

Article

A Facile One-Pot Construction of Succinimide-Fused Spiro[Pyrrolidine-2,3'-Oxindoles] via 1,3-Dipolar Cycloaddition Involving 3-Amino Oxindoles and Maleimides

Lunqiang Jin and Feng Liang * 

The State Key Laboratory of Refractories and Metallurgy, Coal Conversion and New Carbon Materials Hubei Key Laboratory, School of Chemistry & Chemical Engineering, Wuhan University of Science and Technology, Wuhan 430081, China; jinlqchem123@163.com

* Correspondence: feng_liang@whu.edu.cn; Tel.: +86-27-6886-2107

Received: 9 February 2018; Accepted: 1 March 2018; Published: 5 March 2018

Abstract: Increasing interests have been invested in the development of synthetic strategies toward the construction of spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole], which is the core structural skeleton in some compounds with diverse biological activities. In this work, an efficient diastereoselective 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reaction of azomethine ylides generated in situ from 3-amino oxindoles and aldehydes with maleimides has been described. The protocol provides a facile and efficient access to structurally diverse succinimide-fused spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole] compounds in good to high yields (up to 93%) with moderate to excellent diastereoselectivities (up to >95:5). The relative stereochemistry of cycloaddition products has been assigned by X-ray diffraction analysis.

Keywords: 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition; azomethine ylide; one pot synthesis; maleimide; succinimide-fused spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole]

1. Introduction

The spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole] has been identified as the core structural skeleton in some unnatural compounds with diverse biological activities [1–6]. As a subset of spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole], succinimide-fused spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole] has been attracting more attention due to the recent discovery of some important biological activities such as anti-tumor [7], Ape1 inhibitor [8], and anti-fungal synergizer [9] (Figure 1). As a consequence, much more attention has been paid to developing synthetic strategies toward the construction of this spirocyclic structure [2,7,9–16]. Among these reported approaches, most studies have focused on 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition of azomethine ylides generated in situ via decarboxylative condensation of isatins with amino acids (Scheme 1a) [7,9,13–15].

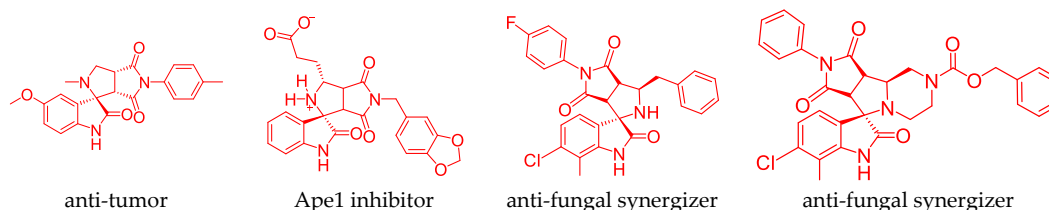
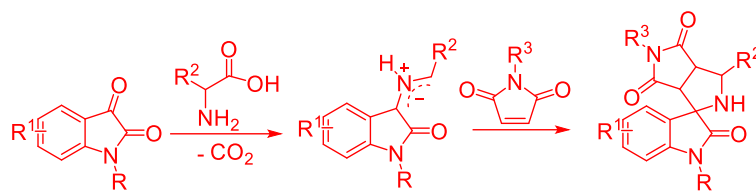
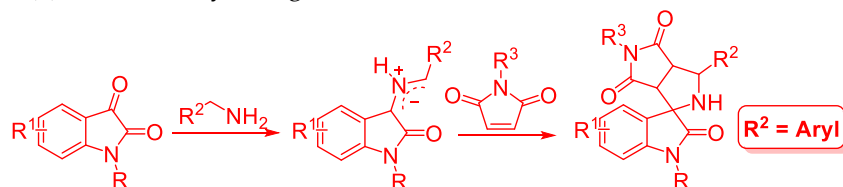


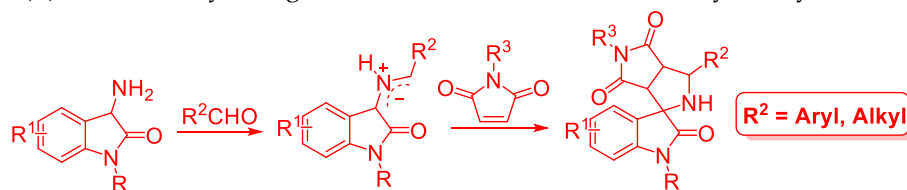
Figure 1. Representative bioactive succinimide-fused spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindoles].



(a) azomethine ylides generated in situ from isatins and amino acids



(b) azomethine ylides generated in situ from isatins and arylmethylamines



(c) this work: azomethine ylides generated in situ from 3-amino oxindoles and aldehydes

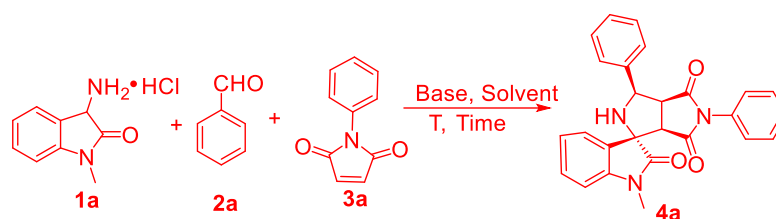
Scheme 1. Strategies for the construction of succinimide-fused spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindoles].

Although Zhao et al. developed a 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition of azomethine ylides generated in situ from isatins and arylmethylamines with maleimides (Scheme 1b) [16], an urgent necessity is still in need to enrich the synthetic methodologies of spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole]. 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition of azomethine ylides derived from 3-amino oxindole with other alkenes such as nitroalkene derivatives [17,18], α and β unsaturated imines [19], and ketones [20] were investigated. However, to our best knowledge, no azomethine ylides derived from aminoindolones were used in this kind of 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition. As well, azomethine ylides have been widely investigated in synthesizing spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindoles] [17–21]. Herein, we describe a facile and efficient strategy for accessing to succinimide-fused spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindoles] by a one-pot three-component 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reaction of azomethine ylides generated in situ from 3-amino oxindoles **1** and aldehydes **2** with maleimides **3** in the presence of triethylamine (TEA, Scheme 1c), which is a supplement to previous work.

