

Aqua[4-chloro-2-(2-pyridylmethylimino-methyl)phenolato]copper(II) nitrate monohydrate

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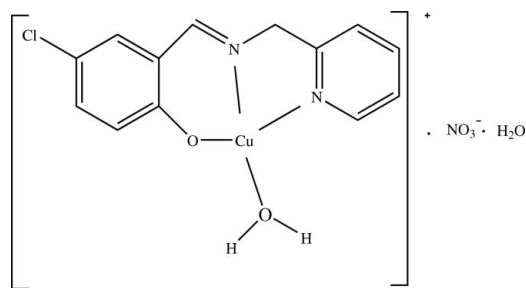
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.030; wR factor = 0.074; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.4.

In the title mononuclear complex, $[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_2\text{O})(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\text{NO}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$, the Cu^{II} atom is four-coordinated by two N atoms and one O atom of the tridentate Schiff base ligand and one O atom from the coordinated water molecule in a slightly distorted square-planar configuration. The nitrate ion interacts with the copper center [$\text{Cu1} \cdots \text{O3} = 2.579$ (4) Å]. In the crystal, the cations, anions and water molecules are linked by $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For the role of copper proteins in fundamental biological processes, see: Arnesano *et al.* (2004). For the chemistry of copper compounds, see: Bosnich (1968); Costes *et al.* (1995); Downing & Urbach (1969); Ganeshpure *et al.* (1996). For related structures, see: Sun *et al.* (2005); You *et al.* (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_2\text{O})(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\text{NO}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$	$c = 11.8929$ (15) Å
$M_r = 407.26$	$\alpha = 106.841$ (2)°
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$\beta = 102.198$ (1)°
$a = 7.892$ (2) Å	$\gamma = 92.897$ (1)°
$b = 8.9741$ (12) Å	$V = 782.3$ (2) Å ³
	$Z = 2$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.60$ mm⁻¹

$T = 298$ K
 $0.47 \times 0.41 \times 0.30$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.520$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.645$

4114 measured reflections
2714 independent reflections
2280 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.074$
 $S = 1.06$
2174 reflections
218 parameters

1 restraint
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.40$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.39$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

Cu1—O1	1.889 (2)	Cu1—O2	1.975 (2)
Cu1—N1	1.936 (3)	Cu1—N2	1.982 (3)
O1—Cu1—N1	93.94 (10)	O1—Cu1—N2	176.81 (10)
O1—Cu1—O2	88.85 (9)	N1—Cu1—N2	82.98 (11)
N1—Cu1—O2	171.60 (10)	O2—Cu1—N2	94.32 (10)

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
O2—H2a \cdots O5	0.85	1.83	2.676 (4)	173
O2—H2a \cdots N3	0.85	2.52	3.253 (4)	146
O2—H2a \cdots O3	0.85	2.57	3.052 (4)	117
O2—H2b \cdots O6 ⁱ	0.85	1.81	2.657 (4)	174
O6—H6a \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.08	2.915 (3)	166
O6—H6b \cdots O4	0.85	1.93	2.782 (5)	177

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZQ2021).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, m40 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809052350]

Aqua[4-chloro-2-(2-pyridylmethyliminomethyl)phenolato]copper(II) nitrate monohydrate

