## Article

Nickel/Brønsted Acid-Catalyzed Chemo- and
Enantioselective Intermolecular Hydroamination of Conjugated Dienes
(1.0 equiv)

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HIGHLIGHTS
Nickel/Brønsted acidcatalyzed asymmetric hydroamination of conjugated dienes

High regio-, chemo-, and enantioselectivity

Broad range of substrate scope

Wide functional group tolerance

[^0]
## Article

# Nickel/Brønsted Acid-Catalyzed Chemo- and Enantioselective Intermolecular Hydroamination of Conjugated Dienes 

Jiao Long, ${ }^{1}$ Peng Wang, ${ }^{1}$ Wang Wang, ${ }^{1}$ Yuqiang Li, ${ }^{1}$ and Guoyin Yin ${ }^{1,2, *}$


#### Abstract

SUMMARY A novel nickel/Brønsted acid-catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination of acyclic 1,3-dienes has been established. A wide array of primary and secondary amines can be transformed into allylic amines with high yields and high enantioselectivities under very mild conditions. Moreover, our method is compatible with various functional groups and heterocycles, allowing for late-stage functionalization of biologically active complex molecules. Remarkably, this protocol exhibits good chemoselectivity with respect to amines bearing two different nucleophilic sites. Mechanistic studies reveal that the enantioselective carbon-nitrogen bond-forming step is reversible.


## INTRODUCTION

Chiral amines represent a privileged pharmacophore and are present in a myriad of natural products and drugs (Figure 1A) (Francotte and Lindner, 2006; Lough and Wainer, 2002; Nugent, 2010). Therefore, organic chemists have made considerable efforts toward their synthesis during the last decade (Grogan, 2018; Li and Zhang, 2014; Nugent and El-Shazly, 2010; Patil et al., 2018; Robak et al., 2010). Among them, asymmetric hydroamination of unsaturated C-C bonds serves as an efficient and powerful tool in organic synthesis, particularly hydroamination using free amines (Aillaud et al., 2007; Clement and Jerome, 2017; Dondoni, 2015; Hannedouche and Schulz, 2013, 2018; Hii, 2006; Huang et al., 2015; Huo et al., 2019; Jerome, 2018; Müller et al., 2008; Patel et al., 2017; Pirnot et al., 2016; Reznichenko and Hultzsch, 2016; Zi, 2009, 2011). In this context, transition-metal-catalyzed intermolecular asymmetric hydroamination of allenes (Berthold and Breit, 2018, 2019; Cooke et al., 2012; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Lin et al., 2019; Parveen et al., 2017; Xu et al., 2016), alkynes (Athira et al., 2018; Liu et al., 2011; Lutete et al., 2004; Patil et al., 2006; Xu et al., 2019), and conjugated dienes (Adamson et al., 2017; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Lin et al., 2019; Löber et al., 2001; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Xiong et al., 2018; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008) has been extensively studied (Figure 1B). Nevertheless, the use of noble transition metals such as rhodium and palladium are often mandatory (Adamson et al., 2017; Aillaud et al., 2007; Athira et al., 2018; Berthold et al., 2019; Berthold and Breit, 2018; Clement and Jerome, 2017; Cooke et al., 2012; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Dondoni, 2015; Hannedouche and Schulz, 2013, 2018; Hii, 2006; Huang et al., 2015; Huo et al., 2019; Jerome, 2018; Lin et al., 2019; Liu et al., 2011; Löber et al., 2001; Lutete et al., 2004; Müller et al., 2008; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Parveen et al., 2017; Patel et al., 2017; Patil et al., 2006; Pirnot et al., 2016; Reznichenko and Hultzsch, 2016; Xiong et al., 2018; Xu et al., 2016, 2019; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008; Zi, 2009, 2011); in addition, these methods suffer from limited amine scope (Adamson et al., 2017; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Lin et al., 2019; Löber et al., 2001; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Xiong et al., 2018; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008), as well as excessive quantities of the unsaturated substrate are always required to achieve a high level of efficiency (Adamson et al., 2017; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Lin et al., 2019; Löber et al., 2001; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008).

In recent years, research toward nickel-catalyzed oxidative addition with $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{O} \ldots$ ) bonds has become a hot theme owing to earth-abundance of nickel and its great potential in oxidative addition (Ananikov, 2015; Tasker et al., 2014; Wang, 2016; Figure 1C). Significant progress has been made in the asymmetric hydrofunctionalization of alkenes through nickel-catalyzed reactions (Bezzenine-Lafollee et al., 2017; Cai et al., 2019; Chen and Lu, 2018; Cheng et al., 2018, 2019, Diesel et al., 2018, 2019; Donets and Cramer, 2013; Li et al., 2018, 2019a; Lv et al., 2018; Richmond and Moran, 2018; Woźniak and Cramer,
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## A Representative Drugs Containing Chiral Amines:



Rivastigmine


Sibutramine


Fendiline
B Towards Chiral Allylic Amines by Asymmetric Intermolecular Hydroamination:

C Ni-Catalyzed Asymmmetric Hydrofunctionalization:
(phis work:

Figure 1. Reaction Design
(A) Representative drugs containing chiral amines.
(B) Toward chiral allylic amines by asymmetric intermolecular hydroamination.
(C) Ni-catalyzed asymmetric hydrofunctionalization.
(D) Nickel/Brønsted acid-catalyzed chemo- and enantioselective intermolecular hydroamination of conjugated dienes.

2019; Xiao et al., 2016, 2018; Zhang et al., 2019). Chiral centers are generally induced via a carbon-carbon bond-forming process, involving the direct oxidative addition of C-H bonds (Cai et al., 2019; Cheng et al., 2018, 2019, Diesel et al., 2018, 2019; Donets and Cramer, 2013; Li et al., 2019a; Lv et al., 2018; Woźniak and Cramer, 2019; Zhang et al., 2019) or an external stoichiometric reductant, such as alcohol (Chen et al., 2019) or hydrosiloxane (Ahlin and Cramer, 2016). However, nickel-catalyzed asymmetric hydrofunctionalization of unsaturated compounds involving a carbon-heteroatom bond formation has not been studied much (Tran et al., 2019). As an extension of our studies with nickel-catalyzed carbon-carbon bond formations (Li et al., 2019b; Wang et al., 2019), we turned our attention to carbon-heteroatom bonds. Inspired by the recent reports on metal/Brønsted acid dual catalysis (Adamson et al., 2017; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Han et al., 2018; Kathe and Fleischer, 2019; Lin et al., 2019; Liu and Feng, 2018; Löber et al., 2001; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008), we have developed a novel, room temperature nickel/Brønsted acid-catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination using conjugated dienes as a limiting reagent (Figure 1D). This protocol can transform a wide array of primary and secondary amines into allylic amines in high yields with excellent enantioselectivities. Significantly, good regio-, chemo-, and enantioselectivity have been achieved using amines bearing potentially competitive nucleophilic sites. It is noteworthy that the nickel-catalyzed racemic hydroamination of cyclic dienes has only been reported by the Hartwig group before, wherein they also demonstrated the challenge for the development of an enantioselective variant (Pawlas et al., 2002).


Figure 2. Reaction Optimization
Reactions were conducted at 0.2 mmol scale, see Supplemental Information for reaction details. See also Tables S1-S3.

## RESULTS

## Optimization Reaction Conditions

We initiated this study by choosing phenyl-1,3-diene (1a) and morpholine (2a) as model substrates. Ligand evaluations were conducted using $\mathrm{Ni}(C O D) 2$ as the precatalyst and $\mathrm{TsOH} \cdot \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O}$ as a cocatalyst. As shown in Figure 2, a series of bisphosphine ligands were examined; the 1,2-hydroamination product 3a (Wang et al., 2014) was obtained in a moderate yield with a low enantiomeric excess (ee) when chiral BINAP (L1) or SEGPHOS (L2) was used, which demonstrated the feasibility of this hydroamination reaction. Unfortunately, (S)-SKP (L3), (R)-SDP (L4), and (R)-DIOP (L5) as ligand were not effective for this transformation, although ( $S, S$ )-BDPP (L6), a flexible bisphosphine ligand, yielded 3a in an excellent yield, but with low enantioselectivity ( $23 \%$ ee). However, both high yields and enantioselectivities were achieved by ( $R_{C}, S_{P}$ )-DuanPhos (L7). To our delight, excellent ee ( $95 \%$ ee) was obtained when ( $S, S$ )-Me-DuPhos (L8), as a more rigid ligand, was used. In addition, the Brønsted acid cocatalyst can also affect the efficiency and enantioselectivity of this hydroamination reaction. Further studies demonstrated that the desired product can also be obtained in high yields without a decrease in enantioselectivity when switching the acid cocatalyst to phenylphosphonic acid (A3) or phthalic acid (A4). To easily weighout, we selected A4 as cocatalyst. Moreover, control experiments indicated that both nickel catalysts and the Brønsted acids were crucial to the success of this reaction. Notably, no other regioisomers were detected in these reactions.

## Substrate Scope Study

With the optimal conditions in hand, we shifted our attention to investigate the generality of this Ni -catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination reaction. Utilizing 1a, we examined the scope of the amines. As illustrated in Figure 3, a series of primary amines bearing various functional groups produced the


Figure 3. Scope of Primary and Secondary Amines
Reactions were conducted at 0.2 mmol scale, see Supplemental Information for reaction condition details. ${ }^{\text {a Reactions }}$ were conducted at 5 mmol scale. ${ }^{\mathrm{b}} 12 \mathrm{~h} ;{ }^{\mathrm{c}} 36 \mathrm{~h} ;{ }^{\mathrm{d}} 48 \mathrm{~h}$. See also Scheme S 3 .

3ad: $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{MeO}$

Figure 4. Scope of Conjugated Dienes
Reactions were conducted at 0.2 mmol scale, see Supplemental Information for reaction condition details. See also Scheme S3.
corresponding hydroamination products $3 \mathrm{~b}-31$ with good to excellent yields with excellent enantioselectivities. Notably, (R)-(+)-1-Phenylethylamine, a chiral amine, also gave the hydroamination product in a moderate yield with an excellent diastereomeric ratio ( $d r>20: 1,3 \mathrm{~m}$ ). In addition to the aliphatic amines, primary arylamines were also suitable for the reaction to generate the chiral amine products with excellent enantioselectivities, albeit in lower yields under the current reaction conditions. It is noteworthy that the aryl bromide is compatible with this nickel-catalyzed reaction (3p). To assess the practicality of this


Figure 5. Substrates Containing Two Nucleophilic Sites
Reactions were conducted at 0.2 mmol scale, see Supplemental Information for reaction condition details. See also Scheme S3.
asymmetric hydroamination reaction, a gram-scale experiment was conducted. When the reaction of 1a with $\mathbf{2 g}$ was performed on a 5 mmol scale, it still was able to furnish 3 g without loss of reaction efficiency and optical enantioselectivities, even in the presence of $1 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ catalysts.

Next, the scope of secondary amines was tested. Various secondary cyclic amines afforded the chiral allylic amines in both remarkable yields and enantioselectivities (3a-3v). Moreover, acyclic secondary amines were also able to produce the desired hydroamination products with excellent enantioselectivities under the same reaction conditions (3w-3aa). Interestingly, although catalytic amount of Brønsted acid was used as a cocatalyst, amines containing other nitrogen atoms did not affect this asymmetric transformation ( 3 j and $3 v$ ). Additionally, a series of functional groups, including ethers ( 3 i and 3 a ), esters ( 3 I ), thioethers $(3 q)$, terminal alkenes ( $3 h$ and $3 w$ ), and heterocycles such as furan ( $3 f$ ) and pyrimidines ( $3 v$ ), all were well tolerated in this reaction.

Subsequently, the scope of 1,3-dienes was studied. A set of aryl-substituted linear 1,3-butadienes were examined with both primary and secondary amines under the optimal conditions. As shown in Figure 4, both electron-rich and deficient substituents did not affect the efficiency or enantioselectivity. Alkylsubstituted butadienes were also capable of producing the Markovnikov hydroamination products (3ai, 3aj, 3ar, 3as, and 3at) in excellent yields with an excellent ee value. Notably, no other regioisomers were detected in these reactions. Furthermore, the hydroamination product (3au) could also be synthesized from 1,3-cyclohexadiene, albeit in low yields and enantioselectivity under the current conditions.

As we have highlighted earlier, both primary and secondary alkyl and aryl amines can produce satisfactory results in this nickel/Brønsted acid-catalyzed reaction. We were curious about the chemoselectivity when using one substrate containing two different nucleophilic sites. Guided by this idea, a set of more complex amines were tested under the optimal conditions and the results have been displayed in Figure 5. With aminoethanol, only the 1,2-hydroamination product (3av) was isolated with an excellent yield and ee value. Notably, the less sterically encumbered primary amine was found to be more reactive than the secondary amine when N -benzylethylediamine was used (3aw). Interestingly, the acidic phenol did not affect the amination (3ax), and the hydroamination reaction of the aryl amine (3ay) was not affected by the presence of an alcohol. Moreover, a single isomer with both excellent ee and yield could be obtained from tryptamine (3az). Finally, high chemoselectivity was shown at the aliphatic amine part when 4-aminobenzylamine was used (3ba). Collectively, these results suggest that this nickel-catalyzed reaction exhibits


Scheme 1. Amine Exchange Experiment
(1) Exchange experiment of secondary amine-based product (3t) with secondary amine (morpholine).
(2) Exchange experiment of secondary amine-based product (3t) with primary amine (furfuryl amine).
(3) Exchange experiment of primary amine-based product (3k) with secondary amine (morpholine).
(4) Exchange experiment of primary amine-based product (3k) with primary amine (furfuryl amine).

Data are represented as mean value of three times; see also Scheme S5.
good chemoselectivity toward hydroamination and also demonstrates the potential of this method in the late-stage diversification of biomolecules.

## DISCUSSION

## Mechanism Study

To get more details of this transformation, a preliminary mechanistic investigation was conducted. In Hartwig's reaction, a reversible carbon-nitrogen bond formation was observed. To determine if this phenomenon also exists in our reaction, amine exchange experiments were performed first. When the enantioenriched $3 t$ and stoichiometric morpholine were subjected to the optimal conditions, both $3 t$ and 3 a were detected (Scheme 1-1). A similar phenomenon was also observed in the reaction of 3 t with a primary amine (Scheme 1-2). This reversible effect was also found when a primary amine-based product was used (Schemes 1-3 and 1-4). These findings strongly suggested that a reversibility of carbon-nitrogen bond formation was involved in this reaction. These results are in consistence with Hartwig's results (Pawlas et al., 2002) but inconsistent with the results of Mazet's conditions (Tran et al., 2019).

Furthermore, a decrease in enantioselectivity over time has been observed in the palladium-catalyzed hydroamination reactions (Löber et al., 2001; Pawlas et al., 2002). To determine if this phenomenon also exists in our reaction, time course experiments were conducted for both primary and secondary amines (Figure 6). To our surprise, significant racemization was observed for the reaction with a secondary amine


Figure 6. Reaction Profiles
(A) Time course experiments of secondary amine.
(B) Time course experiments of primary amine.

Data are represented as mean value of three times; see also Scheme S6 and Figure S246.
(Figure 6A), whereas there was nearly no alteration of enantioselectivity in a reaction with a primary amine (Figure 6B). Moreover, similar results were also obtained switching A4 to A3.

Finally, based on precedent studies (Adamson et al., 2017; Dion and Beauchemin, 2011; Lin et al., 2019; Löber et al., 2001; Park and Malcolmson, 2018; Xiong et al., 2018; Yang and Dong, 2017; Zhou and Hartwig, 2008) and the above-mentioned findings (see Supplemental Information for more results), a mechanistic profile is proposed for this transformation. As illustrated in Scheme 2, the reaction is initiated by a $\mathrm{Ni}(0)$ species (I), which undergoes oxidative addition to form a Ni (II)-H species (II). Subsequently, a 1,3-diene migratory insertion leads to the formation of a $\pi$-allylNi(II) intermediate (III). The hydroamination product 3 is ultimately generated from the $\pi$-allylNi(II) complex by an amine nucleophilic attack (McDonald et al., 2011), accompanied by releasing of a $\mathrm{Ni}(0)$ species and regeneration of the acid cocatalyst.

## Conclusion

In summary, we have developed a novel nickel and Brønsted acid-cocatalyzed asymmetric hydroamination reaction. The choice of chiral bisphosphine ligand and the use of a suitable Brønsted acid in catalytic amount are crucial to the success of this transformation. This protocol allows access to a series of


Scheme 2. Proposed Mechanism
enantiopure secondary and tertiary allylic amines from linear conjugated dienes and free amines. This method provides high enantioselectivity and a broad substrate scope for the synthesis of various chiral amines. Importantly, a set of complex amines have been accomplished with excellent chemo- and enantioselectivity in this system. The good functional group tolerance and the scalability demonstrates the potential of this method in the synthesis of enantiopure amines. Mechanistic studies indicate that the C-N bond formation is a reversible step. Moreover, racemization over time exists in the reaction with secondary amines but not for primary amines. We believe this chemistry will greatly benefit medicinal chemistry and further reaction development.

## Limitations of the Study

The disubstituted diene was not suitable in this methodology.

## METHODS

All methods can be found in the accompanying Transparent Methods supplemental file.

## DATA AND CODE AVAILABILITY

All data and methods can be found in the Supplemental Information.

## SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Supplemental Information can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1016/j.isci.2019.11.008.

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## AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS

G.Y. conceived the project and designed the experiments. J.L. discovered the reported process and designed and carried out almost all the experiments. P.W. participated in synthesizing partial substrates. W.W. helped in executing isotopic labeling studies, and Y.L. helped in analyzing the data. G.Y. wrote the manuscript. J.L. wrote Supplemental Information. All the authors discussed the results and commented on the manuscript.

## DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

The authors declare no competing interests.

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## Supplemental Information

## Nickel/Brønsted Acid-Catalyzed

Chemo- and Enantioselective Intermolecular

## Hydroamination of Conjugated Dienes

Jiao Long, Peng Wang, Wang Wang, Yuqiang Li, and Guoyin Yin

## Supplemental figures for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H},{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ and ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$-NMR spectra of substrate $1 \mathrm{a}-1 \mathrm{j}$.



1a


Figure S1. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1a, related to Figure 2.


Figure S2. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1a, related to Figure 2.


Figure S3. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1 b , related to Figure 4.





Figure S4. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1 b , related to Figure 4.


Figure S5. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1c, related to Figure 4.


Figure S6. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1c, related to Figure 4.


Figure S7. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1d, related to Figure 4.




Figure S8. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1d, related to Figure 4.



