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N-Methyl-N-nitroso-p-toluenesulfonamide

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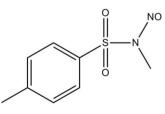
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study: T = 100 K: mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.003$ Å: R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.096; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.6.

The crystal structure of the title compound, $C_8H_{10}N_2O_3S$, displays predominant C-H···O hydrogen-bonding and π - π stacking interactions. The hydrogen bonds are between the O atoms of the sulfonyl group and H atoms on methyl groups. The π - π stacking interactions occur between adjacent aromatic rings, with a centroid-centroid distance of 3.868 (11) Å. These interactions lead to the formation of chains parallel to (101).

Related literature

For the use of the title compound as a nitrosylating agent, see: Mayer et al. (2014). For related structures, see: Hakkinen et al. (1988); Lightfoot et al. (1993). For the use of the title compound as a potential cancer chemotherapeutic, see: Garcia-Rio et al. (2011); Skinner et al. (1960). For its use as an antimicrobial, see: Uri & Scola (1992) and as a precursor in methylene production and production of heterocyclic rings, see: Hudlicky (1980). For literature hydrogen-bond lengths between sulfonyl O atoms and methyl H atoms in sulfonamide structures, see: Dodoff et al. (2004). For the potential use of sulfonamide compounds as ligands for metal coordination, see: Jacobs et al. (2013).



Experimental

Crystal data
$C_8H_{10}N_2O_3S$
$M_r = 214.24$
Triclinic, P1

$I_{10}N_2O_3S$	a = 6.8911 (8) Å
= 214.24	b = 8.4435 (10) Å
linic, P1	c = 8.6248 (10) Å

$\alpha = 81.458 \ (1)^{\circ}$
$\beta = 85.883 \ (1)^{\circ}$
$\gamma = 80.310 \ (1)^{\circ}$
$V = 488.62 (10) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 2

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD	5753 measured reflections
diffractometer	2275 independent reflections
Absorption correction: numerical	1892 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2011)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.024$
$T_{\min} = 0.687, \ T_{\max} = 0.746$	

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.096$	independent and constrained
S = 1.09	refinement
2275 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.36 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
137 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$\overline{C8-H8b\cdots O1^{i}}$	0.95 (2)	2.49 (2)	3.401 (2)	160
Symmetry code: (i) -	-x + 1, -v, -z +	- 1.		

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2011); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2011); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2013 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: CrystalMaker (CrystalMaker, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FJ2674).

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Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.31 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

 $0.84 \times 0.29 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

T = 100 K

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2014). E70, o782 [doi:10.1107/S1600536814013518]

N-Methyl-N-nitroso-p-toluenesulfonamide

Kartik Rai, Vincent Wu, Priya Gupta, David A. Laviska and Benny C. Chan

1. Comment

Diazald (*N*-methyl-*N*-nitroso-*p*- toluenesulfonamide) has been known to be a versatile reagent used in the general synthesis of diazomethane, a useful compound that serves as a precursor for methylene production and is used in the production of heterocyclic rings. (Hudlicky, 1980) Recently, these *N*-nitroso compounds have gained attention due to their potential cancer chemotherapeutic abilities. (Skinner *et al.*, 1960); (Garcia-Rio *et al.*, 2011) Additionally, the title compound was also found to behave as an antimicrobial agent against yeasts, fungi, Gram-negative, and Gram-positive bacteria. (Uri & Scola, 1992) The title compound was also shown to behave as a nitrosylating reagent in the formation of a new diruthenium complex. (Mayer *et al.*, 2014) Specifically, our group has investigated the potential of these sulfonamide structures as ligands for metal coordination. (Jacobs *et al.*, 2013) Here we report on the crystal structure of this versatile compound. This compound forms hydrogen bonds of 2.49 (2) Å between the oxygen atom (O1) on the sulfonyl group of one molecule and the hydrogen atom (H10B) on the methyl group of another. These hydrogen bond lengths were confirmed to be in the normal range (2.31 (6) Å - 2.53 (12) Å) between sulfonyl O atoms and methyl H atoms on sulfonamide structures. (Dodoff *et al.*, 2004) Additionally, pi-stacking interactions exist between adjacent aromatic rings and measure 3.868 (11) Å. These pi-stacking and hydrogen bonding interactions produce a stabilized dimerized crystal structure resulting in parallel chains.

