Supplementary
Supplemental Table 1. Study disposition for the overall population

Disposition, n (%)	Cohort 1 n = 69	Cohort 2 n = 81	Cohort 3 n = 60	Total N = 210
Completed	19 (27.5)	13 (16.0)	14 (23.3)	46 (21.9)
Discontinued	50 (72.5)	68 (84.0)	46 (76.7)	164 (78.1)
Adverse event	8 (11.6)	5 (6.2)	5 (8.3)	18 (8.6)
Bone marrow transplant	1 (1.4)	2 (2.5)	1 (1.7)	4 (1.9)
Clinical progression	3 (4.3)	1 (1.2)	1 (1.7)	5 (2.4)
Complete response	8 (11.6)	9 (11.1)	11 (18.3)	28 (13.3)
Lost to follow-up	1 (1.4)	2 (2.5)	0	3 (1.4)
Physician decision	3 (4.3)	6 (7.4)	1 (1.7)	10 (4.8)
Pregnancy	0 (0.0)	1 (1.2)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.5)
Progressive disease	23 (33.3)	37 (45.7)	26 (43.3)	86 (41.0)
Patient withdrawal	3 (4.3)	5 (6.2)	1 (1.7)	9 (4.3)

# Supplemental Table 2. Summary of response duration, progression-free survival, and overall survival in patients who achieved complete response and partial response<sup>a</sup>

Achieved CR				
	Cohort 1 n = 17	Cohort 2 n = 21	Cohort 3 n = 20	Total n = 58
DOCR				
Median, months	31.2	32.9	NR	NR
95% CI	13.6-NR	8.5-NR	16.8-NR	16.1-NR
Response ≥4 years, %	43.1	43.0	71.4	51.6
PFS				
Median, months	30.8	56.5	NR	56.5
95% CI	16.3-NR	11.1-NR	21.7-NR	21.7-NR
5-year PFS rate, %	42.9	25.1	61.8	44.3
OS				
Median, months	NR	NR	NR	NR
95% CI	53.8-NR	NR-NR	NR-NR	NR-NR
5-year OS rate, %	74.3	83.8	88.9	82.8
Achieved PR				
	Cohort 1 n = 37	Cohort 2 n = 31	Cohort 3 n = 24	Total N = 92
DOPR				
Median, months	22.1	7.9	13.9	11.1
95% CI	8.4-29.2	4.9-11.8	5.5-24.4	8.2-16.8
Response ≥3 years, %	6.5	N/A	N/A	3.0
PFS				
Median, months	22.2	11.3	19.7	13.8
95% CI	13.6-32.7	7.6-13.8	8.5-27.0	12.0-22.1
PFS rate at 3 years, %	11.1	NR	20.2	10.3

OS				
Median, months	NR	NR	NR	NR
95% CI	NR-NR	NR-NR	46.4-NR	NR-NR
5-year OS rate, %	78.9	75.6	69.7	75.5

CR, complete response; DOCR, duration of complete response; DOPR, duration of partial response; NR, not reached; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; PR, partial response.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>From product-limit (Kaplan-Meier) method for censored data.

### Supplemental Table 3. Time to CR and duration of CR by pembrolizumab exposure

	<1 year n = 21	≥1 year to <2 years n = 32	≥2 years n = 5	Total n = 58
Time on therapy, median (range), months	6.2 (2.1-11.2)	23.4 (12.5-23.9)	24.7 (24.1-25.1)	14.8 (2.1-25.1)
Time to CR from treatment start date, median (range), months	2.6 (2.1-5.3)	2.8 (2.6-3.6)	2.8 (2.6-10.9)	2.8 (2.1-10.9)
Duration of CR, median (95% CI), months <sup>a</sup>	14.5 (8.5-16.8)	NR (31.2-NR)	13.8 (5.6-NR)	NR (16.1-NR)
Response, %a				
≥1 year	83.0	81.3	60.0	79.3
≥2 years	13.8	77.9	40.0	62.5
≥3 years	13.8	62.2	40.0	51.6
≥4 years	N/A	62.2	40.0	51.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>From product-limit (Kaplan-Meier) method for censored data.

## Supplemental Table 4. Disposition and duration of response for patients with CR who did not receive second-course pembrolizumab.

	CR But Did Not Receive Second- Course Pembrolizumab n = 46
Disposition, n (%)	
Ongoing response	13 (28.3)
Disease progression or died	11 (23.9)
No disease assessments in 30 weeks	11 (23.9)
Started new anticancer treatment	6 (13.0)
Disease progression or died after ≥2 missed visits	3 (6.5)
Lost to follow-up	1 (2.2)
Received stem cell transplant	1 (2.2)
Time to response, median (range), months	2.8 (2.1-10.9)
Duration of response, median (95% CI), months <sup>a</sup>	NR (26.7-NR)
Response ≥4 years, %	67.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>From product-limit (Kaplan-Meier) method for censored data.