Figure S9. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1e, related to Figure 4.

```
ONM
N~O%%
ll
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Figure S10. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1 e , related to Figure 4.


#### Abstract

 


Figure S11. ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1e, related to Figure 4.





Figure S12. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1f, related to Figure 4.



Figure S13. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1 f , related to Figure 4.


Figure S14. ${ }^{19}$ F NMR spectra of substrate 1f, related to Figure 4.


Figure S15. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1 g , related to Figure 4.


Figure S16. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1 g , related to Figure 4.


1h


Figure S17. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of substrate $\mathbf{1 h}$, related to Figure 4.



Figure S18. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1 h , related to Figure 4.

$1 i$


Figure S19. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1 i , related to Figure 4.


$1 i$



Figure S20. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1i, related to Figure 4.


1j


Figure S21. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of substrate $\mathbf{1 j}$, related to Figure 4.


1j


Figure S22. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of substrate 1j, related to Figure 4.

## Supplemental figures for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H},{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ and ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$-NMR spectra of products 3a-3bd.



Figure S23. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3a, related to Figure 3.


Figure S24. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3a, related to Figure 3.



Figure S25. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 b}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S26. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 b}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S27. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 c}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S28. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 c}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S29. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3d, related to Figure 3.


Figure S30. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3d, related to Figure 3.


Figure S31. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 e}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S32. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 e}$, related to Figure 3.



Figure S33. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 f}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S34. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 f}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S35. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 g}$, related to Figure 3.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { O-M }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text {-ivirin } \\
& \text { No } \\
& \text { N }
\end{aligned}
$$



Figure S36. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 g}$, related to Figure 3.



Figure S37. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 h}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S38. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 h}$, related to Figure 3.



Figure S39. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 i}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S40. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 i}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S41. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 j}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S42. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 j}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S43. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 k}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S44. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 k}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S45. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3 II , related to Figure 3.


Figure S46. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3 I , related to Figure 3.


Figure S47. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 m}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S48. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 m}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S49. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 n}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S50. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 n}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S51. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 30 , related to Figure 3.


Figure S52. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 o}$, related to Figure 3.



Figure S53. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 p}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S54. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 p}$, related to Figure 3.



Figure S55. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 q}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S56. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 q}$, related to Figure 3.



Figure S57. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 r}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S58. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3 r , related to Figure 3.



Figure S59. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3 s , related to Figure 3.


Figure S60. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 s}$, related to Figure 3.



Figure S61. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 t}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S62. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 t}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S63. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 u}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S64. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $3 \mathbf{u}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S65. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 v}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S66. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 v}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S67. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3 w , related to Figure 3.


Figure S68. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3 w , related to Figure 3.



Figure S69. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3 x , related to Figure 3.


Figure S70. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 x}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S71. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 y}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S72. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 y}$, related to Figure 3.



Figure S73. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 z}$, related to Figure 3.


Figure S74. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 z}$, related to Figure 3.



Figure S75. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3aa, related to Figure 3.


Figure S76. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3aa, related to Figure 3.


Figure S77. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ab, related to Figure 4.


Figure S78. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ab, related to Figure 4.


Figure S79. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ac, related to Figure 4.


Figure S80. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ac, related to Figure 4.


Figure S81. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ad, related to Figure 4.


Figure S82. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ad, related to Figure 4.


Figure S83. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ae, related to Figure 4.


Figure S84. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 a e}$, related to Figure 4.


#### Abstract

 $3 a e$ 


Figure S85. ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR spectra of 3ae, related to Figure 4.


Figure S86. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3af, related to Figure 4.


Figure S87. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3af, related to Figure 4.


Figure S88. ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR spectra of 3af, related to Figure 4.


Figure S89. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ag, related to Figure 4.


Figure S90. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ag, related to Figure 4.

3ah


Figure S91. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ah, related to Figure 4.


Figure S92. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ah, related to Figure 4.


3ai


Figure S93. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ai, related to Figure 4.


Figure S94. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ai, related to Figure 4.



Figure S95. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3aj, related to Figure 4.


Figure S96. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3aj, related to Figure 4.

##  


3ak


Figure S97. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ak, related to Figure 4.


Figure S98. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ak, related to Figure 4.

3al


Figure S99. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3al, related to Figure 4.


Figure S100. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3al, related to Figure 4.


Figure S101. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3am, related to Figure 4.


Figure S102. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3am, related to Figure 4.



Figure S103. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3an, related to Figure 4.


Figure S104. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3an, related to Figure 4.



Figure S105. ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR spectra of 3an, related to Figure 4.


Figure S106. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ao, related to Figure 4.


Figure S107. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ao, related to Figure 4.


Figure S108. ${ }^{19}$ F NMR spectra of 3ao, related to Figure 4.


Figure S109. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ap, related to Figure 4.


Figure S110. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ap, related to Figure 4.



Figure S111. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3aq, related to Figure 4.


Figure S112. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3aq, related to Figure 4.


Figure S113. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ar, related to Figure 4.


Figure S114. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ar, related to Figure 4.



Figure S115. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3as, related to Figure 4.


Figure S116. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3as, related to Figure 4.



Figure S117. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3at, related to Figure 4.


Figure S118. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3at, related to Figure 4.


3au


Figure S119. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3au, related to Figure 4.


Figure S120. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3au, related to Figure 4.


Figure S121. ¹H NMR spectra of 3av, related to Figure 5.


Figure S122. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3av, related to Figure 5.


Figure S123. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3aw, related to Figure 5.


Figure S124. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3aw, related to Figure 5.


Figure S125. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ax, related to Figure 5.


Figure S126. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ax, related to Figure 5.



Figure S127. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ay, related to Figure 5.


Figure S128. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ay, related to Figure 5.



|  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{H}} \underset{\mathrm{H}}{\mathrm{C}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \stackrel{\circ}{8} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{+}{8}$ |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\text { T }}$ | $\frac{\stackrel{\pi}{\top}}{\square}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{4}{0} \\ & \stackrel{y}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J.0 | 9.5 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 5.5 | $5.0$ | $\begin{gathered} 4.5 \\ (\mathrm{ppm} \end{gathered}$ | $4.0$ | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | -0.5 | -1 |

Figure S129. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3az, related to Figure 5.


Figure S130. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3az, related to Figure 5.

## 




Figure S131. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ba, related to Figure 5.


Figure S132. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of 3ba, related to Figure 5.

3bb


Figure S133. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of 3ba.


Figure S134. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 b a}$.


Figure S135. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 b c}$.


Figure $\mathbf{S 1 3 6} .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 b c}$.




Figure S137. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 b d}$.


Figure S138. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of $\mathbf{3 b d}$.

## Supplemental figures for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{2} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}$ spectra of deuterium labeling studies



Figure S139. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $d-3 \mathbf{t}$, related to Scheme S7.


Figure S140. ${ }^{2} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of $d-3 \mathbf{t}$, related to Scheme $\mathbf{S 7}$.

## Supplemental Figures for HPLC spectra

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-0306\LJ-0306 2019-03-06 14-33-09\002-0301.D
Sample Name: LJ-100-7-RAC

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Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 2
Injection Date : 3/6/2019 3:06:17 PM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-0306\LJ-0306 2019-03-06 14-33-09\DAD-0D (1-2)-90-10-0
    .5ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M
Last changed : 1/20/2019 9:58:06 PM
Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-OD(1-2)-95-5-1ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M
Last changed : 3/6/2019 3:50:27 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [屰hU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.192 BB | 0.3028 | 1.02861 e 4 | 486.24136 | 50.2351 |
| 2 | 14.395 BB | 0.3613 | 1.01898 e 4 | 408.17218 | 49.7649 |
| Total | 3 : |  | 2.04759 e 4 | 894.41354 |  |

Figure S141. HPLC spectra of rac-3a, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJT-0306\LJ-0306 2019-03-06 14-33-09\001-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-100-7


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial l
Injection Date : 3/6/2019 2:45:19 PM Inj : 1
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-0306\LJ-0306 2019-03-06 14-33-09\DAD-0D (1-2)-90-10-0
                .5ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M
Last changed : 1/20/2019 9:58:06 PM
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-0D(1-2)-95-5-1ML-5UL-ALL-2OMIN.M
Last changed : 3/6/2019 3:56:51 PM
```

                                    (modified after loading)
    Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Sorted By } & : & \text { Signal } \\ \text { Multiplier } & : & 1.0000 \\ \text { Dilution } & : & 1.0000\end{array}$
Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.388 BB | 0.4032 | 650.96808 | 23.07139 | 1.0541 |
| 2 | 14.400 BB | 0.3453 | 6.11045 e 4 | 2707.21484 | 98.9459 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 6.17554 e 4 | 2730.28624 |  |

Figure S142. HPLC spectra of 3a, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA $\backslash$ LYH $\backslash$ LYH-4-656-RAC $\backslash$ LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\027-3101.D
Sample Name: LJ-130-2


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs |  |  |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak R } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime <br> [min] | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 9.156 |  | 0.3458 | 1.21645 e 4 | 524.16223 | 44.6965 |
| 2 | 9.738 |  | 0.4121 | 1.50512 e 4 | 519.38824 | 55.3035 |
| Totals | $s$ : |  |  | 2.72157 e 4 | 1043.55048 |  |

Figure S143. HPLC spectra of rac-3b, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\024-2801.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-108-7


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 9.060 VB | 0.3911 | 1.24684 e 4 | 460.1209 | 0.0000 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 1.24684 e 4 | 460.1209 |  |

Figure S144. HPLC spectra of 3b, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA $\backslash$ LYH $\backslash$ LYH-4-656-RAC $\backslash$ LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\028-3201.D
Sample Name: LJ-130-3

$======================================================================2$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTD |

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm


Figure S145. HPLC spectra of rac-3c, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\025-2901.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-108-9


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : }2
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 25
Injection Date : 4/13/2019 7:20:36 AM
                                    Inj : l
    Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-4-656-RAC\LYH-4-656-RAC-FURAN 2019-04-12 14-40-53\VTDD-AD (1-
                    2)-99-1-0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M
Last changed : 3/5/2019 3:34:42 PM
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\LG\DAD-OD (1-2)-95-5-1ML-2UL-ALL-50MIN.M
Last changed : 4/15/2019 11:31:56 AM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 13.920 VV | 0.4096 | 3.02696 e 4 | 1097.99194 | 96.0947 |
| 2 | 14.986 VB | 0.4442 | 1230.14990 | 38.24589 | 3.9053 |

Totals : 3.14997 e 4 1136.23783

Figure S146. HPLC spectra of 3c, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJ-108\LJ-108 2019-03-11 22-35-19\002-0301.D
Sample Name: LJ-108-5-RAC

| Acq. Operator | Seq. Line : 3 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | Instrument 2 Location : Vial 2 |
| Injection Date | : 3/11/2019 11:48:25 PM Inj : 1 |
|  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash$ GUAN YUOING $\backslash$ LJ-108\LJ-108 2019-03-11 22-35-19\DAD-0J (1-6)-95-5-0 5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M |
| Last changed | : 3/7/2019 10:25:35 PM |
| Analysis Method | : D: \METHOD \YANG JIAXIN VWD-IA-(1-2)-85-15-1.OML-5UL-210NM-60MIN.M |
| Last changed | : 5/31/2019 8:36:13 PM |

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

======================================================================2,
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& | Dilution |
| Factor | with | ISTDs |

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime | Type | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{MAU}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mind | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10.494 |  | 0.2743 | 3832.56519 | 218.90829 | 43.3094 |
| 2 | 10.915 | VB | 0.3402 | 5016.70459 | 218.20282 | 56.6906 |
| Totals : |  |  |  | 8849.26978 | 437.11111 |  |

Figure S147. HPLC spectra of rac-3d, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJ-108\LJ-108 2019-03-12 10-09-36\001-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-108-5


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
(

Area Percent Report

| $=======================================================================$ |
| :--- |
|  |
| Sorted BY |
| Multiplier |
| Dilution |
| Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak $\#$ | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{man}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10.458 VB | 0.3057 | 1.38817 e 4 | 687.0341 | 100.0000 |
| Total | 3 : |  | 1.38817 e 4 | 687.0341 |  |

Figure S148. HPLC spectra of 3d, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LGY\WSC-20190926\WSC-20190926 2019-09-26 16-36-45\081-0701.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-108-3-RAC

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


```
==========================================================================-
```

Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTD |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mind*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10.998 VV | 0.3455 | 5517.50684 | 241.51408 | 49.7795 |
| 2 | 12.003 VB | 0.3631 | 5566.38281 | 232.71924 | 50.2205 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 1.10839 e 4 | 474.23332 |  |

Figure S149. HPLC spectra of rac-3e, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LGY\WSC-20190926\WSC-20190926 2019-09-26 16-36-45\082-0801.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-108-3

$\qquad$

Area Percent Report
$\qquad$

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm


Figure S150. HPLC spectra of 3e, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\073-1501.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-137-5-RAC

| Acq. Operator | : Seq. Line : 15 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 73 |
| Injection Date | : 4/16/2019 8:30:00 PM Inj : 1 |
|  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash$ GUAN YJOING $\backslash$ LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 $16-30-33 \backslash D A D-0 D(1-2)-99-1-$ $\quad 0.5 M L-5 U L-A L L-60 M I N . M$ |
| Last changed | : 4/16/2019 8:04:43 PM |
| Analysis Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash$ GUAN YUQING $\backslash$ LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0D (1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method) |
| Last changed | : 4/17/2019 8:22:42 PM |

(loding)



Signal 1: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{m} \mathrm{AU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 16.533 |  | 0.7913 | 8224.38672 | 151.04292 | 49.9715 |
| 2 | 20.312 |  | 0.9384 | 8233.77539 | 120.61980 | 50.0285 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 1.64582 e 4 | 271.66273 |  |

Figure S151. HPLC spectra of rac-3f, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\074-1601.D
Sample Name: LJ-137-5




Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mand | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 17.012 BB | 0.6427 | 203.91769 | 3.79637 | 0.6686 |
| 2 | 19.985 BB | 0.9646 | 3.02947 e 4 | 436.01385 | 99.3314 |
| Total | 3 : |  | 3.04986 e 4 | 439.81022 |  |

Figure S152. HPLC spectra of 3f, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\082-1401.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-137-2-RAC

| Acq. Operator | : | Seq. Line : 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 1 | Location : Vial 82 |
| Injection Date | : 4/15/2019 4:32:13 PM | Inj : 1 |


5ML-5UL-254NM-20MIN. M
Last changed : 3/6/2019 6:07:05 PM
Analysis Method : D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-
1ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN. M
Last changed : 4/16/2019 5:10:13 PM
(modified after loading)
Andional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal l: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{m} \mathrm{AU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.003 |  | 0.2840 | 1.88847 e 4 | 1010.75867 | 47.4026 |
| 2 | 11.571 |  | 0.3170 | 2.09543 e 4 | 985.94733 | 52.5974 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 3.98390 e 4 | 1996.70599 |  |

Figure S153. HPLC spectra of rac-3g, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA $\backslash$ GUAN YUQING LK-A $\backslash$ LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\081-1301.D
Sample Name: LJ-137-2


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{m} \mathrm{AU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.049 |  | 0.2695 | 572.29053 | 32.96646 | 1.9854 |
| 2 | 11.593 |  | 0.3129 | 2.82527 e 4 | 1362.80029 | 98.0146 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 2.88250 e 4 | 1395.76675 |  |

Figure S154. HPLC spectra of 3g, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJ-143-3\LJ-143-3 2019-04-30 21-36-43\092-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-143-3


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 92
Injection Date : 4/30/2019 9:48:50 PM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-143-3\LJ-143-3 2019-04-30 21-36-43\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-
                                    0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN. M
Last changed : 4/30/2019 10:09:25 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
AnalYsis Method : D: \DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-143-3\LJ-143-3 2019-04-30 21-36-43\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-
                                    0.5ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method)
Last changed : 5/15/2019 6:54:22 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
Additional Info : Peak (3) manually integrated

Area Percent Report
$=====================================================================2$ Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.971 BV | 0.3726 | 7039.42920 | 286.54825 | 45.4016 |
| 2 | 12.696 VB | 0.4370 | 8465.38184 | 284.63971 | 54.5984 |

Figure S155. HPLC spectra of rac-3h, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-141\LJ-141-3 2019-05-05 15-21-14\092-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-141-3


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 92
Injection Date : 5/5/2019 3:33:20 PM
Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-141\LJ-141-3 2019-05-05 15-21-14\DAD-0J(1-6)-99-1-0.
5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M
Last changed : 5/5/2019 3:47:20 PM
(modified after loading)
AnalYsis Method : D: \DATA\GUAN YJQING\LJ-14l\LJ-141-3 2019-05-05 15-21-14\DAD-0J(1-6) -99-1-0.
5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Me thod)
Last changed : 5/15/2019 6:58:10 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
(



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak <br> \# | ```RetTime Type [min]``` | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [maU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.823 BB | 0.4130 | 8336.08691 | 301.0865 | 0.0000 |
| Total | : |  | 8336.08691 | 301.0865 |  |

Figure S156. HPLC spectra of 3h, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\084-2301.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-137-4-RAC

| Acq. Operator | Seq. Line : 23 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 | Location : Vial 84 |
| Injection Date : 4/15/2019 8:20:08 PM | Inj |
|  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |

Acq. Method : D: \DATA GUAN YUOING $\operatorname{LK}-\mathrm{A} \backslash L K B-190415$ 2019-04-15 08-56-25 VID-AD (1-2)-99-1-0.
6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN. M
Last changed : 3/5/2019 3:34:42 PM
Analysis Method : D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\backslash$ LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-
1ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M
Last changed : 4/16/2019 5:15:44 PM
(modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
(D:XATAMGAA YUOINGLK-ALLKB-190415 2019-041508-56-250842301.D)
$===================================================================1$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nim

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime <br> [min] | Type | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [midu] | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 15.466 | BV | 0.5692 | 4599.29883 | 121.60919 | 24.3744 |
| 2 | 16.890 |  | 0.7248 | 4798.18164 | 98.42130 | 25.4284 |
| 3 | 19.776 | BV | 0.7116 | 4753.76123 | 100.00168 | 25.1929 |
| 4 | 21.663 | VB | 0.8876 | 4718.16992 | 77.89811 | 25.0043 |

Figure S157. HPLC spectra of rac-3i, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA $\backslash$ GUAN YUQING LK-A $\backslash$ LKB-190415 2019-04-15 08-56-25\083-1801.D
Sample Name: LJ-137-4

| Acq. Operator | : | Seq. Line : 18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 1 | Location : Vial 83 |
| Injection Date | : 4/15/2019 6:25:42 PM | Inj : 1 |

 6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN. M
Last changed : 3/5/2019 3:34:42 PM
Analysis Method : D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-1ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M
Last changed : 4/16/2019 5:17:35 PM (modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nim

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {[\text { mants] }} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 15.296 BB | 0.6059 | 7013.24561 | 171.57776 | 49.3191 |
| 2 | 19.841 BV | 0.5918 | 75.46820 | 1.71367 | 0.5307 |
| 3 | 21.224 VB | 0.8378 | 7131.41895 | 125.51943 | 50.1502 |
| Totals : |  |  | 1.42201e4 | 298.81086 |  |

Instrument $24 / 16 / 2019$ 5:19:31 PM
Figure S158. HPLC spectra of 3i, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA\GUAN YUQING LJJ-197\LJ-197 2019-06-21 11-59-17\082-0301.D
Sample Name: LJ-197-1


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | TYpe | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A}^{2}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 43.785 | MF | 2.7221 | 7444.35938 | 45.58009 | 48.0146 |
| 2 | 50.327 |  | 2.7315 | 8060.00781 | 49.17983 | 51.9854 |
| Total | $s$ : |  |  | 1. 55044 e 4 | 94.75991 |  |

Figure S159. HPLC spectra of rac-Bz-3j, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA $\backslash$ GUAN YUQING $\operatorname{LK}-A \backslash L K-190625-5$ 2019-06-25 20-53-56\081-0601.D
Sample Name: LJ-201-2


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with |

Signal 1: VWDl A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime <br> [min] | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{~S}]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [maU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 43.070 | MF | 2.6495 | 2.66761 e 4 | 167.80351 | 98.2541 |
| 2 | 50.833 |  | 2.8864 | 474.00171 | 2.73700 | 1.7459 |
| Total | $s$ : |  |  | 2.71501 e 4 | 170.54051 |  |

Figure S160. HPLC spectra of Bz-3j, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-5-899\LYH-5-899-RAC-1 2019-09-28 08-42-40\084-0901.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-48-RAC


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mAU*S] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.348 BV | 0.2453 | 7554.13770 | 468.01944 | 49.9302 |
| 2 | 12.195 VB | 0.2624 | 7575.27100 | 441.02200 | 50.0698 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 1.51294e4 | 909.04144 |  |

