUQINGVLJ-150VLJ-1	50(151) 2019-04-28 17-4	43-31\083-0401.D)	
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Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier	: S: : 1. : 1. & Dilution Facto	0000 0000 or with ISTDs			
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier Signal 1: VWDl	: S: : 1. : 1. & Dilution Facto A, Wavelength=2:	0000 0000 )r with ISTDs ;4 nm			
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier Signal 1: VWDl Peak RetTime Ty	: S: : 1. : 1. & Dilution Facto A, Wavelength=2: pe Width An	0000 0000 or with ISTDs ;4 nm :ea Height	Area		
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier Sigmal 1: VWDl Peak RetTime Ty # [min]	: S: : 1. : 1. & Dilution Facto A, Wavelength=25 pe Width An [min] [mAN	0000 00000 or with ISTDs ;4 nm :ea Height [*s] [mAU]	Area %		
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier Sigmal 1: VWD1 Peak RetTime Ty # [min]	: S: : 1. : 1. & Dilution Facto A, Wavelength=2: pe Width An [min] [mAU	0000 0000 )r with ISTDs ;4 nm ;ea Height [*s] [mAU] 	Area %1		
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Jse Multiplier Sigmal 1: VWD1 Peak RetTime Ty # [min]    1 29.794 BV	: S: : 1. : 1. & Dilution Factor A, Wavelength=2: pe Width An [min] [mAU 	0000 0000 )r with ISTDs ;4 nm ;ea Height [*s] [mAU] 	Area * 1 49.4599		
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier Sigmal 1: VWD1 Peak RetTime Ty # [min]    1 29.794 BV 2 32.657 VH	: S: : 1. : 1. 6 Dilution Factor A, Wavelength=2: pe Width An [min] [mAU 	0000 0000 )r with ISTDs ;4 nm :ea Height [*s] [mAU] 	Area * 49.4599 50.5401		
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier Sigmal 1: VWD1 Peak RetTime Ty # [min] 	: S: : 1. : 1. 6 Dilution Factor A, Wavelength=2: pe Width An [min] [mAU 	.0000 .0000 pr with ISTDs ;4 nm :ea Height [*s] [mAU] 	Area *   49.4599 50.5401		

Figure S203. HPLC spectra of *rac-3ag*, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-150\LJ-150(151) 2019-04-28 17-43-31\087-0701.D Sample Name: LJ-150-3

Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 7
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 87
Injection Date : 4/28/2019 9:09:34 PM Inj : 1
The Volume • 5 000 ml
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-150\LJ-150(151) 2019-04-28 17-43-31\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1 -0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M
Last changed : 4/28/2019 7:44:37 PM (modified after loading)
Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-150\LJ-150(151) 2019-04-28 17-43-31\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1 -0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M (Sequence Method)
Last changed : 5/3/2019 6:00:17 PM (modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated
W01 A Waveenth=254nm (D:DATAG UAN YUQINGU-150/LJ-150/LJ-12019-04-28 17-43-31/087-0701.D)
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Ö 3ag
60-
40 -
20 -
22 24 28 30 32 34 38 min
Area Percent, Renort
Cartad Press, Cignal
Solice By : Signal
Multiplier : 1.0000
Dilution : 1.0000
Use Multiplier « Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm
Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area
# [min] [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] %
1 32 086 BB 1 1885 5973 43457 73 23915 100 0000
1 021000 22 111000 0370140407 70120310 10010000
Totals: 5973.43457 73.23915

Instrument 2 5/3/2019 6:00:31 PM

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Figure S204. HPLC spectra of 3ag, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\084-0501.D Sample Name: LJ-2-26-7-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 5 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 84 Injection Date : 8/14/2019 12:19:21 AM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0. Acg. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 8/13/2019 10:44:25 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\VWD-AD(1-2)-80-20-1ML-3UL-210NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 8/14/2019 10:07:13 AM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated \WD1 A Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATAG UAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46'084-0501.D) mAU 250 NΗ 200 18.997 Me 24.353 150 rac-3ah 100 50 ٥ 15 17.5 30 12.5 20 22.5 25 27.5 32.5 mi Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] ÷ # [min] [mAU] ----|------|-----|------|------|------| 1 18.997 BB 0.3724 4454.71484 181.45822 50.2576 2 24.353 BV 0.4114 4409.04004 164.66374 49.7424 Totals : 8863.75488 346.12196

Instrument 1 8/14/2019 10:07:21 AM

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Figure S205. HPLC spectra of rac-3ah, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\083-0401.D Sample Name: LJ-2-26-7

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 83 Injection Date : 8/13/2019 11:43:31 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0. 5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 8/13/2019 10:44:25 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\VWD-AD(1-2)-80-20-1ML-3UL-210NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 8/14/2019 10:05:00 AM (modified after loading) W/D1\_A, Wavelength=254 nm (D\DATAG UAN YUQINGU 2-26U 2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46083-0401.D) mAU <sup>-</sup> 1000 NH 19 D73 800 Me 3ah 600 400 200 24.910 ٥ 20 30 15 17.5 22.5 25 27.5 10 12.5 32.5 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- - | 1 19.073 BB 0.4558 2.10885e4 719.88995 97.8563 2 24.910 BB 0.6432 461.96768 10.62533 2.1437 Totals : 2.15505e4 730.51528

Instrument 1 8/14/2019 10:05:04 AM

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Figure S206. HPLC spectra of 3ah, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-86-1\LSL-4-86-2 2019-06-29 09-08-43\093-3101.D Sample Name: LJ-2-1-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 31 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 93 Injection Date : 6/29/2019 9:16:35 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-86-1\LSL-4-86-2 2019-06-29 09-08-43\VWD-AD(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-220NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 6/29/2019 9:54:18 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\VWD-AS(1-6)-80-20-1.0ML-5UL-220NM-45MIN.M Last changed : 6/29/2019 10:12:37 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WWD1A, Wavdength=220nm (D:\DATALSL\SL486-1\SL-486-22019-06-2909-08-43093-3101.D) mAU 400 NH , SMALTS Station of the second s Ме 300 rac-3ai 2.00 100 ٥ 16 10 12 14 18 m Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* 1 8.750 MF 0.2815 5251.89600 310.98474 49.1124 2 9.373 FM 0.2955 5441.73340 306.92697 50.8876 Totals : 1.06936e4 617.91171

Instrument 1 6/29/2019 10:12:42 PM

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Figure S207. HPLC spectra of rac-3ai, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-86-1\LSL-4-86-2 2019-06-29 09-08-43\094-3501.D Sample Name: LJ-2-2-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 35 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 94 Injection Date : 6/29/2019 10:30:10 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-86-1\LSL-4-86-2 2019-06-29 09-08-43\VWD-AD(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-220NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 6/29/2019 10:39:27 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\VWD-AS(1-6)-80-20-1.0ML-5UL-220NM-45MIN.M Last changed : 6/29/2019 10:51:26 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WWD1A, Wavdength=220 nm (D:\DATALSL\SL486-1\SL-486-22019-06-2909-08-43094-3501.D) mAU <sup>–</sup> 600 NH 500 Me 739 400 3ai 300 200 100 394 Û 16 14 18 12 10 m Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Signal Multiplier 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] ÷ ----|------|-----|------|------|------| 1 8.739 BV 0.2663 7521.54541 433.75995 97.8275 2 9.394 VV 0.2780 167.03423 8.62418 2.1725 Totals : 7688.57964 442.38413

Instrument 1 6/29/2019 10:51:50 PM

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Figure S208. HPLC spectra of 3ai, related to Figure 4.



\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 84 Injection Date : 10/4/2019 4:49:52 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\VWD-0J(1-6)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-220NM-25MIN.M Last changed : 10/4/2019 2:55:51 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-OD(1-2)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-10MIN.M Last changed : 10/4/2019 7:02:46 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated W/D1 A, Wavdength=220 nm (D:\DATAGUAN YUQINGLJ:2-58LJ:2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34084-0601.D) mAU 40 NΗ 17.857 Ph 18,860 Me 30 rac-3aj 20 10 0 17 19 22 15 16 18 21 23 20 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- -- | 1 17.657 BB 0.3280 608.07892 28.37230 49.7003 2 18.860 BB 0.3465 615.41345 27.25274 50.2997 Totals : 1223.49237 55.62503

Instrument 1 10/4/2019 7:02:58 PM

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Figure S209. HPLC spectra of rac-3aj, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\083-0501.D Sample Name: LJ-2-58-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 5 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 83 Injection Date : 10/4/2019 4:24:02 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\VWD-0J(1-6)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-220NM-25MIN.M Last changed : 10/4/2019 2:55:51 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-OD(1-2)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-10MIN.M Last changed : 10/4/2019 7:04:34 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm (D:\DATAVG UAN YUQINGV\_J-2-58V\_J-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34083-0501.D) mAU 800 NH 18.726 Ph' Me 3aj 600 400 200 17.834 Û 19 22 17 21 23 15 16 18 20 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] ÷ -----| 1 17.634 BB 0.3316 67.67126 3.10049 0.4848 2 18.726 BB 0.3628 1.38897e4 587.63940 99.5152 Totals : 1.39574e4 590.73990

Instrument 1 10/4/2019 7:04:43 PM

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Figure S210. HPLC spectra of 3aj, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\074-1201.D Sample Name: LJ-157-7-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 12 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 74 Injection Date : 5/6/2019 3:51:09 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML Acq. Method -5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/8/2019 11:06:52 AM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML -5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 5/16/2019 9:35:29 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 B. Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:DATALLWDALWD5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49074-1201.D) mAU 🗆 350 300 Me 250 ОМе 22.085 *rac-*3ak 24.191 200 150 100 50 0 20 25 35 15 30 mi Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* 1 22.065 BV 0.7619 1.03696e4 192.05229 47.7532 2 24.191 VB 0.8610 1.13454e4 183.57259 52.2468 Totals : 2.17150e4 375.62488

Instrument 2 5/16/2019 9:37:33 PM

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Figure S211. HPLC spectra of rac-3ak, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\073-1101.D Sample Name: LJ-157-7

Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 11 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 73 Injection Date : 5/6/2019 3:10:06 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML Acq. Method -5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/8/2019 11:06:52 AM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML -5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 5/16/2019 9:35:29 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 B, Sig=254.4 Ref=off(D:DATALLWDALWD5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49073-1101.D)  $\cap$ mAU 🗆 350 300 Me 250 OMe 24.206 3ak 200 150 100 50 0 25 35 15 20 зΰ m Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] ÷ # [min] [mAU] 1 24.206 BB 0.8172 1.16287e4 196.28775 100.0000 Totals : 1.16287e4 196.28775

Instrument 2 5/16/2019 9:36:20 PM

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Figure S212. HPLC spectra of 3ak, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-55\LJ-2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\081-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-2-55-1



Instrument 1 10/2/2019 9:50:41 AM

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Figure S213. HPLC spectra of rac-3al, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-55\LJ-2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\083-0401.D Sample Name: LJ-2-56-1

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 83 Injection Date : 10/1/2019 10:41:00 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-55\LJ-2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-Acq. Method 1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 10/1/2019 10:33:36 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LGY\VWD-AS(1-6)-99-1-1ML-5UL-254NM-35MIN.M Last changed : 10/2/2019 9:52:43 AM (modified after loading) W/D1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ:2-55\LJ:2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\083-0401.D) mAU 500 MeO 400 230 Me 5 3al 300 200 100 577 D 20 25 15 зΰ 35 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By Signal : Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] ÷ - | -- -- -- | 1 21.230 BB 0.6171 1.52116e4 361.37299 99.2011 2 24.577 BB 0.6320 122.49827 2.78591 0.7989 Totals : 1.53341e4 364.15890