2. Results and Discussion

We commenced our studies with the three-component reaction of 3-amino-1-methylindolin-2-one hydrochloride **1a**, **2a**, and *N*-phenylmaleimide **3a** (Scheme 2) as model substrates for surveying the reaction parameters, and the results are summarized in Table 1. Initially, the reaction was performed in the presence of 1 equivalent of weak inorganic base NaHCO_3 and the desired product **4a** could be obtained in 60% yield with 74:26 diastereomeric excess (dr, Table 1, entry 1). Other two weak inorganic bases, K_2CO_3 and $\text{KF}/\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$, did not provide better results (Table 1, entries 2 and 3). When the strong base NaOH was employed, only trace product was detected (Table 1, entry 4). A further study showed that organic base TEA could afford **4a** in 68% yield and 83:17 dr (Table 1, entry 6), and prolonging reaction time would benefit the reaction yield (Table 1, entry 7). Subsequently, a series of solvents were also screened. As seen from Table 1, with chlorinated alkane-type solvents, ether-type solvents, alcohol-type solvents, toluene or acetonitrile, the current strategy could afford the desired product **4a** in various yields and diastereoselectivities (Table 1, entries 8–16). In terms of diastereoselectivity, CH_2Cl_2 was selected as the optimal reaction solvent (Table 1, entry 8). When the reaction temperature was increased to reflux, up to 86% yield could be obtained without erosion in diastereoselectivity

(Table 1, entry 17). Scaling up reaction did not result in the loss of the reactivity and diastereoselectivity (Table 1, entry 18).



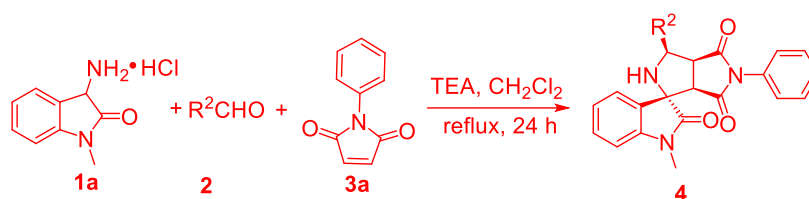
Scheme 2. The three-component reaction of 3-amino-1-methylindolin-2-one hydrochloride **1a**, benzaldehyde **2a**, and *N*-phenylmaleimide **3a**. Prolonging reaction time would benefit the reaction.

Table 1. Optimization of reaction conditions ^a.

Entry	Base	Solvent	T (°C)	Time (h)	Yield ^b (%)	dr ^c
1	NaHCO ₃	CHCl ₃	30	16	60	74:26
2	K ₂ CO ₃	CHCl ₃	30	16	62	73:27
3	KF/Al ₂ O ₃	CHCl ₃	30	16	58	71:29
4	NaOH	CHCl ₃	30	16	trace	-
5	DIPEA	CHCl ₃	30	16	65	81:19
6	TEA	CHCl ₃	30	16	68	83:17
7	TEA	CHCl ₃	30	24	74	84:16
8	TEA	CH ₂ Cl ₂	30	24	60	88:12
9	TEA	DCE	30	24	61	83:17
10	TEA	THF	30	24	62	69:31
11	TEA	dioxane	30	24	41	80:20
12	TEA	Et ₂ O	30	24	55	69:31
13	TEA	CH ₃ OH	30	24	57	84:16
14	TEA	C ₂ H ₅ OH	30	24	74	78:22
15	TEA	toluene	30	24	37	71:29
16	TEA	CH ₃ CN	30	24	42	85:15
17	TEA	CH ₂ Cl ₂	reflux	24	86	88:12
18 ^d	TEA	CH ₂ Cl ₂	reflux	24	85	88:12

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with **1a** (0.1 mmol), **2a** (0.1 mmol), **3a** (0.11 mmol), and base (0.1 mmol) in solvent (1.0 mL) at specified temperature for 16 or 24 h. DIPEA: diisopropylethylamine, TEA: triethylamine, DCE: 1,2-dichloroethane. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by ¹H-NMR spectroscopy of the crude mixture. ^d Reaction was carried out with two-fold scale.

Under optimum conditions, a variety of aldehyde substrates **2** were firstly investigated (Scheme 3). As shown in Table 2, all tested aldehydes underwent the reaction smoothly to afford the corresponding products with good to excellent results. Both electron-withdrawing and electron-donating substituents on the aryl ring of R² groups could be well tolerated (Table 2, entries 2–19). It was shown that the positions of the substituents on the aryl ring of R² groups seem to play a significant influence on the reaction results. The *ortho*- and *para*-substituents exhibit more beneficial impact on reaction yield and diastereoselectivity than *meta*-substituents (Table 2, entries 2 and 4 vs. entry 3; entries 5 and 7 vs. entry 6; entries 9 and 11 vs. entry 10; entries 15 and 17 vs. entry 16; entry 18 vs. entry 19). The aldehyde adorned with 2-naphthyl group could be well performed, affording 93% yield and 94:6 dr (Table 2, entry 20). Notably, as demonstrated by the examples with 2-furyl and 2-thienyl substituents, heteroaryl aldehydes **2u** and **2v** could be also well accommodated, giving 94:6 and 93:7 dr values, respectively (Table 2, entries 21 and 22). In addition, aliphatic aldehydes could be tolerated albeit with moderate diastereoselectivities (Table 2, entries 23 and 24).



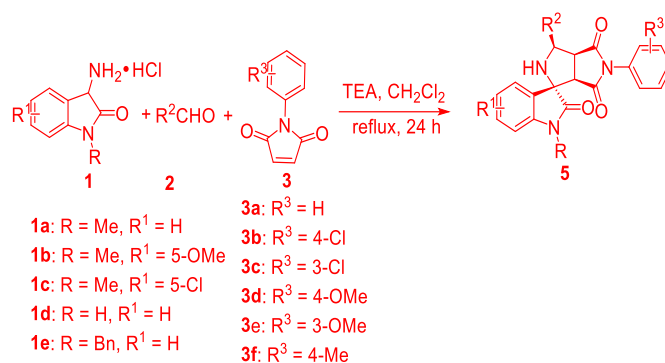
Scheme 3. A variety of aldehyde substrates **2** were investigated under optimized reaction conditions.

Table 2. Scope of aldehyde **2**^a.