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Comment

Metals ions are vital for living organisms because they are involved in many fundamental biological processes, *e.g.* copper proteins known to be involved in a crucial role, such as respiration, iron transport, oxidative stress protection, blood clotting and pigmentation (Arnesano *et al.*, 2004). The study of copper compounds is of great interest in various aspects of chemistry (Downing & Urbach, 1969; Ganeshpure *et al.*, 1996; Bosnich, 1968; Costes *et al.*, 1995). The molecular structure of (I) is illustrated in Fig. 1, and selected bond distances and angles are given in Table 1. The Cu^{II} atom is four-coordinated by two nitrogen atoms and one oxygen atom of the tridentate Schiff base ligand, and one oxygen atom from the coordinated water molecule, forming a slightly distorted square-planar coordination configuration. The four coordinating atoms around the Cu centre are approximately coplanar. The Cu1—N2 bond [1.982 (2) Å; Table 1] is a little longer than the value [1.977 (4) Å] observed in a similar copper(II) complex (Sun *et al.*, 2005). The Cu1—N1 bond length [1.936 (2) Å] is comparable with the corresponding value [1.934 (4) Å] observed in the same complex mentioned above (Sun *et al.*, 2005). The Cu1—O1 bond length is 1.889 (18) Å. The nitrate ion is in interaction with the copper center [Cu1...O3 = 2.579 (4) Å]. The bond angles around the Cu^{II} centre show some deviations from ideal square-planar geometry. The Schiff base ligands from adjacent molecules are almost parallel due to π - π interactions leading to the formation of two-dimensional parallel layers (Fig.2). The cations, anions and solvent water molecules are linked by O-H...O hydrogen bonds.

Experimental

2-Aminomethylpyridine (0.1 mmol, 10.8 mg) and 5-chloro-salicylaldehyde (0.1 mmol, 15.6 mg) were dissolved in methanol (10 ml). The mixture was stirred for 1 h to give a clear yellow solution. To this solution was added a water solution (10 ml) of Cu(NO₃)₂·3H₂O (0.1 mmol, 24.2 mg), with stirring. The mixture was stirred for 10 min to give a deep green solution, which was allowed to evaporate slowly in the open at room temperature. After 5 days, deep blue block-shaped crystals suitable for an X-ray diffraction study were formed at the bottom of the vessel.

Refinement

The hydrogen atoms bound to carbon atoms were placed in geometrical positions and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.94 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. The hydrogens of the water molecules were located in Fourier difference maps and refined with a distance restraint of 0.85 Å.

Figures

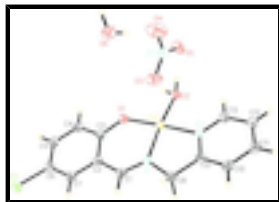


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

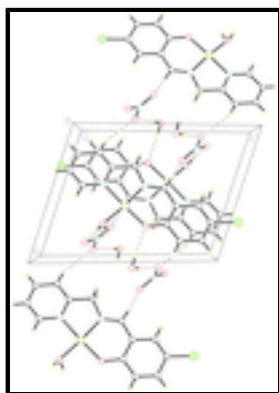


Fig. 2. Crystal packing of the compound (I). Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

Aqua[4-chloro-2-(2-pyridylmethyliminomethyl)phenolato]copper(II) nitrate monohydrate

Crystal data

[Cu(C₁₃H₁₀ClN₂O)(H₂O)]NO₃·H₂O

M_r = 407.26

Triclinic, *P* $\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

a = 7.892 (2) Å

b = 8.9741 (12) Å

c = 11.8929 (15) Å

α = 106.841 (2)°

β = 102.1980 (10)°

γ = 92.8970 (10)°

V = 782.3 (2) Å³

Z = 2

F(000) = 414

D_x = 1.729 Mg m⁻³

Mo *K* α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 13380 reflections

θ = 1.8–25.0°

μ = 1.60 mm⁻¹

T = 298 K

Prism, dark blue

0.47 × 0.41 × 0.30 mm

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini
diffractometer

Radiation source: Rotating Anode
graphite

Detector resolution: 8.192 pixels mm⁻¹

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)

T_{min} = 0.520, *T_{max}* = 0.645

2714 independent reflections

2280 reflections with *I* > 2 σ (*I*)