2. Experimental

Approximately 100 mg of the title compound were dissolved in 2 ml of 100% isopropyl alcohol solution after being heated to boiling conditions. The solution was allowed to evaporate slowly for three days at approximately 4 C until clear, colorless crystals were formed. A crystal was manually separated and analyzed for crystallographic data using a Bruker APEXII CCD single-crystal X-ray diffractometer.

3. Refinement

The structure was solved using direct methods (Bruker, 2011). Hydrogen 8 A, 8B, 8 C were found by electron difference maps and then allowed to vary in 3 dimensions. The isotropic parameter was held to -1.2.

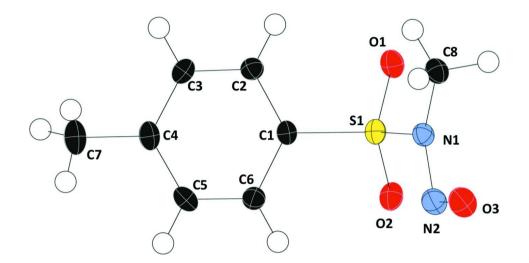


Figure 1

Thermal ellipsoid plot at 50% probability.

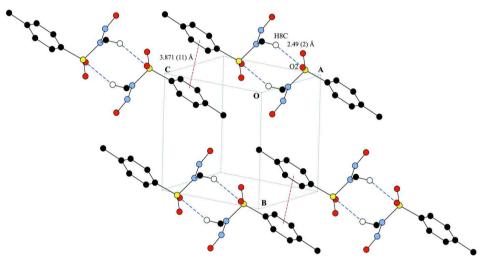


Figure 2

The title structure is stabilized by a hydrogen bond between O2 and H8C, which measures 2.49 (2) Å and pi-stacking interactions between adjacent benzene rings, which measures 3.871 (11) Å. Oxygen atoms are shown in red, carbon atoms in black, hydrogen atoms in white, and nitrogen atoms in blue. Symmetry equivalent pi-stacking and hydrogen bonding are indicated by red and blue dashed lines, respectively.

N-Methyl-N-nitroso-p-toluenesulfonamide

Crystal data	
$C_8H_{10}N_2O_3S$	$\gamma = 80.310 \ (1)^{\circ}$
$M_r = 214.24$	$V = 488.62 (10) \text{ Å}^3$
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	Z = 2
a = 6.8911 (8) Å	F(000) = 224
b = 8.4435 (10) Å	$D_{\rm x} = 1.456 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
c = 8.6248 (10) Å	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
$\alpha = 81.458 \ (1)^{\circ}$	Cell parameters from 3237 reflections
$\beta = 85.883 \ (1)^{\circ}$	$\theta = 2.5 - 28.1^{\circ}$

$\mu = 0.31 \text{ mm}^{-1}$	Block, colorless
T = 100 K	$0.84 \times 0.29 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 8.3333 pixels mm ⁻¹ ω and φ scans Absorption correction: numerical (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2011) $T_{min} = 0.687, T_{max} = 0.746$	5753 measured reflections 2275 independent reflections 1892 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.024$ $\theta_{max} = 28.4^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.4^{\circ}$ $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$ $wR(F^2) = 0.096$ S = 1.09 2275 reflections 137 parameters 0 restraints	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: mixed H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0425P)^2 + 0.2042P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
U restraints	$(\Delta/0)_{\text{max}} > 0.001$