Entry	2, R ²	4	Yield ^b (%)	dr ^c
1	2a, Ph	4a	85	88:12
2	2b, 4-F-Ph	4b	80	81:19
3	2c, 3-F-Ph	4c	70	62:38
4	2d, 2-F-Ph	4d	90	92:8
5	2e, 4-Cl-Ph	4e	79	81:19
6	2f, 3-Cl-Ph	4f	71	76:24
7	2g, 2-Cl-Ph	4g	83	81:19
8	2h, 3,4-diCl-Ph	4h	85	86:14
9	2i, 4-Br-Ph	4i	81	>95:5
10	2j, 3-Br-Ph	4j	65	67:33
11	2k, 2-Br-Ph	4k	90	93:7
12	2l, 4-NO ₂ -Ph	4l	85	>95:5
13	2m, 3-NO ₂ -Ph	4m	83	>95:5
14	2n, 2-NO ₂ -Ph	4n	86	94:6
15	2o, 4-Me-Ph	4o	78	82:18
16	2p, 3-Me-Ph	4p	71	75:25
17	2q, 2-Me-Ph	4q	80	77:23
18	2r, 4-OMe-Ph	4r	84	83:17
19	2s, 3-OMe-Ph	4s	76	80:20
20	2t, 2-naphthyl	4t	93	94:6
21	2u, 2-furyl	4u	70	94:6
22	2v, 2-thienyl	4v	79	93:7
23	2w, Benzyl	4w	76	77:23
24	2x, ^t Bu	4x	72	72:28

^a All reactions were carried out with **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2** (0.2 mmol), **3a** (0.22 mmol), TEA (0.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.0 mL) at reflux for 24 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by ¹H-NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture.

To extend the utility of this procedure, we then screened a series of 3-amino oxindoles **1** and maleimides **3** (Scheme 4). As can be seen from Table 3, the electronic property of the substituent R¹ on aromatic ring of 3-amino oxindole seems to show significant influence on the diastereoselectivity of the reaction, and electron-donating group gave better dr value than electron-withdrawing group (Table 3, entry 1 vs. entry 3, entry 2 vs. entry 4). Additionally, the *N*-protecting group R of 3-amino oxindole has also been found to have a major impact on the reaction result. When methyl-substituted **1a** was replaced with benzyl-substituted **1e**, the diastereoselectivity of the reaction was decreased from 88:12 to 83:17 (Table 2, entry 1 vs. Table 3, entry 6). Unprotected **1d** came to the worst results (Table 3, entry 5). Next, to further validate the compatibility of this strategy, the scope of maleimides **3** was also explored. It was found that substrates **3** with either electron-withdrawing or electron-donating substituents R³ could be amenable to this reaction system (Table 3, entries 8–13).



Scheme 4. Screening of a series of 3-amino oxindoles **1** and maleimides **3**.

Table 3. Scope of 3-amino oxindoles **1** and maleimides **3**^a.

Entry	1	2, R²	3	5	Yield ^b (%)	dr ^c
1	1b	2a, Ph	3a	5a	82	83:17
2	1b	2l, 4-NO₂-Ph	3a	5b	80	82:18
3	1c	2a, Ph	3a	5c	85	75:25
4	1c	2l, 4-NO₂-Ph	3a	5d	82	78:22
5	1d	2a, Ph	3a	5e	68	69:31
6	1e	2a, Ph	3a	5f	80	83:17
7	1e	2l, 4-NO₂-Ph	3a	5g	81	82:18
8	1a	2a, Ph	3b	5h	66	67:33
9	1a	2l, 4-NO₂-Ph	3b	5i	81	82:18
10	1a	2l, 4-NO₂-Ph	3c	5j	80	81:19
11	1a	2l, 4-NO₂-Ph	3d	5k	80	78:22
12	1a	2l, 4-NO₂-Ph	3e	5l	85	84:16
13	1a	2l, 4-NO₂-Ph	3f	5m	81	82:18

^a All reactions were carried out with **1** (0.2 mmol), **2** (0.2 mmol), **3** (0.22 mmol), TEA (0.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.0 mL) at reflux for 24 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by ¹H-NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture.

The relative configuration of 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition product **4k** was established by X-ray diffraction analysis (Figure 2) [22], the relevant data shown in Supplementary Materials and the relative configurations of other succinimide-fused spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole] products were assigned by analogy.

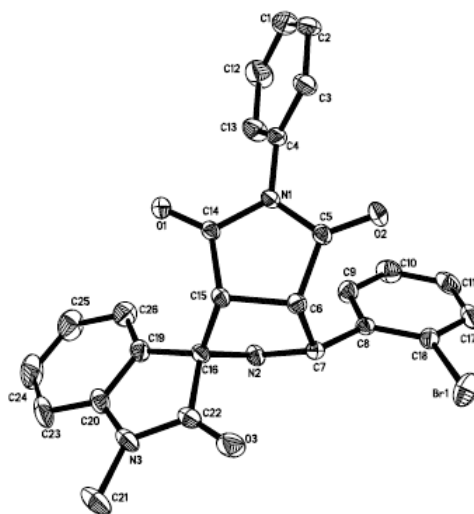


Figure 2. X-ray crystal structure of product **4k**. All H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

3. Materials and Methods

3.1. Experimental

All reactions were carried out in reaction tubes with magnetic stirring and no special precautions were taken to exclude air from the reaction vessels. TLC was performed on pre-coated silica gel plates (Qingdao Marine Chemistry Company, Qingdao, China). Column chromatography was carried out with silica gel (200–300 mesh, Qingdao Marine Chemistry Company, Qingdao, China) eluting with ethyl acetate and petroleum ether. NMR spectra were recorded with a Bruker Avance II 400 NMR spectrometer (Bruker Biospin, Fällanden, Switzerland). Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) downfield from TMS (Aladdin, Shanghai, China) with the solvent resonance as the internal standard. Coupling constants (*J*) are reported in Hz and refer to apparent peak multiplications. High Resolution Mass Spectrometer (HRMS) was recorded on a Bruker micrOTOF-Q II mass spectrometer (Bruker Daltonics Inc., Billerica, Massachusetts, MA, USA). X-ray diffraction analysis was recorded with a Bruker Apex-II spectrometer (Bruker AXS, Karlsruhe, Germany).