Figure S161. HPLC spectra of rac-3k, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LYH\LYH-5-899\LYH-5-899-RAC-1 2019-09-28 08-42-40\083-0801.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-48

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mAU*S] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.334 BV | 0.2461 | 1.52293e4 | 944.59326 | 97.5071 |
| 2 | 12.192 VB | 0.2853 | 389.35504 | 20.52347 | 2.4929 |
| Total | 3 : |  | 1.56187e4 | 965.11673 |  |

Figure S162. HPLC spectra of 3k, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA\GUAN YUQING LJJ-165-VWD\LJ-165-AD 2019-05-17 09-17-21\003-0501.D
Sample Name: LJ-165-RAC


Figure S163. HPLC spectra of rac-3I, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA\GUAN YUQING LJJ-165-VWD\LJ-165-AD 2019-05-17 09-17-21\002-0401.D
Sample Name: LJ-165-2


Figure S164. HPLC spectra of 3I, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\mathrm{LJ}-106 \backslash L J-106$ 2019-03-06 23-11-49\002-0301.D
Sample Name: LJ-103-1-RAC


```
=========================================================================-
```

Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& | Dilution |
| Factor | with | IsTDs |

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \vdots \end{gathered}$ | RetTime $[$ min] | Type | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{MAU}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [minU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.625 | VV | 0.3233 | 9037.16797 | 416.16431 | 49.3755 |
| 2 | 13.360 | VB | 0.3097 | 9265.78516 | 462.59473 | 50.6245 |
| Totals: |  |  |  | 1.83030 e 4 | 878.75903 |  |

Figure S165. HPLC spectra of rac-3n, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\backslash \mathrm{LJ}-106 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-106$ 2019-03-06 23-11-49\001-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-103-1

| Acq. Operator | Seq. Line : |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 | Location : Vial 1 |
| Injection Date : 3/6/2019 11:28:57 PM | Inj |

Acq. Method : D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\DAD-0D (1-2)-95-5-1ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M
Last changed : 3/5/2019 8:56:43 PM
Analysis Method : D: \METHOD ${ }^{\text {GUUAN YUQING }}$ LONGJIAO\DAD-IA (1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN. M
Last changed : 3/19/2019 9:58:51 PM (modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

====================================================================1
Area Percent Report


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RetTime Type } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.559 BV | 0.3120 | 3.36730 e 4 | 1609.93042 | 92.6141 |
| 2 | 13.391 VB | 0.3181 | 2685.40967 | 129.39296 | 7.3859 |

Totals : $\quad 3.63584 \mathrm{e} 41739.32338$

Figure S166. HPLC spectra of 3n, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\backslash \mathrm{LJ}-124-7 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-124-7-R A C \quad 2019-04-0811-06-38 \backslash 013-0201 . \mathrm{D}$
Sample Name: LJ-124-7-RAC
$=================================================================$
Acq. Operator :
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1
Injection Date : 4/8/2019 $11: 20: 11 \mathrm{AM}$

Acq. Method : D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\backslash \mathrm{LJ}-124-7 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-124-7-\mathrm{RAC}$ 2019-04-08 11-06-38\VID-AD (1-2)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M
Last changed : 3/11/2019 10:31:45 PM
Analysis Method : D: \METHOD $\backslash \mathrm{LG} \backslash \mathrm{DAD}-0 \mathrm{~J}(1-6)-80-20-1 \mathrm{ML}-5 \mathrm{UL}-\mathrm{ALL}-60 \mathrm{MIN} . \mathrm{M}$
Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:50:19 PM
(modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

===================================================================2,
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& | Dilution | Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nim

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime | Type | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{MAU}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mind | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 14.740 | BV | 0.2928 | 6485.12012 | 339.57712 | 50.0335 |
| 2 | 16.718 | BB | 0.3248 | 6476.43945 | 304.93433 | 49.9665 |
| Totals : |  |  |  | 1.29616e4 | 644.51144 |  |

Figure S167. HPLC spectra of rac-3o, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LK-A\LKB-190410 2019-04-10 09-04-18\083-0701.D
Sample Name: LJ-124-7


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 7
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 83
Injection Date : 4/10/2019 11:42:55 AM
                                    Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
ACq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LK-A\LKB-190410 2019-04-10 09-04-18\ VWD-AD (1-2)-95-5-0.
                                    5ML-5UL-254NM-30MIN. M
Last changed : 4/9/2019 4:22:03 PM
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-6OMIN.M
Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:48:13 PM
```

                                    (modified after loading)
    Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mAU*S] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 14.580 BB | 0.2905 | 8222.70313 | 435.13837 | 96.3629 |
| 2 | 16.495 BB | 0.3246 | 310.35309 | 14.56537 | 3.6371 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 8533.05621 | 449.70374 |  |

Figure S168. HPLC spectra of 3o, related to Figure 3.
Data File D: \DATA $\backslash$ LGY $\backslash$ LGY-3-132 $\$ LGY-3-132 2019-04-09 15-22-08\093-0701.D Sample Name: LJ-129-10-RAC


Figure S169. HPLC spectra of rac-3p, related to Figure 3.
Data File D: \DATA LGYY LGY-3-132\LGY-3-132 2019-04-09 15-22-08\092-0601.D
Sample Name: LJ-129-10

$\qquad$

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal l: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madu] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 13.504 BB | 0.3190 | 496.94272 | 23.86341 | 4.0801 |
| 2 | 17.234 BB | 0.4827 | 1.16826 e 4 | 365.71744 | 95.9199 |
| Total | 3 : |  | 1.21796 e 4 | 389.58085 |  |

Figure S170. HPLC spectra of 3p, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\021-0601.D
Sample Name: LJ-109-5


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 21
Injection Date : 3/14/2019 11:32:48 PM
    Inj : l
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\DAD-0D (1-2)-90-10-0
                .5ML-5UL-ALL-30MIN.M
Last changed : 10/30/2018 1l:03:07 PM
Analysis Method : D: \METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6) -95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-4OMIN.M
Last changed : 3/19/2019 10:31:02 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ {[m i n]} \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 8.590 |  | 0.2446 | 9138.08984 | 542.15143 | 49.1392 |
| 2 | 9.706 |  | 0.2699 | 9458.22656 | 501.71347 | 50.8608 |
| Total | $s$ : |  |  | 1.85963 e 4 | 1043.86490 |  |

Figure S171. HPLC spectra of rac-3q, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\023-0801.D
Sample Name: LJ-110-5


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 8
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 23
Injection Date : 3/15/2019 12:34:45 AM
                                    Inj : l
                                    Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\DAD-0D (1-2)-90-10-0
                . 5ML-5UL-ALL-30MIN.M
Last changed : 10/30/2018 ll:03:07 PM
AnalYsis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-4OMIN.M
Last changed : 3/19/2019 10:29:50 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$=====================================================================1$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak R \# | RetTime [min] | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{~S}]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 8.718 |  | 0.3143 | 527.30475 | 24.37941 | 2.1601 |
| 2 | 9.653 |  | 0.2483 | 2.38843 e 4 | 1404.88000 | 97.8399 |
| Totals |  |  |  | 2.44116 e 4 | 1429.25941 |  |

Figure S172. HPLC spectra of 3q, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-105-11-0D\LJ-106-6 2019-03-08 19-55-22\001-0201.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-106-6-RAC


Figure S173. HPLC spectra of rac-3r, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJ-105-11-0D\LJ-106-6 2019-03-08 19-55-22\002-0301.D
Sample Name: LJ-106-6


Figure S174. HPLC spectra of 3r, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA\GUAN YUQING $\mathrm{LJ}-155 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-155$ 2019-05-03 17-00-25\065-0801.D
Sample Name: LJ-108-4-RAC



Area Percent Report


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [血AU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 7.395 |  | 0.2795 | 1492.07043 | 88.97803 | 52.1377 |
| 2 | 8.137 | MM | 0.2450 | 1369.72009 | 93.17516 | 47.8623 |
| Totals | $s$ : |  |  | 2861.79053 | 182.15319 |  |

Figure S175. HPLC spectra of rac-3s, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA\GUAN YUQING $\mathrm{LJ}-155 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-155$ 2019-05-03 17-00-25\066-0901.D
Sample Name: LJ-108-4


```
Acq. Operator :
Seq. Line : 9
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 66
Injection Date : 5/3/2019 10:13:18 PM
                                    Inj : l
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-155\LJ-155 2019-05-03 17-00-25\DAD-0D (1-2)-95-5-0.
5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M
Last changed : 5/3/2019 10:02:26 PM
(modified after loading)
AnalYsis Method : D: \DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-155\LJ-155 2019-05-03 17-00-25\DAD-0D(1-2)-95-5-0.
                                    5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Me thod)
Last changed : 5/4/2019 9:54:17 AM
```

                                    (modified after loading)
    Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off


Figure S176. HPLC spectra of 3s, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\013-0401.D
Sample Name: LJ-1l0-2-RAC

```
========================================================================
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 13
Injection Date : 3/14/2019 11:00:40 PM
    Inj : l
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\DAD-0D (1-2)-95-5-0.
                    5ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M
Last changed : 3/4/2019 3:12:24 PM
AnalYsis Method : D:\METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-4OMIN.M
Last changed : 3/19/2019 10:24:44 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$===============================================================$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RetTime } \\ & {[\text { min }]} \end{aligned}$ | Type | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{MAU}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madu] | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 13.786 |  | 0.2600 | 5142.11768 | 303.06146 | 50.4431 |
| 2 | 14.575 | VB | 0.2721 | 5051.77002 | 285.98007 | 49.5569 |
| Totals : |  |  |  | 1.01939 e 4 | 589.04153 |  |

Figure S177. HPLC spectra of rac-3t, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\011-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-110-2


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial ll
Injection Date : 3/14/2019 10:18:39 PM
                                    Inj : l
                                    Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-110\LJ-110-2 2019-03-14 22-06-29\DAD-0D(1-2)-95-5-0.
                                    5ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M
Last changed : 3/4/2019 3:12:24 PM
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\DAD-IA(1-6) -95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-4OMIN.M
Last changed : 3/19/2019 10:26:50 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak RetTime Type <br> \# Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [min] | Height <br> [mAU*S] | Area <br> [mAU] | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Figure S178. HPLC spectra of 3t, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-113-1\LJ-113-1 2019-03-23 12-44-07\083-0701.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-113-2-RAC



Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{m} \mathrm{AU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10.975 |  | 0.4104 | 7225.67285 | 249.14714 | 50.1755 |
| 2 | 14.498 |  | 0.4295 | 7175.11523 | 240.88791 | 49.8245 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 1.44008e4 | 490.03505 |  |

Figure S179. HPLC spectra of rac-3u, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\mathrm{LJ}-113-1 \backslash L J-113-1$ 2019-03-23 12-44-07\084-0801.D
Sample Name: LJ-113-2


Figure S180. HPLC spectra of rac-3u, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\mathrm{LJ}-158-1 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-158-1$ 2019-05-09 21-57-47\052-0401.D
Sample Name: LJ-158-1-RAC


```
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-158-1\LJ-158-1 2019-05-09 21-57-47\VWD-AD (1-2)-95-5-
    0.5ML-5UL-254NM-30MIN.M
Last changed : 4/9/2019 4:22:03 PM
```

Analysis Method : D: \METHOD $\backslash$ LG VVWD-AD (1-2)-100-0-0.2ML-1UL-220MM-100MIN.M
Last changed : 5/10/2019 2:56:18 PM
(modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs |  |  |

Signal 1: VWDl A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 12.780 VB | 0.3437 | 1.44385e4 | 631.57111 | 50.8506 |
| 2 | 15.034 BB | 0.3822 | 1.39554 e 4 | 547.74023 | 49.1494 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 2.83939 e 4 | 1179.31134 |  |

Figure S181. HPLC spectra of rac-3v, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\mathrm{LJ}-158-1 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-158-1$ 2019-05-09 21-57-47\051-0301.D
Sample Name: LJ-158-1


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 5l
Injection Date : 5/9/2019 10:31:48 PM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-158-1\LJ-158-1 2019-05-09 21-57-47\VWD-AD (1-2)-95-5-
    0.5ML-5UL-254NM-30MIN.M
Last changed : 4/9/2019 4:22:03 PM
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\LG\VWD-AD (1-2)-100-0-0.2ML-1UL-220MM-100MIN.M
Last changed : 5/10/2019 2:57:58 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with IsTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak RetTime Type <br> \# Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [min] | Height <br> [mAU*S] | Area <br> [mAU] | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Totals : 4.17361e4 1824.79488

Figure S182. HPLC spectra of 3v, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-137-3\LJ-137-3 2019-04-16 16-30-33\072-0601.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-137-3-RAC


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 7.975 |  | 0.3028 | 1296.12183 | 71.34225 | 49.9210 |
| 2 | 9.356 |  | 0.3030 | 1300.22363 | 71.51093 | 50.0790 |

Instrument 2 4/17/2019 8:16:00 PM
Figure S183. HPLC spectra of rac-3w, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\mathrm{LJ}-137-3 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-137-3$ 2019-04-16 16-30-33\071-0701.D
Sample Name: LJ-137-3


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime [min] | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 7.985 |  | 0.2119 | 103.08399 | 7.24746 | 0.4068 |
| 2 | 9.342 |  | 0.2788 | 2.52373 e 4 | 1357.84119 | 99.5932 |

Instrument 2 4/17/2019 8:20:29 PM
Figure S184. HPLC spectra of 3w, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\XZC\XZC-DATA-4\XZC-20190327-1 2019-03-27 13-36-36\061-1001.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-113-1-RAC

```
========================================================================
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : }1
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 61
Injection Date : 3/27/2019 11:37:02 PM Inj : 1
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\XZC\XZC-DATA-4\XZC-20190327-1 2019-03-27 13-36-36\DAD-0D (1-2)-90-10
    -1ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M
Last changed : 12/25/2018 5:4l:36 PM
AnalYsis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M
Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:23:10 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```




| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal l: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RetTime } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | TYpe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\text { MAU }^{+}{ }^{*} s\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 4.862 |  | 0.1923 | 3595.02271 | 264.92239 | 49.8359 |
| 2 | 6.016 |  | 0.2090 | 3618.70410 | 249.76396 | 50.1641 |
| Total | ls : |  |  | 7213.72681 | 514.68636 |  |

Figure S185. HPLC spectra of rac-3x, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\XZC\XZC-DATA-4\XZC-20190327-1 2019-03-27 13-36-36\062-1101.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-113-1

```
========================================================================
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 11
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 62
Injection Date : 3/27/2019 11:58:01 PM Inj : 1
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\XZC\XZC-DATA-4\XZC-20190327-1 2019-03-27 13-36-36\DAD-0D (1-2)-90-10
                                    -1ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M
Last changed : 12/25/2018 5:4l:36 PM
Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LG\DAD-0J(1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M
Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:24:48 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```




| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal l: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RetTime Type } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\text { MAU }^{+}{ }^{*} s\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5.025 BB | 0.2364 | 70.61983 | 4. 46831 | 1.0636 |
| 2 | 5.984 BB | 0.1998 | 6568.77344 | 479.64868 | 98.9364 |
| Total | $s$ |  | 6639.39326 | 484.11699 |  |

Figure S186. HPLC spectra of 3x, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\012-1001.D
Sample Name: LJ-103-4-RAC


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with |

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime <br> [min] | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{~S}]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 7.597 | MM | 0.2056 | 5786.62988 | 469.13281 | 50.3232 |
| 2 | 10.533 |  | 0.2510 | 5712.29883 | 379.24442 | 49.6768 |
| Total | $s$ : |  |  | 1.14989 e 4 | 848.37723 |  |

Figure S187. HPLC spectra of rac-3y, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING\LJ-106\LJ-106 2019-03-06 23-11-49\011-0901.D
Sample Name: LJ-103-4

| Acq. Operator | : Seq. Line : 9 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 11 |
| Injection Date | : 3/7/2019 1:56:04 AM Inj : 1 |
|  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method |  5ML-5UL-ALL-20MIN.M |
| Last changed | : 3/4/2019 3:12:24 PM |
| Analysis Method | : D: \METHOD \GUAN YUQING LONGJIAO\DAD-IA (1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN. M |
| Last changed | : 3/19/2019 10:11:39 PM |

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$=====================================================================1$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak RetTime Type <br> \# Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [min] | Height <br> [mAU*s] | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [mAU] |  |  |  |

Figure S188. HPLC spectra of 3y, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26-1 2019-08-14 19-54-25\081-0401.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-26-4-RAC

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution Factor with | ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWDl A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mAU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 8.195 VV | 0.1880 | 2979.72461 | 241.35216 | 47.5267 |
| 2 | 8.569 VV | 0.2095 | 3289.85962 | 233.32156 | 52.4733 |
| Totals |  |  | 6269.58423 | 474.67372 |  |