R_{int} = 0.016

θ_{\max} = 25.0°, θ_{\min} = 1.8°

h = -9→9

k = -8→10

l = -13→14

4114 measured reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.074$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0271P)^2 + 0.5072P]$
$S = 1.06$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2714 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
218 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.40 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
1 restraint	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.39 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
	Extinction coefficient: 0.0320 (19)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cu1	0.19716 (5)	0.40689 (4)	0.59865 (3)	0.03271 (17)
Cl1	0.01878 (15)	0.28462 (12)	-0.04586 (8)	0.0556 (3)
N1	0.2799 (3)	0.5546 (3)	0.5259 (2)	0.0322 (6)
N2	0.3181 (3)	0.5696 (3)	0.7513 (2)	0.0329 (6)
N3	0.4694 (4)	0.1517 (4)	0.6974 (3)	0.0448 (7)
O1	0.0888 (3)	0.2574 (2)	0.44856 (19)	0.0391 (6)
O2	0.0886 (3)	0.2783 (3)	0.6801 (2)	0.0380 (6)
H2A	0.1681	0.2270	0.7049	0.046*
H2B	0.0040	0.2104	0.6350	0.046*
O3	0.4553 (4)	0.2453 (3)	0.6385 (3)	0.0632 (8)
O4	0.5942 (5)	0.0744 (5)	0.6999 (4)	0.0921 (12)
O5	0.3572 (3)	0.1310 (3)	0.7528 (2)	0.0513 (7)
O6	0.8275 (3)	0.0554 (3)	0.5520 (2)	0.0496 (7)
H6A	0.8662	-0.0326	0.5462	0.059*
H6B	0.7557	0.0650	0.5970	0.059*