3.2. General Procedure for the Preparation of Succinimide-Fused Spiro[Pyrrrolidine-2,3'-Oxindoles] **4** and **5**

3-Amino oxindoles **1** (0.2 mmol), aldehydes **2** (0.2 mmol) and TEA (0.2 mmol) were put into an ordinary test tube equipped with a magnetic stirring bar and then sealed in the air. Then, CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) was added. After being stirred at room temperature for 30 min, maleimides **3** (0.22 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) were added and the resulting mixture was stirred at reflux for 24 h. The crude reaction mixture was directly purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 7:1–3:1) to give the corresponding succinimide-fused spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole] products **4** or **5**. All the products were confirmed by ¹H-NMR, ¹³C-NMR and HRMS spectroscopic analysis. The diastereomeric ratio was determined by crude NMR analysis.

1-Methyl-3',5'-diphenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4a). White solid, 71.9 mg, 85% yield. 88:12 dr. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.56 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.48–7.43 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.36 (m, 4H), 7.36–7.31 (m, 2H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.8, 174.1, 173.5, 143.7, 138.0, 130.2, 129.1, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.3, 127.0, 126.2, 125.4, 122.8, 108.4, 68.0, 60.8, 50.9, 49.5, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₁NaN₃O₃⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 446.1481, found 446.1493.

3'-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4b). White solid, 70.6 mg, 80% yield. 81:19 dr. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.51 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 5.8 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 13.7, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.7, 174.2, 173.5, 143.7, 130.3, 129.2, 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 126.9, 126.1, 125.3, 122.8, 115.4, 115.2, 108.5, 67.9, 60.0, 50.8, 49.4, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₀FN₃NaO₃⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 442.1567, found 442.1579.

3'-(3-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4c). White solid, 61.8 mg, 70% yield. 62:38 dr. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (dd, *J* = 15.4, 7.8 Hz, 3H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 3H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (dd, *J* = 10.4, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.7, 174.0, 173.4, 143.7, 130.3, 129.9, 129.2, 128.7, 127.0, 126.2, 123.2, 122.9, 115.1, 114.1, 113.9, 108.5, 67.9, 60.1, 50.8, 49.4, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₀FN₃NaO₃⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 442.1567, found 442.1576.

3'-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4d). White solid, 79.4 mg, 90% yield. 92:8 dr. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.57

(t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.43–7.38 (m, 4H), 7.30 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.16–7.08 (m, 4H), 6.89 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.01 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.13 (t, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.61 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.24 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.6, 174.0, 173.5, 143.8, 130.3, 129.5, 128.6, 127.0, 126.9, 126.7, 126.2, 122.9, 115.2, 115.0, 108.5, 67.8, 54.7, 51.1, 48.0, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{FN}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 442.1567, found 442.1573.

3'-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4e). White solid, 72.2 mg, 79% yield. 81:19 dr. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.47 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 5H), 7.38–7.30 (m, 4H), 7.24 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.14 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.00 (t, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.56 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.25 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.7, 174.0, 173.4, 143.7, 136.5, 133.9, 131.7, 130.3, 129.2, 128.7, 128.6, 126.9, 126.1, 125.3, 122.9, 108.5, 67.9, 60.1, 50.8, 49.4, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClN}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 480.1091, found 480.1090.

3'-(3-Chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4f). White solid, 64.9 mg, 71% yield. 76:24 dr. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.47 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.41 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3H), 7.34 (dd, $J = 14.0, 7.1$ Hz, 3H), 7.24 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.14 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.03 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.54 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.25 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.6, 174.0, 173.3, 143.7, 140.3, 134.4, 130.3, 129.7, 129.2, 128.7, 128.4, 127.1, 126.7, 126.2, 125.9, 122.9, 108.4, 68.0, 60.1, 50.7, 49.4, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClN}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 480.1091, found 480.1109.

3'-(2-Chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4g). White solid, 75.9 mg, 83% yield. 81:19 dr. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.69 (dd, $J = 5.6, 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.48–7.44 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 7.40–7.34 (m, 2H), 7.33 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.14 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.11 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.31 (t, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.26 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.6, 173.8, 173.5, 143.8, 136.0, 134.0, 130.3, 129.4, 129.1, 129.0, 128.5, 127.0, 126.8, 126.7, 126.2, 122.9, 108.5, 67.6, 57.6, 51.0, 47.0, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClN}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 480.1091, found 480.1116.

3'-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4h). White solid, 83.5 mg, 85% yield. 86:14 dr. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.46 (dd, $J = 15.9, 7.9$ Hz, 3H), 7.42–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.35–7.29 (m, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.13 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.76 (dd, $J = 8.6, 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.99 (t, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.23 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.5, 173.9, 173.2, 143.7, 138.5, 132.1, 130.4, 129.3, 128.9, 128.8, 127.0, 126.2, 124.9, 122.9, 108.5, 67.9, 59.6, 50.7, 49.3, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$] $^+$ 492.0882, found 492.0905.

3'-(4-Bromophenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4i). White solid, 81.2 mg, 81% yield. >95:5 dr. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.47 (dd, $J = 16.4, 8.1$ Hz, 4H), 7.39 (dd, $J = 12.5, 5.4$ Hz, 4H), 7.31 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.12 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.77 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.98 (t, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.55 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.23 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.7, 173.9, 173.3, 143.7, 137.0, 131.5, 130.3, 129.2, 129.0, 128.6, 126.9, 126.1, 125.3, 122.9, 122.1, 108.4, 67.9, 60.2, 50.9, 49.3, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{BrN}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 524.0586, found 524.0567.

3'-(3-Bromophenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4j). White solid, 65.1 mg, 65% yield. 67:33 dr. ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.46 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 4H), 7.40 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, $J = 7.5, 4.7$ Hz, 3H), 7.13 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 5.78 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.02 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.24 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.6, 173.9, 173.2, 143.7, 140.6, 131.4, 130.3, 130.0, 129.9, 129.2, 128.6, 127.1, 126.4, 126.2, 125.0, 122.9, 108.4, 68.0, 60.1, 50.7, 49.4, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{BrN}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 524.0586, found 524.0570.