Figure S189. HPLC spectra of rac-3z, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\mathrm{LJ}-2-26 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-2-26-1$ 2019-08-14 19-54-25\083-0601.D
Sample Name: LJ-2-26-3

```
=============================================================================-
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 83
Injection Date : 8/14/2019 9:41:26 PM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 1.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26-1 2019-08-14 19-54-25\VID-0J(1-2)-95-5-
                                    0.5ML-1UL-254NM-20MIN.M
Last changed : 8/14/2019 7:57:29 PM
Analysis Method : D: \METHOD\LWD\DAD-AD (1-6)-95-5-1ML-3UL-ALL-3OMIN-0813.M
Last changed : 8/15/2019 6:36:03 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm


Figure S190. HPLC spectra of 3z, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26-1 2019-08-14 19-54-25\093-0301.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-26-1-RAC


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$\qquad$

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nim

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.684 |  | 0.2247 | 1341.73059 | 91.71468 | 50.3192 |
| 2 | 14.587 |  | 1.0837 | 1324.70544 | 19.82213 | 49.6808 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 2666. 43604 | 111.53681 |  |

Figure S191. HPLC spectra of rac-3aa, related to Figure 3.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-2-26\LJ-2-26-1 2019-08-14 19-54-25\092-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-2-26-1


Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{m} \mathrm{AU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madu] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.737 | MM | 0.2944 | 1.10028 e 4 | 622.86169 | 94.8180 |
| 2 | 15.007 | MM | 0.4183 | 601.32904 | 23.95970 | 5.1820 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 1.1604le4 | 646.82139 |  |

Figure S192. HPLC spectra of 3aa, related to Figure 3.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\072-0501.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-157-8-RAC

Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 5
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 72
Injection Date : 5/6/2019 11:23:57 AM
Inj : 1
Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$
Acq. Method : D: \DATA $\backslash$ LWD $\backslash L W D-5-60 \backslash L W D-5-60-14$ 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-0. 5ML
-5UL-ALL -60MIN. M
Last changed : 3/10/2019 2:55:21 PM
Analysis Method : D: \DATA $\backslash$ LWD $\backslash$ LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-0. 5ML
-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method)
Last changed : 5/16/2019 9:39:12 PM
(modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$======================================================================2$ Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal l: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off


Figure S193. HPLC spectra of rac-3ab, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\071-0401.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-157-8

Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 71
Injection Date : 5/6/2019 10:22:58 AM
Inj : 1
Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$
Acq. Method : D: \DATA $\backslash$ LWD $\backslash$ LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49 \DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-0. 5ML
-5UL-ALL-60MIN. M
Last changed : 3/10/2019 2:55:21 PM
Analysis Method : D: \DATA $\backslash$ LWD $\backslash$ LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-0. 5ML
-5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Method)
Last changed : 5/16/2019 9:40:28 PM
(modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal l: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 27.802 BB | 0.6682 | 1.73284 e 4 | 385.6532 | 0.0000 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 1.73284 e 4 | 385.6532 |  |

Figure S194. HPLC spectra of 3ab, related to Figure 4

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-55\LJ-2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\082-0501.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-55-2



Area Percent Report


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm


Figure S195. HPLC spectra of rac-3ac, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D: \DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-55\LJ-2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\084-0601.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-56-2


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 84
Injection Date : 10/2/2019 12:02:43 AM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-55\LJ-2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\VWD-AD (1-2)-99-
    1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M
Last changed : 10/1/2019 10:33:36 PM
(modified after loading)
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\LGY\VWD-AS (1-6)-99-1-1ML-5UL-254MM-35MIN.M
Last changed : 10/2/2019 9:57:02 AM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

(S) manually integrated


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal l: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 28.004 BB | 0.5997 | 1.01024 e 4 | 256.95374 | 99.7409 |
| 2 | 29.891 MM | 0.4877 | 26.24809 | $8.96930 \mathrm{e}-1$ | 0.2591 |
| Total | 3 : |  | 1.01286 e 4 | 257.85067 |  |

Figure S196. HPLC spectra of 3ac, related to Figure 4.

Data File D: \DATA $\backslash$ LYH $\backslash$ LYH-4-740\LYH-4-740-1 2019-05-03 15-55-01
Sample Name: LJ-150-1-RAC

| Acq. Operator | : Seq. Line : 13 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 85 |
| Injection Date | : 5/3/2019 11:26:13 PM Inj : 1 |
|  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method | $\begin{aligned} & : ~ D: \ D A T A \backslash L Y H \backslash L Y H-4-740 \backslash L Y H-4-740-1 \quad 2019-05-0315-55-01 \backslash V W D-A D(1-2)-99-1-0 . \\ & 5 M L-5 U L-254 N M-60 M I N . \mathrm{M} \end{aligned}$ |
| Last changed | : 4/16/2019 4:38:17 PM |
| Analysis Method | : D: \METHOD \GUAN YUQING LONGJIAO\VWD-AD (1-2)-70-30-0.5ML-5UL-254MM-40MIN.M |
| Last changed | : 5/4/2019 10:06:22 AM |

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$=====================================================================1$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ {[m i n]} \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 33.842 |  | 0.7749 | 5006.37842 | 98.67974 | 47.8643 |
| 2 | 35.408 |  | 0.8798 | 5453.14893 | 92.50365 | 52.1357 |
| Total | $s$ : |  |  | 1.04595 e 4 | 191.18340 |  |

Figure S197. HPLC spectra of rac-3ad, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\ LYH\LYH-4-740\LYH-4-740-1 2019-05-03 15-55-01\086-1401.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-150-1

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs |  |  |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mAU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 33.479 BB | 0.7929 | 3.00404 e 4 | 571.8536 | 0.0000 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 3.00404 e 4 | 571.8536 |  |

Figure S198. HPLC spectra of 3ad, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\072-1201.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-15l-2

| Acq. Operator | : | Seq. Line : 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 2 | Location : Vial 72 |
| Injection Date | : 4/28/2019 11:25:07 PM | Inj : 1 |
|  |  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash \mathrm{LSL} \backslash \mathrm{LSL}-4-45 \backslash L S L-4-45$ 5UL-ALL-60MIN.M | 2019-04-28 17-54-38\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-0.5ML- |
| Last changed | : 3/10/2019 2:55:21 PM |  |
| Analysis Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash \mathrm{LSL} \backslash L S L-4-45 \ L S L-4-45$ 5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Meth | 2019-04-28 17-54-38\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-0.5MLod) |
| Last changed | : 5/3/2019 5:50:12 PM <br> (modified after loading) |  |

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{m} \mathrm{AU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 25.028 |  | 0.5388 | 7893.84473 | 215.79332 | 49.4747 |
| 2 | 27.365 |  | 0.6179 | 8061.46973 | 191.99297 | 50.5253 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 1.59553 e 4 | 407.78629 |  |

Figure S199. HPLC spectra of rac-3ae, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\062-1301.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-150-2

| Acq. Operator | : | Seq. Line : 13 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 2 | Location : Vial 62 |
| Injection Date | : 4/29/2019 12:26:10 AM | Inj : 1 |
|  |  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash \mathrm{LSL} \backslash \mathrm{LSL}-4-45 \backslash L S L-4-45$ 5UL-ALL-60MIN.M | 2019-04-28 17-54-38\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-0.5ML- |
| Last changed | : 3/10/2019 2:55:21 PM |  |
| Analysis Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash \mathrm{LSL} \backslash L S L-4-45 \ L S L-4-45$ 5UL-ALL-60MIN.M (Sequence Meth | 2019-04-28 17-54-38\DAD-0J (1-6)-99-1-0.5MLod) |
| Last changed | : 5/3/2019 5:51:46 PM <br> (modified after loading) |  |

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
(D:DATANLSLILSL-4-45LSL-4-45 2019-0428 17-54380062-1301.D)


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal l: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 25.072 BB | 0.5086 | 3.41880 e 4 | 1005.6047 | 0.0000 |
| Total |  |  | 3.41880 e 4 | 1005.6047 |  |

Figure S200. HPLC spectra of 3ae, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\064-0601.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-162-2-RAC

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs |  |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{~S}]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.394 BB | 0.3691 | 2954.75879 | 121.35410 | 49.4600 |
| 2 | 12.985 BB | 0.3738 | 3019.27490 | 122.38118 | 50.5400 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 5974.03369 | 243.73528 |  |

Figure S201. HPLC spectra of rac-3af, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VWD) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\063-0501.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-162-2




| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |  |

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak $\#$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAN} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [maU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11.486 |  | 0.3762 | 1.30095 e 4 | 524.87543 | 98.0807 |
| 2 | 13.008 |  | 0.4413 | 254.57536 | 8.31177 | 1.9193 |
| Total | $s$ : |  |  | 1.3264le4 | 533.18720 |  |

Figure S202. HPLC spectra of 3af, related to Figure 4

Data File D: \DATA $\backslash G U A N$ YUQING $\backslash \mathrm{LJ}-150 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-150(151)$ 2019-04-28 17-43-31\083-0401. D
Sample Name: LJ-15l-3


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 83
Injection Date : 4/28/2019 7:07:00 PM
    Inj : l
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-150\LJ-150(151) 2019-04-28 17-43-31\VND-AD (1-2)-99-1
-0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M
Last changed : 4/28/2019 7:44:37 PM
                            (modified after loading)
AnalYsis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-150\LJ-150(151) 2019-04-28 17-43-31\VWD-AD (1-2)-99-1
                                    -0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M (Sequence Method)
Last changed : 5/3/2019 5:58:38 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually int egrated

Area Percent Report
$=====================================================================2$

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime <br> [min] | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mind | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 29.794 | BV | 1.1567 | 1494.45447 | 18.30020 | 49.4599 |
| 2 | 32.657 |  | 1.3695 | 1527.09534 | 15.49839 | 50.5401 |

Figure S203. HPLC spectra of rac-3ag, related to Figure 4.

Data File D: \DATA $\backslash G U A N$ YUQING $\backslash \mathrm{LJ}-150 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-150(151)$ 2019-04-28 17-43-31\087-0701. D
Sample Name: LJ-150-3


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 7
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 87
Injection Date : 4/28/2019 9:09:34 PM
                                    Inj : l
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-150\LJ-150(151) 2019-04-28 17-43-31\VND-AD (1-2)-99-1
-0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M
Last changed : 4/28/2019 7:44:37 PM
                            (modified after loading)
AnalYsis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-150\LJ-150(151) 2019-04-28 17-43-31\VWD-AD (1-2)-99-1
                                    -0.6ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M (Sequence Method)
Last changed : 5/3/2019 6:00:17 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


$======================================================================1$ Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 32.086 BB | 1.1885 | 5973.43457 | 73.23915 | 100.0000 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 5973.43457 | 73.23915 |  |

Figure S204. HPLC spectra of 3ag, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\084-0501.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-26-7-RAC


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 5
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 84
Injection Date : 8/14/2019 12:19:21 AM
                                    Inj : l
                                    Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\ VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0.
                    5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN. M
Last changed : 8/13/2019 10:44:25 PM
    (modified after loading)
Analysis Method : D: \METHOD\LG\VWD-AD(1-2)-80-20-1ML-3UL-210NM-60MIN.M
Last changed : 8/14/2019 10:07:13 AM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
(D:LDATAGUAN YUOINGLL-2-26LL-2-262019-08-13 22-15-460840501.D)


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nim

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 18.997 |  | 0.3724 | 4454.71484 | 181.45822 | 50.2576 |
| 2 | 24.353 | BV | 0.4114 | 4409.04004 | 164.66374 | 49.7424 |
| Total | $s$ : |  |  | 8863.75488 | 346.12196 |  |

Figure S205. HPLC spectra of rac-3ah, related to Figure 4.

Data File D: \DATA $\backslash$ GUAN YUQING LJJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\083-0401.D
Sample Name: LJ-2-26-7


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 4
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 83
Injection Date : 8/13/2019 11:43:31 PM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\ VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0.
                    5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN. M
Last changed : 8/13/2019 10:44:25 PM
    (modified after loading)
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\LG\VWD-AD(1-2)-80-20-1ML-3UL-210NM-60MIN.M
Last changed : 8/14/2019 10:05:00 AM
    (modified after loading)
```


$===================================================================1$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs |  |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak RetTime Type <br> \# Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [min] | Height <br> [mAU*s] | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [mAU] | \% |  |  |

Figure S206. HPLC spectra of 3ah, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-86-1\LSL-4-86-2 2019-06-29 09-08-43\093-3101.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-1-2

Last changed : 6/29/2019 10:12:37 PM
(modified after loading)

$\qquad$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=220 nm

| Peak R \# | RetTime [min] | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 8.750 |  | 0.2815 | 5251.89600 | 310.98474 | 49.1124 |
| 2 | 9.373 | FM | 0.2955 | 5441.73340 | 306.92697 | 50.8876 |
| Totals | 3 : |  |  | 1.06936 e 4 | 617.91171 |  |

Figure S207. HPLC spectra of rac-3ai, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-86-1\LSL-4-86-2 2019-06-29 09-08-43\094-3501.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-2-2

Last changed : 6/29/2019 10:51:26 PM
(modified after loading)



Area Percent Report
$=====================================================================$
Sorted BY
Multiplier
Dilution
Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=220 nm

| Peak $\#$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [血AU**] | Height <br> [maU] | Area <br> \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 8.739 |  | 0.2663 | 7521.54541 | 433.75995 | 97.8275 |
| 2 | 9.394 |  | 0.2780 | 167.03423 | 8.62418 | 2.1725 |
| Totals | $s$ : |  |  | 7688.57964 | 442.38413 |  |

Figure S208. HPLC spectra of 3ai, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\084-0601.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-58-2-RAC

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with IsTDs |

Signal 1: VWDl A, Wavelength=220 nm

| Peak RetTime Type <br> [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [mAU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [min |  |  |  |  |

Figure S209. HPLC spectra of rac-3aj, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\083-0501.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-58-2

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



```
Area Percent Report
```

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs |  |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm

| Peak RetTime Type <br> [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [mAU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [m |  |  |  |  |

Figure S210. HPLC spectra of 3aj, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\074-1201.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-157-7-RAC

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 22.065 BV | 0.7619 | 1.03696 e 4 | 192.05229 | 47.7532 |
| 2 | 24.191 VB | 0.8610 | 1.13454 e 4 | 183.57259 | 52.2468 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 2.17150 e 4 | 375.62488 |  |

Figure S211. HPLC spectra of rac-3ak, related to Figure 4

```
Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-60\LWD-5-60-14 2019-05-06 09-32-49\073-1101.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-157-7

| Acq. Operator | : Seq. Line : 11 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 73 |
| Injection Date | : 5/6/2019 3:10:06 PM Inj : 1 |
|  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash$ LWD $\backslash L W D-5-60 \backslash L W D-5-60-14$ 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0D (1-2)-99-1-0.5ML -5UL-ALL-40MIN.M |
| Last changed | : 3/8/2019 11:06:52 AM |
| Analysis Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash$ LWD $\backslash L W D-5-60 \ L W D-5-60-14$ 2019-05-06 09-32-49\DAD-0D (1-2)-99-1-0.5ML -5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method) |
| Last changed | : 5/16/2019 9:35:29 PM |
|  | (modified after loading) |

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal l: DADl B, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madu] | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 24.206 BB | 0.8172 | 1.16287 e 4 | 196.2877 | 0.0000 |
| Total |  |  | 1. 16287 e 4 | 196.287 |  |

Figure S212. HPLC spectra of 3ak, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-55\LJ-2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\081-0301.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-55-1



Area Percent Report
$======================================================================1$

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTD |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm


Figure S213. HPLC spectra of rac-3al, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-55\LJ-2-55-VWD 2019-10-01 21-45-03\083-0401.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-56-1



```
===========================================================================-2
```



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak RetTime Type <br> [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [mAU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [min |  |  |  |  |

Figure S214. HPLC spectra of 3al, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\ZX\XZC-190410-1 2019-04-12 19-18-12\064-1101.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-133-1

Acq. Method : D: \DATA $\backslash 2 X \backslash X Z C-190410-1$ 2019-04-12 19-18-12 $12 \mathrm{DAD}-0 \mathrm{~J}(1-6)-95-5-1 \mathrm{ML}-5 \mathrm{UL}-\mathrm{ALL}-$
60MIN.M
Last changed : 7/6/2018 10:36:38 PM
Analysis Method : D: \METHOD\LG\DAD-0J (1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-6OMIN.M
Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:57:24 PM
(modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
(

Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with |

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off


Figure S215. HPLC spectra of rac-3am, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\ZX\XZC-190410-1 2019-04-12 19-18-12\063-1001.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-132-1

| Acq. Operator | : | Seq. Line : 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 2 | Location : Vial 63 |
| Injection Date | : 4/13/2019 12:18:46 AM | Inj : 1 |

Acq. Method : D: \DATA $\backslash 2 X \backslash X Z C-190410-1$ 2019-04-12 19-18-12 $12 A D-0 J(1-6)-95-5-1 M L-5 U L-A L L-$
60MIN.M
Last changed : 7/6/2018 10:36:38 PM
Analysis Method : D: \METHOD\LG\DAD-0J (1-6)-80-20-1ML-5UL-ALL-6OMIN.M
Last changed : 4/14/2019 9:58:32 PM
(modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$===================================================================1$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mAU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 29.529 BB | 1.1823 | 6790.98779 | 77.80267 | 100.0000 |
| Total | : |  | 6790.98779 | 77.80267 |  |

Figure S216. HPLC spectra of 3am, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\ZX\ZX-3-81\LSL-4-31-3 2019-04-13 13-34-06\062-0701.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-133-2
$==================================================================2$
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 7
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 62
Injection Date : 4/13/2019 5:51:17 PM
Inj : 1
Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$
Acq. Method : D: \DATA $\backslash 2 X \backslash Z X-3-81 \backslash L S L-4-31-3$ 2019-04-13 13-34-06\DAD-0J (1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-
5UL-ALL-30MIN.M
Last changed : 4/13/2019 3:13:40 PM
Analysis Method : D: \METHOD $\backslash \mathrm{LG} \backslash \mathrm{DAD}-0 \mathrm{~J}(1-6)-80-20-1 \mathrm{ML}-5 \mathrm{UL}-A L L-60 M I N . M$
Last changed : 4/14/2019 10:00:29 PM
(modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
(DAD A Sig=254,4Ref=off(D:DATAZZZZ-3-81LSL-431-32019-0413 13-34-06062-0701.D)

Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with |

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mAU*S] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 15.952 BV | 0.4176 | 8.50486e4 | 2641.95483 | 48.8532 |
| 2 | 17.541 VB | 0.4580 | 8.90417e4 | 2473.26196 | 51.1468 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 1.74090 e 5 | 5115.21680 |  |

Figure S217. HPLC spectra of rac-3an, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\ZX\ZX-3-81\LSL-4-31-3 2019-04-13 13-34-06\061-0601.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-132-2

Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 6
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 61
Injection Date : 4/13/2019 5:20:17 PM
Inj : 1
Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$
Acq. Method : D: \DATA $\backslash 2 X \backslash Z X-3-81 \backslash L S L-4-31-3$ 2019-04-13 13-34-06\DAD-0J (1-6)-95-5-0.5ML-
5UL-ALL-30MIN.M
Last changed : 4/13/2019 3:13:40 PM
Analysis Method : D: \METHOD $\backslash \mathrm{LG} \backslash \mathrm{DAD}-0 \mathrm{~J}(1-6)-80-20-1 \mathrm{ML}-5 \mathrm{UL}-A L L-60 M I N . M$
Last changed : 4/14/2019 10:01:44 PM
(modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 17.978 BB | 0.5250 | 1.86330 e 4 | 499.70447 | 100.0000 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 1.86330 e 4 | 499.70447 |  |

Figure S218. HPLC spectra of 3an, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\ GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VID) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\062-0301.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-162-1-RAC

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$\qquad$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& | Dilution |
| Factor | with | IsTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nim

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime | Type | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{MAU}^{*} \mathrm{~s}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mind | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 15.617 |  | 0.4432 | 9690.17578 | 327.45148 | 49.9852 |
| 2 | 18.207 | BB | 0.5098 | 9695.92480 | 285.80896 | 50.0148 |
| Totals : |  |  |  | 1.93861 e 4 | 613.26044 |  |

Figure S219. HPLC spectra of rac-3ao, related to Figure 4.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJ-162\LJ-162 (VID) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\061-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-162-1

```
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 6l
Injection Date : 5/13/2019 6:30:45 PM
Seq. Line : 2
    Inj : l
    Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-162\LJ-162(VND) 2019-05-13 18-18-55\VWD-AD (1-2)-99-1
    -0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M
Last changed : 5/13/2019 8:56:49 AM
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\GUAN YUQING\LONGJIAO\VWD-AD (1-2)-99-1-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN.M
Last changed : 5/13/2019 9:43:18 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```



Area Percent Report
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Sorted By } & : & \text { Signal } \\ \text { Multiplier } & : & 1.0000\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Multiplier } & : & 1.0000 \\ \text { Dilution } & : & 1.0000\end{array}$
Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm


Figure S220. HPLC spectra of 3ao, related to Figure 4

```
Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\062-1101.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-150-5-RAC

```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : ll
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 62
Injection Date : 4/27/2019 3:24:38 PM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\DAD-0D (1-2) -99-1-
0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN. M
Last changed : 3/8/2019 ll:06:52 AM
AnalYsis Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\DAD-0D (1-2)-99-1-
                    0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method)
Last changed : 4/28/2019 6:43:34 PM
                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal l: DADl A, Sig=220, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | RetTime [min] | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madu] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 19.090 |  | 0.7033 | 2.94362 e 4 | 576.84332 | 48.6728 |
| 2 | 21.261 |  | 0.8915 | 3.10416 e 4 | 458.71768 | 51.3272 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 6.04778 e 4 | 1035.56100 |  |

Figure S221. HPLC spectra of rac-3ap, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\061-1001.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-150-5

| Acq. Operator | : Seq. Line : 10 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 2 Location : Vial 61 |
| Injection Date | : 4/27/2019 2:43:37 PM Inj : 1 |
|  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method | ```D:\DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\DAD-0D (1-2)-99-1- 0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN. M``` |
| Last changed | : 3/8/2019 11:06:52 AM |
| Analysis Method | ```D: \DATA\LWD\LWD-5-45-5~9\LWD-5-45-5~9 2019-04-27 10-58-26\DAD-0D (1-2)-99-1- 0.5ML-5UL-ALL-40MIN.M (Sequence Method)``` |
| Last changed | 4/28/2019 6:45:59 PM (modified after loading) |

additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=220, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 19.462 BB | 0.7553 | 3590.59058 | 56.51189100 .0000 |  |
| Total |  |  | 3590.59058 | 56.5118 |  |