supplementary materials

C1	0.2497 (4)	0.5376 (4)	0.4119 (3)	0.0322 (7)
H1	0.2942	0.6191	0.3888	0.039*
C2	0.1531 (4)	0.4032 (4)	0.3176 (3)	0.0304 (7)
C3	0.0765 (4)	0.2710 (4)	0.3398 (3)	0.0323 (7)
C4	-0.0198 (5)	0.1487 (4)	0.2394 (3)	0.0381 (8)
H4	-0.0726	0.0618	0.2520	0.046*
C5	-0.0380 (5)	0.1543 (4)	0.1237 (3)	0.0395 (8)
H5	-0.1028	0.0722	0.0589	0.047*
C6	0.0411 (5)	0.2835 (4)	0.1032 (3)	0.0375 (8)
C7	0.1338 (4)	0.4054 (4)	0.1972 (3)	0.0377 (8)
H7	0.1850	0.4911	0.1822	0.045*
C8	0.3778 (5)	0.7018 (4)	0.6111 (3)	0.0382 (8)
H8A	0.3138	0.7891	0.6030	0.046*
H8B	0.4901	0.7184	0.5928	0.046*
C9	0.4047 (4)	0.6945 (4)	0.7380 (3)	0.0328 (7)
C10	0.5091 (5)	0.8088 (4)	0.8357 (3)	0.0420 (9)
H10	0.5697	0.8927	0.8243	0.050*
C11	0.5229 (5)	0.7975 (4)	0.9502 (3)	0.0455 (9)
H11	0.5938	0.8729	1.0171	0.055*
C12	0.4294 (5)	0.6720 (4)	0.9639 (3)	0.0458 (9)
H12	0.4340	0.6634	1.0405	0.055*
C13	0.3297 (5)	0.5603 (4)	0.8633 (3)	0.0417 (9)
H13	0.2682	0.4755	0.8730	0.050*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cu1	0.0408 (3)	0.0262 (2)	0.0313 (2)	-0.00137 (16)	0.00910 (17)	0.00954 (17)
Cl1	0.0840 (8)	0.0510 (6)	0.0315 (5)	0.0041 (5)	0.0125 (5)	0.0137 (4)
N1	0.0379 (16)	0.0245 (14)	0.0342 (15)	-0.0011 (11)	0.0080 (12)	0.0102 (12)
N2	0.0406 (16)	0.0255 (14)	0.0325 (15)	0.0042 (12)	0.0070 (12)	0.0101 (12)
N3	0.0422 (19)	0.0434 (18)	0.0477 (19)	-0.0011 (15)	0.0108 (15)	0.0134 (15)
O1	0.0565 (15)	0.0288 (12)	0.0320 (13)	-0.0077 (11)	0.0110 (11)	0.0112 (10)
O2	0.0428 (14)	0.0348 (13)	0.0371 (13)	-0.0023 (10)	0.0100 (10)	0.0131 (11)
O3	0.0651 (19)	0.0525 (17)	0.093 (2)	0.0078 (14)	0.0379 (17)	0.0412 (17)
O4	0.071 (2)	0.121 (3)	0.132 (3)	0.050 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.083 (3)
O5	0.0485 (16)	0.0679 (18)	0.0474 (15)	0.0065 (13)	0.0170 (13)	0.0288 (14)
O6	0.0546 (16)	0.0384 (14)	0.0572 (16)	-0.0014 (12)	0.0160 (13)	0.0162 (13)
C1	0.0331 (18)	0.0297 (17)	0.0395 (19)	0.0029 (14)	0.0115 (14)	0.0174 (15)
C2	0.0323 (17)	0.0266 (16)	0.0342 (17)	0.0037 (13)	0.0081 (14)	0.0119 (14)
C3	0.0364 (18)	0.0289 (17)	0.0338 (18)	0.0060 (14)	0.0105 (14)	0.0111 (14)
C4	0.046 (2)	0.0278 (18)	0.0387 (19)	-0.0032 (15)	0.0114 (16)	0.0083 (15)
C5	0.044 (2)	0.0333 (19)	0.0356 (19)	0.0023 (16)	0.0081 (15)	0.0043 (15)
C6	0.045 (2)	0.0371 (19)	0.0306 (18)	0.0078 (16)	0.0102 (15)	0.0099 (16)
C7	0.042 (2)	0.0374 (19)	0.0407 (19)	0.0049 (16)	0.0134 (15)	0.0194 (16)
C8	0.045 (2)	0.0274 (17)	0.0402 (19)	-0.0051 (15)	0.0077 (16)	0.0113 (15)
C9	0.0339 (18)	0.0261 (17)	0.0377 (18)	0.0064 (14)	0.0072 (14)	0.0091 (15)
C10	0.043 (2)	0.0322 (19)	0.046 (2)	-0.0008 (16)	0.0046 (16)	0.0095 (17)