3'-(2-Bromophenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**4k**). White solid, 90.2 mg, 90% yield. 93:7 dr. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.70–7.65 (m, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 3H), 7.39–7.29 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.07 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.6, 173.8, 173.5, 143.8, 137.6, 132.7, 130.3, 129.4, 129.1, 128.5, 127.4, 127.2, 126.8, 126.1, 124.3, 122.9, 108.5, 67.7, 59.9, 50.8, 46.9, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₀BrN₃NaO₃⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 524.0586, found 524.0561.

1-Methyl-3'-(4-nitrophenyl)-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**4l**). White solid, 79.6 mg, 85% yield. >95:5 dr. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.24 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (dd, J = 12.9, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.94 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.5, 173.8, 173.1, 147.7, 145.6, 143.7, 131.4, 130.5, 129.3, 128.9, 128.1, 126.8, 126.1, 125.0, 123.6, 123.5, 123.1, 108.7, 68.0, 60.0, 50.7, 49.5, 26.3; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₀N₄NaO₅⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 491.1331, found 491.1331.

1-Methyl-3'-(3-nitrophenyl)-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**4m**). White solid; 77.7 mg, 83% yield; >95:5 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.17 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (dd, J = 7.3, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.6, 174.0, 173.2, 148.4, 143.7, 140.4, 133.9, 130.5, 129.4, 129.3, 129.2, 128.9, 126.9, 126.4, 126.3, 123.3, 123.1, 122.0, 108.6, 67.9, 59.9, 50.7, 49.4, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₀N₄NaO₅⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 491.1331, found 491.1332.

1-Methyl-3'-(2-nitrophenyl)-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**4n**). White solid; 80.5 mg, 86% yield; 94:6 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.13 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44–7.38 (m, 3H), 7.38–7.32 (m, 3H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.5, 174.2, 173.4, 148.7, 143.8, 134.5, 133.4, 130.4, 129.2, 128.8, 128.7, 128.1, 126.7, 126.1, 125.3, 122.8, 108.6, 67.7, 56.9, 50.7, 48.5, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₀N₄NaO₅⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 491.1331, found 491.1350.

1-Methyl-5'-phenyl-3'-(*p*-tolyl)-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**4o**). White solid; 68.2 mg, 78% yield; 82:18 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.43 (dd, J = 14.0, 6.1 Hz, 3H), 7.38 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 4H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (dd, J = 8.7, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.8, 174.2, 173.5, 143.8, 138.0, 137.9, 130.2, 129.1, 128.5, 128.3, 128.0, 127.1, 126.2, 124.5, 122.8, 108.4, 68.1, 60.7, 50.9, 49.5, 26.2, 21.6; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₇H₂₃N₃NaO₃⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 460.1637, found 460.1658.

1-Methyl-5'-phenyl-3'-(*m*-tolyl)-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**4p**). White solid; 62.1 mg, 71% yield; 75:25 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.46–7.40 (m, 4H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.8, 174.2, 173.6, 143.7, 137.9, 134.9, 130.2, 129.2, 129.1, 128.5, 127.2, 127.0, 126.7, 126.2, 125.5, 122.8, 108.4, 67.9, 60.6, 51.0, 49.5, 26.2, 21.3; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₇H₂₄N₃O₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 438.1818, found 438.1825.

1-Methyl-5'-phenyl-3'-(*o*-tolyl)-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**4q**). White solid; 69.9 mg, 80% yield; 77:23 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.75–7.68 (m, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 4H), 7.36–7.30 (m, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 3H), 7.13 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 3H), 6.90 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.94 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H),

3.25 (s, 3H), 2.54 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.8, 173.9, 173.5, 143.8, 136.6, 130.3, 130.2, 129.1, 128.5, 127.8, 127.3, 126.2, 125.8, 125.1, 122.8, 108.4, 67.8, 57.1, 50.9, 47.2, 26.2, 19.5; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 460.1637, found 460.1646.

3'-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4r). White solid; 76.1 mg, 84% yield; 83:17 dr; ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.46 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 4H), 7.41–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.28–7.24 (m, 2H), 7.13 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.94–6.88 (m, 3H), 5.78 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.99 (t, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.53 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.25 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.8, 174.2, 173.5, 143.8, 138.0, 137.9, 129.1, 128.5, 128.3, 128.0, 127.1, 126.2, 124.5, 122.8, 108.4, 68.1, 60.7, 50.9, 49.5, 26.2, 21.6; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_4^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 476.1586, found 476.1597.

3'-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4s). White solid; 68.9 mg, 76% yield; 80:20 dr; ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.48–7.42 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.30 (m, 4H), 7.27–7.22 (m, 2H), 7.14 (dd, $J = 12.9, 5.2$ Hz, 3H), 6.89 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.86 (dd, $J = 7.9, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.79 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.02 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.53 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.25 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.7, 174.0, 173.5, 143.7, 139.8, 130.2, 129.4, 129.1, 128.5, 127.1, 126.7, 126.2, 125.3, 122.8, 119.8, 108.4, 68.0, 60.6, 55.2, 50.9, 49.4, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_4^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 476.1586, found 476.1605.

1-Methyl-3'-(naphthalen-1-yl)-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4t). White solid; 88.0 mg, 93% yield; 94:6 dr; ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.26 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.64 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, $J = 14.6, 7.3$ Hz, 5H), 7.18–7.12 (m, 3H), 6.93 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.32 (t, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.64 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.28 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.7, 173.6, 173.5, 143.8, 130.3, 129.1, 129.0, 128.6, 128.5, 127.1, 126.5, 126.2, 125.8, 125.2, 122.9, 108.5, 67.7, 56.5, 51.1, 48.4, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 496.1637, found 496.1651.

3'-(Furan-2-yl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4u). White solid; 57.8 mg, 70% yield; 94:6 dr; ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.48 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 3H), 7.39 (dd, $J = 16.4, 7.7$ Hz, 3H), 7.32 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.10 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.43 (d, $J = 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.40–6.36 (m, 1H), 5.78 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.02 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.51 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.21 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.3, 174.4, 173.5, 151.2, 143.8, 142.7, 131.9, 130.3, 129.2, 128.7, 126.9, 126.3, 124.8, 122.8, 110.4, 108.4, 108.1, 67.9, 55.8, 50.7, 48.6, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_4^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 436.1273, found 436.1290.