Instrument 1 10/2/2019 9:52:49 AM

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Figure S214. HPLC spectra of 3al, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\ZX\XZC-190410-1 2019-04-12 19-18-12\064-1101.D Sample Name: LJ-133-1 \_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 11 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 64 Injection Date : 4/13/2019 1:19:47 AM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\ZX\XZC-190410-1 2019-04-12 19-18-12\DAD-0J(1-6)-95-5-1ML-5UL-ALL-Acq. Method 60MIN.M Last changed : 7/6/2018 10:36:38 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:57:24 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:/DATA/ZXXZC-190410-1 2019-04-12 19-18-12/064-1101.D) mAU 600 Me 500 MeO 400 rac-3am 20.557 29.016 300 200 100 ٥ 25 35 30 45 zΰ 40 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] [mAU] ÷ - | -- -- -- | 1 20.557 BB 0.7647 1.77001e4 323.29202 50.1433 2 29.016 BB 0.9701 1.75989e4 247.34940 49.8567 Totals : 3.52990e4 570.64142

Instrument 2 4/14/2019 9:57:28 PM

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Figure S215. HPLC spectra of rac-3am, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\ZX\XZC-190410-1 2019-04-12 19-18-12\063-1001.D Sample Name: LJ-132-1 \_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 10 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 63 Injection Date : 4/13/2019 12:18:46 AM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\ZX\XZC-190410-1 2019-04-12 19-18-12\DAD-0J(1-6)-95-5-1ML-5UL-ALL-Acq. Method 60MIN.M Last changed : 7/6/2018 10:36:38 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:58:32 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off(D:/DATA/ZXXZC-190410-1 2019-04-12 19-18-12/063-1001.D) mAU 140 120 Me 100 29.529 MeO 3am 8D · 60 40 20 Û 30 35 25 45 15 20 40 10 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted Bv : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] % ----|-----|-----|------|------|------| 1 29.529 BB 1.1823 6790.98779 77.80267 100.0000 Totals : 6790.98779 77.80267 Page 1 of 1 Instrument 2 4/14/2019 9:58:37 PM

Figure S216. HPLC spectra of 3am, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\ZX\ZX-3-81\LSL-4-31-3 2019-04-13 13-34-06\062-0701.D Sample Name: LJ-133-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 7 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 62 Injection Date : 4/13/2019 5:51:17 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\ZX\ZX-3-81\LSL-4-31-3 2019-04-13 13-34-06\DAD-0J(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-Acq. Method 5UL-ALL-30MIN.M Last changed : 4/13/2019 3:13:40 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/14/2019 10:00:29 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off (D:/DATA/ZX/ZX-3-81\LSL-4-31-3 2019-04-13 13-34-06/062-0701.D) mAU 40 00 Me E 15.952 30.00 rac-3an 17.541 20.00 1000 ٥ 20 26 18 24 28 12 14 16 22 min -----Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area ÷ - | -- -- -- | 1 15.952 BV 0.4176 8.50486e4 2641.95483 48.8532 2 17.541 VB 0.4580 8.90417e4 2473.26196 51.1468 Totals : 1.74090e5 5115.21680

Instrument 2 4/14/2019 10:00:33 PM

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Figure S217. HPLC spectra of rac-3an, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\ZX\ZX-3-81\LSL-4-31-3 2019-04-13 13-34-06\061-0601.D Sample Name: LJ-132-2

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 61 Injection Date : 4/13/2019 5:20:17 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\ZX\ZX-3-81\LSL-4-31-3 2019-04-13 13-34-06\DAD-0J(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-Acq. Method 5UL-ALL-30MIN.M Last changed : 4/13/2019 3:13:40 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/14/2019 10:01:44 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off (D:/DATA/ZX/ZX-3-81\LSL-4-31-3 2019-04-13 13-34-06/061-0601.D) mAU 800 Me 600 17.978 3an 400 200 0 16 26 28 14 18 20 22 24 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] % ----|-----|-----|------|------|------| 1 17.978 BB 0.5250 1.86330e4 499.70447 100.0000 Totals : 1.86330e4 499.70447 

Instrument 2 4/14/2019 10:02:03 PM

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Figure S218. HPLC spectra of 3an, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\062-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-162-1-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 62 Injection Date : 5/13/2019 7:11:38 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1 Acq. Method -0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 5/13/2019 8:56:49 AM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 5/13/2019 9:42:11 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated VWD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ:162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55'062-0301.D) mAU 600 500 Me 400 F<sub>3</sub>C 15.817 rac-3ao 18.207 300 200 100 ٥ 25 35 10 20 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] [mAU] \* - | -- -- -- | 1 15.617 BB 0.4432 9690.17578 327.45148 49.9852 2 18.207 BB 0.5098 9695.92480 285.80896 50.0148 Totals : 1.93861e4 613.26044

Instrument 1 5/13/2019 9:42:18 PM

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Figure S219. HPLC spectra of rac-3ao, related to Figure 4.

Sample Name: LJ-162-1 \_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 61 Injection Date : 5/13/2019 6:30:45 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1 Acq. Method -0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 5/13/2019 8:56:49 AM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 5/13/2019 9:43:18 PM (modified after loading) \WD1 A Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATAGUAN YUQING\LJ 162\LJ-162(\WD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55'061-0201.D) mAU 800 700 Me 600 14.968 500 3ao 400 300 200 100 17.801 ٥ 10 20 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report Sorted By Signal : Multiplier 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* 1 14.968 BB 0.4240 1.36424e4 480.86911 96.6598 2 17.801 BB 0.5077 471.42413 13.93580 3.3402 Totals : 1.41138e4 494.80491 

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\061-0201.D

Instrument 1 5/13/2019 9:43:23 PM

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Figure S220. HPLC spectra of 3ao, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\062-1101.D Sample Name: LJ-150-5-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 11 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 62 Injection Date : 4/27/2019 3:24:38 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/8/2019 11:06:52 AM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 4/28/2019 6:43:34 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated
DAD1 A Sig=220,4 Ref=off(D:\DATALLWDLLWD-5-45-5~9UWD-5-45-5~9UD-04-27 10-58-26\062-1101.D) mAU 1000 Me 800 Me<sub>2</sub>N 19.090 rac-3ap 600 38 400 200 D 17.5 30 12.5 15 20 22.5 25 27.5 32.5 mi Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=220,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* 1 19.090 BV 0.7033 2.94362e4 576.84332 48.6728 2 21.261 VB 0.8915 3.10416e4 458.71768 51.3272 Totals : 6.04778e4 1035.56100

Instrument 2 4/28/2019 6:43:51 PM

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Figure S221. HPLC spectra of rac-3ap, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\061-1001.D Sample Name: LJ-150-5

Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 10 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 61 Injection Date : 4/27/2019 2:43:37 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-Acq. Method 0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M Last changed : 3/8/2019 11:06:52 AM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\DAD-0D(1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 4/28/2019 6:45:59 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated
DAD1 A Sig=220,4 Ref=off(D:\DATALLWDLLWD-5-45-5~9UWD-5-45-5~9UD-04-27 10-58-26\061-1001.D) mAU 100 Me 80 Me<sub>2</sub>N 19.462 3ap 60 40 20 ٥ 12.5 15 17.5 20 22.5 25 27.5 30 32.5 mir Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=220,4 Ref=off Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] \* # [min] [mAU] 1 19.462 BB 0.7553 3590.59058 56.51189 100.0000 Totals : 3590.59058 56.51189

Instrument 2 4/28/2019 6:46:18 PM

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Figure S222. HPLC spectra of 3ap, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\082-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-2-26-8-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 82 Injection Date : 8/13/2019 11:07:37 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0. 5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 8/13/2019 10:44:25 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\VWD-AD(1-2)-80-20-1ML-3UL-210NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 8/14/2019 10:10:16 AM (modified after loading) W/D1\_A, Wavelength=254 nm (D\DATAG UAN YUQINGUU 2-26UU 2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46082-0301.D) mAU 🗍 175 150 -16.673 Me 125 8 rac-3aq 100 75 50 25 Û 15 20 25 30 10 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area ÷ - | -- -- -- | 1 16.673 BB 0.3355 2905.79492 130.66414 50.0381 2 19.088 BB 0.3975 2901.36499 110.80025 49.9619 Totals : 5807.15991 241.46439

Instrument 1 8/14/2019 10:10:21 AM

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Figure S223. HPLC spectra of rac-3aq, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\081-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-2-26-8

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 81 Injection Date : 8/13/2019 10:31:48 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0. 5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 8/13/2019 10:44:25 PM (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\VWD-AD(1-2)-80-20-1ML-3UL-210NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 8/14/2019 10:13:25 AM (modified after loading) W/D1\_A, Wavelength=254 nm (D\DATAG UAN YUQINGU J 2-26U J 2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46081-0201.D) mAU 1200 1000 18.685 Me 800 3aq 600 400 200 16.608 Û 20 15 25 10 30 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] ÷ ...... 1 16.608 BB 0.3357 430.80255 19.50537 1.8249 2 18.685 BB 0.4228 2.31767e4 822.39478 98.1751 Totals : 2.36075e4 841.90014

Instrument 1 8/14/2019 10:13:29 AM

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Figure S224. HPLC spectra of 3aq, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-34\LJ-2-34 2019-08-22 19-27-53\093-0401.D Sample Name: LJ-2-34-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 93 Injection Date : 8/22/2019 8:06:29 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-34\LJ-2-34 2019-08-22 19-27-53\VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-20MIN.M Last changed : 8/22/2019 7:29:22 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-20MIN.M Last changed : 8/22/2019 8:24:04 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATAVG UAN YUQING\LJ 2-34\LJ 2-34 2019-08-22 19-27-53 093-0401.D) mAU 600 500 8,683 9.518 400 Cv Me rac-3ar 300 200 100 ٥ 14 16 18 10 12 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted Bv : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- - | 1 8.683 VV 0.2682 7229.00488 410.94553 49.3700 2 9.518 VV 0.2810 7413.50635 400.48196 50.6300 Totals : 1.46425e4 811.42749

Instrument 1 8/22/2019 8:26:59 PM

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Figure S225. HPLC spectra of rac-3ar, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-34\LJ-2-34 2019-08-22 19-27-53\092-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-2-34

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 92 Injection Date : 8/22/2019 7:45:39 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-34\LJ-2-34 2019-08-22 19-27-53\VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-20MIN.M Last changed : 8/22/2019 7:29:22 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-20MIN.M Last changed : 8/22/2019 8:24:04 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATAVG UAN YUQING\LJ 2-34\LJ 2-34 2019-08-22 19-27-53/092-0301.D) mAU 600 500 9.510 400 Me Cv 3ar 300 200 100 753 ٥ 14 16 18 12 10 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] ÷ # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] ----|-----|----|-----|------|-- | -- -- -- | \_\_\_\_\_ 1 8.753 VV 0.2816 161.11761 8.63663 2.1291 2 9.510 VB 0.2766 7406.44824 408.39880 97.8709 Totals : 7567.56586 417.03543

Instrument 1 8/22/2019 8:24:12 PM

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Figure S226. HPLC spectra of 3ar, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\086-1001.D Sample Name: LJ-2-58-3-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 10 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 86 Injection Date : 10/4/2019 6:18:32 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\VWD-0D(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-30MIN.M Last changed : 10/4/2019 3:08:34 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-OD(1-2)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-10MIN.M Last changed : 10/4/2019 7:06:32 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATAVGUAN YUQINGV\_J-2-58V\_J-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34086-1001.D) mAU 300 250 200 19.209 Ph Me .654 rac-3as 150 100 50 ۵ 22 18 20 14 16 24 26 28 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- -- | 1 19.209 BV 0.5768 6710.61328 171.37782 49.2813 2 21.654 VB 0.7120 6906.34668 143.11708 50.7187 Totals : 1.36170e4 314.49490

Instrument 1 10/4/2019 7:06:41 PM

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Figure S227. HPLC spectra of rac-3as, related to Figure 4.