C11	0.051 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.0044 (17)	-0.0016 (17)	0.0046 (17)
C12	0.062 (3)	0.039 (2)	0.0327 (19)	0.0069 (18)	0.0041 (17)	0.0095 (17)
C13	0.054 (2)	0.0351 (19)	0.0377 (19)	0.0024 (17)	0.0105 (17)	0.0140 (16)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—O1	1.889 (2)	C2—C3	1.421 (4)
Cu1—N1	1.936 (3)	C3—C4	1.407 (4)
Cu1—O2	1.975 (2)	C4—C5	1.368 (5)
Cu1—N2	1.982 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
C11—C6	1.747 (3)	C5—C6	1.396 (5)
N1—C1	1.288 (4)	C5—H5	0.9300
N1—C8	1.469 (4)	C6—C7	1.359 (5)
N2—C13	1.343 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2—C9	1.349 (4)	C8—C9	1.500 (4)
N3—O4	1.233 (4)	C8—H8A	0.9700
N3—O3	1.236 (4)	C8—H8B	0.9700
N3—O5	1.247 (4)	C9—C10	1.379 (4)
O1—C3	1.318 (4)	C10—C11	1.376 (5)
O2—H2A	0.8500	C10—H10	0.9300
O2—H2B	0.8500	C11—C12	1.383 (5)
O6—H6A	0.8500	C11—H11	0.9300
O6—H6B	0.8499	C12—C13	1.372 (5)
C1—C2	1.433 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—H1	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—C7	1.414 (4)		
O1—Cu1—N1	93.94 (10)	C3—C4—H4	119.1
O1—Cu1—O2	88.85 (9)	C4—C5—C6	119.9 (3)
N1—Cu1—O2	171.60 (10)	C4—C5—H5	120.1
O1—Cu1—N2	176.81 (10)	C6—C5—H5	120.1
N1—Cu1—N2	82.98 (11)	C7—C6—C5	120.6 (3)
O2—Cu1—N2	94.32 (10)	C7—C6—C11	120.8 (3)
C1—N1—C8	118.5 (3)	C5—C6—C11	118.5 (3)
C1—N1—Cu1	125.9 (2)	C6—C7—C2	120.6 (3)
C8—N1—Cu1	115.6 (2)	C6—C7—H7	119.7
C13—N2—C9	118.7 (3)	C2—C7—H7	119.7
C13—N2—Cu1	125.8 (2)	N1—C8—C9	109.7 (3)
C9—N2—Cu1	115.3 (2)	N1—C8—H8A	109.7
O4—N3—O3	120.0 (3)	C9—C8—H8A	109.7
O4—N3—O5	118.9 (3)	N1—C8—H8B	109.7
O3—N3—O5	121.1 (3)	C9—C8—H8B	109.7
C3—O1—Cu1	127.6 (2)	H8A—C8—H8B	108.2
Cu1—O2—H2A	105.5	N2—C9—C10	121.7 (3)
Cu1—O2—H2B	115.4	N2—C9—C8	115.8 (3)
H2A—O2—H2B	106.1	C10—C9—C8	122.5 (3)
H6A—O6—H6B	107.8	C11—C10—C9	119.5 (3)
N1—C1—C2	125.3 (3)	C11—C10—H10	120.3
N1—C1—H1	117.3	C9—C10—H10	120.3
C2—C1—H1	117.3	C10—C11—C12	118.7 (3)

supplementary materials

C7—C2—C3	119.4 (3)	C10—C11—H11	120.6
C7—C2—C1	117.3 (3)	C12—C11—H11	120.6
C3—C2—C1	123.4 (3)	C13—C12—C11	119.4 (3)
O1—C3—C4	118.5 (3)	C13—C12—H12	120.3
O1—C3—C2	123.8 (3)	C11—C12—H12	120.3
C4—C3—C2	117.7 (3)	N2—C13—C12	122.1 (3)
C5—C4—C3	121.8 (3)	N2—C13—H13	119.0
C5—C4—H4	119.1	C12—C13—H13	119.0
O1—Cu1—N1—C1	2.8 (3)	O1—C3—C4—C5	-179.8 (3)
O2—Cu1—N1—C1	-106.3 (7)	C2—C3—C4—C5	1.0 (5)
N2—Cu1—N1—C1	-178.0 (3)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.3 (5)
O1—Cu1—N1—C8	179.4 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-1.1 (5)
O2—Cu1—N1—C8	70.3 (8)	C4—C5—C6—C11	178.7 (3)
N2—Cu1—N1—C8	-1.4 (2)	C5—C6—C7—C2	0.5 (5)
O1—Cu1—N2—C13	-163.3 (19)	C11—C6—C7—C2	-179.3 (3)
N1—Cu1—N2—C13	-178.8 (3)	C3—C2—C7—C6	0.8 (5)
O2—Cu1—N2—C13	9.1 (3)	C1—C2—C7—C6	-178.7 (3)
O1—Cu1—N2—C9	12 (2)	C1—N1—C8—C9	-177.7 (3)
N1—Cu1—N2—C9	-3.5 (2)	Cu1—N1—C8—C9	5.5 (4)
O2—Cu1—N2—C9	-175.5 (2)	C13—N2—C9—C10	2.4 (5)
N1—Cu1—O1—C3	-3.4 (3)	Cu1—N2—C9—C10	-173.3 (3)
O2—Cu1—O1—C3	168.7 (3)	C13—N2—C9—C8	-176.7 (3)
N2—Cu1—O1—C3	-19 (2)	Cu1—N2—C9—C8	7.6 (4)
C8—N1—C1—C2	-178.5 (3)	N1—C8—C9—N2	-8.4 (4)
Cu1—N1—C1—C2	-2.0 (5)	N1—C8—C9—C10	172.5 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C7	-179.8 (3)	N2—C9—C10—C11	-1.4 (5)
N1—C1—C2—C3	0.7 (5)	C8—C9—C10—C11	177.7 (3)
Cu1—O1—C3—C4	-176.1 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.8 (5)
Cu1—O1—C3—C2	3.1 (5)	C10—C11—C12—C13	1.8 (6)
C7—C2—C3—O1	179.3 (3)	C9—N2—C13—C12	-1.3 (5)
C1—C2—C3—O1	-1.2 (5)	Cu1—N2—C13—C12	173.9 (3)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-1.5 (5)	C11—C12—C13—N2	-0.8 (6)
C1—C2—C3—C4	178.0 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O2—H2a \cdots O5	0.85	1.829	2.676 (4)	173.17
O2—H2a \cdots N3	0.85	2.517	3.253 (4)	145.46
O2—H2a \cdots O3	0.85	2.57	3.052 (4)	117.12
O2—H2b \cdots O6 ⁱ	0.85	1.811	2.657 (4)	173.63
O6—H6a \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.083	2.915 (3)	165.91
O6—H6b \cdots O4	0.85	1.934	2.782 (5)	176.61