1-Methyl-5'-phenyl-3'-(thiophen-2-yl)-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4v). White solid; 67.8 mg, 79% yield; 93:7 dr; ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.47 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.39 (dd, $J = 7.5, 5.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.28 (d, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.22 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.13 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.08–7.04 (m, 1H), 6.89 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.11 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.02 (t, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, $J = 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.24 (s, 3H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.5, 173.8, 173.4, 143.7, 142.7, 131.8, 130.3, 129.2, 128.6, 127.3, 127.2, 126.7, 126.4, 125.5, 125.0, 124.8, 122.8, 108.4, 67.8, 57.1, 50.5, 49.3, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3\text{S}^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 452.1045, found 452.1066.

3'-Benzyl-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4w). White solid; 66.5 mg, 76% yield; 77:23 dr; ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.56 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.46 (dd, $J = 12.7, 7.4$ Hz, 4H), 7.31 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 5H), 7.23 (dd, $J = 13.3, 6.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.87–4.78 (m, 1H), 3.77 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.57 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.29–3.23 (m, 1H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 2.80–2.71 (m, 1H); ^{13}C -NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.5, 175.4, 173.9, 143.6, 139.4, 131.9, 130.1, 129.4, 129.1, 128.8, 128.7, 128.4, 126.5, 126.3, 122.8, 108.4, 67.7, 58.8, 51.7, 47.6, 38.2, 26.1; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 460.1637, found 460.1647.

3'-(tert-Butyl)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (4x). White solid; 58.1 mg; 72% yield; 72:28 dr; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.50 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 3H), 7.37–7.30 (m, 4H), 6.87 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 4.38 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.75 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.58 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 1.19 (s, 9H); $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.8, 176.3, 173.5, 143.6, 130.0, 129.3, 128.8, 126.5, 126.2, 122.8, 108.4, 68.4, 67.3, 52.2, 47.0, 33.2, 29.7, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 426.1794, found 426.1808.

5-Methoxy-1-methyl-3',5'-diphenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (5a). White solid; 74.3 mg; 82% yield; 83:17 dr; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.54 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 7.42 (dd, $J = 14.5, 6.9$ Hz, 3H), 7.39–7.32 (m, 3H), 7.23 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 6.89 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.99 (t, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.55 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.21 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.6, 174.1, 173.4, 155.9, 138.0, 137.1, 129.1, 128.5, 128.3, 128.2, 127.3, 127.0, 126.2, 114.5, 114.3, 108.7, 68.2, 60.9, 55.8, 51.1, 49.6, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_4^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 476.1586, found 476.1605.

5-Methoxy-1-methyl-3'-(4-nitrophenyl)-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (5b). White solid; 79.7 mg; 80% yield; 82:18 dr; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.26 (dd, $J = 8.4, 4.9$ Hz, 3H), 7.88 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 3H), 6.79 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.63 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.95 (t, $J = 10.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.57 (dd, $J = 10.0, 7.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.17 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 177.29 (s), 175.51 (s), 173.89 (s), 156.90 (s), 148.76 (s), 137.30 (s), 131.74 (s), 130.47 (s), 129.04 (d, $J = 31.4$ Hz), 128.76 (s), 127.66 (s), 126.87 (s), 126.41 (s), 123.94 (s), 114.48 (s), 111.45 (s), 109.36 (s), 69.20 (s), 61.17 (s), 55.97 (s), 53.48 (s), 52.95 (s), 26.26 (s). HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_4\text{NaO}_6^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 521.1437, found 521.1437.

5-Chloro-1-methyl-3',5'-diphenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (5c). White solid; 77.7 mg; 85% yield; 75:25 dr; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.53 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 7.39–7.31 (m, 7H), 7.21 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 5.76 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.02 (t, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.22 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 178.4, 174.0, 173.3, 142.3, 137.7, 130.1, 129.2, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 127.4, 127.3, 126.1, 109.4, 67.9, 60.9, 51.0, 49.4, 26.3; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClN}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 480.1091, found 480.1103.

5-Chloro-1-methyl-3'-(4-nitrophenyl)-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (5d). White solid; 82.3 mg; 82% yield; 78:22 dr; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 8.22 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.52–7.43 (m, 4H), 7.41 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.78 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 5.56 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.85 (d, $J = 9.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.54 (t, $J = 9.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.14 (s, 3H); $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 177.2, 175.5, 173.9, 148.5, 147.6, 142.5, 130.3, 130.2, 129.3, 129.0, 127.7, 127.2, 126.8, 126.7, 124.6, 124.0, 110.0, 68.8, 61.2, 53.4, 52.8, 26.3; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{19}\text{ClN}_4\text{NaO}_5^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 525.0942, found 525.0962.

3',5'-Diphenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (5e). White solid; 55.6 mg; 68% yield; 69:31 dr; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ 10.46 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, $J = 26.8$ Hz, 6H), 7.24 (d, $J = 36.5$ Hz, 8H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 4.27 (s, 1H), 3.88 (s, 1H); $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ 181.3, 174.9, 174.3, 142.8, 140.0, 129.6, 129.4, 128.2, 128.0, 127.7, 127.4, 127.3, 121.5, 109.8, 68.1, 60.6, 51.8, 50.4; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 432.1324, found 432.1341.

1-Benzyl-3',5'-diphenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (5f). White solid; 79.9 mg; 80% yield; 83:17 dr; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ 7.50 (s, 5H), 7.42–7.18 (m, 12H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 5.60 (s, 1H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 3.94 (s, 1H), 3.57 (s, 1H); $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ (100 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ 179.4, 174.8, 174.1, 143.2, 139.9, 136.7, 133.3, 129.7, 129.4, 129.1, 129.0, 128.8, 128.2, 128.0, 127.7, 127.4, 127.2, 122.3, 109.4, 68.0, 60.8, 52.1, 50.4, 42.9; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3^+$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$] $^+$ 522.1794, found 522.1799.

1-Benzyl-3'-(4-nitrophenyl)-5'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**5g**). White solid; 88.2 mg; 81% yield; 82:18 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 8.22 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (s, 3H), 7.37–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.30–7.21 (m, 5H), 7.04 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.05–4.85 (m, 2H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 4.13 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 179.3, 174.9, 174.0, 148.3, 147.2, 143.2, 136.6, 129.8, 129.5, 129.2, 129.1, 128.9, 127.9, 127.8, 127.4, 127.1, 127.0, 123.4, 122.5, 109.6, 68.0, 60.1, 52.2, 50.5, 43.0; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₃₂H₂₄N₄NaO₅⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 567.1644, found 567.1646.