### **Supplemental Table 5. Treatment-related adverse events by cohort**

n (%)	Cohort 1 n = 69	Cohort 2 n = 81	Cohort 3 n = 60	Total Population N = 210
Any-grade TRAE	54 (78.3)	52 (64.2)	47 (78.3)	153 (72.9)
TRAEs ≥5% in total population				
Hypothyroidism	6 (8.7)	12 (14.8)	12 (20.0)	30 (14.3)
Pyrexia	12 (17.4)	7 (8.6)	5 (8.3)	24 (11.4)
Fatigue	10 (14.5)	6 (7.4)	7 (11.7)	23 (11.0)
Rash	10 (14.5)	5 (6.2)	8 (13.3)	23 (11.0)
Diarrhea	9 (13.0)	4 (4.9)	4 (6.7)	17 (8.1)
Headache	10 (14.5)	3 (3.7)	3 (5.0)	16 (7.6)
Nausea	7 (10.1)	2 (2.5)	6 (10.0)	15 (7.1)
Arthralgia	4 (5.8)	5 (6.2)	4 (6.7)	13 (6.2)
Cough	3 (4.3)	4 (4.9)	6 (10.0)	13 (6.2)
Pruritus	4 (5.8)	5 (6.2)	4 (6.7)	13 (6.2)
Infusion-related reaction	6 (8.7)	3 (3.7)	2 (3.3)	11 (5.2)
Neutropenia	5 (7.2)	2 (2.5)	4 (6.7)	11 (5.2)
Grade 3 or 4 TRAEs	12 (17.4)	10 (12.3)	5 (8.3)	27 (12.9)
Grade 3 or 4 TRAEs in ≥2 patients				
Neutropenia	3 (4.3)	2 (2.5)	0	5 (2.4)
Pericarditis	2 (2.9)	0	0	2 (1.0)

Diarrhea	1 (1.4)	1 (1.2)	0	2 (1.0)

TRAE, treatment-related adverse event.

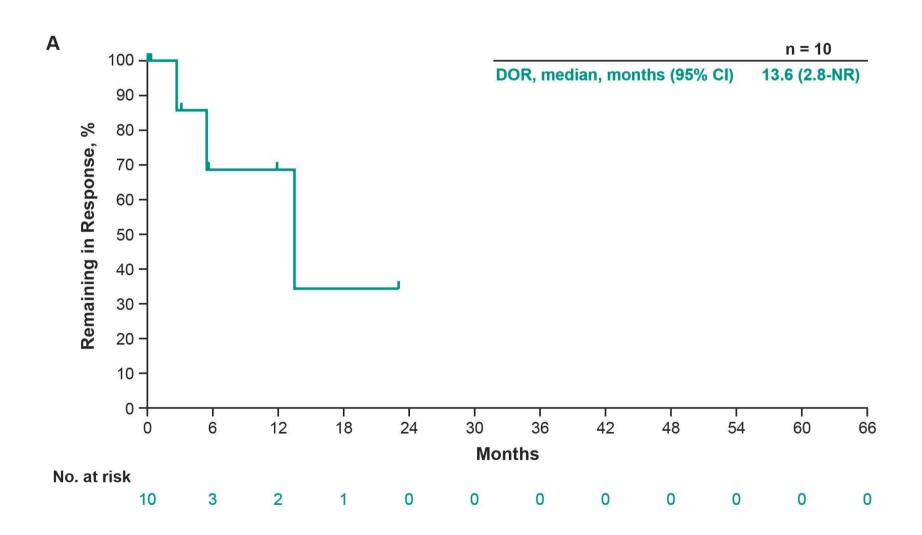
### Supplemental Table 6: Treatment-related adverse events for patients who received second-course pembrolizuamb

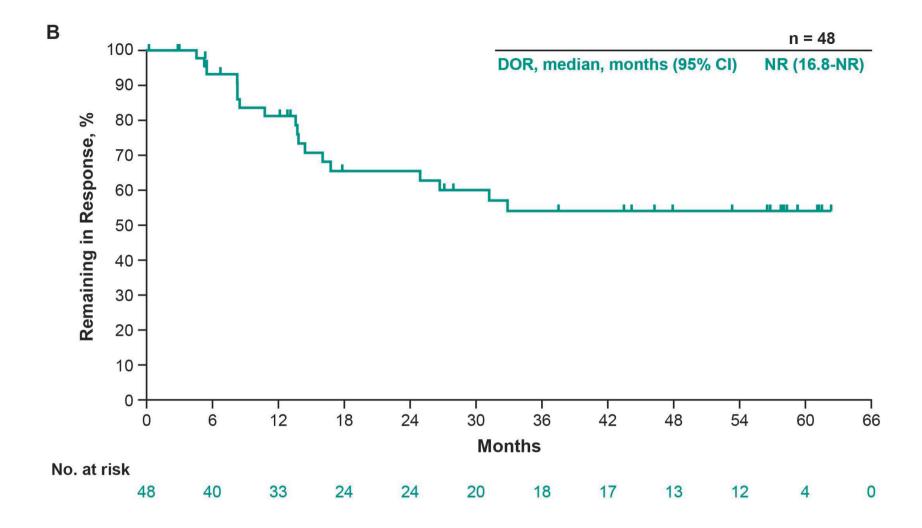
n (%)	Received Second-Course Pembrolizumab n = 20			
Any-grade TRAE	19 (95.0)			
TRAEs in ≥2 patients				
Fatigue	4 (20.0)			
Diarrhea	3 (15.0)			
Muscle spasms	3 (15.0)			
Rash	3 (15.0)			
Arthralgia	2 (10.0)			
AST increased	2 (10.0)			
Constipation	2 (10.0)			
Hypomagnesaemia	2 (10.0)			
Hypophosphatemia	2 (10.0)			
Pericarditis	2 (10.0)			
Platelet count decreased	2 (10.0)			
Pruritus	2 (10.0)			
Upper respiratory tract infection	2 (10.0)			
Grade 3 TRAEs	6 (30.0)			
Grade 3 TRAEs in ≥1 patient				
Pericarditis	2 (10.0)			