Special details

direct methods

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.36 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.37 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	у	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
S 1	0.20728 (6)	0.03322 (5)	0.28268 (5)	0.01794 (13)
01	0.33666 (19)	-0.07228 (14)	0.38895 (14)	0.0234 (3)
O2	0.05198 (18)	-0.02289 (15)	0.21663 (15)	0.0239 (3)
03	-0.1436 (2)	0.37946 (16)	0.40008 (15)	0.0301 (3)
N1	0.0960 (2)	0.18010 (17)	0.38888 (16)	0.0184 (3)
N2	-0.0760(2)	0.26414 (19)	0.33146 (18)	0.0246 (3)
C1	0.3438 (2)	0.13715 (19)	0.13431 (19)	0.0167 (3)
C2	0.5359 (3)	0.1532 (2)	0.1589 (2)	0.0200 (4)
H2	0.5971	0.1025	0.2528	0.024*
C3	0.6369 (3)	0.2450 (2)	0.0434 (2)	0.0219 (4)
Н3	0.7691	0.2557	0.0584	0.026*
C4	0.5484 (3)	0.3215 (2)	-0.0938 (2)	0.0204 (4)
C5	0.3552 (3)	0.3032 (2)	-0.1148(2)	0.0220 (4)

Н5	0.2932	0.3554	-0.2079	0.026*	
C6	0.2519 (3)	0.2107 (2)	-0.0028 (2)	0.0204 (4)	
H6	0.1209	0.1976	-0.0190	0.024*	
C7	0.6590 (3)	0.4220 (2)	-0.2174 (2)	0.0282 (4)	
H7A	0.7301	0.4901	-0.1669	0.042*	
H7B	0.5657	0.4911	-0.2891	0.042*	
H7C	0.7532	0.3502	-0.2764	0.042*	
C8	0.1981 (3)	0.2380 (2)	0.5075 (2)	0.0219 (4)	
H8A	0.194 (3)	0.352 (3)	0.480 (2)	0.033*	
H8B	0.329 (3)	0.181 (3)	0.512 (2)	0.033*	
H8C	0.137 (3)	0.215 (3)	0.609 (3)	0.033*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S 1	0.0207 (2)	0.0151 (2)	0.0183 (2)	-0.00448 (16)	0.00224 (16)	-0.00297 (15)
01	0.0286 (7)	0.0165 (6)	0.0228 (6)	-0.0012 (5)	0.0013 (5)	0.0012 (5)
02	0.0252 (7)	0.0247 (7)	0.0254 (7)	-0.0118 (5)	0.0032 (5)	-0.0084 (5)
03	0.0338 (8)	0.0250 (7)	0.0277 (7)	0.0064 (6)	0.0014 (6)	-0.0053 (6)
N1	0.0195 (7)	0.0190 (7)	0.0165 (7)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0003 (6)	-0.0037 (6)
N2	0.0249 (8)	0.0241 (8)	0.0223 (8)	0.0016 (6)	-0.0004 (6)	-0.0019 (6)
C1	0.0203 (8)	0.0131 (8)	0.0170 (8)	-0.0030 (6)	0.0025 (6)	-0.0040 (6)
C2	0.0186 (8)	0.0207 (9)	0.0203 (8)	-0.0015 (7)	-0.0015 (7)	-0.0026 (7)
C3	0.0177 (9)	0.0226 (9)	0.0259 (9)	-0.0052 (7)	0.0016 (7)	-0.0039(7)
C4	0.0274 (9)	0.0148 (8)	0.0192 (8)	-0.0039 (7)	0.0064 (7)	-0.0062 (7)
C5	0.0298 (10)	0.0199 (9)	0.0158 (8)	-0.0020 (7)	-0.0025 (7)	-0.0020 (7)
C6	0.0197 (9)	0.0226 (9)	0.0197 (9)	-0.0038 (7)	-0.0010 (7)	-0.0056 (7)
C7	0.0372 (11)	0.0228 (10)	0.0251 (10)	-0.0092 (8)	0.0092 (8)	-0.0046 (8)
C8	0.0269 (10)	0.0215 (9)	0.0187 (9)	-0.0063 (8)	-0.0008 (7)	-0.0046 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—O2	1.4258 (13)	С3—Н3	0.9500
S1—O1	1.4268 (13)	C4—C5	1.393 (3)
S1—N1	1.6975 (14)	C4—C7	1.506 (2)
S1—C1	1.7504 (17)	C5—C6	1.384 (2)
O3—N2	1.2224 (19)	С5—Н5	0.9500
N1—N2	1.360 (2)	С6—Н6	0.9500
N1—C8	1.466 (2)	С7—Н7А	0.9800
C1—C2	1.388 (2)	C7—H7B	0.9800
C1—C6	1.394 (2)	С7—Н7С	0.9800
C2—C3	1.390 (2)	C8—H8A	0.96 (2)
C2—H2	0.9500	C8—H8B	0.95 (2)
C3—C4	1.391 (2)	C8—H8C	0.96 (2)
O2—S1—O1	121.43 (8)	C3—C4—C7	120.73 (17)
O2—S1—N1	105.80 (7)	C5—C4—C7	120.63 (16)
01—S1—N1	104.15 (7)	C6—C5—C4	121.35 (16)