5'-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-3'-phenyl-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**5h**). White solid; 60.3 mg; 66% yield; 67:33 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 7.55 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 3H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 3H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.54 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 179.1, 174.7, 174.0, 144.4, 139.9, 133.2, 131.6, 129.7, 129.5, 129.1, 128.2, 127.9, 127.7, 127.1, 127.0, 122.2, 108.7, 67.9, 60.7, 51.8, 50.5, 26.3; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₀ClN₃NaO₃⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 480.1091, found 480.1110.

5'-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-3'-(4-nitrophenyl)-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**5i**). White solid; 81.3 mg; 81% yield; 82:18 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (dd, *J* = 16.8, 8.2 Hz, 3H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.91 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.5, 173.6, 172.9, 147.7, 145.5, 143.7, 134.5, 130.6, 129.9, 129.5, 129.4, 128.1, 128.0, 127.2, 126.6, 125.0, 123.6, 123.0, 108.7, 68.0, 60.0, 50.8, 49.5, 26.3; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₁₉ClN₄NaO₅⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 525.0942, found 525.0964.

5'-(3-Chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-3'-(4-nitrophenyl)-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**5j**). White solid; 80.3 mg; 80% yield; 81:19 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.24 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.46–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.28 (dd, *J* = 12.9, 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.21–7.11 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.94 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.4, 173.5, 172.7, 147.7, 145.4, 143.7, 134.8, 130.6, 130.3, 129.0, 128.0, 126.7, 126.3, 124.9, 124.2, 123.7, 123.1, 108.7, 68.0, 60.0, 50.7, 49.5, 26.3; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₁₉ClN₄NaO₅⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 525.0942, found 525.0965.

5'-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-3'-(4-nitrophenyl)-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**5k**). White solid; 79.7 mg; 80% yield; 78:22 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 8.29 (s, 2H), 7.87 (s, 2H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 34.9 Hz, 8H), 5.26 (s, 1H), 4.48 (s, 1H), 3.99 (s, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.09 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ 177.9, 177.1, 175.3, 159.5, 150.8, 147.3, 144.4, 130.1, 129.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.3, 125.2, 124.6, 124.3, 124.1, 123.4, 114.7, 109.3, 100.0, 69.0, 60.9, 55.9, 53.6, 26.3; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₇H₂₂N₄NaO₆⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 521.1437, found 521.1450.

5'-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-1-methyl-3'-(4-nitrophenyl)-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**5l**). White solid; 84.7 mg; 85% yield; 84:16 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.21 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (ddd, *J* = 20.8, 14.1, 7.5 Hz, 4H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 4.7 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.58 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.6, 173.8, 173.1, 147.7, 145.7, 143.7, 132.5, 130.5, 130.0, 129.9, 128.1, 126.8, 125.1, 123.6, 123.0, 118.3, 114.4, 112.2, 108.6, 68.0, 60.0, 55.4, 50.8, 49.5, 26.2; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₇H₂₂N₄NaO₆⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 521.1437, found 521.1461.

1-Methyl-3'-(4-nitrophenyl)-5'-(*p*-tolyl)-2',3',3a',6a'-tetrahydro-4'H-spiro[indoline-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'(5'H)-trione (**5m**). White solid; 78.1 mg; 81% yield; 82:18 dr; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.21 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.28–7.21 (m, 2H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 178.6, 173.9, 173.2, 147.7, 145.7, 143.7, 138.9, 130.4, 129.9, 128.9, 128.1,

126.8, 125.9, 125.1, 123.6, 123.0, 108.6, 68.0, 60.0, 50.7, 49.5, 26.2, 21.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{27}H_{22}N_4NaO_5^+$ [M + Na] $^+$ 505.1488, found 505.1510.

4. Conclusions

In summary, we have developed a simple and efficient strategy for diastereoselective construction of structurally diverse succinimide-fused spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindoles] by a one-pot three-component 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reaction of azomethine ylides generated in situ from 3-amino oxindoles and aldehydes with maleimides. A series of succinimide-fused spiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole] compounds have been obtained in good to high yields (up to 93%) with moderate to excellent diastereoselectivities (up to >95:5). The relative stereochemistry of products has been assigned by X-ray diffraction analysis. Further biological applications of 3-aminooxindoles are currently underway.

Supplementary Materials: The NMR spectra of the products (4 and 5) are available online; the crystallographic data of 4k is available online.

Acknowledgments: We acknowledge the financial support from National Natural Science Foundation of China (21372183), and Program for Innovative Teams of Outstanding Young and Middle-aged Researchers in the Higher Education Institutions of Hubei Province (T201702).

Author Contributions: L.J. and F.L. conceived and designed the experiments; L.J. performed the experiments; L.J. and F.L. analyzed the data; L.J. and F.L. wrote the paper.

Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

References and Notes

1. Santos, M.M.M. Recent advances in the synthesis of biologically active spirooxindoles. *Tetrahedron* **2014**, *70*, 9735–9757. [[CrossRef](#)]
2. Pavlovskaya, T.L.; Redkin, R.G.; Lipson, V.V.; Atamanuk, D.V. Molecular diversity of spirooxindoles. Synthesis and biological activity. *Mol. Divers.* **2016**, *20*, 299–344. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
3. Raj, A.A.; Raghunathan, R.; SrideviKumari, M.R.; Raman, N. Synthesis antimicrobial and antifungal activity of a new class of spiro pyrrolidines. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2003**, *11*, 407–419. [[CrossRef](#)]
4. Murugan, R.; Anbazhagan, S.; Sriman Narayanan, S. Synthesis and in vivo antidiabetic activity of novel dispiropyrrrolidines through [3+2] cycloaddition reactions with thiazolidinedione and rhodanine derivatives. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2009**, *44*, 3272–3279. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
5. Ali, M.A.; Ismail, R.; Choon, T.S.; Yoon, Y.K.; Wei, A.C.; Pandian, S.; Kumar, R.S.; Osman, H.; Manogaran, E. Substituted spiro [2.3'] oxindolespiro [3.2']-5,6-dimethoxy-indane-1''-one-pyrrolidine analogue as inhibitors of acetylcholinesterase. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **2010**, *20*, 7064–7066. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
6. Prasanna, P.; Balamurugan, K.; Perumal, S.; Yogeewari, P.; Sriram, D. A regio- and stereoselective 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition for the synthesis of novel spiro-pyrrolo-thiazolyloxindoles and their antitubercular evaluation. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2010**, *45*, 5653–5661. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
7. Girgis, A.S.; Stawinski, J.; Ismail, N.S.M.; Farag, H. Synthesis and QSAR study of novel cytotoxic spiro[3H-indole-3,2'(1'H)-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,3,5(1H, 2'aH, 4'H)-triones. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2012**, *47*, 312–322. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
8. Ruiz, F.M.; Francis, S.M.; Tintoré, M.; Ferreira, R.; Gil-Redondo, R.; Morreale, A.; Ortiz, Á.R.; Eritja, R.; Fàbrega, C. Receptor-based virtual screening and biological characterization of human apurinic/aprimidinic endonuclease (Ape1) inhibitors. *ChemMedChem* **2012**, *7*, 2168–2178. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
9. Premachandra, I.D.U.A.; Scott, K.A.; Shen, C.; Wang, F.; Lane, S.; Liu, H.; Van Vranken, D.L. Potent synergy between spirocyclic pyrrolidinoinolinones and fluconazole against calbicans. *ChemMedChem* **2015**, *10*, 1672–1686. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
10. Lashgari, N.; Ziarani, G.M. Synthesis of heterocyclic compounds based on isatin through 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reactions. *Arkivoc* **2012**, *2012*, 277–320. [[CrossRef](#)]