\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 9 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 85 Injection Date : 10/4/2019 5:47:42 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\VWD-0D(1-2)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-30MIN.M Last changed : 10/4/2019 3:08:34 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-OD(1-2)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-10MIN.M Last changed : 10/4/2019 7:07:41 PM (modified after loading) VW D1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATA\G UAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\085-0901.D) mAU 400 300 19.367 Ph Me 3as 200 100 ٥ 16 18 20 -----Area Percent Report Sorted By : Signal Multiplier 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area \* [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] # [min] 1 19.367 BB 0.5810 1.04212e4 264.28088 100.0000 Totals : 1.04212e4 264.28088 \_\_\_\_\_ \*\*\* End of Report \*\*\* Page 1 of 1 Instrument 1 10/4/2019 7:07:57 PM

Figure S228. HPLC spectra of 3as, related to Figure 4.





Instrument 1 10/4/2019 6:56:39 PM

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Figure S229. HPLC spectra of rac-3at, related to Figure 4.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\081-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-2-58-1

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 81 Injection Date : 10/4/2019 3:32:18 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\VWD-0J(1-6)-95-5-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-220NM-25MIN.M Last changed : 10/4/2019 2:55:51 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIA0\VWD-OD(1-2)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-10MIN.M Last changed : 10/4/2019 7:00:56 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm (D:\DATAVG UAN YUQINGV\_J-2-58V\_J-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34081-0301.D) mAU <sup>–</sup> 300 Ph' 250 Me 3at 14.335 2.00 150 100 50 · ٥ 14 16 10 12 18 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] % ----|-----|-----|------|------|------| 1 14.335 BB 0.3155 3957.84790 188.12329 100.0000 Totals : 3957.84790 188.12329 Page 1 of 1

Instrument 1 10/4/2019 7:01:03 PM

Figure S230. HPLC spectra of 3at, related to Figure 4.





Instrument 2 8/19/2019 9:39:59 AM

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Figure S231. HPLC spectra of rac-3au, related to Figure 4.





Instrument 2 8/19/2019 9:42:01 AM

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Figure S232. HPLC spectra of 3au, related to Figure 4.

Sample Name: LJ-2-4-RAC \_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 17 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 82 Injection Date : 6/28/2019 8:27:36 AM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LG\201906\NAPH-VWD 2019-06-27 17-37-50\VWD-AS(1-6)-85-15-1ML-5UL-Acq. Method 254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 6/27/2019 10:00:11 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\VWD-AS(1-6)-80-20-1.5ML-5UL-210NM-90MIN.M Last changed : 6/28/2019 6:28:42 PM (modified after loading) VWD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATALG \201906\NAPH-\WVD 2019-06-27 17-37-50\082-1701.D) OH. mAU ] Bz、 50 Ph Me 40 19,966 rac-Bz-3av 30 24.691 20 10 0 - 10 20 25 30 35 10 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report Sorted By : Signal Multiplier 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* 1 19.966 BB 1.0252 2377.83325 2 24.691 BB 1.4179 2365.83643 34.84079 50.1265 25.18684 49.8735 Totals : 4743.66968 60.02764 Page 1 of 1 Instrument 1 6/28/2019 6:28:48 PM

Figure S233. HPLC spectra of rac-Bz-3av, related to Figure 5.

Data File D:\DATA\LG\201906\NAPH-VWD 2019-06-27 17-37-50\082-1701.D

Data File D:\DATA\LG\201906\NAPH-VWD 2019-06-27 17-37-50\081-1601.D Sample Name: LJ-2-4 \_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 16 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 81 Injection Date : 6/28/2019 7:46:47 AM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LG\201906\NAPH-VWD 2019-06-27 17-37-50\VWD-AS(1-6)-85-15-1ML-5UL-Acq. Method 254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 6/27/2019 10:00:11 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\VWD-AS(1-6)-80-20-1.5ML-5UL-210NM-90MIN.M Last changed : 6/28/2019 6:30:24 PM (modified after loading) VWD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATALG \201906\NAPH-\WVD 2019-06-27 17-37-50\081-1601.D) mAU OH. 250 Bz 200 Ρh Bz-3av 19.976 150 100 50 D <u>10</u> 15 20 25 30 35 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report Sorted By : Signal Multiplier 1.0000 : Dilution : 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* ----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----| 1 19.976 BB 1.0613 9551.57227 138.37770 100.0000 Totals : 9551.57227 138.37770 \_\_\_\_\_ \*\*\* End of Report \*\*\* Page 1 of 1 Instrument 1 6/28/2019 6:30:32 PM

Figure S234. HPLC spectra of Bz-3av, related to Figure 5.





Instrument 2 7/19/2019 8:11:40 PM

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Figure S235. HPLC spectra of rac-Bz-3aw, related to Figure 5.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-16\LJ-2-16 2019-07-16 20-59-13\001-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-2-16

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 1 Injection Date : 7/16/2019 9:15:17 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-16\LJ-2-16 2019-07-16 20-59-13\VWD-AD(1-2)-85-15-Acq. Method 1ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M Last changed : 4/17/2019 5:00:46 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LSL\DAD-OD(1-2)-97-3-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M Last changed : 7/19/2019 8:13:02 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated WD1 A, Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATAVGUAN YUQINGV\_J-2-16V\_J-2-16 2019-07-16 20-59-13/001-0201.D) mAU Βz Ph. 300 Βz 250 602 Ph Me 2 Bz-3aw 200 150 100 50 24.391 ۵ 35 17.5 20 22.5 25 275 30 32.5 37.5 min \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* - | -- -- -- | 1 24.391 BB 0.8115 127.46741 2.11982 1.0228 2 27.602 BB 0.9399 1.23356e4 199.90909 98.9772 Totals : 1.24631e4 202.02891

Instrument 2 7/19/2019 8:13:07 PM

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Figure S236. HPLC spectra of Bz-3aw, related to Figure 5.

Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-DIWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\081-1401.D Sample Name: LJ-137-6-RAC

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 14 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 81 Injection Date : 4/16/2019 8:39:31 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-DIWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0. Acg. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 4:38:17 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-DIWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0. 5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 4/17/2019 8:04:38 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated \WD1 A Wavdength=254nm (D:\DATALWD1 Y 2.1.DWULY 2.1DWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34081-1401.D) mAU <sup>-</sup> HC 40 ΗN Ph 30 Me rac-3ax 102 April 120085 Solo Alexandre 20 10 ٥ 27.5 30 37.5 42.5 45 47.5 32.5 35 40 min Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] \* ----|------|-----|------|------|------| 1 32.701 MF 2.4469 2520.65356 17.16935 50.3716 2 37.205 FM 2.8903 2483.46680 14.32087 49.6284 Totals : 5004.12036 31.49022

Instrument 2 4/17/2019 8:04:46 PM

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Figure S237. HPLC spectra of rac-3ax, related to Figure 5.
Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-DIWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\082-1501.D Sample Name: LJ-137-6

Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 15 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 82 Injection Date : 4/16/2019 9:40:22 PM Inj: 1 Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-DIWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0. Acq. Method 5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 4/16/2019 4:38:17 PM Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-DIWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\VWD-AD(1-2)-99-1-0. 5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M (Sequence Method) Last changed : 4/17/2019 8:07:01 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated \WD1 A Wavelength=254nm (D:\DATALWD1\_Y-2-1-DWU1\_Y-2-1DWU12019-04-16 15-39-34082-1501.D) mAU 🗆 350 HO HN 300 Ph Me 250 3ax 88 200 150 100 50 185 s 0 30 45 27.5 32.5 35 37.5 40 42.5 47.5 mi Area Percent Report -----Sorted By : Signal 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area [min] [mAU\*s] # [min] [mAU] \* 1 31.888 BB 1.2270 1.51677e4 175.21049 98.5994 2 37.185 BB 1.4597 215.46088 1.73517 1.4006 Totals : 1.53832e4 176.94567

Instrument 2 4/17/2019 8:07:09 PM

Figure S238. HPLC spectra of 3ax, related to Figure 5.

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Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\093-1801.D Sample Name: LJ-148-4-RAC

Acq. Operator :	Seq. Line : 18
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2	Location : Vial 93
Injection Date : 4/29/2019 4:26:23 AM	Inj: 1
-	Inj Volume : 5.000 µl
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 SUL-ALL-45MIN.M	2019-04-28 17-54-38\DAD-0D(1-2)-80-20-0.5ML-
Last changed : 4/28/2019 10:10:52 PM	
Analysis Method : D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 SUL-ALL-45MIN.M (Sequence Meth	2019-04-28 17-54-38\DAD-0D(1-2)-80-20-0.5ML-
Last changed : 5/3/2019 5:44:15 PM	,
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Area Percent Report           Sorted By         :         Signal           Multiplier         :         1.0000           Dilution         :         1.0000           Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs           Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254,4 Ref=off           Peak RetTime Type Width         Area           # [min]         [min]         [mAU]	Area * 1 49.8858
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Area Percent Report           Sorted By         :         Signal           Multiplier         :         1.0000           Dilution         :         1.0000           Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs           Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off           Peak RetTime Type Width         Area           # [min]         [min]           1         24.760 BB         0.7097           2         28.836 BB         0.8000         2.02563e4	Area % 1 49.8858 50.1142
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Instrument 2 5/3/2019 5:44:27 PM

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Figure S239. HPLC spectra of *rac*-3ay, related to Figure 5.

Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\092-1701.D Sample Name: LJ-148-4

Acq. Operator :	Seq. Line : 17	
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2	Location : Via	1 92
Injection Date : 4/29/2019 3:4	.0:21 AM Inj: 1	
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\LSL\L	Inj Volume : 5.00 SL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54	00 μl -38\DAD-OD(1-2)-80-20-0.5ML-
305-A55-43MIN Lest changed • 4/28/2019 10.	.n 10.52 DM	
Applyeig Method · D·\DATA\LSL\L	SL_4_45\LSL_4_45 2019_04_28 17_54	-38\DAD-0D(1-2)-80-20-0 5ML-
SUL-ALL-45MTN	.M (Sequence Method)	-30(DAD OD (1 2) 00 20 0.311
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1 24.745 MM 0.7688 1.204 2 28.885 MM 0.7354 544.		

Instrument 2 5/3/2019 5:46:40 PM

Figure S240. HPLC spectra of 3ay, related to Figure 5.

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Instrument 1 5/31/2019 8:42:31 PM

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Figure S241. HPLC spectra of rac-3az, related to Figure 5.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-141\LJ-141 2019-05-05 15-18-34\061-0301.D Sample Name: LJ-141-2

Acg. Operator : Seg. Line : 3	
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Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-141\LJ-141 2019-05-05 15-18-34\VWD-AS(1-6)-9 5ML-5UL-254NM-80MIN.M	99-1-0.
Last changed : 5/5/2019 3:41:41 PM (modified after loading)	
Analysis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-141\LJ-141 2019-05-05 15-18-34\VWD-AS(1-6)-9	99-1-0.
Last changed : 5/6/2019 10:41:26 AM (modified after loading)	
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Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm	
Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area	
# [min] [mAU*s] [mAU] %	
1 76.368 BB 4.3045 2.42250e4 66.24274 0.0 0000	
1 101000 22 110000 21 120000 001212/1 1001000	
Totals: 2.42250e4 66.24274	

Instrument 2 5/6/2019 10:41:37 AM

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Figure S242. HPLC spectra of 3az, related to Figure 5.