Figure S222. HPLC spectra of 3ap, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\082-0301.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-26-8-RAC


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 82
Injection Date : 8/13/2019 11:07:37 PM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\ VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0.
                    5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN. M
Last changed : 8/13/2019 10:44:25 PM
    (modified after loading)
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\LG\VWD-AD(1-2)-80-20-1ML-3UL-210NM-60MIN.M
Last changed : 8/14/2019 10:10:16 AM
    (modified after loading)
```



Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with IsTDs |  |  |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mAU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 16.673 BB | 0.3355 | 2905.79492 | 130.66414 | 50.0381 |
| 2 | 19.088 BB | 0.3975 | 2901.36499 | 110.80025 | 49.9619 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 5807.15991 | 241.46439 |  |

Figure S223. HPLC spectra of rac-3aq, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\081-0201.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-26-8


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 81
Injection Date : 8/13/2019 10:31:48 PM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-26\LJ-2-26 2019-08-13 22-15-46\ VWD-0J(1-2)-95-5-0.
5ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN. M
Last changed : 8/13/2019 10:44:25 PM
(modified after loading)
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\LG\VWD-AD(1-2)-80-20-1ML-3UL-210NM-60MIN.M
Last changed : 8/14/2019 10:13:25 AM
(modified after loading)
```



Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 16.608 BB | 0.3357 | 430.80255 | 19.50537 | 1.8249 |
| 2 | 18.685 BB | 0.4228 | 2.31767 e 4 | 822.39478 | 98.1751 |
| Totals : |  |  | 2.36075 e 4 | 841.90014 |  |

Figure S224. HPLC spectra of 3aq, related to Figure 4.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-2-34\LJ-2-34 2019-08-22 19-27-53\093-0401.D
Sample Name: LJ-2-34-RAC


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$====================================================================$
Area Percent Report


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with |
| ISTD |  |  |

Signal 1: VWDl A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | RetTime <br> [min] | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mad] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 8.683 |  | 0.2682 | 7229.00488 | 410.94553 | 49.3700 |
| 2 | 9.518 |  | 0.2810 | 7413.50635 | 400.48196 | 50.6300 |
| Totals | 3 : |  |  | 1. 46425 e 4 | 811.42749 |  |

Figure S225. HPLC spectra of rac-3ar, related to Figure 4.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-2-34\LJ-2-34 2019-08-22 19-27-53\092-0301.D
Sample Name: LJ-2-34


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$====================================================================$
Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWDl A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak RetTime Type <br> [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [mAU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [m |  |  |  |  |

Figure S226. HPLC spectra of 3ar, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\086-1001.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-58-3-RAC

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak RetTime Type <br> \# Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [min] | Height <br> [mAU*s] | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [mAU] | \% |  |  |

Figure S227. HPLC spectra of rac-3as, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\085-0901.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-58-3




| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal l: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

*** End of Report ***

Figure S228. HPLC spectra of 3as, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\082-0401.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-58-1-RAC


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$==========================================================================1$
$========================================================================2$

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mAU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 13.061 BB | 0.2980 | 1793.32349 | 91.35478 | 49.7739 |
| 2 | 14.443 VV | 0.3104 | 1809.61426 | 87.80449 | 50.2261 |

Totals : 3602.93774179 .15927

Figure S229. HPLC spectra of rac-3at, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-58\LJ-2-58 2019-10-04 14-59-34\081-0301.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-58-1

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=220 nm

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mind*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 14.335 BB | 0.3155 | 3957.84790 | 188.12329 | 100.0000 |
| Total | : |  | 3957.84790 | 188.12329 |  |

Figure S230. HPLC spectra of 3at, related to Figure 4.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-2-28\LJ-2-28 2019-08-17 17-49-47\093-0301.D
Sample Name: LJ-2-28-RAC


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 93
Injection Date : 8/17/2019 7:08:37 PM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-28\LJ-2-28 2019-08-17 17-49-47\VWD-AS (1-6)-99-1-0.
5ML-5UL-220NM-60MIN.M
Last changed : 4/29/2019 8:58:31 AM
Analysis Method : D:\METHOD\LWD\DAD-0D (1-2)-90-10-1ML-3ULALL-25MIN.M
Last changed : 8/19/2019 9:39:21 AM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

=====================================================================2,
Area Percent Report
=========================================================================2

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: VWDl A, Wavelength $=220 \mathrm{~nm}$

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | RetTime Type [min] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Width } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{\star} \mathrm{S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height [madu] | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 19.253 BB | 0.7624 | 523.16156 | 10.09827 | 51.2498 |
| 2 | 22.072 BB | 0.8799 | 497.64478 | 8.36683 | 48.7502 |
| Total |  |  | 1020.80634 | 18.46510 |  |

Figure S231. HPLC spectra of rac-3au, related to Figure 4.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-2-28\LJ-2-28 2019-08-17 17-49-47\092-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-2-28


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2
Acq. Instrument : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 92
Injection Date : 8/17/2019 6:07:48 PM Inj : l
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-28\LJ-2-28 2019-08-17 17-49-47\ VWD-AS(1-6)-99-1-0.
                                    5ML-5UL-220NM-60MIN. M
Last changed : 4/29/2019 8:58:31 AM
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\LWD\DAD-0D (1-2)-90-10-1ML-3ULALL-2 5MIN.M
Last changed : 8/19/2019 9:41:54 AM
```

                                    (modified after loading)
    Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated

$======================================================================1$
Area Percent Report


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |  |

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=220 nm

| Peak RetTime Type <br> \# Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [min] | Height <br> [mAU*s] | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [mAU] | \% |  |  |

Figure S232. HPLC spectra of 3au, related to Figure 4.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LG\201906\NAPH-VWD 2019-06-27 17-37-50\082-1701.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-4-RAC



|  | Area Percent Report |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sorted By | : | Signal |
| Multiplier | : | 1.0000 |
| Dilution |  | 1.0000 |

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm


Figure S233. HPLC spectra of rac-Bz-3av, related to Figure 5

```
Data File D:\DATA\LG\201906\NAPH-VWD 2019-06-27 17-37-50\081-1601.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-4

| Acq. Operator | : Seq. Line : 16 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 81 |
| Injection Date | : 6/28/2019 7:46:47 AM Inj : 1 |
|  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash \mathrm{LG} \backslash 201906 \backslash \mathrm{NAPH}-\mathrm{VWD} 2019-06-27$ 17-37-50\VWD-AS (1-6) -85-15-1ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN. M |
| Last changed | : 6/27/2019 10:00:11 PM |
| Analysis Method |  |
| Last changed | : 6/28/2019 6:30:24 PM |
|  | (modified after loading) |



|  | Area Percent Report |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sorted By | : | Signal |
| Multiplier | : | 1.0000 |
| Dilution |  | 1.0000 |

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm


Figure S234. HPLC spectra of Bz-3av, related to Figure 5.

```
Data File D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-2-16\LJ-2-16 2019-07-16 20-59-13\002-0301.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-2-16-RAC

| Acq. Operator | : Seq. Line : 3 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 1 Location : Vial 2 |
| Injection Date | : 7/16/2019 9:56:06 PM Inj : 1 |
|  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method | : D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-2-16\LJ-2-16 2019-07-16 20-59-13 VWD-AD (1-2)-85-15-1ML-5UL-254NM-40MIN. M |
| Last changed | : 4/17/2019 5:00:46 PM |
| Analysis Method | : D: \METHOD $\mathrm{L}^{\text {S }}$ S $\backslash \mathrm{DAD}-0 \mathrm{D}(1-2)-97-3-1 \mathrm{ML}-5 \mathrm{UL}-\mathrm{ALL}-60 \mathrm{MIN} . \mathrm{M}$ |
| Last changed | : 7/19/2019 8:11:26 PM |
|  | (modified after loading) |

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm


Figure S235. HPLC spectra of rac-Bz-3aw, related to Figure 5.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-2-16\LJ-2-16 2019-07-16 20-59-13\001-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-2-16


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RetTime Type } \\ & \text { [min] } \end{aligned}$ | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madu] | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 24.391 BB | 0.8115 | 127.46741 | 2.11982 | 1.0228 |
| 2 | 27.602 BB | 0.9399 | 1.23356 e 4 | 199.90909 | 98.9772 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 1.24631 e 4 | 202.02891 |  |

Figure S236. HPLC spectra of Bz-3aw, related to Figure 5.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-D IWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\081-1401.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-137-6-RAC

```
Oc. Operator - Seq. Line
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 81
Injection Date : 4/16/2019 8:39:31 PM
                                    Inj : l
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-DIWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\VWD-AD (1-2)-99-1-0.
                    5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN. M
Last changed : 4/16/2019 4:38:17 PM
AnalYsis Method : D: \DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-D IWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\VWD-AD (1-2)-99-1-0.
                    5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M (Sequence Method)
Last changed : 4/17/2019 8:04:38 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal l: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 32.701 |  | 2.4469 | 2520.65356 | 17.16935 | 50.3716 |
| 2 | 37.205 |  | 2.8903 | 2483.46680 | 14.32087 | 49.6284 |
| Total | $s$ : |  |  | 5004.12036 | 31.49022 |  |

Figure S237. HPLC spectra of rac-3ax, related to Figure 5.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-D IWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\082-1501.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-137-6

```
=========
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 15
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 82
Injection Date : 4/16/2019 9:40:22 PM
                                    Inj : l
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-DIWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\VWD-AD (1-2)-99-1-0.
                    5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN. M
Last changed : 4/16/2019 4:38:17 PM
AnalYsis Method : D: \DATA\LWD\LY-2-1-D IWU\LY-2-1DIWU 2019-04-16 15-39-34\VWD-AD (1-2)-99-1-0.
                    5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M (Sequence Method)
Last changed : 4/17/2019 8:07:01 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak(s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Peak } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{min}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madu] | Area * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 31.888 | BB | 1.2270 | 1.51677 e 4 | 175.21049 | 98.5994 |
| 2 | 37.185 |  | 1.4597 | 215.46088 | 1.73517 | 1. 4006 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 1.53832e4 | 176.94567 |  |

Figure S238. HPLC spectra of 3ax, related to Figure 5.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\093-1801.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-148-4-RAC

| Acq. Operator | : | Seq. Line : 18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acq. Instrument | : Instrument 2 | Location : Vial 93 |
| Injection Date | : 4/29/2019 4:26:23 AM | Inj : 1 |
|  |  | Inj Volume : $5.000 \mu \mathrm{l}$ |
| Acq. Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash \mathrm{LSL} \backslash \mathrm{LSL}-4-45 \backslash L S L-4-45$ 5UL-ALL-45MIN.M | $2019-04-28 \quad 17-54-38 \backslash D A D-0 D(1-2)-80-20-0.5 M L-$ |
| Last changed | : 4/28/2019 10:10:52 PM |  |
| Analysis Method | : D: \DATA $\backslash \mathrm{LSL} \backslash L S L-4-45 \ L S L-4-45$ 5UL-ALL-45MIN.M (Sequence Meth | $2019-04-28 \quad 17-54-38 \backslash \mathrm{DAD}-0 \mathrm{D}(1-2)-80-20-0.5 \mathrm{ML}-$ od) |
| Last changed | : 5/3/2019 5:44:15 PM (modified after loading) |  |
| Additional Info | : Peak (s) manually integrated |  |

DAD1 A Sig=254,4 Reffoff(D:DATALLSLILSL-4-45LSLL-445 201

$\qquad$

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | RetTime [min] | Type | Width [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 24.760 |  | 0.7097 | 2.01640 e 4 | 429.50250 | 49.8858 |
| 2 | 28.836 |  | 0.8000 | 2.02563 e 4 | 381.19202 | 50.1142 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 4.04203e4 | 810.69452 |  |

Figure S239. HPLC spectra of rac-3ay, related to Figure 5.

```
Data File D:\DATA\LSL\LSL-4-45\LSL-4-45 2019-04-28 17-54-38\092-1701.D
```

Sample Name: LJ-148-4

ad

$\qquad$

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
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| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: DADl A, Sig=254, 4 Ref=off

| Peak \# | RetTime <br> [min] | Type | Width [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{mAU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 24.745 | MM | 0.7688 | 1.20418 e 4 | 261.04971 | 95.6714 |
| 2 | 28.885 |  | 0.7354 | 544.82092 | 12.34704 | 4.3286 |
| Total | $s$ : |  |  | 1.25866 e 4 | 273.39676 |  |

Figure S240. HPLC spectra of 3ay, related to Figure 5.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\backslash \mathrm{LJ}-141 \backslash \mathrm{LJ}-141$ 2019-05-05 $15-18-34 \backslash 062-0401 . \mathrm{D}$
Sample Name: LJ-143-2


Acq. Method : D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\backslash \mathrm{LJ}-141 \backslash L J-141$ 2019-05-05 15-18-34 VWD-AS (1-6) -99-1-0. 5ML-5UL-254NM-80MIN. M
Last changed : 5/5/2019 3:41:41 PM
(modified after loading)
Analysis Method : D: \METHOD YANG JIAXIN VWD-IA-(1-2)-85-15-1.0ML-5UL-210MM-60MIN.M
Last changed : 5/31/2019 8:42:20 PM (modified after loading)
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated



| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Area } \\ {\left[\mathrm{m} \mathrm{AU}^{*} \mathrm{~S}\right]} \end{gathered}$ | Height <br> [madu] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 69.320 |  | 4.3691 | 2.31027 e 4 | 88.12956 | 45.4710 |
| 2 | 75.300 |  | 5.2276 | 2.77048 e 4 | 88.32815 | 54.5290 |
| Total | 3 : |  |  | 5.08076 e 4 | 176.45771 |  |

Figure S241. HPLC spectra of rac-3az, related to Figure 5.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING $\backslash \mathrm{LJ}-141 \backslash L J-141$ 2019-05-05 $15-18-34 \backslash 061-0301 . D$
Sample Name: LJ-141-2


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 3
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 6l
Injection Date : 5/5/2019 3:41:19 PM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-141\LJ-141 2019-05-05 15-18-34\VWD-AS(1-6) -99-1-0.
5ML-5UL-254NM-80MIN. M
Last changed : 5/5/2019 3:4l:41 PM
(modified after loading)
AnalYsis Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-141\LJ-141 2019-05-05 15-18-34\VJD-AS (1-6)-99-1-0.
5ML-5UL-254NM-80MIN.M (Sequence Method)
Last changed : 5/6/2019 10:41:26 AM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated
Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |

Use Multiplier \& Dilution Factor with IsTDs

Signal 1: VWD A, Wavelength=254 nm


Figure S242. HPLC spectra of 3az, related to Figure 5.

Data File D: \DATA GUAN YUQING LJJ-148-7\LJ-148-7-AS 2019-05-31 11-42-32\082-0301.D
Sample Name: LJ-148-7-RAC


Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with |

Signal 1: VWDl A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak \# | $\begin{gathered} \text { RetTime } \\ \text { [min] } \end{gathered}$ | Type | Width <br> [min] | Area <br> [mAU*S] | Height <br> [madu] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 25.863 |  | 1.3984 | 1.34952 e 4 | 145.05293 | 47.2055 |
| 2 | 28.818 |  | 1.5954 | 1.50930e4 | 137.95860 | 52.7945 |
| Total | $s$ : |  |  | 2.85882 e 4 | 283.01154 |  |

Figure S243. HPLC spectra of rac-3ba, related to Figure 5.

Data File D: \DATA\GUAN YUQING LJJ-148-7\LJ-148-7-AS 2019-05-31 11-42-32\081-0201.D
Sample Name: LJ-148-7