Colitis	1 (5.0)
Diarrhea	1 (5.0)
Gastrointestinal pain	1 (5.0)
Neutropenia	1 (5.0)
Peripheral neuropathy	1 (5.0)

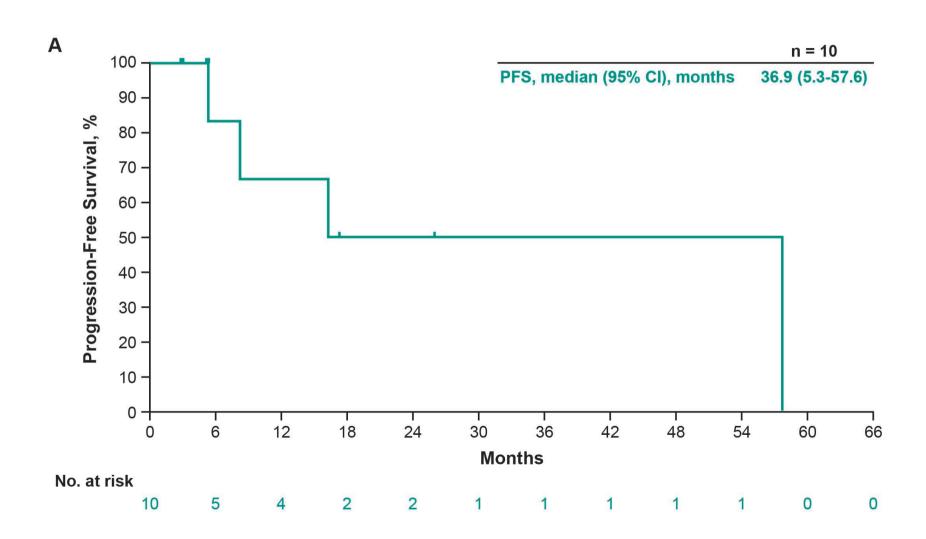
TRAE, treatment-related adverse event.

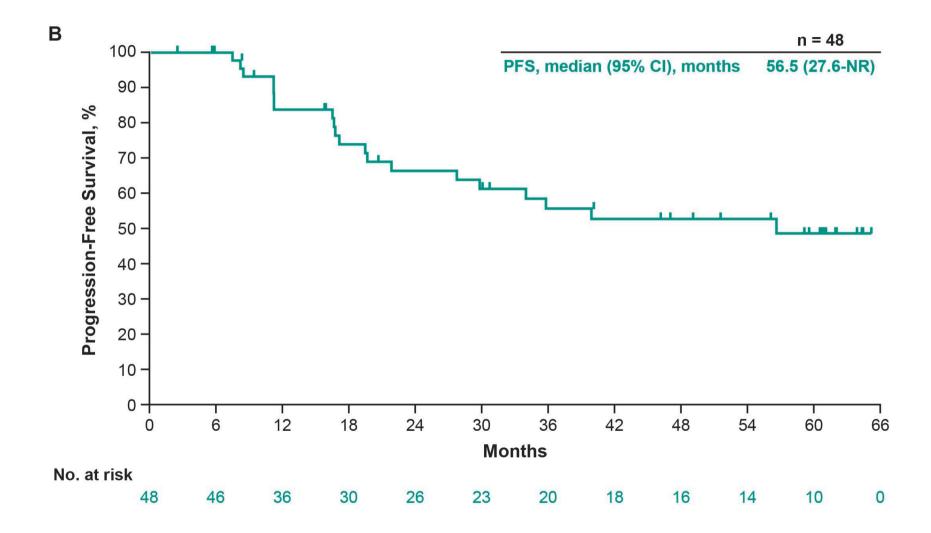
Supplemental Figure 1. Kaplan-Meier estimates of duration of response (DOR) in patinets who achieve complete response (CR) and (A) received allogeneic stem cell transplant (B) did not receive allogeneic stem cell transplant





Supplemental Figure 2. Kaplan-Meier estimates of progression-free survival (PFS) in patients who achieved complete response (CR) and (A) received allogeneic stem cell transplant (B) did not receive allogeneic stem cell transplant.





Supplemental Figure 3. Time to response and response duration for patients who received a second course of pembrolizuamb. CR, complete response; PR, partial response; SD, stable disease; PD, progressive disease