\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 82 Injection Date : 5/31/2019 12:55:10 PM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-148-7\LJ-148-7-AS 2019-05-31 11-42-32\VWD-AS(1-6)-90 Acq. Method -10-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 5/30/2019 9:54:14 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\YANG JIAXIN\VWD-IA-(1-2)-85-15-1.0ML-5UL-210NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 5/31/2019 8:06:48 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATA\G UAN YUQING\LJ:148-7\LJ-148-7-AS 2019-05-31 11-42-32'082-0301.D)  $NH_2$ mAU 250 200 NН 863 Ph Ме 28.818 150 8 rac-3ba 100 50 Û 30 35 15 20 25 40 45 \_\_\_\_\_ Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Sional Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area \* - | -- -- -- | 1 25.863 BV 1.3984 1.34952e4 145.05293 47.2055 2 28.818 VB 1.5954 1.50930e4 137.95860 52.7945 Totals : 2.85882e4 283.01154

Instrument 1 5/31/2019 8:06:56 PM

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Figure S243. HPLC spectra of rac-3ba, related to Figure 5.

Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-148-7\LJ-148-7-AS 2019-05-31 11-42-32\081-0201.D Sample Name: LJ-148-7

\_\_\_\_\_ Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2 Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 81 Injection Date : 5/31/2019 11:54:19 AM Inj: l Inj Volume : 5.000 µl : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-148-7\LJ-148-7-AS 2019-05-31 11-42-32\VWD-AS(1-6)-90 Acq. Method -10-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 5/30/2019 9:54:14 PM Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\YANG JIAXIN\VWD-IA-(1-2)-85-15-1.0ML-5UL-210NM-60MIN.M Last changed : 5/31/2019 8:09:16 PM (modified after loading) Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (D:\DATA\G UAN YUQING\LJ:148-7\LJ-148-7-AS 2019-05-31 11-42-32\081-0201.D)  $NH_2$ mAU <sup>–</sup> 300 250 NΗ 25.781 200 Ph Me 3ba 150 100 50 ۵ 25 35 45 20 30 40 min -----Area Percent Report ------Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 : 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area Area # [min] [min] [mAU\*s] [mAU] % ----|-----|-----|------|------|------| 1 25.781 BB 1.4723 1.84618e4 184.20869 100.0000 Totals : 1.84618e4 184.20869 

Instrument 1 5/31/2019 8:09:22 PM

Page 1 of 1

Figure S244. HPLC spectra of 3ba, related to Figure 5.

# **Transparent Methods**

#### **General Information**

Unless otherwise noted, all reagents and solvents were purchased from commercial suppliers (Energy Chemical, Adamas-beta®, J&K and so on) and used without further purification. All reactions were performed under a dry argon atmosphere fitted on a glass tube or vial unless otherwise specified. All new compounds were characterized by <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR, <sup>19</sup>F NMR and HRMS. The known compounds were characterized by <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR. <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C and <sup>19</sup>F NMR data were recorded with Bruker 400 MHz with TMS as the internal standard. Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, dd = doublet of doublet, dt = doublet of triplet, m = multiplet, br = broad), coupling constants and integration. All chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) were reported in ppm and coupling constants (J) in Hz. All chemical shifts were reported relative to TMS (0.00 ppm) for <sup>1</sup>H NMR, CDCl<sub>3</sub> (77.00 ppm) for <sup>13</sup>C NMR, respectively. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were measured with a Waters Micromass GCT instrument. GC-MS spectra were recorded on a Varian GC-MS 3900 - 2100 T. GC analysis was performed on an Agilent 7890B gas chromatograph with an FID detector using a J & W DB-1 column (10 m, 0.1 mm I.D.). Optical rotation was determined using a Perkin Elmer 343 polarimeter. HPLC analysis was conducted on an Agilent 1260 Series instrument. Column Chromatography was performed with silica gel Merck 60 (300-400 mesh). Purification of the product amine were performed on deactivated silica gel. The deactivated silica gel was prepared by washing the silica gel with petroleum ether/triethylamine (20:1 v/v) prior to purification.

#### General Procedures for the Synthesis of Conjugated Dienes

Dienes **1a-1i** were prepared from commercially available cinnamic acids or cinnamaldehydes, the following scheme shows general procedures (Preuβ et al, 2013; Sardini & Brown, 2017):





**Step A**: A mixture of aldehyde (125 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and malonic acid (28.7 g, 275 mmol, 2.2 equiv) was suspended in 65 mL pyridine. Piperidine (2.0 mL) was added and the mixture was

heated to 100 °C until no more gas formation was observed through a gas-washing bottle. The reaction mixture was then poured into ice-cold aqueous HCI solution (2 M, 500 mL) under continuous stirring. The pH-value was checked and adjusted with additional aqueous HCI solution to be strong acidic. The resulting suspension was filtered and the solid cinnamic acid was washed with aqueous HCI (2 M) until no basic reaction of the filtrate was observed. The cinnamic acid was obtained as a white solid which was dried under reduced pressure.

**Step B**: The cinnamic acid (50 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was suspended in 100 mL MeOH (2 mL *per* mmol acid) and SOCl<sub>2</sub> (5.4 mL, 75 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was heated to 65 °C for 2 h. Subsequently, the MeOH was removed under reduced pressure and the resulting solid was dissolved in dry *n*-hexane under an atmosphere of N<sub>2</sub>. The solution was cooled to -50 °C and a solution of DIBAL-H in *n*-hexane (1 M, 100 mL, 100 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added slowly. After complete addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for 2.5 h at -50 °C. Then 10 mL MeOH and 50 mL aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution were added slowly and the mixture was allowed to reach room temperature. The resulting slurry was carefully acidified with aqueous HCI (1 M) until all solid was dissolved. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with *n*-hexane (3×100 mL). The combined organic layers were dried with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and the solvents were removed under reduced pressure.

**Step C**: The resulting crude allylic alcohol was dissolved in 400 mL *n*-hexane. Then manganese dioxide (65.2 g, 750 mmol, 20.0 equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred under an atmosphere of N<sub>2</sub>. The progress of the reaction was monitored by thin layer chromatography and after complete conversion, the reaction mixture was filtered through silica gel. The solid residue was washed with EtOAc and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Finally, the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to give the corresponding cinnamaldehyde.

**Step D**: To a flame-dried round bottom flask was added phosphonium (1.25 equiv) and KO*t*-Bu (1.3 equiv). The flask was evacuated and backfilled with N<sub>2</sub> three times. THF (0.25 M) was then added via syringe. The solution was allowed to stir at ambient temperature for 30 min before adding aldehyde (1.0 equiv) dropwise over 10 minutes. The reaction was then allowed to stir at room temperature for 12 h. The reaction was then quenched with 100 mL saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution, and the aqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether (3×100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (1×100 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and gravity filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the crude product was purified via silica gel column chromatography to give the desired diene.

(E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (1a) (Preuβ et al, 2013): colorless liquid, 88% yield, step D. <sup>1</sup>H
 NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.42-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.82-6.75 (m, 1H), 6.58-6.46 (m, 2H), 5.36-5.31 (m, 1H), 5.19-5.16

(m, 1H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 137.2, 137.1, 132.8, 129.6, 128.6, 127.6, 126.4, 117.6 ppm.

(*E*)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-2-methoxybenzene (1b) (Davenport & Fernandez, 2018): colorless liquid, 80% yield, step D. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.47 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 1H), 6.94-6.77 (m, 4H), 6.54 (dt, *J* = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 5.33-5.28 (m, 1H), 5.15-5.12 (m, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR

 $(100 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCI}_3) \, \delta \, 156.7, \, 137.9, \, 130.2, \, 128.6, \, 127.6, \, 126.4, \, 126.0, \, 120.6, \, 117.0, \, 110.8, \, 55.4 \, \text{ppm}.$ 

(E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-3-methoxybenzene (1c) (Preuß et al, 2013): colorless solid, 41%



yield, steps **A-D**. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.01-6.99 (m, 1H), 6.94 (dd, *J* = 2.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.81-6.74 (m, 2H), 6.56-6.45 (m, 2H), 5.36-5.31 (m, 1H), 5.19-5.16 (m, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  159.8, 138.6, 137.1, 132.7, 129.9, 129.5, 119.2,

117.8, 113.4, 111.6, 55.19 ppm.

(E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-methoxybenzene (1d) (Preuß et al, 2013): colorless solid, 85%



yield, step **D**. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36-7.33 (m, 2H), 6.88-6.84 (m, 2H), 6.70-6.64 (m, 1H), 6.53-6.44 (m, 2H), 5.28 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 159.2, 137.3, 132.4, 129.9, 127.6, 116.5, 114.0, 55.3 ppm.

(E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzene (1e) (Hu et al, 2018): colorless liquid, 90% yield, step D. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.37-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.03-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.73-6.66 (m, 1H), 6.53-6.43 (m, 2H), 5.32 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 162.3 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H)

J = 247.2 Hz), 136.9, 133.2 (d, J = 3.4 Hz), 131.5, 129.3 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 127.9 (d, J = 8.0 Hz), 117.7, 115.5 (d, J = 21.7 Hz) ppm; <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -114.18 ppm.

(E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene (1f) (Adamson & Malcolmson, 2017):



colorless liquid, 28% overall yield, steps **B-D**. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.57-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.47 (m, 2H), 6.85 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 6.59-6.47 (m, 2H), 5.43-5.38 (m, 1H), 5.28-5.25 (m,

1H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  140.5 (q, *J* = 1.4 Hz), 136.6, 131.9, 131.2, 129.2 (q, *J* = 32.4 Hz), 126.5, 125.5 (q, *J* = 3.9 Hz), 124.2 (q, *J* = 271.5 Hz), 119.4 ppm; <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -62.40 ppm.

(E)-4-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-N,N-dimethylaniline (1g) (Davenport & Fernandez, 2018): yellow



solid, 37% yield, step **D**. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.31-7.29 (m, 2H), 6.69-6.67 (m, 2H), 6.63 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 6.53-6.44 (m, 2H), 5.25-5.20 (m, 1H), 5.04 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (s, 6H)

ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 150.0, 137.8, 133.1, 127.5, 125.6, 115.0, 112.4, 40.5 ppm.

(*E*)-2-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)furan (1h) (Preu $\beta$  et al, 2013): slight yellow liquid, 75% yield, step **D**. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.73-6.67 (m, 1H), 6.48-6.41 (m, 1H), 6.39-6.34 (m, 2H), 6.27 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 5.35-5.30

(m, 1H), 5.17-5.14 (m, 1H) ppm;  $^{13}\textbf{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  152.9,

142.2, 136.7, 128.2, 120.4, 117.8, 111.6, 108.5 ppm.

(E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylcyclohexane (1i) (Preuβ et al, 2013): colorless liquid, 32% overall yield, steps A-D. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 6.35-6.25 (m, 1H), 6.05-5.98 (m, 1H), 5.66 (dd, J = 15.3, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.12-5.07 (m, 1H), 4.97-4.94 (m, 1H), 2.04-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.70 (m, 4H), 1.67-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.33-1.03 (m, 5H)

ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 141.3, 137.6, 128.3, 114.7, 40.6, 32.7, 26.1, 26.0 ppm.

Scheme S2 (related to Figure 4):



Synthesis of (*E*)-hexa-3,5-dien-1-ylbenzene (1j) (Adamson & Malcolmson, 2017): To a solution of diethyl allylphosphonate (4.28 g, 24 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in anhydrous THF (45 mL) was added dropwise *n*BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 9.6 mL, 24 mmol, 1.2 equiv) at -78 °C. After stirring for 45 min, a solution of phenylpropyl aldehyde (2.6 mL, 20 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in DMPU (2.4 mL, 20 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added dropwise via cannula. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at -78 °C, and then allowed to warm to room temperature. Stirring was continued overnight at room temperature before quenching with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution. The mixture was extracted with diethyl ether (3x45 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine (100 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated to afford the crude product. Purification by flash chromatography (PE as eluent) gave the desired diene **1j** (1.23 g, 39% yield) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.30-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.17 (m, 3H), 6.35-6.26 (m, 1H), 6.12-6.05 (m, 1H), 5.78-5.71 (m, 1H), 5.12-5.07 (m, 1H), 4.99-4.96 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.44-2.38 (m, 2H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  141.7, 137.1, 134.2, 131.4, 128.4, 128.3, 125.8, 115.2, 35.6, 34.4 ppm.