```
Acq. Operator : Seq. Line : 2
Acq. Instrument : Instrument l Location : Vial 81
Injection Date : 5/31/2019 11:54:19 AM Inj : 1
Inj Volume : 5.000 \mul
Acq. Method : D:\DATA\GUAN YUQING\LJ-148-7\LJ-148-7-AS 2019-05-31 11-42-32\VWD-AS(1-6) -90
    -10-0.5ML-5UL-254NM-60MIN.M
Last changed : 5/30/2019 9:54:14 PM
AnalYsis Method : D: \METHOD\YANG JIAXIN\VWD-IA-(1-2)-85-15-1.0ML-5UL-210NM-60MIN.M
Last changed : 5/31/2019 8:09:16 PM
                                    (modified after loading)
```

Additional Info : Peak (s) manually integrated


Area Percent Report

| Sorted By | $:$ | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplier | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Dilution | $:$ | 1.0000 |
| Use Multiplier | \& Dilution | Factor with ISTDs |

Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm

| Peak <br> \# | RetTime Type [min] | Width <br> [min] | Area [mAU*s] | Height <br> [mAU] | Area \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 25.781 BB | 1.4723 | 1.84618 e 4 | 184.2086 | 100.0000 |
| Total | $s$ : |  | 1.84618 e 4 | 184.2086 |  |

Figure S244. HPLC spectra of 3ba, related to Figure 5.

## Transparent Methods

## General Information

Unless otherwise noted, all reagents and solvents were purchased from commercial suppliers (Energy Chemical, Adamas-beta®, J\&K and so on) and used without further purification. All reactions were performed under a dry argon atmosphere fitted on a glass tube or vial unless otherwise specified. All new compounds were characterized by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR, ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR and HRMS. The known compounds were characterized by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H},{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ and ${ }^{19}$ F NMR data were recorded with Bruker 400 MHz with TMS as the internal standard. Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity ( $\mathrm{s}=$ singlet, $\mathrm{d}=$ doublet, $\mathrm{t}=$ triplet, $\mathrm{q}=$ quartet, $\mathrm{dd}=$ doublet of doublet, $\mathrm{dt}=$ doublet of triplet, $\mathrm{m}=$ multiplet, $\mathrm{br}=$ broad), coupling constants and integration. All chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) were reported in ppm and coupling constants $(J)$ in Hz . All chemical shifts were reported relative to TMS ( 0.00 ppm ) for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}(77.00 \mathrm{ppm})$ for ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR, respectively. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were measured with a Waters Micromass GCT instrument. GC-MS spectra were recorded on a Varian GC-MS 3900-2100 T. GC analysis was performed on an Agilent 7890B gas chromatograph with an FID detector using a J \& W DB-1 column ( $10 \mathrm{~m}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ I.D.). Optical rotation was determined using a Perkin Elmer 343 polarimeter. HPLC analysis was conducted on an Agilent 1260 Series instrument. Column Chromatography was performed with silica gel Merck 60 (300-400 mesh). Purification of the product amine were performed on deactivated silica gel. The deactivated silica gel was prepared by washing the silica gel with petroleum ether/triethylamine (20:1 $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}$ ) prior to purification.

## General Procedures for the Synthesis of Conjugated Dienes

Dienes 1a-1i were prepared from commercially available cinnamic acids or cinnamaldehydes, the following scheme shows general procedures (Preuß et al, 2013; Sardini \& Brown, 2017):

## Scheme S1 (related to Figure 4):




Step A: A mixture of aldehyde ( $125 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and malonic acid ( $28.7 \mathrm{~g}, 275 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.2$ equiv) was suspended in 65 mL pyridine. Piperidine ( 2.0 mL ) was added and the mixture was
heated to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ until no more gas formation was observed through a gas-washing bottle. The reaction mixture was then poured into ice-cold aqueous HCl solution ( $2 \mathrm{M}, 500 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) under continuous stirring. The pH -value was checked and adjusted with additional aqueous HCl solution to be strong acidic. The resulting suspension was filtered and the solid cinnamic acid was washed with aqueous $\mathrm{HCl}(2 \mathrm{M})$ until no basic reaction of the filtrate was observed. The cinnamic acid was obtained as a white solid which was dried under reduced pressure.

Step B: The cinnamic acid ( $50 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) was suspended in 100 mL MeOH ( 2 mL per mmol acid) and $\mathrm{SOCl}_{2}(5.4 \mathrm{~mL}, 75 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv) was added. The reaction mixture was heated to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h . Subsequently, the MeOH was removed under reduced pressure and the resulting solid was dissolved in dry $n$-hexane under an atmosphere of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. The solution was cooled to $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a solution of DIBAL-H in $n$-hexane ( $1 \mathrm{M}, 100 \mathrm{~mL}, 100 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.0$ equiv) was added slowly. After complete addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for 2.5 h at $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Then 10 mL MeOH and 50 mL aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution were added slowly and the mixture was allowed to reach room temperature. The resulting slurry was carefully acidified with aqueous $\mathrm{HCl}(1 \mathrm{M})$ until all solid was dissolved. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with $n$-hexane $(3 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were dried with $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and the solvents were removed under reduced pressure.

Step C: The resulting crude allylic alcohol was dissolved in $400 \mathrm{~mL} n$-hexane. Then manganese dioxide ( $65.2 \mathrm{~g}, 750 \mathrm{mmol}$, 20.0 equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred under an atmosphere of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$. The progress of the reaction was monitored by thin layer chromatography and after complete conversion, the reaction mixture was filtered through silica gel. The solid residue was washed with EtOAc and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Finally, the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to give the corresponding cinnamaldehyde.

Step D: To a flame-dried round bottom flask was added phosphonium ( 1.25 equiv) and KOt $\mathrm{Bu}\left(1.3\right.$ equiv). The flask was evacuated and backfilled with $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ three times. THF ( 0.25 M ) was then added via syringe. The solution was allowed to stir at ambient temperature for 30 min before adding aldehyde ( 1.0 equiv) dropwise over 10 minutes. The reaction was then allowed to stir at room temperature for 12 h . The reaction was then quenched with 100 mL saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution, and the aqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether ( $3 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine $(1 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL})$, dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and gravity filtered. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the crude product was purified via silica gel column chromatography to give the desired diene.
(E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylbenzene (1a) (Preuß et al, 2013): colorless liquid, $88 \%$ yield, step $\mathbf{D} .{ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$

(m, 1H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.2,137.1,132.8,129.6,128.6,127.6,126.4$, 117.6 ppm.
(E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-2-methoxybenzene (1b) (Davenport \& Fernandez, 2018): colorless liquid, $80 \%$ yield, step D. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.47$ (dd, $J=7.7$,
 $1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.94-6.77(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 6.54(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.9,10.1$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.33-5.28(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.15-5.12(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.85(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 156.7,137.9,130.2,128.6,127.6,126.4,126.0,120.6,117.0,110.8,55.4$ ppm.
(E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-3-methoxybenzene (1c) (Preuß et al, 2013): colorless solid, 41\%
 yield, steps A-D. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.25-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.01-$ $6.99(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{dd}, J=2.6,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.81-6.74(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.56-6.45$ (m, 2H), 5.36-5.31 (m, 1H), 5.19-5.16 (m, 1H), $3.82(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 159.8,138.6,137.1,132.7,129.9,129.5,119.2$, 117.8, 113.4, 111.6, 55.19 ppm.
(E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-methoxybenzene (1d) (Preuß et al, 2013): colorless solid, 85\% yield, step D. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.36-7.33(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.88-$
 $6.84(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.70-6.64(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.53-6.44(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.28(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 159.2,137.3,132.4,129.9,127.6,116.5,114.0,55.3 \mathrm{ppm}$.
(E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-fluorobenzene (1e) (Hu et al, 2018): colorless liquid, $90 \%$ yield, step D. ${ }^{1}$ H NMR (400 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ ס 7.37-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.03-6.97 (m,
 $2 \mathrm{H})$, 6.73-6.66 (m, 1H), 6.53-6.43 (m, 2H), $5.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 5.17 (d, $J=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 162.3$ (d, $J=247.2 \mathrm{~Hz}), 136.9,133.2(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.4 \mathrm{~Hz}), 131.5,129.3(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}), 127.9(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz})$, 117.7, $115.5(\mathrm{~d}, J=21.7 \mathrm{~Hz}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $\left(376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta-114.18 \mathrm{ppm}$.
(E)-1-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene (1f) (Adamson \& Malcolmson, 2017):
 colorless liquid, $28 \%$ overall yield, steps B-D. ${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 7.57-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.47 (m, 2H), 6.85 (dd, $J=15.7$, $10.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.59-6.47(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.43-5.38(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.28-5.25(\mathrm{~m}$, 1H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 140.5(\mathrm{q}, J=1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 136.6, 131.9, 131.2, $129.2(\mathrm{q}, J$ $=32.4 \mathrm{~Hz}), 126.5,125.5(\mathrm{q}, J=3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 124.2(\mathrm{q}, J=271.5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 119.4 \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{19}$ F NMR (376 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta-62.40 \mathrm{ppm}$.
(E)-4-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)-N,N-dimethylaniline (1g) (Davenport \& Fernandez, 2018): yellow solid, $37 \%$ yield, step D. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.31-7.29$ (m, 2 H ), 6.69-6.67 (m, 2H), 6.63 (dd, $J=15.7,10.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.53-6.44$ (m, 2H), 5.25-5.20 (m, 1H), $5.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.96(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H})$ $\mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 150.0, 137.8, 133.1, 127.5, 125.6, 115.0, 112.4, 40.5 ppm .
(E)-2-(buta-1,3-dien-1-yl)furan (1h) (Preuß et al, 2013): slight yellow liquid, 75\% yield, step D. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.73-6.67 (m, 1H), 6.48-6.41 (m, 1H), 6.39-6.34 (m, 2H), 6.27 (d, $J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.35-5.30$ (m, 1H), 5.17-5.14 (m, 1H) ppm; ${ }^{13}$ C NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 152.9$, 142.2, 136.7, 128.2, 120.4, 117.8, 111.6, 108.5 ppm.
(E)-buta-1,3-dien-1-ylcyclohexane (1i) (Preuß et al, 2013): colorless liquid, 32\% overall yield, steps A-D. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 6.35-6.25(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.05-5.98$ (m,
 1 H ), 5.66 (dd, $J=15.3,6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.12-5.07(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.97-4.94(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 2.04-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.70 (m, 4H), 1.67-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.33-1.03 (m, 5H)
ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 141.3,137.6,128.3,114.7,40.6,32.7,26.1,26.0 \mathrm{ppm}$.

## Scheme S2 (related to Figure 4):



Synthesis of (E)-hexa-3,5-dien-1-ylbenzene (1j) (Adamson \& Malcolmson, 2017): To a solution of diethyl allylphosphonate ( $4.28 \mathrm{~g}, 24 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.2 equiv) in anhydrous THF ( 45 mL ) was added dropwise $n \mathrm{BuLi}\left(2.5 \mathrm{M}\right.$ in hexanes, 9.6 mL , $24 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.2$ equiv) at $-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring for 45 min , a solution of phenylpropyl aldehyde ( $2.6 \mathrm{~mL}, 20 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv $)$ in DMPU ( 2.4 mL , $20 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) was added dropwise via cannula. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and then allowed to warm to room temperature. Stirring was continued overnight at room temperature before quenching with saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution. The mixture was extracted with diethyl ether $(3 \times 45 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic phases were washed with brine ( 100 mL ), dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$ and concentrated to afford the crude product. Purification by flash chromatography (PE as eluent) gave the desired diene $\mathbf{1 j}$ ( $1.23 \mathrm{~g}, 39 \%$ yield) as a colorless oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 7.30-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.17 (m, 3H), 6.35-6.26 (m, 1H), 6.12$6.05(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.78-5.71(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.12-5.07(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.99-4.96(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.73-2.69(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.44-$ 2.38 (m, 2H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 141.7,137.1,134.2,131.4,128.4,128.3$, 125.8, 115.2, 35.6, 34.4 ppm.

## Reaction Optimization

A reaction vial was charged with $\mathrm{Ni}(C O D)_{2}(2.8 \mathrm{mg}, 0.01 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.05$ equiv vs amine), ligand ( $0.01 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.05$ equiv vs amine), morpholine ( $17 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv), 1phenylbutadiene ( $40 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv), and 1.0 mL of solvent (toluene, THF, MTBE, EA, $n$-hexane, $i$ - $\mathrm{PrOH}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ or PhCN ) in an argon-filled glovebox, then acid (0.00-0.20 equiv vs amine) was added. The reaction vessel was sealed using a PTFE septum and removed from the glovebox, and the mixture was stirred at $25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . Yields were determined by gas chromatogram analysis, using naphthalene as the internal standard. The ee values were determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase.

Table S1. Solvent screening for the Ni-catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination of 1a, related to
Figure 2. ${ }^{[a]}$

[a] Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with 0.10 mmol amine, 0.15 mmol diene, $5.0 \mathrm{~mol} \% \mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{COD})_{2}$, $5.0 \mathrm{~mol} \%(S, S)$-BDPP, $5.0 \mathrm{~mol} \% \mathrm{TsOH} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ in 1 mL solvent at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . [b] Yield was determined by gas chromatogram analysis, using naphthalene as the internal standard. [c] Determined by HPLC analysis using a chiral stationary phase. [d] Not determined. [e] No product.

Table S2. Ligand screening for Ni-catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination of 1a, related to Figure 2. ${ }^{[a]}$


| Entry | Ligand | Yield [\%] $]^{[b]}$ | ee [\%] ${ }^{[\text {c] }]}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | L1 | 65 | 30 |
| 2 | L2 | 42 | 21 |


| 3 | L3 | trace | ND $^{[d]}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | $\mathbf{L 4}$ | trace | ND |
| 5 | $\mathbf{L 5}$ | 24 | 12 |
| 6 | $\mathbf{L 6}$ | 90 | 23 |
| 7 | $\mathbf{L 7}$ | 86 | 84 |
| 8 | $\mathbf{L 8}$ | 30 | 98 |
| $9^{[\text {e] }]}$ | $\mathbf{L 8}$ | $69^{[f]}$ | 98 |

[a] Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with 0.10 mmol amine, 0.15 mmol diene, $5.0 \mathrm{~mol} \% \mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{COD})_{2}$, $5.0 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ligand, $5.0 \mathrm{~mol} \% \mathrm{TsOH} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ in 1 mL toluene at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . [b] Yield was determined by gas chromatogram analysis, using naphthalene as the internal standard. [c] Determined by HPLC analysis using a chiral stationary phase. [d] Not determined. [e] The catalyst was stirred at room temperature one hour in advance. [f] Isolated yield.

L1: (S)-BINAP

L2: (S)-SegPhos

L3: (S)-SKP
L4: (R)-SDP



L6: (S,S)-BDPP
L7: $\left(R_{C}, S_{P}\right)$-DuanPhos
L5: (R)-DIOP
$\qquad$
L8: $(S, S)$-Me-DuPhos

Table S3. Acid additives screening for Ni-catalyzed asymmetric hydroamination of 1a, related to Figure 2. ${ }^{[a]}$


| Entry | Acid | Yield[\%] ${ }^{[b]}$ | ee[\%] ${ }^{[c]}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | A1 | 86 | 86 |
| 2 | A2 | 86 | 98 |
| 3 | A3 | 98 | 98 |
| 4 | A4 | $944^{[d]}$ | 96 |


| 5 | A5 | 85 | 95 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | $\mathbf{A 6}$ | 89 | 96 |
| 7 | $\mathbf{A 7}$ | 72 | 90 |
| 8 | $\mathbf{A 8}$ | 83 | 93 |
| $9^{[\mathrm{e}]}$ | $\mathbf{A 3}$ | 99 | 98 |
| $10^{[\mathrm{e}]}$ | $\mathbf{A 4}$ | 99 | 96 |

[a] Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with 0.20 mmol diene, 0.40 mmol amine, $5.0 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ $\mathrm{Ni}(C O D)_{2} /(S, S)-M e-D u P h o s, 5.0 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ acid in 1 mL toluene at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h ; The catalyst was stirred at room temperature one hour in advance. [b] Yield was determined by gas chromatogram analysis, using naphthalene as the internal standard. [c] Determined by HPLC analysis using a chiral stationary phase. [d] Isolated yield. [e] With 0.30 mmol amine.


## General Procedure for Ni-catalyzed Asymmetric Hydroamination of Conjugated Dienes



## Scheme S3 (related to Figure 3, Figure 4 and Figure 5):



A stock solution was made by mixing $\mathrm{Ni}(C O D)_{2}$ with L 8 in a $1: 1$ molar ratio in toluene $(0.01$ M ) at room temperature for 1 h in a argon-filled glovebox. An aliquot of the catalyst solution (1.0 $\mathrm{mL}, 0.01 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was transferred by syringe into the vials charged with different 1,3-dienes ( 0.2 mmol for each) and amines ( 0.3 mmol for each), and then 0.01 mmol A4 was added. The reaction vessel was sealed using a PTFE septum and removed from the glovebox, and the mixture was stirred at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for $12-48 \mathrm{~h}$. The product was purified by column chromatography on deactivated silica gel using PE/EtOAc. The ee values of all compounds 3 were determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase.
(S,E)-4-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3a): with A3, 12 h , obtained pale yellow oil 43.4
 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; 98\% ee; $[\alpha]^{25}=-72.0$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.4 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 14.4 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.47 (d, J = $15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.17$ (dd, J $=15.9,8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{t}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.05-2.99(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.61-2.52(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 136.8,132.0,131.2,128.6,127.5,126.2,67.2$, 63.1, 50.8, 17.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NNaO}=240.1359$, found: 240.1359.
(S,E)-N-butyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3b): with A4, 24 h , obtained colorless oil 37.7 mg ;


Isolated yield: 93\%; > 99\% ee; [a]d ${ }^{25}=-60.3$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.6 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, \mathrm{UV}$ detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=9.2 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 9.7 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.39-$ $7.36(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.33-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.46(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.08(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=15.9$, $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.39-3.32(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.67-2.53(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.52-1.43(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.38-1.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.25$ (d, $J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ), $0.91(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.1,134.4$, 129.7, 128.5, 127.2, 126.2, 56.4, 47.3, 32.4, 22.0, 20.5, 14.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNa}=226.1566$, found: 226.1565.
(S,E)-N-phenethyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3c): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil
 50.3 mg ; Isolated yield: $99 \%$; $92 \% \mathrm{ee} ;[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-76.8\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.6 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 nm , $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=13.9 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 15.0 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathbf{N M R}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.37-$ $7.34(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.32-7.26(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.23-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 6.44(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.05(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=15.9$, $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.41-3.34(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.96-2.79(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 139.9,136.9,133.9,129.9,128.7,128.5,128.4,127.3,126.2,126.1,56.2,48.8$, 36.4, 21.9 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNa}=274.1566$, found: 274.1563.
(S,E)-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)cyclopropanamine (3d): with A4, 24 h , obtained colorless oil
 22.9 mg ; Isolated yield: $61 \%$; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-91.8$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=10.5 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 10.9 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) ס 7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), $6.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.12(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.52-3.45(\mathrm{~m}, ~ J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.18-2.13(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.02(\mathrm{br}, \mathrm{s} 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.25(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, 0.47-0.33 (m, 4H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.2,134.4,129.4,128.5,127.2,126.2$, 56.5, 28.6, 21.8, 6.6, 6.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [ $\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NNa}=210.1253$, found: 210.1254 .
(S,E)-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)cyclohexanamine (3e): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale yellow
 oil 34.9 mg ; Isolated yield: 76\%; 92\% ee; [ $\alpha \mathrm{D}^{25}=-66.1$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 12.1 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) $\delta 7.49-7.37(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.33-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.44(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=15.9$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.07(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.59-3.52(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.55-2.48(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.01-1.97(\mathrm{~m}$, 1 H ), 1.84-1.58 (m, 3H), 1.69 (br, s, 1H), 1.26-0.98 (m, 9H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 137.1, 134.8, 129.3, 128.5, 127.2, 126.2, 53.5, 52.5, 34.4, 33.2, 26.1, 25.3, 25.0, 22.5 ppm. HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NNa}=252.1723$, found: 252.1722.
(S,E)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3f): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale
 yellow oil 45.5 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; 99\% ee; $[\alpha]{ }_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-49.2$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=17.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 20.0 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 7.40-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), $6.49(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.1,1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.16(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.1,0.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.07(\mathrm{dd}$, $J=15.9,8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.42-3.35(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$,
$1.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 153.9,141.8,137.0,133.7,130.5$, 128.5, 127.4, 126.3, 110.1, 106.8, 55.3, 43.8, 22.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H] ${ }^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NO}=228.1383$, found: 228.1380 .
(S,E)-N-(2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)ethyl)-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3g): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained pale yellow oil 50.9 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; $96 \%$ ee; [a]d ${ }^{25}=-66.1$ ( $c=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 11.6 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) ס 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.46(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.07(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.48-5.45(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.38-3.31(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.74-2.59(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.14(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.01-1.97(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.92-1.88(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.64-$ $1.51(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.46(\mathrm{br}, \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.24(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 137.1$, 135.4, 134.4, 129.7, 128.5, 127.2, 126.2, 122.8, 56.2, 45.2, 38.4, 28.1, 25.2, 22.9, 22.4, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}=256.2060$, found: 256.2057.
(S,E)-N-allyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3h): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil 29.1 mg ; Isolated yield: 78\%; > 99\% ee; [a]D25 = -60.4 (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.9 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 12.7 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = $15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 6.06 (dd, J $=15.9,8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.97-5.87(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.20-5.15(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.12-5.08(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.44-3.36(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.34-3.28 (m, 1H), 3.24-3.18 (m, 1H), $1.86(\mathrm{br}, \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.0,136.8,133.9,130.1,128.5,127.3,126.2,115.9,55.6,50.0,22.0$ ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NNa}=210.1253$, found: 210.1258.
(2S,E)-4-phenyl-N-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3i): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained pale yellow oil 46.4 mg ; Isolated yield: $99 \%$; $99 \%$ ee; $d r=1: 1$; $[\alpha] D^{25}=-53.1\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate $=0.6 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R} 1}=15.3 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 16.9 min (minor), $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R} 2}=19.8 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 21.2 min (major); 3i: ${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{N M R}(400 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.39-7.37(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.33-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.08$ (dd, $J=8.1,3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.08-3.98(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.88-3.82(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.78-3.72(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.45-3.38$ (m, 1H), 2.77 (dd, $J=11.9,3.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.02-1.84(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.58-1.46$ (m, 1H), $1.29(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) ס 136.9, 133.7, 130.4, 128.5, 127.3, 126.3, 78.5, 67.9, 56.8, 52.3, 29.4, 25.7, $21.9 \mathrm{ppm} ; 3 \mathrm{i}^{\prime}:{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), $6.46(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.12(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ 8.1, $3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 4.08-3.98(m, 1H), 3.88-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.78-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.45-3.38(m, 1H),
$2.70(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.58(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.9,8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.02-1.84(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.58-1.46(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.27(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 136.9,133.7,130.2,128.5,127.3,126.3$, 77.9, 67.9, 56.2, 51.7, 29.3, 25.7, 21.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}=$ 232.1696, found: 232.1693.