O2—S1—C1	109.93 (8)	C6—C5—H5	119.3
O1—S1—C1	110.06 (8)	C4—C5—H5	119.3
N1—S1—C1	103.75 (7)	C5—C6—C1	118.66 (16)
N2—N1—C8	121.69 (14)	С5—С6—Н6	120.7
N2—N1—S1	114.33 (11)	С1—С6—Н6	120.7
C8—N1—S1	122.36 (12)	С4—С7—Н7А	109.5
O3—N2—N1	113.28 (14)	С4—С7—Н7В	109.5
C2—C1—C6	121.41 (16)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
C2—C1—S1	119.72 (13)	С4—С7—Н7С	109.5
C6—C1—S1	118.76 (13)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
C1—C2—C3	118.62 (16)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
C1—C2—H2	120.7	N1—C8—H8A	108.3 (13)
С3—С2—Н2	120.7	N1—C8—H8B	108.9 (13)
C2—C3—C4	121.31 (16)	H8A—C8—H8B	112.2 (19)
С2—С3—Н3	119.3	N1—C8—H8C	110.6 (13)
С4—С3—Н3	119.3	H8A—C8—H8C	110.3 (18)
C3—C4—C5	118.64 (16)	H8B—C8—H8C	106.5 (18)
O2—S1—N1—N2	-30.84 (14)	O1—S1—C1—C6	162.52 (13)
O1—S1—N1—N2	-159.92 (12)	N1—S1—C1—C6	-86.55 (14)
C1—S1—N1—N2	84.88 (13)	C6—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (2)
O2—S1—N1—C8	163.44 (13)	S1—C1—C2—C3	-175.94 (13)
O1—S1—N1—C8	34.37 (15)	C1—C2—C3—C4	0.8 (3)
C1—S1—N1—C8	-80.84 (15)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.6 (3)
C8—N1—N2—O3	-7.3 (2)	C2—C3—C4—C7	179.38 (16)
S1—N1—N2—O3	-173.13 (12)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.3 (3)
O2—S1—C1—C2	-157.71 (13)	C7—C4—C5—C6	179.71 (16)
O1—S1—C1—C2	-21.41 (16)	C4—C5—C6—C1	1.0 (3)
N1—S1—C1—C2	89.53 (14)	C2-C1-C6-C5	-0.9 (3)
O2—S1—C1—C6	26.22 (15)	S1-C1-C6-C5	175.10 (13)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	Н…А	D···· A	D—H··· A
C8—H8b…O1 ⁱ	0.95 (2)	2.49 (2)	3.401 (2)	160

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, -y, -z+1.