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$; (ii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

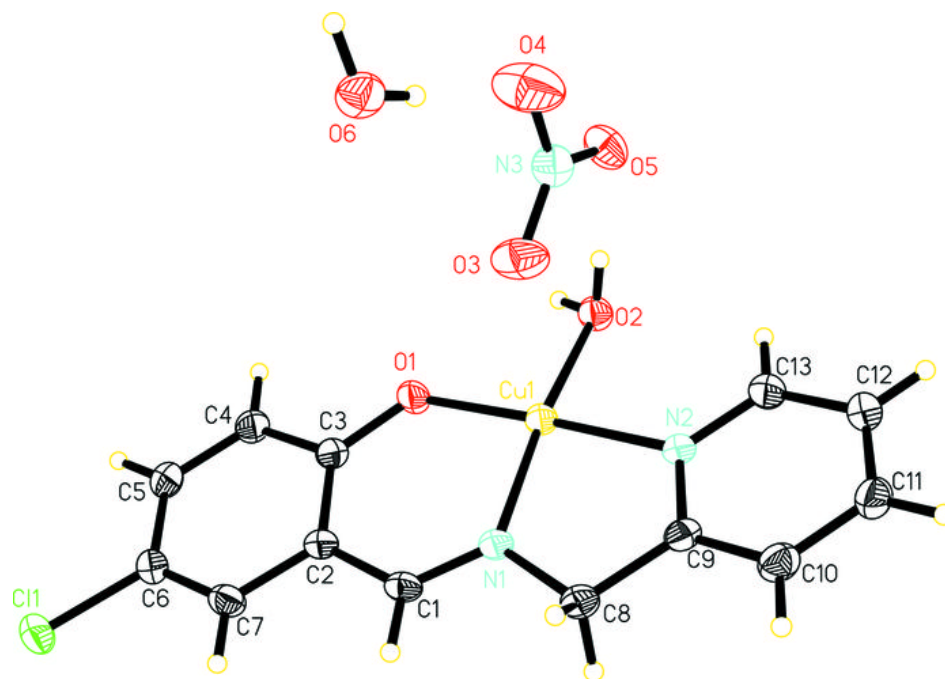


Fig. 2