(S,E)- $\mathbf{N}^{1}, \mathrm{~N}^{1}$-dimethyl- $\mathbf{N}^{2}$-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)ethane-1,2-diamine (3j): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained pale yellow oil 42.0 mg ; Isolated yield: $96 \%$; $97 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]{ }^{25}{ }^{25}=-$ 71.1 ( $\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by (converting it to compound Bz-3j) HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=43.1 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 50.8 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 7.39-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), $6.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.08(\mathrm{dd}, J$ $=15.9,8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.39-3.32(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.78-2.62(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.46-2.43(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.22(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.27$ (d, $J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.0,134.0,130.0,128.5,127.3,126.2$, 59.0, 56.5, 45.4, 44.7, 22.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2}=219.1856$, found: 219.1856.
(S,E)-N-benzyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3k): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil 43.3 mg ; Isolated yield: $91 \%$; $95 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-99.5$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.3 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 12.2 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 7.40-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 6H), 7.27-7.20 (m, 2H), $6.48(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.11(\mathrm{dd}, J$ $=15.9,8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.85(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) 3.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.44-3.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.27$ $(\mathrm{d}, \mathrm{J}=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 140.5,137.1,134.2,130.1,128.5,128.4$, 128.1, 127.3, 126.9, 126.3, 55.5, 51.5, 22.1 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na] for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NNa}=260.1410$, found: 260.1405 .
methyl (S,E)-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)glycinate (3I): with A3, 48 h , obtained pale yellow oil
 35.1 mg ; Isolated yield: $80 \%$; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-154.7$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=27.2 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 28.4 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.38-7.35(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.32-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.45(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.01 (dd, $J=15.8,8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.69(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.42(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.39-3.32(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.17$ (br, s, 1H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 173.2,136.8,133.2$, 130.7, 128.5, 127.5, 126.3, 56.2, 51.8, 48.4, 22.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H] ${ }^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NO}_{2}=220.1332$, found: 220.1331 .
(S,E)-4-phenyl-N-((R)-1-phenylethyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3m): with A4, 48 h , obtained pale yellow oil 28.2 mg ; Isolated yield: $56 \%$; > 20:1 dr; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-55.3(\mathrm{c}=1.0$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.34-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}), 7.25-7.19(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.42$ (d, $J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.07(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.95-3.90$ (m, 1H), 3.38-3.31 (m, 1H), 1.76 (br, s, 1H), $1.37(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.22$ (d, $J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 145.8,137.1,134.6,129.2,128.5,127.2$, 126.8, 126.5, 126.2, 54.8, 53.0, 23.7, 21.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na] ${ }^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNa}$ $=274.1566$, found: 274.1566 .
(S,E)-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)aniline (3n): with A3, 24 h , obtained colorless oil 34.7 mg ;
 Isolated yield: 78\%; 86\% ee; [ $\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-80.6$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.6 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 13.4 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) ס 7.36-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.13 (m, 3H), 6.70-6.63 (m, 3H), $6.57(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.21(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.0,5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.17-4.11(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 147.4,136.9,133.2,129.2,129.1,128.5,127.3$, 126.3, 117.3, 113.4, 50.8, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NNa}=246.1253$, found: 246.1253.
(S,E)-4-methyl-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)aniline (30): with A4, 48 h , obtained reddish orange oil 10.8 mg (or with A3, 36 h , obtained reddish orange oil 43.9 mg ); Isolated yield: 23\% (or 93\%); 93\% (or 73\%) ee; [a]d ${ }^{25}=-99.5$ (c = $1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=14.6 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 16.5 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.36-7.34(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.31-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.22-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.97(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 6.59-6.55 (m, 3H), $6.21(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.0,5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.14-4.08(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.22(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 145.1,136.9,133.4,129.6,129.1,128.5,127.3$, 126.5, 126.3, 113.6, 51.1, 22.1, 20.4 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NNa}=$ 260.1410, found: 260.1405 .
(S,E)-4-bromo-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)aniline (3p): with A3, 36 h , obtained reddish orange
 oil 29.2 mg ; Isolated yield: 48\%; 92\% ee; [a]d25 ${ }^{25}=-111.6$ (c = 1.0, $\left.\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=1.0$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=13.5 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 17.2 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ ס 7.35-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 3H), 6.56-6.49 (m, 3H), $6.16(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=16.0,5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.12-4.05(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.75(\mathrm{br}, \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.40(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 146.3,136.7,132.5,131.8,129.5,128.5$,
127.5, 126.3, 114.9, 108.8, 50.9, 22.0 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{BrN}=$ 302.0539, found: 302.0524 .
(S,E)-4-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)thiomorpholine (3q): with A4, 24 h , obtained colorless oil 42.9
 mg ; Isolated yield: 92\%; 96\% ee; [a]d ${ }^{25}=-59.0$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=8.7 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 9.7 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{N M R}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.39-$ $7.37(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.33-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.25-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.21(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.0$, $7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.27-3.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.90-2.80(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 2.69(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.25(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 136.9,131.7,130.9,128.5,127.4,126.2,62.7,51.6$, 28.3, 16.3 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na] ${ }^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NNaS}=256.1130$, found: 256.1130.
(S,E)-1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)piperidine (3r): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil 40.8 mg ;
 Isolated yield: 95\%; 95\% ee; [a]d ${ }^{25}=-55.7$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=8.6 \mathrm{~min}($ minor $), 9.8 \mathrm{~min}$ (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.39-$ 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 2H), $7.24-7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.24(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $15.9,8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.11-3.05 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.50 (m, 4H), 1.63-1.57 (m, 4H), 1.46-1.42 (m, 2H), $1.26(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.2,132.7,130.5,128.5,127.2$, 126.2, 63.0, 51.0, 26.2, 24.6, 17.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNa}=$ 238.1566, found: 238.1568.
(S,E)-1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)pyrrolidine (3s): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil 36.7 mg; Isolated yield: 91\%; 97\% ee; $[\alpha]^{25}=-92.4$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The
 enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 nm , $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=7.6 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 8.1 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.38-7.36$ (m, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 6.47 (d, $J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 6.24 (dd, $J=15.8,8.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.95-2.88(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.61-2.55(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.81-1.78(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.30(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;$ ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.1,133.9,129.6,128.5,127.2,126.2,63.1,52.2,23.3,21.0$ ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NNa}=224.1410$, found: 224.1410.
(S,E)-1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)indoline (3t): with A3, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil 43.6 mg ;
 Isolated yield: 87\%; 97\% ee; [ $\alpha]^{25}=-109.4$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$; UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=13.8 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 14.6 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 7.37-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.07-7.02 (m, 2H), 6.64-6.60 (m, 1H),
6.57-6.52 (m, 2H), $6.32(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=16.1,5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.39-4.33(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.46-3.36(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.95$ ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), $1.40(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 151.0,136.9$, 130.7, 130.4, 130.3, 128.5, 127.4, 127.2, 126.3, 124.4, 117.2, 107.6, 52.2, 47.3, 28.2, 16.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NNa}=272.1410$, found: 272.1412 .
(S,E)-2-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline (3u): with A4, 24 h , obtained
 pale yellow oil 52.6 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; > 99\% ee; [ $\alpha]_{D^{25}}=-51.5$ (c = $\left.1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 14.5 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ 7.41-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.24$7.22(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.12-7.07(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.03-7.01(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.53(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.30(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=16.0$, $7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83-3.74(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.34-3.27(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.97-2.90(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.84-2.73(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.37$ (d, $J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.0,134.9,134.4,132.3,130.9,128.6$, 128.5, 127.4, 126.8, 126.3, 126.0, 125.5, 61.9, 53.0, 47.3, 29.4, 17.9 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNa}=286.1566$, found: 286.1563 .
(S,E)-2-(4-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidine (3v): with A4, 48 h , obtained
 pale yellow oil 58.9 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; 95\% ee; [ $\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-68.1$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, \mathrm{UV}$ detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=12.7 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 15.2 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.29(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.39-7.36$ (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.49-6.45(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.22(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.84(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.16-3.09(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.68-2.58(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.30(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 161.6,157.7,136.9,132.1,131.1,128.6,127.4$, 126.3, 109.7, 62.6, 49.9, 43.9, 17.8 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{Na}=$ 317.1737, found: 317.1730.
(S,E)-N-allyl-N-methyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3w): with A4, 24 h, obtained pale yellow
 oil 33.2 mg ; Isolated yield: $82 \%$; $99 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-49.2\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 nm , $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=8.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 9.3 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.39-7.36$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.33-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.22(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.0,7.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.93-5.83(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.20-5.11(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.34-3.27(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.19-3.13(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.09-3.03$ (m, 1H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.2,136.3$, 131.9, 130.8, 128.5, 127.3, 126.3, 117.3, 60.4, 57.4, 37.7, 17.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NNa}=224.1410$, found: 224.1412 .
(S,E)-N-benzyl-N-methyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3x): with A3, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil 44.2 mg ; Isolated yield: $88 \%$; $98 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-91.9\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The
 enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $=1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=5.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 6.0 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.41-$ $7.39(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.36-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 7.26-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.47(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=16.0$, $7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.65 (d, $J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.51 (d, $J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.39-3.32 (m, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3 H ), 1.30 ( $\mathrm{d}, \mathrm{J}=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 139.8,137.2,132.0,130.8$, 128.9, 128.5, 128.2, 127.3, 126.8, 126.2, 60.4, 58.2, 37.9, 16.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNa}=274.1566$, found: 274.1563.
(S,E)-N,N-dibenzyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3y): with A3, 24 h, obtained pale yellow oil
 34.6 mg ; Isolated yield: 53\%; 96\% ee; [ $\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-193.7\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=7.6 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 10.5 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 7.42-7.38 (m, 6H), 7.34-7.29 (m, 6H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 3H), $6.43(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=16.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.32(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}$ $=16.1,6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.71(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.59(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.51-3.44(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.29$ (d, J = $6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 140.6,137.3,131.6,130.9,128.52$, 128.50, 128.2, 127.2, 126.7, 126.2, 54.8, 53.7, 15.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+Na] ${ }^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NNa}=350.1879$, found: 350.1873 .
(S,E)-N,N-diethyl-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3z): with A3, 36 h , obtained pale yellow oil 11.0
 mg ; Isolated yield: $27 \%$; $96 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]{ }_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-26.8$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=7.7 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 8.0 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.39-7.37(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.33-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.44(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 1 H ), 6.24 (dd, $J=16.0,7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.50-3.43(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.69-2.53(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.24(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 3 H ), 1.06 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.2,133.0,130.0,128.5$, 127.2, 126.2, 57.5, 43.4, 17.4, 12.8 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNa}=$ 226.1566, found: 226.1568.
(S,E)-N-methyl-N-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)aniline (3aa): with A3, 36 h , obtained pale yellow
 oil 10.4 mg ; Isolated yield: $22 \%$; $90 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-169.9\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.7 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 15.0 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.38-7.35$ ( m , $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.32-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 6.86-6.83(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.75-6.71(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.48(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.2,1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.30 (dd, $J=16.2,4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.69-4.62(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.37(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;$
${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 150.0,137.1,131.3,130.0,129.2,128.6,127.4,126.3,116.8$, 113.4, 54.9, 31.7, 16.2 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]+$ for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NNa}=260.1410$, found: 260.1411.
(S,E)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-(2-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ab): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained pale yellow oil 51.5 mg ; Isolated yield: $99 \%$; > 99\% ee; [ $\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}$ $=-114.1\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, \mathrm{UV}$ detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=27.5 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 32.5 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.46$ (dd, $J=7.6,1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 7.36 (dd, $J=1.9,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.23-7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.94-6.90(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.87 (dd, $J=8.2,1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2,1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.17(\mathrm{dd}$, $J=3.2,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.07(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.0,8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.85(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.74(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.43-3.36(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.26(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 156.6,154.1,141.7,134.3,128.4,126.7,126.0,125.2,120.6,110.8,110.0,106.8$, 55.7, 55.4, 43.8, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{NO}_{2}=258.1489$, found: 258.1484 .
(S,E)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-(3-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ac): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained pale yellow oil 51.0 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]_{D}{ }^{25}=-104.0\left(c=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, \mathrm{UV}$ detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=28.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 29.9 min (minor); ${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.36(\mathrm{dd}, J=1.9,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.23(\mathrm{t}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.99-6.96 (m, 1H), 6.93-6.92 (m, 1H), 6.79 (ddd, $J=8.2,2.6,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.46(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.1,1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.16(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.07(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.42-3.35(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.88$ (br, s, 1H), $1.26(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 159.8,153.8,141.8$, 138.4, 133.9, 130.4, 129.5, 119.0, 113.2, 111.4, 110.1, 106.8, 55.2, 43.7, 21.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]+$ for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{NO}_{2}=258.1489$, found: 258.1481.
(S,E)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ad): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained pale yellow oil 51.5 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-159.0\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=33.8 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 35.4 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.36(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=2.0,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.34-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.88-$ $6.84(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2,1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.16(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.1,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$,

1H), 5.93 (dd, $J=15.8,8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.39-3.33 (m, 1H), $1.86(\mathrm{br}, \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.25(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 159.0,153.9,141.8,131.4,130.0,129.7,127.4,113.9,110.1,106.8,55.33,55.29$, 43.8, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NNaO}_{2}=280.1308$, found: 280.1310.
(S,E)-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ae): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained pale yellow oil 49.1 mg ; Isolated yield: $99 \%$; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]{ }^{25}=-137.4\left(c=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 nm , $t_{R}=25.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 27.4 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.37-7.32(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.03-6.97(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.45(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.31 (dd, $J=3.1,1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.16(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.99(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.8,8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.41-3.34(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.83(\mathrm{br}, \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.25(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 162.1(\mathrm{~d}, J=246.5 \mathrm{~Hz}), 153.8,141.8,133.4$ (d, $J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}), 133.1(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}), 129.3,127.7(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 115.4(\mathrm{~d}, J=21.4 \mathrm{~Hz}), 110.1$, 106.8, 55.2, 43.8, 22.0 ppm ; ${ }^{19}$ F NMR ( $376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ - 114.82 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{FNNaO}=268.1108$, found: 268.1103.
(S,E)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3af): with A4,
 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil 59.2 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; 96\% ee; $[\alpha]{ }_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-99.8\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=11.5 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 13.0 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.56(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.46(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.37$ (dd, $J=1.9,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.52(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2,1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.21-6.15(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.45-3.38(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.82(\mathrm{br}, \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $1.27(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 153.7,141.8,140.5(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{J}=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $136.5,129.11$ (q, $J=32.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 129.09, $126.4,125.5(\mathrm{q}, J=3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 124.2(\mathrm{q}, J=270.5 \mathrm{~Hz})$, 110.1, 106.9, 55.1, 43.8, $21.8 \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{19}$ F NMR ( $376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-62.36 \mathrm{ppm}$; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}=296.1257$, found: 296.1250.
(S,E)-4-(3-((furan-2-ylmethyl)amino)but-1-en-1-yl)-N,N-dimethylaniline (3ag): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained pale yellow oil 49.8 mg ; Isolated yield: $92 \%$; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-167.1\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.6 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 $\mathrm{nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=29.8 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 32.1 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.36(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=1.9,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.29-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.70-$
$6.67(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2,1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.16(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.1,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.85(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.8,8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.38-$ 3.31 (m, 1H), 2.95 (s, 6H), 2.24 (br, s, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ б 153.9, 150.0, 141.7, 130.6, 129.1, 127.2, 125.4, 112.5, 110.0, 106.8, 55.5, 43.6, 40.6, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}=271.1805$, found: 271.1805.
(S,E)-4-(furan-2-yl)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ah): with A4, 36 h , obtained
 pale yellow oil 37.0 mg ; Isolated yield: 85\%; 96\% ee; [a]d ${ }^{25}=-124.5$ (c $=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}, ~ U V$ detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=19.1 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 24.9 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.36(\mathrm{dd}, J=1.9,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.34(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.36(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.3,1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.34-6.30(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.21(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.16(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.02(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.8,8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.72(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.37-3.30(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.24(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 154.0,152.6,141.8,141.7,132.5,118.9,111.2,110.1,107.2,106.8,54.9$, 43.8, 22.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{NO}_{2}=218.1176$, found: 218.1177.
(S,E)-4-cyclohexyl-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)but-3-en-2-amine (3ai): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale
 yellow oil 45.4 mg ; Isolated yield: $97 \%$; $96 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]{ }_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-51.0$ ( $c=1.0$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $220 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=8.7 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 9.4 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.34(\mathrm{dd}, J=1.9,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.30(\mathrm{dd}, J$ $=3.2,1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.13(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.1,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.48(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.4,6.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.24-5.18 \mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.16-3.09(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.99-1.90(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.74-1.69(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.67-1.64(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.29-1.16(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.14(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, 1.11-1.02 (m, 2H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 154.2,141.6,137.9,130.9$, 110.0, 106.6, 55.1, 43.6, 40.4, 33.1, 33.0, 26.2, 26.0, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H] ${ }^{+}$ for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{NO}=234.1852$, found: 234.1853 .
(S,E)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-6-phenylhex-3-en-2-amine (3aj): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale
 yellow oil 51.0 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; 99\% ee; $[\alpha]_{D^{25}}=-41.1$ ( $\mathrm{c}=1.0$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $220 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=17.6 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 18.7 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.34$ (dd, $J=1.9,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 7.29-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.15 (m, 3H), 6.29 (dd, $J=3.1,1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.10(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.2,0.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.55(\mathrm{dt}, J=15.2,6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.27(\mathrm{ddt}, J=15.4,8.1,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.60(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.17-3.10(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.76-2.65(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.39-2.33(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.12$
(d, J=6.4 Hz, 3H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 154.2,141.8,141.6,134.6,130.7,128.5$, 128.3, 125.8, 110.0, 106.6, 54.9, 43.6, 35.8, 34.0, 22.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H] ${ }^{+}$ for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}=256.1696$, found: 256.1691 .