11. Yang, J.; Liu, X.W.; Wang, D.D.; Tian, M.Y.; Han, S.N.; Feng, T.T.; Liu, X.L.; Mei, R.Q.; Zhou, Y. Diversity-oriented one-pot multicomponent synthesis of spirooxindole derivatives and their biological evaluation for anticancer activities. *Tetrahedron* **2016**, *72*, 8523–8536. [[CrossRef](#)]
12. Shao, C.D.; Wu, Z.; Ji, X.M.; Zhou, B.; Zhang, Y.H. An approach to spirooxindoles via palladiumcatalyzed remote C–H activation and dual alkylation with CH₂Br₂. *Chem. Commun.* **2017**, *53*, 10429–10432. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
13. Azizian, J.; Asadi, A.; Jadidi, K. One-pot highly diastereo-selective synthesis of new 2-substituted 8-(spiro-3'-indolino-2'-one)-pyrrolo[3,4-a]-pyrriolizine-1,3-diones mediated by azomethine ylide induced by microwave irradiation. *Synth. Commun.* **2001**, *31*, 2727–2733. [[CrossRef](#)]
14. Azizian, J.; Saffar-Teluri, A.; Asadi, A. A facile one-pot synthesis of new spiro pyrrolidine-oxindoles under ultrasonic irradiation in DMSO–H₂O. *Lett. Org. Chem.* **2006**, *3*, 887–890. [[CrossRef](#)]
15. Pavlovskaya, T.; Red'kin, R.; Yaremenko, F.; Shishkina, S.; Shishkin, O.; Musatov, V.; Lipson, V. Synthesis and chemical properties of new derivatives of 3a',6a'-dihydro-2'H-spiro-[indole-3,1'-pyrrolo[3,4-c]pyrrole]-2,4',6'-(1H,3'H,5'H)-trione. *Chem. Heterocycl. Compd.* **2013**, *49*, 882–896. [[CrossRef](#)]
16. Zhao, H.W.; Yang, Z.; Meng, W.; Tian, T.; Li, B.; Song, X.Q.; Chen, X.Q.; Pang, H.L. Diastereo- and enantioselective synthesis of chiral pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindoles via organocatalytic [3 + 2] 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition of azomethine ylides with maleimides. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2015**, *357*, 2492–2502. [[CrossRef](#)]
17. Sun, H.; Wang, X.; Chen, Y.; Ouyang, L.; Liu, J.; Zhang, Y. Efficient construction of highly functionalized endo-selective spiro[pyrrolidin-2,30-oxindoles] via a regioselective 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reaction between 3-amino oxindoles as azomethine ylide precursors and nitroalkenes. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2014**, *55*, 5434–5438. [[CrossRef](#)]
18. Zhu, G.; Wang, B.; Bao, X.; Zhang, H.; Wei, Q.; Qu, J. Asymmetric [3 + 2] cycloaddition of 3-amino oxindole-based azomethine ylides and α,β -enones with divergent diastereocontrol on the spiro[pyrrolidine-oxindoles]. *Chem. Commun.* **2015**, *51*, 15510–15513. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
19. Zhu, G.; Liu, S.; Wu, S.; Peng, L.; Qu, J.; Wang, B. Assembly of indolenines, 3-amino oxindoles, and aldehydes into indolenine-substituted spiro[pyrrolidin-2,3'-oxindoles] via 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition with divergent diastereoselectivities. *J. Org. Chem.* **2017**, *82*, 4317–4327. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
20. Zhu, G.; Wei, Q.; Chen, H.; Zhang, Y.; Shen, W.; Qu, J.; Wang, B. Asymmetric [3 + 2] cycloaddition of 3-amino oxindole-based azomethine ylides and α, β -enones with divergent diastereocontrol on the Spiro[pyrrolidine-oxindoles]. *Org. Lett.* **2017**, *19*, 1862–1865. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
21. Wei, Q.; Zhu, G.; Zhang, H.; Qu, J.; Wang, B. 1,3-Dipolar cycloaddition of azomethineylides involving 3-aminooxindoles: Versatile construction of dispiro[pyrrolidine-2,3'-oxindole] scaffolds. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2016**, *2016*, 5335–5339. [[CrossRef](#)]
22. Crystal data for **4k** (C₂₆H₂₀BrN₃O₃): Crystal System = Triclinic, Space Group Name = P-1, Mr = 502.3680, a = 10.0641(5), b = 10.7045(6), c = 11.0214(7), alpha = 74.935(2), beta = 73.244(2), gamma = 81.118(2), Data completeness = 0.997, Theta(max) = 26.387, R(reflections) = 0.0405(3736), wR₂(reflections) = 0.1183(4487), S = 1.071. CCDC-1473174 (**4k**) contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

Sample Availability: The sample of the compounds is not available from the authors.



© 2018 by the authors. Licensee MDPI, Basel, Switzerland. This article is an open access article distributed under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).