# **Reaction Optimization**

A reaction vial was charged with Ni(COD)<sub>2</sub> (2.8 mg, 0.01 mmol, 0.05 equiv vs amine), ligand (0.01 mmol, 0.05 equiv vs amine), morpholine (17  $\mu$ L, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1phenylbutadiene (40  $\mu$ L, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), and 1.0 mL of solvent (toluene, THF, MTBE, EA, *n*-hexane, *i*-PrOH, CH<sub>3</sub>CN or PhCN) in an argon-filled glovebox, then acid (0.00-0.20 equiv vs amine) was added. The reaction vessel was sealed using a PTFE septum and removed from the glovebox, and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 24 h. Yields were determined by gas chromatogram analysis, using naphthalene as the internal standard. The ee values were determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase.

 Table S1. Solvent screening for the Ni-catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination of 1a, related to

 Figure 2.<sup>[a]</sup>

Ph + 1a	O         Ni(COD)₂ (5 mol)           Ni(COD)₂         Ni(COD)₂           (S,S)-BDPP (5 mol)         TsOH·H₂O (5 mol)           TsOH·H₂O         5 mol)           Solvent, 25 °C, 2         2a	$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array}\\ \end{array}\\ \end{array}\\ \end{array}\\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array}\\ \end{array}\\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array}\\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array}\\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array}\\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array}\\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} $	Ph <sub>2</sub> P (S,S)-BDPP
Entry	Solvent	Yield [%] <sup>[b]</sup>	ee [%] <sup>[c]</sup>
1	<i>i</i> -PrOH	trace	ND <sup>[d]</sup>
2	PhMe	90	23
3	THF	42	9
4	MTBE	trace	ND
5	EtOAc	trace	ND
6	CH₃CN	trace	ND
7	PhCN	53	14
8	<i>n</i> -hexane	NP <sup>[e]</sup>	ND

[a] Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with 0.10 mmol amine, 0.15 mmol diene, 5.0 mol % Ni(COD)<sub>2</sub>, 5.0 mol % (*S*,*S*)-BDPP, 5.0 mol % TsOH·H<sub>2</sub>O in 1 mL solvent at 25 °C for 24 h. [b] Yield was determined by gas chromatogram analysis, using naphthalene as the internal standard. [c] Determined by HPLC analysis using a chiral stationary phase. [d] Not determined. [e] No product.

 Table S2. Ligand screening for Ni-catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination of 1a, related to

 Figure 2.<sup>[a]</sup>

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Ph 1a	+ () N H 2a	Ni(COD)₂ (5 mol %) Ligand (5 mol %) TsOH·H₂O (5 mol %) toluene, 25 °C, 24 h	Ph 3a Me
Entry	Ligand	Yield [%] <sup>[b]</sup>	ee [%] <sup>[c]</sup>
1	L1	65	30
2	L2	42	21

3	L3	trace	ND <sup>[d]</sup>
4	L4	trace	ND
5	L5	24	12
6	L6	90	23
7	L7	86	84
8	L8	30	98
9 <sup>[e]</sup>	L8	69 <sup>[f]</sup>	98

[a] Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with 0.10 mmol amine, 0.15 mmol diene, 5.0 mol % Ni(COD)<sub>2</sub>, 5.0 mol % ligand, 5.0 mol % TsOH·H<sub>2</sub>O in 1 mL toluene at 25 °C for 24 h. [b] Yield was determined by gas chromatogram analysis, using naphthalene as the internal standard. [c] Determined by HPLC analysis using a chiral stationary phase.
[d] Not determined. [e] The catalyst was stirred at room temperature one hour in advance. [f] Isolated yield.



Table S3.	Acid additives	screening for	or Ni-catalyzed	asymmetric	hydroamination	of <b>1a</b> ,	related
to Fiaure	<b>2</b> . <sup>[a]</sup>						

Ph 1	≈∕~ + a	O         Ni(COD) <sub>2</sub> /L8 (5 mol %)           Acid (5 mol %)         Acid (5 mol %)           toluene         25 °C, 24 h           2a         2a	Ph Me
Entry	Acid	Yield[%] <sup>[b]</sup>	ee[%] <sup>[c]</sup>
1	A1	86	86
2	A2	86	98
3	A3	98	98
4	A4	<b>94</b> <sup>[d]</sup>	96

5	A5	85	95
6	A6	89	96
7	A7	72	90
8	<b>A</b> 8	83	93
<b>9</b> [e]	A3	99	98
10 <sup>[e]</sup>	A4	99	96

[a] Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with 0.20 mmol diene, 0.40 mmol amine, 5.0 mol %  $Ni(COD)_2/(S,S)$ -Me-DuPhos, 5.0 mol % acid in 1 mL toluene at 25 °C for 24 h; The catalyst was stirred at room temperature one hour in advance. [b] Yield was determined by gas chromatogram analysis, using naphthalene as the internal standard. [c] Determined by HPLC analysis using a chiral stationary phase. [d] Isolated yield. [e] With 0.30 mmol amine.



General Procedure for Ni-catalyzed Asymmetric Hydroamination of Conjugated Dienes



catalyst solution



before reaction

after reaction

Scheme S3 (related to Figure 3, Figure 4 and Figure 5):



A stock solution was made by mixing Ni(COD)<sub>2</sub> with **L8** in a 1:1 molar ratio in toluene (0.01 M) at room temperature for 1 h in a argon-filled glovebox. An aliquot of the catalyst solution (1.0 mL, 0.01 mmol) was transferred by syringe into the vials charged with different 1,3-dienes (0.2 mmol for each) and amines (0.3 mmol for each), and then 0.01 mmol **A4** was added. The reaction vessel was sealed using a PTFE septum and removed from the glovebox, and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 12-48 h. The product was purified by column chromatography on deactivated silica gel using PE/EtOAc. The ee values of all compounds **3** were determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase.

(*S,E*)-4-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3a): with A3, 12 h, obtained pale yellow oil 43.4 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 98% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -72.0$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 90:10, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 11.4 min (minor), 14.4 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 

7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.47 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 4H), 3.05-2.99 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.52 (m, 4H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  136.8, 132.0, 131.2, 128.6, 127.5, 126.2, 67.2, 63.1, 50.8, 17.8 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NNaO = 240.1359, found: 240.1359.

(S,E)-N-butyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3b): with A4, 24 h, obtained colorless oil 37.7 mg;



Isolated yield: 93%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -60.3 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.6 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 9.2 min (major), 9.7 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.39-

7.36 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.39-3.32 (m, 1H), 2.67-2.53 (m, 2H), 1.52-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.29 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.1, 134.4, 129.7, 128.5, 127.2, 126.2, 56.4, 47.3, 32.4, 22.0, 20.5, 14.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NNa = 226.1566, found: 226.1565.

# (S,E)-N-phenethyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3c): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil

50.3 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 92% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -76.8$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.6 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 13.9 min (major), 15.0 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.37-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.26 (m, 4H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 4H), 6.44 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dd, *J* = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.41-3.34 (m, 1H), 2.96-2.79 (m, 4H), 1.23 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  139.9, 136.9, 133.9, 129.9, 128.7, 128.5, 128.4, 127.3, 126.2, 126.1, 56.2, 48.8, 36.4, 21.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NNa = 274.1566, found: 274.1563.

(S,E)-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)cyclopropanamine (3d): with A4, 24 h, obtained colorless oil

22.9 mg; Isolated yield: 61%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -91.8$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 10.5 min (major), 10.9 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.49 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (dd, *J* = 15.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.52-3.45 (m, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.18-2.13 (m, 1H), 2.02 (br, s 1H), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.47-0.33 (m, 4H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.2, 134.4, 129.4, 128.5, 127.2, 126.2, 56.5, 28.6, 21.8, 6.6, 6.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NNa = 210.1253, found: 210.1254.

(S,E)-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)cyclohexanamine (3e): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow



oil 34.9 mg; Isolated yield: 76%; 92% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -66.1 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 11.0 min (major), 12.1 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.49-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.44 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.59-3.52 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.48 (m, 1H), 2.01-1.97 (m, 1H), 1.84-1.58 (m, 3H), 1.69 (br, s, 1H), 1.26-0.98 (m, 9H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 137.1, 134.8, 129.3, 128.5, 127.2, 126.2, 53.5, 52.5, 34.4, 33.2, 26.1, 25.3, 25.0, 22.5 ppm. **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>NNa = 252.1723, found: 252.1722.

(*S,E*)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3f): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 45.5 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -49.2$  (c = 1.0,



yellow oil 45.5 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -49.2 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 17.0 min (minor), 20.0 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.40-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H),

6.49 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dd, *J* = 3.1, 1.9 Hz,1H), 6.16 (dd, *J* = 3.1, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (dd, *J* = 15.9, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.42-3.35 (m, 1H),

1.26 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  153.9, 141.8, 137.0, 133.7, 130.5, 128.5, 127.4, 126.3, 110.1, 106.8, 55.3, 43.8, 22.0 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO = 228.1383, found: 228.1380.

(S,E)-N-(2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3g): with A4, 24 h,

HN UV

Me

obtained pale yellow oil 50.9 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 96% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -66.1 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 11.0 min (minor), 11.6 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m,

1H), 6.46 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.48-5.45 (m, 1H), 3.38-3.31 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.59 (m, 2H), 2.14 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.01-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.64-1.51 (m, 4H), 1.46 (br, s, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 137.1, 135.4, 134.4, 129.7, 128.5, 127.2, 126.2, 122.8, 56.2, 45.2, 38.4, 28.1, 25.2, 22.9, 22.4, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>N = 256.2060, found: 256.2057.

(S,E)-N-allyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3h): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 29.1 mg;



Isolated yield: 78%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_{D^{25}}$  = -60.4 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 11.9 min (major), 12.7 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 

7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.97-5.87 (m, 1H), 5.20-5.15 (m, 1H), 5.12-5.08 (m, 1H), 3.44-3.36 (m, 1H), 3.34-3.28 (m, 1H), 3.24-3.18 (m, 1H), 1.86 (br, s, 1H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.0, 136.8, 133.9, 130.1, 128.5, 127.3, 126.2, 115.9, 55.6, 50.0, 22.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NNa = 210.1253, found: 210.1258.

(2S,E)-4-phenyl-N-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3i): with A4, 24 h,



obtained pale yellow oil 46.4 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 99% ee; dr = 1:1;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -53.1$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.6 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R1</sub> = 15.3 min (major), 16.9 min (minor), t<sub>R2</sub> = 19.8 min (minor), 21.2 min (major); **3i**: <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (dd, J = 8.1, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.08-3.98 (m, 1H), 3.88-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.78-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.45-3.38 (m, 1H), 2.77 (dd, J = 11.9, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 2.02-1.84 (m, 3H), 1.58-1.46 (m, 1H), 1.29 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  136.9, 133.7, 130.4, 128.5, 127.3, 126.3, 78.5, 67.9, 56.8, 52.3, 29.4, 25.7, 21.9 ppm; **3i'**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (dd, J = 8.1, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.08-3.98 (m, 1H), 3.88-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.78-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.45-3.38 (m, 1H),

2.70 (s, 1H), 2.58 (dd, J = 11.9, 8.5 Hz, 1H) , 2.02-1.84 (m, 3H), 1.58-1.46 (m, 1H), 1.27 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  136.9, 133.7, 130.2, 128.5, 127.3, 126.3, 77.9, 67.9, 56.2, 51.7, 29.3, 25.7, 21.8 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO = 232.1696, found: 232.1693.