(S,E)-4-(4-(2-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3ak): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale
 yellow oil 49.5 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]_{D^{25}}=-61.6(\mathrm{c}=1.0$, $\left.\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}, ~ U V$ detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=22.1 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 24.2 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.44$ (dd, $J=7.6,1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 6.93-6.89 (m, 1H), 6.86 (dd, $J=8.2,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.17$ (dd, $J=16.0,8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.84(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{t}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.06-2.99(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.62-2.52(\mathrm{~m}$, 4H), 1.26 (d, $J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 156.5,132.5,128.5,126.6$, 125.9, 125.8, 120.6, 110.9, 67.2, 63.6, 55.4, 50.8, 17.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H] ${ }^{+}$ for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}_{2}=248.1645$, found: 248.1641 .
(S,E)-4-(4-(3-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3al): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil 49.5 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; 98\% ee; $[\alpha]_{D^{25}}=-58.7$ (c $\left.=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=21.2 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 24.6 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.23$ (t, J $=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.96(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.92-6.91(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.79(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.2,2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.44$ (d, $J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.17(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{t}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.06-$ $2.99(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.61-2.52(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.26(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl $\left.{ }_{3}\right) \delta$ 159.8, 138.3, 132.3, 131.1, 129.5, 118.9, 113.2, 111.4, 67.1, 63.0, 55.1, 50.7, 17.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}_{2}=248.1645$, found: 248.1637 .
(S,E)-4-(4-(4-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3am): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale
 yellow oil 49.3 mg ; Isolated yield: $99 \%$; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-80.8$ ( $\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=20.6 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 29.0 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.31$ (d, $J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.85(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.41(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.02(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.74(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.03-2.96(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.61-2.53(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 159.1,130.8,129.6,129.5,127.4,113.9,67.10$, 63.2, 55.3, 50.7, 17.8 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNaO}_{2}=270.1465$, found: 270.1464 .
(S,E)-4-(4-(4-fluorophenyl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3an): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale
 yellow oil 47.2 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]^{25}=-70.3$ ( $c=$ $1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=16.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 17.5 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.36-7.31$ (m, 2H), 7.03-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.43 (d, $J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.08$ (dd, $J=15.9,8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.74(\mathrm{t}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.04-$ $2.97(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.58-2.54(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.25(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, CDCl ${ }_{3}$ ) $\delta$ $162.2(\mathrm{~d}, J=246.6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 133.0(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}), 131.8(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}), 130.0,127.7(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9$ $\mathrm{Hz}), 115.4(\mathrm{~d}, J=21.6 \mathrm{~Hz}), 67.2,63.0,50.7,17.7 \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{19}$ F NMR ( $376 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-114.64$ ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]+$ for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{FNO}=236.1445$, found: 236.1442 .
(S,E)-4-(4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3ao): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained pale yellow oil 57.1 mg ; Isolated yield: $99 \%$; $93 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]_{D_{2}}^{25}=-48.3\left(c=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ;$ The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at 254 nm , $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=15.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 17.8 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.56(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.46(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.28(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.0$, $8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.75-3.72(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.10-3.02(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.58-2.55(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.27(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$ ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 140.3(\mathrm{q}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 135.0,129.9,129.2(\mathrm{q}, J=32.4 \mathrm{~Hz})$, 126.4, 125.5 (q, $J=3.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 124.1 (q, $J=270.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 67.1, $62.9,50.7,17.5 \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{19}$ F NMR (376 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta-62.38 \mathrm{ppm}$; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}=286.1413$, found: 286.1418.
(S,E)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-morpholinobut-1-en-1-yl)aniline (3ap): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale
 yellow oil 38.8 mg ; Isolated yield: $74 \%$; $>99 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]^{25}=-98.5$ ( $\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol = 99:1, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=19.5 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 21.3 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.28-7.25$ (m, 2H), 6.69-6.67 (m, 2H), 6.37 (d, J=15.8Hz, 1H), 5.94 (dd, J $=15.9,8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{t}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.00-2.97(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.95(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 2.61-2.52(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H})$, $1.25(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 150.0,131.2,127.5,127.1,125.4$, 112.5, 67.2, 63.4, 50.8, 40.6, 18.0 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}=$ 261.1961, found: 261.1960.
(S,E)-4-(4-(furan-2-yl)but-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3aq): with A4, 36 h , obtained pale yellow oil 41.4 mg ; Isolated yield: $99 \%$; 96\% ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-73.8\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJH column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=16.6 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 18.7 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.36(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.3,1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 1 H ), 6.31-6.27 (m, 1H), $6.20(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.11$ (dd, $J=15.9,8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.72(\mathrm{t}, J=4.7$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.04-2.97(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.60-2.50(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 152.5,141.7,130.7,119.7,111.2,107.3,67.2,62.7,50.5,17.5 \mathrm{ppm}$; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NO}_{2}=$ 208.1332, found: 208.1333.
(S,E)-2-(4-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidine (3ar): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained colourless oil 34.7 mg ; Isolated yield: 58\%; 96\% ee; [a]d ${ }^{25}=-17.7$ ( $\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=8.8 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 9.5 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.46(\mathrm{t}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.47(\mathrm{dd}, J$ $=15.6,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.37-5.31(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83-3.81(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 2.93-2.86(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 2.62-2.49 (m, 4H), 1.99-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.69 (m, 4H), 1.66-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.28-1.22 (m, 3H), $1.18(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.14-1.02(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathbf{N M R}\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ б 161.6, 157.7, 138.5, 128.7, 109.6, 62.5, 49.6, 43.8, 40.4, 33.04, 32.97, 26.1, 26.0, 18.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [ $\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{~N}_{4}=301.2387$, found: 301.2380
(S,E)-2-(4-(6-phenylhex-3-en-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidine (3as): with A4, 24 h , obtained
 colorless oil 63.5 mg ; Isolated yield: 98\%; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]^{25}=-14.2$ (c $=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=19.2 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 21.7 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 8.30(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.28-$ $7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.17-7.13(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.46(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.52(\mathrm{dt}, J=$ $15.3,6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 5.37 (ddt, $J=15.4,8.0,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), $3.78(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 2.91-2.84(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.76-2.64(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.51-2.41(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 2.39-2.33(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.14(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}$ $=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 161.6,157.7,141.7,132.6,131.2,128.5$, 128.2, 125.8, 109.6, 62.3, 49.6, 43.8, 35.6, 34.0, 17.9 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H] ${ }^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{~N}_{4}=323.2230$, found: 323.2224 .
(S,E)-4-(6-phenylhex-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3at): with A4, 24 h , obtained colorless oil 43.1
 mg ; Isolated yield: 88\%; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]_{D^{25}}=-21.8\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OJ-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=95: 5$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $220 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=13.1 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 14.4 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.28-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.18-7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 5.52(\mathrm{dt}, J=15.2,6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.32$ (ddt, $J=15.3,8.1,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.66(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 2.79-2.64(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.40-2.33(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H})$, $1.10(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 141.7,132.8,131.3,128.5,128.3$, 125.8, 67.2, 62.8, 50.5, 35.7, 34.0, 17.8 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{NO}=$ 246.1852, found: 246.1847.
(S)-N-(furan-2-ylmethyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-amine (3au): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil
 17.4 mg ; Isolated yield: $28 \% ; 22 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-13.5$ ( $\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $220 \mathrm{~nm} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=19.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 21.9 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.35(\mathrm{dd}, J=1.9,0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{dd}, J=3.1,1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.18(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $3.1,0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.80-5.75(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.70-5.66(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.89-3.80(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.23-3.17(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 2.02-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.78-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.60-1.41 (m, 2H) ppm; ${ }^{13}$ C NMR (100 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 154.0,141.7,129.4,129.2,110.1,106.7,52.0,43.4,29.2,25.2,20.1 \mathrm{ppm} ;$ HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]+$ for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{NO}=178.1226$, found: 178.1221.
(S,E)-2-((4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)amino)ethan-1-ol (3av): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil 34.8 mg ; Isolated yield: $91 \%$; > 99\% ee; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-54.8\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$;
 The enantiomeric excess was determined by (converting it to compound Bz3av) HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=85: 15$; flow rate $=1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}, \mathrm{UV}$ detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=20.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 24.7 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) ~ \delta 7.39-7.37(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.32-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), $6.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.12(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.76-3.67(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 3.53-3.41 (m, 1H), 3.41 (br, s, 1H), 3.32 (br, s, 1H), 2.93-2.79 (m, 2H), 1.35 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 3H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 136.4,131.6,131.5,128.5,127.7,126.4,60.3,56.3,48.5$, 21.2 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated [M+H]+ for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NO}=192.1383$, found: 192.1381.
(S,E)-N1-benzyl-N1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)ethane-1,2-diamine (3aw): with A4, 24 h ,
 obtained pale yellow oil 46.5 mg ; Isolated yield: $83 \%$; $98 \%$ ee; $[\alpha]_{D^{25}}=$ -56.6 ( $\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by (converting it to compound Bz-3aw) HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=85: 15$, flow rate $=1.0 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=24.4 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 27.6 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 7.37-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.25-7.19 (m, 2H), $6.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$,
$6.05(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.35-3.28(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.81-2.65(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.25(\mathrm{br}, \mathrm{s}$, 2H), 1.25 (d, $J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 140.3,137.0,134.2,129.9$, 128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 127.3, 126.9, 126.3, 56.3, 53.8, 48.8, 46.9, 22.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{~N}_{2}=281.2012$, found: 282.2011 .
(S,E)-2-(((4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)amino)methyl)phenol (3ax): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale
 yellow oil 47.6 mg ; Isolated yield: 94\%; 97\% ee; $[\alpha]^{25}=-110.6$ (c = 1.0, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=31.9 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 37.2 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( 400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.38-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.26-7.22(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.18-7.14(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.96-6.94 (m, 1H), $6.84(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.1,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.78-6.74(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.46(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.03 (dd, $J=15.9,8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.07(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.45-3.38$ (m, 1H), $1.32(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 158.2,136.5,131.7,131.5$, 128.6, 128.6, 128.3, 127.7, 126.3, 122.7, 119.1, 116.4, 55.1, 50.0, 21.7 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]+$ for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}=276.1359$, found: 276.1361 .
(S,E)-2-(2-((4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)amino)phenyl)ethan-1-ol (3ay): with A3, 24 h , obtained
 white solid 31.4 mg ; Isolated yield: 59\%; 91\% ee; [ $\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-114.1$ ( $\mathrm{c}=$ $1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak OD-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=80: 20$, flow rate $=0.5$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=24.7 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 28.9 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.37-7.34(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.31-7.27(\mathrm{~m}$, 2H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.03-7.00 (m, 2H), 6.63-6.60 (m, 2H), 6.57 (dd, $J=15.9,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.20(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.15-4.08(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.78(\mathrm{t}, J=6.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.74(\mathrm{t}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathbf{N M R}\left(100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 146.0, 136.9, 133.2, 129.8, 129.2, 128.5, 127.3, 126.7, 126.3, 113.6, 63.9, 51.0, 38.2, 22.1 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNaO}=290.1532$, found: 290.1531.
(S,E)-N-(2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl)-4-phenylbut-3-en-2-amine (3az): with A4, 24 h , obtained
 pale yellow oil 58.2 mg ; Isolated yield: 99\%; > 99\% ee; [ $\alpha]_{D^{25}}=-76.2$ ( $\mathrm{c}=$ $1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$; The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=99: 1$, flow rate $=0.5$ $\mathrm{mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=69.3 \mathrm{~min}$ (minor), 75.3 min (major); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.12(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.62(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.37-$ $7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.23-7.17(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.10(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.3$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.42(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.06(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.9,8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.41-3.34(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.04-2.92$ (m, 4H), 1.97 (br, s, 1H), $1.22(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 137.0$, 136.4, 134.1, 129.9, 128.5, 127.4, 127.3, 126.2, 122.02, 121.98, 119.2, 118.9, 113.8, 111.1,
56.2, 47.4, 25.8, 22.0 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated [ $\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{Na}=313.1675$, found: 313.1675 .
(S,E)-4-(((4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)amino)methyl)aniline (3ba): with A3, 24 h , obtained pale
 yellow oil 20.4 mg ; Isolated yield: 40\%; > 99\% ee; [a] ${ }^{25}=-148.5$ ( $c=1.0$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); The enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AS-H column, hexane: isopropanol $=90: 10$, flow rate $=0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$, UV detection at $254 \mathrm{~nm}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=25.8 \mathrm{~min}$ (major), 28.8 min (minor); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.40-7.37(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.33-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 7.12-7.09 (m, 2H), 6.67-6.63 (m, 2H), $6.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.11(\mathrm{dd}$, $J=15.9,8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.43-3.36 (m, 1H), $1.25(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 145.2,137.1$, 134.2, 130.4, 130.1, 129.3, 128.5, 127.3, 126.2, 115.1, 55.3, 51.0, 22.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{~N}_{2}=253.1699$, found: 253.1670.
(S,E)-4-(4-cyclohexylbut-3-en-2-yl)morpholine (3bb): with A4, 24 h , obtained pale yellow oil
 29.8 mg ; Isolated yield: 67\%; The enantiomeric excess couldn't be determined; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{25}=-25.2\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $\delta 5.47$ (dd, $J=15.5,6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.32-5.26(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.71(\mathrm{t}, J=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $4 \mathrm{H}), 2.81-2.74(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.55-2.42(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.97-1.89(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.74-1.67$ $(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.67-1.62(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.32-1.16(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.14(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, 1.12-1.01 (m, 2H) ppm; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 138.6,128.9,67.2,62.9,50.5,40.4,33.1$, 33.0, 26.2, 26.0, 18.0 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{NO}=224.2009$, found: 224.2011.
(S,E)-1-(4-phenylbut-3-en-2-yl)piperidine-4-carboxamide (3bc): white solid 44.9 mg ;


Isolated yield: 87\%; The enantiomeric excess couldn't be determined; $[\alpha]{ }_{D}{ }^{25}=-35.4\left(\mathrm{c}=1.0, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{1} \mathbf{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.38-3.36(\mathrm{~m}$, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), $6.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.20$ (dd, $J=15.9,7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 5.52 (br, s, 2H), 3.16-3.07 (m, 2H), 3.05-3.00 (m, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.18-2.09$ (m, 3H), 1.94-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, J= $6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 177.7,137.0,132.2,130.7,128.5,127.3,126.2$, 62.4, 49.7, 49.5, 43.0, 29.2, 29.1, 17.6 ppm; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}=$ 218.1176, found: 218.1177.

obtained reddish orange oil 88.1 mg ; Isolated yield: $99 \%$; The enantiomeric excess couldn't be determined; $[\alpha]_{D}{ }^{25}=-64.3(c=1.0$, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); 3ay: ${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 8.40-8.38(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.42$ (dd, $J=7.7,1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.37-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.14-$ 7.11 (m, 3H), 7.09-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.42 (d, $J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.25-6.19 (m, 1H), 3.44-3.32 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.11 (m, 1H), 2.93-2.74 (m, 4H), 2.56-2.32 (m, 6H), $1.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 157.62,146.57$, $139.46,139.09,137.72,137.20,136.93,133.40,132.56,132.38,132.08,130.90,130.82$, 128.93, 128.51, 127.34, 126.24, 125.94, 122.04, 62.38, 51.63, 51.42, 31.83, 31.40, 31.08, 30.87, 17.83 ppm; 3ay': ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 8.40-8.38$ (m, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J=7.7, 1.7 $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.37-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.14-7.11(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.09-7.06(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.42(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}$ $=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.25-6.19 (m, 1H), 3.44-3.32 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.11 (m, 1H), 2.93-2.74 (m, 4H), 2.56-2.32 (m, 6H), $1.26(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm} ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 157.57,146.57$, $139.46,139.09,137.67,137.16,136.92,133.40$, 132.56, 132.38, 131.97, 130.87, 130.77, 128.90, 128.51, 127.34, 126.22, 125.94, 122.04, 62.35, 51.63, 51.37, 31.81, 31.38, 31.08, 30.80, 17.78 ppm ; HRMS (ESI) calculated $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{CIN}_{2} \mathrm{Na}=463.1911$, found: 463.1907.

## Non-reactive and inefficient substrates

we also have prepared two disubstituted dienes $\mathbf{1 k}$ and $\mathbf{1 I}$, and examined them in the hydroamination reaction. It was found that substrate $\mathbf{1 k}$ could participate in the reaction to afford the corresponding product 3be in $22 \%$ yield and $68 \%$ ee. However, substrate $1 I$ failed to provide the desired product ( $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{b f}$ and $\mathbf{3 b g}$ ) under standard reaction condition.


Figure S245. Non-reactive and inefficient dienes, related to Figure 4.

## Scalability of Asymmetric Hydroamination

Scheme S4 (related to Figure 3):
 $96 \%$ ee

To a 20 mL vial was added the catalyst precursor $\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{COD})_{2}$ (13.8 $\mathrm{mg}, 0.05 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), $\mathrm{L} 8(15.3 \mathrm{mg}, 0.05 \mathrm{mmol})$ and toluene ( 5 mL ) in an argon-filled glovebox. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature to give a clear orange solution. Then 1-phenylbutadiene ( $651.0 \mathrm{mg}, 5.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv), amine ( $939.1 \mathrm{mg}, 7.5 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv), A4 ( $41.5 \mathrm{mg}, 0.25 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and another 5 mL toluene was added in the catalyst solution. The reaction vessel was sealed using a PTFE septum and removed from the glovebox, and the mixture was stirred
 at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 96 h . The product was purified by column chromatography on deactivated silica gel with PE/EtOAc=1:1 to yield 1.23 g of $\mathbf{3 g}$ ( $96 \%$ yield, $96 \%$ ee), the enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC on Chiralpak AD-H column.

## Transamination Experiments

Scheme S5 (related to Scheme 1):



A stock solution was made by mixing $\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{COD})_{2}$ with $\mathrm{L8}$ in a $1: 1$ molar ratio in toluene ( 0.01 M ) at room temperature for 1 h in a argon-filled glovebox. An aliquot of the catalyst solution ( 0.5 $\mathrm{mL}, 0.005 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was transferred by syringe into the vials charged with $\mathbf{3 t}$ or $\mathbf{3 k}(0.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv), amines ( $\mathbf{2 a}$ or $\mathbf{2 f}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and naphthalene ( $3.2 \mathrm{mg}, 0.025 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.25$ equiv), then $0.005 \mathrm{mmol} \mathbf{A 4}$ and another 0.5 mL toluene were added. The reaction vessel was sealed using a PTFE septum and removed from the glovebox, and the mixture was stirred at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . Yields were determined by gas chromatogram analysis, using naphthalene as the internal standard. The ee values were determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase.

## Reaction Profiles

Scheme S6 (related to Figure 6) ${ }^{[\mathrm{ad}}$ :


A stock solution was made by mixing $\mathrm{Ni}(C O D)_{2}$ with L 8 in a $1: 1$ molar ratio in toluene ( 0.01 M ) at room temperature for 1 h in a argon-filled glovebox. An aliquot of the catalyst solution (1.0 $\mathrm{mL}, 0.01 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was transferred by syringe into the vials charged with 1 a ( 0.4 mmol ), amines ( 0.6 mmol for each) and naphthalene ( $12.8 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.25$ equiv), then $\mathbf{A 3}$ ( $3.2 \mathrm{mg}, 0.02$ mmol ) or A4 ( $3.3 \mathrm{mg}, 0.02 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and another 1.0 mL toluene were added. The reaction vessel was sealed using a PTFE septum and stirred at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in the glovebox. The reaction progress was monitored by GC with naphthalene as the internal standard. The ee values were determined by HPLC on a chiral stationary phase.

| Time <br> $[\mathrm{h}]$ | Yield <br> $[\%]$ | ee [\%] | Yield <br> $[\%]^{[b]}$ | ee [\%] $]^{[b]}$ | Yield <br> $[\%]^{[c]}$ | ee [\%] ${ }^{[\mathrm{cc]}}$ | Yield <br> $[\%]^{[d]}$ | ee [\%][ ${ }^{[d]}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 h | 84 | 98 | 86 | 97 | 12 | 98 | 91 | 98 |
| 12 h | 99 | 97 | 94 | 96 | 19 | 98 | 95 | 98 |
| 24 h | 99 | 94 | 99 | 93 | 30 | 97 | 99 | 98 |
| 36 h | 99 | 91 | 99 | 92 | 38 | 97 | 98 | 98 |
| 48 h | 99 | 88 | 99 | 90 | 39 | 97 | 98 | 98 |

Reaction conditions: [a] 0.40 mmol 1a, 0.60 mmol 2a, $5.0 \mathrm{~mol} \% \mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{COD})_{2} / \mathrm{L} 8,5.0 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ A3, 1 mL toluene, $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 48 \mathrm{~h}$. [b] A4 instead of A3. [c] $\mathbf{2 f}$ instead of $\mathbf{2 a}$. [d] $\mathbf{2 f}$ instead of 2a, A4 instead of A3


Figure S246. Time Course of Scheme S6.

## Deuterium Labeling Experiments

Scheme S7:


Reaction was carried as described in General Procedure for Ni-catalyzed Asymmetric Hydroamination of Conjugated Dienes. $d$-indoline was prepared by a known previously established method (Yi \& Lee, 2009). The d-3t was determined by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR and ${ }^{2} \mathrm{H}$ NMR analysis.

Amines Benzoylation for ee Determination (Wang et al, 2014)

Scheme S8 (related to Figure 3 and Figure 5):


To a solution of chiral amine 3 ( $0.20 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv) and triethylamine ( $42 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.30 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.5 equiv) in DCM ( 0.8 mL ) at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was added dropwise a solution of benzoyl chloride ( $28 \mu \mathrm{~L}$, $0.24 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.2$ equiv) in DCM ( 0.2 mL ). The mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. The mixture was quenched with water ( 1.0 mL ) and extracted with DCM ( 5.0 mL ), and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM ( 3.0 mL ). The organic layers were combined, dried over sodium sulfate, and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with ethyl acetate/petroleum ether, to give amide Bz-3.

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