7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.47 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.39-3.32 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.62 (m, 2H), 2.46-2.43 (m, 3H), 2.22 (s, 6H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.0, 134.0, 130.0, 128.5, 127.3, 126.2, 59.0, 56.5, 45.4, 44.7, 22.0 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>2</sub> = 219.1856, found: 219.1856.

(S,E)-N-benzyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3k): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 43.3



mg; Isolated yield: 91%; 95% ee;  $[α]_D^{25}$  = -99.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 11.3 min (major), 12.2 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ

7.40-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 6H), 7.27-7.20 (m, 2H), 6.48 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.11 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H) 3.73 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 3.44-3.37 (m, 1H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  140.5, 137.1, 134.2, 130.1, 128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 127.3, 126.9, 126.3, 55.5, 51.5, 22.1 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NNa = 260.1410, found: 260.1405.

# (*S*,*E*)-4-phenyl-N-((*R*)-1-phenylethyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3m): with A4, 48 h, obtained pale yellow oil 28.2 mg; Isolated yield: 56%; > 20:1 dr; $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = -55.3 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) $\delta$ 7.34-7.27 (m, 8H), 7.25-7.19 (m, 2H), 6.42 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (dd, *J* = 15.9, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.95-3.90 (m, 1H), 3.38-3.31 (m, 1H), 1.76 (br, s, 1H), 1.37 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.22

(d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 145.8, 137.1, 134.6, 129.2, 128.5, 127.2, 126.8, 126.5, 126.2, 54.8, 53.0, 23.7, 21.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NNa = 274.1566, found: 274.1566.

(S,E)-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)aniline (3n): with A3, 24 h, obtained colorless oil 34.7 mg;



Isolated yield: 78%; 86% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -80.6 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 11.6 min (major), 13.4 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.13 (m, 3H), 6.70-6.63 (m, 3H), 6.57 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.17-4.11 (m, 1H), 1.40 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  147.4, 136.9, 133.2, 129.2, 129.1, 128.5, 127.3, 126.3, 117.3, 113.4, 50.8, 22.1 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NNa = 246.1253, found: 246.1253.

(S,E)-4-methyl-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)aniline (3o): with A4, 48 h, obtained reddish orange



oil 10.8 mg (or with **A3**, 36 h, obtained reddish orange oil 43.9 mg); Isolated yield: 23% (or 93%); 93% (or 73%) ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -99.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5

mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm,  $t_R$  = 14.6 min (major), 16.5 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.18 (m, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.59-6.55 (m, 3H), 6.21 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.14-4.08 (m, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.39 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  145.1, 136.9, 133.4, 129.6, 129.1, 128.5, 127.3, 126.5, 126.3, 113.6, 51.1, 22.1, 20.4 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NNa = 260.1410, found: 260.1405.

(S,E)-4-bromo-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)aniline (3p): with A3, 36 h, obtained reddish orange



oil 29.2 mg; Isolated yield: 48%; 92% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -111.6 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 13.5 min (minor), 17.2 min

(major); <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.35-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 3H), 6.56-6.49 (m, 3H), 6.16 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.12-4.05 (m, 1H), 3.75 (br, s, 1H), 1.40 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  146.3, 136.7, 132.5, 131.8, 129.5, 128.5,

127.5, 126.3, 114.9, 108.8, 50.9, 22.0 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>17</sub>BrN = 302.0539, found: 302.0524.

(S,E)-4-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)thiomorpholine (3q): with A4, 24 h, obtained colorless oil 42.9



mg; Isolated yield: 92%; 96% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -59.0 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 90:10, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 8.7 min (minor), 9.7 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.39-

7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.44 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.27-3.20 (m, 1H), 2.90-2.80 (m, 4H), 2.69 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 4H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  136.9, 131.7, 130.9, 128.5, 127.4, 126.2, 62.7, 51.6, 28.3, 16.3 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NNaS = 256.1130, found: 256.1130.

(S,E)-1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)piperidine (3r): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 40.8 mg;



Isolated yield: 95%; 95% ee;  $[\alpha]_{D^{25}}$  = -55.7 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 8.6 min (minor), 9.8 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.39-

7.37 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24 -7.19 (m, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.11-3.05 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.50 (m, 4H), 1.63-1.57 (m, 4H), 1.46-1.42 (m, 2H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.2, 132.7, 130.5, 128.5, 127.2, 126.2, 63.0, 51.0, 26.2, 24.6, 17.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NNa = 238.1566, found: 238.1568.

(S,E)-1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)pyrrolidine (3s): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 36.7



mg; Isolated yield: 91%; 97% ee;  $[α]_D^{25}$  = -92.4 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 7.6 min (minor), 8.1 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.38-7.36

(m, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 6.47 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, J = 15.8, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.95-2.88 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.55 (m, 4H), 1.81-1.78 (m, 4H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.1, 133.9, 129.6, 128.5, 127.2, 126.2, 63.1, 52.2, 23.3, 21.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NNa = 224.1410, found: 224.1410.

(S,E)-1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)indoline (3t): with A3, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 43.6 mg;

Ph Me

Isolated yield: 87%; 97% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -109.4 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min; UV detection at 254

Ph Me nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 13.8 min (major), 14.6 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.37-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.07-7.02 (m, 2H), 6.64-6.60 (m, 1H), 6.57-6.52 (m, 2H), 6.32 (dd, J = 16.1, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.39-4.33 (m, 1H), 3.46-3.36 (m, 2H), 2.95 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 151.0, 136.9, 130.7, 130.4, 130.3, 128.5, 127.4, 127.2, 126.3, 124.4, 117.2, 107.6, 52.2, 47.3, 28.2, 16.1 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated  $[M+Na]^+$  for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NNa = 272.1410, found: 272.1412.

(S,E)-2-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline (3u): with A4, 24 h, obtained



pale yellow oil 52.6 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -51.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm,  $t_R = 11.0$  min (minor), 14.5 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.41-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.24-

7.22 (m, 1H), 7.12-7.07 (m, 3H), 7.03-7.01 (m, 1H), 6.53 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.83-3.74 (m, 2H), 3.34-3.27 (m, 1H), 2.97-2.90 (m, 3H), 2.84-2.73 (m, 1H), 1.37 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.0, 134.9, 134.4, 132.3, 130.9, 128.6, 128.5, 127.4, 126.8, 126.3, 126.0, 125.5, 61.9, 53.0, 47.3, 29.4, 17.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated  $[M+Na]^+$  for  $C_{19}H_{21}NNa = 286.1566$ , found: 286.1563.

(S,E)-2-(4-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidine (3v): with A4, 48 h, obtained



Ph

pale yellow oil 58.9 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 95% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -68.1$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm,  $t_R$  = 12.7 min (major), 15.2 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.29 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.49-6.45 (m, 2H), 6.22 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 3.16-3.09 (m, 1H), 2.68-2.58 (m, 4H), 1.30 (d, J =

6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm;  $^{13}$ C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  161.6, 157.7, 136.9, 132.1, 131.1, 128.6, 127.4, 126.3, 109.7, 62.6, 49.9, 43.9, 17.8 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N<sub>4</sub>Na = 317.1737, found: 317.1730.

(S,E)-N-allyl-N-methyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3w): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 33.2 mg; Isolated yield: 82%; 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -49.2$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, .Me hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, Me

t<sub>R</sub> = 8.0 min (minor), 9.3 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.45 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.22 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.93-5.83 (m, 1H), 5.20-5.11 (m, 2H), 3.34-3.27 (m, 1H), 3.19-3.13 (m, 1H), 3.09-3.03 (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.2, 136.3, 131.9, 130.8, 128.5, 127.3, 126.3, 117.3, 60.4, 57.4, 37.7, 17.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated  $[M+Na]^+$  for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NNa = 224.1410, found: 224.1412.

# (S,E)-N-benzyl-N-methyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3x): with A3, 24 h, obtained pale yellow



oil 44.2 mg; Isolated yield: 88%; 98% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -91.9 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 90:10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 5.0 min (minor), 6.0 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.41-

7.39 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.30 (m, 6H), 7.26-7.21 (m, 2H), 6.47 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dd, J = 16.0, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.39-3.32 (m, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  139.8, 137.2, 132.0, 130.8, 128.9, 128.5, 128.2, 127.3, 126.8, 126.2, 60.4, 58.2, 37.9, 16.9 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NNa = 274.1566, found: 274.1563.

(S,E)-N,N-dibenzyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3y): with A3, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil



34.6 mg; Isolated yield: 53%; 96% ee;  $[\alpha]_{D^{25}}$  = -193.7 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 7.6 min (major), 10.5 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 

7.42-7.38 (m, 6H), 7.34-7.29 (m, 6H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 3H), 6.43 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, J = 16.1, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, J = 13.9 Hz, 2H), 3.59 (d, J = 13.9 Hz, 2H), 3.51-3.44 (m, 1H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  140.6, 137.3, 131.6, 130.9, 128.52, 128.50, 128.2, 127.2, 126.7, 126.2, 54.8, 53.7, 15.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NNa = 350.1879, found: 350.1873.

(S,E)-N,N-diethyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3z): with A3, 36 h, obtained pale yellow oil 11.0



mg; Isolated yield: 27%; 96% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -26.8 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 7.7 min (minor), 8.0 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.44 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, *J* = 16.0, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.50-3.43 (m, 1H), 2.69-2.53 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.06 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.2, 133.0, 130.0, 128.5, 127.2, 126.2, 57.5, 43.4, 17.4, 12.8 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NNa = 226.1566, found: 226.1568.

(S,E)-N-methyl-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)aniline (3aa): with A3, 36 h, obtained pale yellow

Me Ph Oil 10.4 mg; Isolated yield: 22%; 90% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -169.9$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 11.7 min (major), 15.0 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.38-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.86-6.83 (m, 2H), 6.75-6.71 (m, 1H), 6.48 (dd, *J* = 16.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (dd, *J* = 16.2, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.69-4.62 (m, 1H), 2.79 (s, 3H), 1.37 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 150.0, 137.1, 131.3, 130.0, 129.2, 128.6, 127.4, 126.3, 116.8, 113.4, 54.9, 31.7, 16.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NNa = 260.1410, found: 260.1411.

(S,E)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-(2-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ab): with A4, 24 h,



obtained pale yellow oil 51.5 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ = -114.1 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 27.5 min (major), 32.5 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.46 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, *J* = 1.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 6.94-6.90 (m, 1H),

6.87 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dd, J = 3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (dd, J = 3.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.83 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.43-3.36 (m, 1H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  156.6, 154.1, 141.7, 134.3, 128.4, 126.7, 126.0, 125.2, 120.6, 110.8, 110.0, 106.8, 55.7, 55.4, 43.8, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> = 258.1489, found: 258.1484.

(S,E)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-(3-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ac): with A4, 24 h,



obtained pale yellow oil 51.0 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -104.0$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 28.0 min (major), 29.9 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36 (dd, *J* = 1.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H),

6.99-6.96 (m, 1H), 6.93-6.92 (m, 1H), 6.79 (ddd, J = 8.2, 2.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dd, J = 3.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (dd, J = 3.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.74 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.42-3.35 (m, 1H), 1.88 (br, s, 1H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  159.8, 153.8, 141.8, 138.4, 133.9, 130.4, 129.5, 119.0, 113.2, 111.4, 110.1, 106.8, 55.2, 43.7, 21.9 ppm; **HRMS** (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> = 258.1489, found: 258.1481.

(S,E)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ad): with A4, 24 h,



obtained pale yellow oil 51.5 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -159.0 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 33.8 min (major), 35.4 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36 (dd, *J* = 2.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 2H), 6.88-

6.84 (m, 2H), 6.43 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dd, J = 3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (dd, J = 3.1, 0.8 Hz,

1H), 5.93 (dd, J = 15.8, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.73 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.39-3.33 (m, 1H), 1.86 (br, s, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  159.0, 153.9, 141.8, 131.4, 130.0, 129.7, 127.4, 113.9, 110.1, 106.8, 55.33, 55.29, 43.8, 22.1 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NNaO<sub>2</sub> = 280.1308, found: 280.1310.

(S,E)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ae): with A4, 24 h,



obtained pale yellow oil 49.1 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -137.4$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 25.0 min (major), 27.4 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.37-7.32 (m, 3H), 7.03-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H),

6.31 (dd, J = 3.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (dd, J = 3.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (dd, J = 15.8, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.41-3.34 (m, 1H), 1.83 (br, s, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 162.1 (d, J = 246.5 Hz), 153.8, 141.8, 133.4 (d, J = 2.2 Hz), 133.1 (d, J = 3.2 Hz), 129.3, 127.7 (d, J = 7.9 Hz), 115.4 (d, J = 21.4 Hz), 110.1, 106.8, 55.2, 43.8, 22.0 ppm; <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ -114.82 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FNNaO = 268.1108, found: 268.1103.

(S,E)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3af): with A4,



24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 59.2 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 96% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -99.8 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 11.5 min (major), 13.0 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.56 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.37

(dd, J = 1.9, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dd, J = 3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.21-6.15 (m, 2H), 3.82 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 3.45-3.38 (m, 1H), 1.82 (br, s, 1H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 153.7, 141.8, 140.5 (q, J = 1.6 Hz), 136.5, 129.11 (q, J = 32.2 Hz), 129.09, 126.4, 125.5 (q, J = 3.9 Hz), 124.2 (q, J = 270.5 Hz), 110.1, 106.9, 55.1, 43.8, 21.8 ppm; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ -62.36 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>17</sub>F<sub>3</sub>NO = 296.1257, found: 296.1250.

(S,E)-4-(3-((furan-2-ylmethyl)amino)but-1-en-1-yl)-N,N-dimethylaniline (3ag): with A4, 24 h,



obtained pale yellow oil 49.8 mg; Isolated yield: 92%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -167.1$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.6 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 29.8 min (minor), 32.1 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36 (dd, *J* = 1.9, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.27 (m, 2H), 6.706.67 (m, 2H), 6.39 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dd, J = 3.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (dd, J = 3.1, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (dd, J = 15.8, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.88-3.31 (m, 1H), 2.95 (s, 6H), 2.24 (br, s, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  153.9, 150.0, 141.7, 130.6, 129.1, 127.2, 125.4, 112.5, 110.0, 106.8, 55.5, 43.6, 40.6, 22.1 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O = 271.1805, found: 271.1805.

(*S*,*E*)-4-(furan-2-yl)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ah): with A4, 36 h, obtained pale yellow oil 37.0 mg; Isolated yield: 85%; 96% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -124.5$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5

> mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm,  $t_R = 19.1$  min (major), 24.9 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36 (dd, J = 1.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J = 3.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.34-6.30 (m, 2H), 6.21 (d, J = 3.3)

= 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (dd, J = 3.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd, J = 15.8, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.37-3.30 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.0, 152.6, 141.8, 141.7, 132.5, 118.9, 111.2, 110.1, 107.2, 106.8, 54.9, 43.8, 22.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> = 218.1176, found: 218.1177.

(S,E)-4-cyclohexyl-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ai): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale



Me

yellow oil 45.4 mg; Isolated yield: 97%; 96% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -51.0$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 220 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 8.7 min (major), 9.4 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.34 (dd, *J* = 1.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (dd, *J* = 3.1, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (dd, *J* = 15.4, 6.6

Hz, 1H), 5.24-5.18 m, 1H), 3.77 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.16-3.09 (m, 1H), 1.99-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.69 (m, 4H), 1.67-1.64 (m, 1H), 1.29-1.16 (m, 3H), 1.14 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.11-1.02 (m, 2H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  154.2, 141.6, 137.9, 130.9, 110.0, 106.6, 55.1, 43.6, 40.4, 33.1, 33.0, 26.2, 26.0, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO = 234.1852, found: 234.1853.

(*S,E*)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-6-phenylhex-3-en-2-amine (3aj): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 51.0 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -41.1$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 220 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 17.6 min (minor), 18.7 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.34 (dd, *J* = 1.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H),

7.29-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.15 (m, 3H), 6.29 (dd, *J* = 3.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.10 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 5.55 (dt, *J* = 15.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (ddt, *J* = 15.4, 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 3.17-3.10 (m, 1H), 2.76-2.65 (m, 2H), 2.39-2.33 (m, 2H), 1.12

(d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.2, 141.8, 141.6, 134.6, 130.7, 128.5, 128.3, 125.8, 110.0, 106.6, 54.9, 43.6, 35.8, 34.0, 22.0 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO = 256.1696, found: 256.1691.

(S,E)-4-(4-(2-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3ak): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale



yellow oil 49.5 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -61.6 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 22.1 min (minor), 24.2 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.44 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.19

(m, 1H), 6.93-6.89 (m, 1H), 6.86 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.73 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 4H), 3.06-2.99 (m, 1H), 2.62-2.52 (m, 4H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  156.5, 132.5, 128.5, 126.6, 125.9, 125.8, 120.6, 110.9, 67.2, 63.6, 55.4, 50.8, 17.9 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> = 248.1645, found: 248.1641.

(S,E)-4-(4-(3-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3al): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale



yellow oil 49.5 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 98% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -58.7$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 21.2 min (major), 24.6 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.23 (t, *J* 

= 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.92-6.91 (m, 1H), 6.79 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.73 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 4H), 3.06-2.99 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.52 (m, 4H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  159.8, 138.3, 132.3, 131.1, 129.5, 118.9, 113.2, 111.4, 67.1, 63.0, 55.1, 50.7, 17.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> = 248.1645, found: 248.1637.

(S,E)-4-(4-(4-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3am): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale



yellow oil 49.3 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -80.8$ (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 20.6 min (minor), 29.0 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.31 (d,

J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.41 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.02 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.74 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 4H), 3.03-2.96 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.53 (m, 4H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  159.1, 130.8, 129.6, 129.5, 127.4, 113.9, 67.10, 63.2, 55.3, 50.7, 17.8 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NNaO<sub>2</sub> = 270.1465, found: 270.1464.

(S,E)-4-(4-(4-fluorophenyl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3an): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale



yellow oil 47.2 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -70.3 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 16.0 min (minor), 17.5 min (major); <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.03-6.97

(m, 2H), 6.43 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 4H), 3.04-2.97 (m, 1H), 2.58-2.54 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 162.2 (d, J = 246.6 Hz), 133.0 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 131.8 (d, J = 2.1 Hz), 130.0, 127.7 (d, J = 7.9Hz), 115.4 (d, J = 21.6 Hz), 67.2, 63.0, 50.7, 17.7 ppm; <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -114.64 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>FNO = 236.1445, found: 236.1442.

(*S,E*)-4-(4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3ao): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 57.1 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 93% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -48.3$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 15.0 min (major), 17.8 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ 7.56 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.50 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (dd, J = 16.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.75-3.72 (m, 4H), 3.10-3.02 (m, 1H), 2.58-2.55 (m, 4H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 140.3 (q, J = 1.9 Hz), 135.0, 129.9, 129.2 (q, J = 32.4 Hz), 126.4, 125.5 (q, J = 3.8 Hz), 124.1 (q, J = 270.9 Hz), 67.1, 62.9, 50.7, 17.5 ppm; <sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ -62.38 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>19</sub>F<sub>3</sub>NO = 286.1413, found: 286.1418.

(S,E)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-morpholinobut-1-en-1-yl)aniline (3ap): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale



yellow oil 38.8 mg; Isolated yield: 74%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -98.5$ (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 19.5 min (major), 21.3 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.28-7.25 (m, 2H), 6.69-6.67 (m, 2H), 6.37 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 5.94 (dd, *J* 

= 15.9, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 4H), 3.00-2.97 (m, 1H), 2.95 (s, 6H), 2.61-2.52 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  150.0, 131.2, 127.5, 127.1, 125.4, 112.5, 67.2, 63.4, 50.8, 40.6, 18.0 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O = 261.1961, found: 261.1960.

# (S,E)-4-(4-(furan-2-yl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3aq): with A4, 36 h, obtained pale yellow oil



41.4 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; 96% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -73.8$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 16.6 min (minor), 18.7 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.33 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, *J* = 3.3, 1.8 Hz,

1H), 6.31-6.27 (m, 1H), 6.20 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 6.11 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 4H), 3.04-2.97 (m, 1H), 2.60-2.50 (m, 4H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  152.5, 141.7, 130.7, 119.7, 111.2, 107.3, 67.2, 62.7, 50.5, 17.5 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> = 208.1332, found: 208.1333.

(S,E)-2-(4-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidine (3ar): with A4, 24 h,



obtained colourless oil 34.7 mg; Isolated yield: 58%; 96% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -17.7$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 8.8 min (minor), 9.5 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.29 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 6.46 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.37-5.31 (m, 1H), 3.83-3.81 (m, 4H), 2.93-2.86 (m, 1H), 2.62-2.49 (m, 4H), 1.99-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.69 (m, 4H), 1.66-1.62 (m, 1H),

1.28-1.22 (m, 3H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.14-1.02 (m, 2H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  161.6, 157.7, 138.5, 128.7, 109.6, 62.5, 49.6, 43.8, 40.4, 33.04, 32.97, 26.1, 26.0, 18.1 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>4</sub> = 301.2387, found: 301.2380.

(S,E)-2-(4-(6-phenylhex-3-en-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidine (3as): with A4, 24 h, obtained



colorless oil 63.5 mg; Isolated yield: 98%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -14.2 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 19.2 min (major), 21.7 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.30 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 7.28-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.13 (m, 3H), 6.46 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (dt, *J* = 15.3, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (ddt, *J* = 15.4, 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (t, *J* = 5.2

Hz, 4H), 2.91-2.84 (m, 1H), 2.76-2.64 (m, 2H), 2.51-2.41 (m, 4H), 2.39-2.33 (m, 2H), 1.14 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  161.6, 157.7, 141.7, 132.6, 131.2, 128.5, 128.2, 125.8, 109.6, 62.3, 49.6, 43.8, 35.6, 34.0, 17.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>27</sub>N<sub>4</sub> = 323.2230, found: 323.2224.

(S,E)-4-(6-phenylhex-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3at): with A4, 24 h, obtained colorless oil 43.1



mg; Isolated yield: 88%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -21.8 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 95:5, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 220 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 13.1 min (minor), 14.4 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.28-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.15 (m, 3H), 5.52 (dt, J = 15.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (ddt, J = 15.3, 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 4H), 2.79-2.64 (m, 3H), 2.40-2.33 (m, 6H), 1.10 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 141.7, 132.8, 131.3, 128.5, 128.3, 125.8, 67.2, 62.8, 50.5, 35.7, 34.0, 17.8 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO = 246.1852, found: 246.1847.

(S)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-amine (3au): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil



17.4 mg; Isolated yield: 28%; 22% ee;  $[\alpha]_{D^{25}}$  = -13.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 220 nm; t<sub>R</sub> = 19.0 min (major), 21.9 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.35 (dd, J = 1.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dd, J = 3.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (dd, J = 3.1, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.80-5.75 (m, 1H), 5.70-5.66 (m, 1H), 3.89-3.80 (m, 2H), 3.23-3.17 (m, 1H), 2.02-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.78-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.60-1.41 (m, 2H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 154.0, 141.7, 129.4, 129.2, 110.1, 106.7, 52.0, 43.4, 29.2, 25.2, 20.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO = 178.1226, found: 178.1221.

(*S*,*E*)-2-((4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)amino)ethan-1-ol (3av): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 34.8 mg; Isolated yield: 91%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -54.8$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by (converting it to compound **Bz**-**3av**) HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 85:15; flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 20.0 min (major), 24.7 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 2H),

7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.76-3.67 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.41 (m, 1H), 3.41 (br, s, 1H), 3.32 (br, s, 1H), 2.93-2.79 (m, 2H), 1.35 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  136.4, 131.6, 131.5, 128.5, 127.7, 126.4, 60.3, 56.3, 48.5, 21.2 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO = 192.1383, found: 192.1381.

(S,E)-N1-benzyl-N1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)ethane-1,2-diamine (3aw): with A4, 24 h,



obtained pale yellow oil 46.5 mg; Isolated yield: 83%; 98% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -56.6 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by (converting it to compound **Bz-3aw)** HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 85:15, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 24.4 min (minor), 27.6 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.37-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.25- 7.19 (m, 2H), 6.44 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H),

6.05 (dd, J = 15.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 2H), 3.35-3.28 (m, 1H), 2.81-2.65 (m, 4H), 1.25 (br, s, 2H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  140.3, 137.0, 134.2, 129.9, 128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 127.3, 126.9, 126.3, 56.3, 53.8, 48.8, 46.9, 22.0 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>2</sub> = 281.2012, found: 282.2011.

(*S,E*)-2-(((4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)amino)methyl)phenol (3ax): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil 47.6 mg; Isolated yield: 94%; 97% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -110.6$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 31.9 min (major), 37.2 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.38-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 1H), 6.96-6.94 (m, 1H), 6.84 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.78-6.74 (m, 1H), 6.46 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, *J* = 15.9, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d, *J* = 13.9 Hz, 1H), 3.45-3.38 (m, 1H), 1.32 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  158.2, 136.5, 131.7, 131.5, 128.6, 128.6, 128.3, 127.7, 126.3, 122.7, 119.1, 116.4, 55.1, 50.0, 21.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO = 276.1359, found: 276.1361.

(S,E)-2-(2-((4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)amino)phenyl)ethan-1-ol (3ay): with A3, 24 h, obtained



white solid 31.4 mg; Isolated yield: 59%; 91% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -114.1$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 80:20, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 24.7 min (major), 28.9 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.37-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23- 7.19 (m, 1H), 7.03-7.00 (m, 2H), 6.63-6.60 (m, 2H), 6.57

(dd, J = 15.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (dd, J = 15.9, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.15-4.08 (m, 1H), 3.78 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.74 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.40 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  146.0, 136.9, 133.2, 129.8, 129.2, 128.5, 127.3, 126.7, 126.3, 113.6, 63.9, 51.0, 38.2, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NNaO = 290.1532, found: 290.1531.

(S,E)-N-(2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3az): with A4, 24 h, obtained



pale yellow oil 58.2 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -76.2 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm; t<sub>R</sub> = 69.3 min (minor), 75.3 min (major); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.12 (s, 1H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37-

7.27 (m, 5H), 7.23-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 2.3

Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (dd, J = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.41-3.34 (m, 1H), 3.04-2.92 (m, 4H), 1.97 (br, s, 1H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  137.0, 136.4, 134.1, 129.9, 128.5, 127.4, 127.3, 126.2, 122.02, 121.98, 119.2, 118.9, 113.8, 111.1,

56.2, 47.4, 25.8, 22.0 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Na = 313.1675, found: 313.1675.

(S,E)-4-(((4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)amino)methyl)aniline (3ba): with A3, 24 h, obtained pale



yellow oil 20.4 mg; Isolated yield: 40%; > 99% ee;  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  = -148.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 90:10, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, UV detection at 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> = 25.8 min (major), 28.8 min (minor); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.40-7.37(m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.12-7.09 (m, 2H), 6.67-6.63 (m, 2H), 6.47 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.11 (dd, *J* = 15.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H),

3.43-3.36 (m, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  145.2, 137.1, 134.2, 130.4, 130.1, 129.3, 128.5, 127.3, 126.2, 115.1, 55.3, 51.0, 22.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>2</sub> = 253.1699, found: 253.1670.

(S,E)-4-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3bb): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil



29.8 mg; Isolated yield: 67%; The enantiomeric excess couldn't be determined;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -25.2$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.47 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.32-5.26 (m, 1H), 3.71 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 4H), 2.81-2.74 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.42 (m, 4H), 1.97-1.89 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.67 (m, 4H), 1.67-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.32-1.16 (m, 3H), 1.14 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H),

1.12-1.01 (m, 2H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  138.6, 128.9, 67.2, 62.9, 50.5, 40.4, 33.1, 33.0, 26.2, 26.0, 18.0 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO = 224.2009, found: 224.2011.

(S,E)-1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)piperidine-4-carboxamide (3bc): white solid 44.9 mg;



NH<sub>2</sub> Isolated yield: 87%; The enantiomeric excess couldn't be determined;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -35.4 \text{ (c} = 1.0, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) \delta 7.38-3.36 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.44 (d,$ *J*= 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (dd,*J*= 15.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (br, s, 2H), 3.16-3.07 (m, 2H), 3.05-3.00 (m, 1H), 2.18-2.09 (m, 3H), 1.94-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d,*J*= 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d,*J*= 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.50

6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 177.7, 137.0, 132.2, 130.7, 128.5, 127.3, 126.2, 62.4, 49.7, 49.5, 43.0, 29.2, 29.1, 17.6 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+H]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O = 218.1176, found: 218.1177.

# (S,E)-8-chloro-11-(1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)piperidin-4-ylidene)-6,11-dihydro-5H-



**benzo**[5,6]cyclohepta[1,2-b]pyridine (3bd): with A4, 48 h, obtained reddish orange oil 88.1 mg; Isolated yield: 99%; The enantiomeric excess couldn't be determined;  $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -64.3$  (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); **3ay**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.40-8.38 (m, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.28 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.14-7.11 (m, 3H), 7.09-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.25-6.19 (m, 1H), 3.44-3.32 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.11 (m, 1H), 2.93-2.74 (m, 4H),

2.56-2.32 (m, 6H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  157.62, 146.57, 139.46, 139.09, 137.72, 137.20, 136.93, 133.40, 132.56, 132.38, 132.08, 130.90, 130.82, 128.93, 128.51, 127.34, 126.24, 125.94, 122.04, 62.38, 51.63, 51.42, 31.83, 31.40, 31.08, 30.87, 17.83 ppm; **3ay**': <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.40-8.38 (m, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.28 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.14-7.11 (m, 3H), 7.09-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.25-6.19 (m, 1H), 3.44-3.32 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.11 (m, 1H), 2.93-2.74 (m, 4H), 2.56-2.32 (m, 6H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) ppm; <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  157.57, 146.57, 139.46, 139.09, 137.67, 137.16, 136.92, 133.40, 132.56, 132.38, 131.97, 130.87, 130.77, 128.90, 128.51, 127.34, 126.22, 125.94, 122.04, 62.35, 51.63, 51.37, 31.81, 31.38, 31.08, 30.80, 17.78 ppm; **HRMS (ESI)** calculated [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>29</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>Na = 463.1911, found: 463.1907.

#### Non-reactive and inefficient substrates

we also have prepared two disubstituted dienes **1k** and **1l**, and examined them in the hydroamination reaction. It was found that substrate **1k** could participate in the reaction to afford the corresponding product **3be** in 22% yield and 68% ee. However, substrate **1l** failed to provide the desired product (**3bf** and **3bg**) under standard reaction condition.



Figure S245. Non-reactive and inefficient dienes, related to Figure 4.

#### Scalability of Asymmetric Hydroamination

Scheme S4 (related to Figure 3):



To a 20 mL vial was added the catalyst precursor Ni(COD)<sub>2</sub> (13.8 mg, 0.05 mmol), **L8** (15.3 mg, 0.05 mmol) and toluene (5 mL) in an argon-filled glovebox. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature to give a clear orange solution. Then 1-phenylbutadiene (651.0 mg, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), amine (939.1 mg, 7.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **A4** (41.5 mg, 0.25 mmol) and another 5 mL toluene was added in the catalyst solution. The reaction vessel was sealed using a PTFE septum and removed from the glovebox, and the mixture was stirred



at 25 °C for 96 h. The product was purified by column chromatography on deactivated silica gel with PE/EtOAc=1:1 to yield 1.23 g of **3g** (96% yield, 96% ee), the enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column.

# **Transamination Experiments**

# Scheme S5 (related to Scheme 1):





A stock solution was made by mixing Ni(COD)<sub>2</sub> with L8 in a 1:1 molar ratio in toluene (0.01 M) at room temperature for 1 h in a argon-filled glovebox. An aliquot of the catalyst solution (0.5 mL, 0.005 mmol) was transferred by syringe into the vials charged with **3t** or **3k** (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), amines (**2a** or **2f**, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and naphthalene (3.2 mg, 0.025 mmol, 0.25 equiv), then 0.005 mmol **A4** and another 0.5 mL toluene were added. The reaction vessel was sealed using a PTFE septum and removed from the glovebox, and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 24 h. Yields were determined by gas chromatogram analysis, using naphthalene as the internal standard. The ee values were determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase.

# **Reaction Profiles**

Scheme S6 (related to Figure 6) [a]:



A stock solution was made by mixing Ni(COD)<sub>2</sub> with **L8** in a 1:1 molar ratio in toluene (0.01 M) at room temperature for 1 h in a argon-filled glovebox. An aliquot of the catalyst solution (1.0 mL, 0.01 mmol) was transferred by syringe into the vials charged with **1a** (0.4 mmol), amines (0.6 mmol for each) and naphthalene (12.8 mg, 0.1 mmol, 0.25 equiv), then **A3** (3.2 mg, 0.02 mmol) or **A4** (3.3 mg, 0.02 mmol) and another 1.0 mL toluene were added. The reaction vessel was sealed using a PTFE septum and stirred at 25 °C in the glovebox. The reaction progress was monitored by GC with naphthalene as the internal standard. The ee values were determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase.

Time	Yield	[0/]	Yield	<b>5 5 [0/ ]</b> [b]	Yield	ee [%] <sup>[c]</sup>	Yield	ee [%] <sup>[d]</sup>
[h]	[%]	ee [%]	[%] <sup>[b]</sup>	ee [‰] <sup>[6]</sup>	[%] <sup>[c]</sup>		[%] <sup>[d]</sup>	
6 h	84	98	86	97	12	98	91	98
12 h	99	97	94	96	19	98	95	98
24 h	99	94	99	93	30	97	99	98
36 h	99	91	99	92	38	97	98	98
48 h	99	88	99	90	39	97	98	98

Reaction conditions: [a] 0.40 mmol 1a, 0.60 mmol 2a, 5.0 mol % Ni(COD)<sub>2</sub>/L8, 5.0 mol % A3, 1 mL toluene, 25 °C, 48 h. [b] A4 instead of A3. [c] 2f instead of 2a. [d] 2f instead of 2a, A4 instead of A3.



Figure S246. Time Course of Scheme S6.

# **Deuterium Labeling Experiments**

Scheme S7:



Reaction was carried as described in General Procedure for Ni-catalyzed Asymmetric Hydroamination of Conjugated Dienes. *d*-indoline was prepared by a known previously established method (Yi & Lee, 2009). The *d*-**3**t was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>2</sup>H NMR analysis.

# Amines Benzoylation for ee Determination (Wang et al, 2014)

Scheme S8 (related to Figure 3 and Figure 5):



To a solution of chiral amine **3** (0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and triethylamine (42  $\mu$ L, 0.30 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in DCM (0.8 mL) at 0 °C was added dropwise a solution of benzoyl chloride (28  $\mu$ L, 0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in DCM (0.2 mL). The mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. The mixture was quenched with water (1.0 mL) and extracted with DCM (5.0 mL), and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3.0 mL). The organic layers were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with ethyl acetate/petroleum ether, to give amide **Bz-3**.

#### **Supplemental References**

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