

**(1-Butyl-1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octon-1-ium- $\kappa$ N<sup>4</sup>)trichloridocobalt(II)**Sanchai Luachan,<sup>a</sup> Bunlawee Yotnoi,<sup>a</sup> Timothy J. Prior<sup>b</sup> and Apinpus Rujiwatra<sup>a\*</sup><sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Chiang Mai University, Chiang Mai 50200, Thailand, and <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, University of Hull, Kingston upon Hull HU6 7RX, England

Correspondence e-mail: apinpus@chiangmai.ac.th

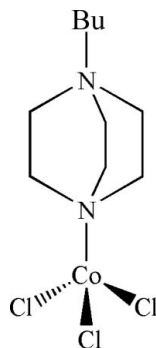
Received 11 February 2009; accepted 19 February 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal synchrotron study;  $T = 120$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.007$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.045;  $wR$  factor = 0.098; data-to-parameter ratio = 30.2.

The title compound,  $[\text{Co}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2)\text{Cl}_3]$ , was obtained as the by-product of the attempted synthesis of a cobalt sulfate framework using 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane as an organic template. The asymmetric unit comprises two distinct molecules, and in each, the cobalt(II) ions are tetrahedrally coordinated by three chloride anions and one 1-butyl-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-1-ium cation. The organic ligands are generated *in situ*, and exhibit two forms differentiated by the eclipsed and staggered conformations of the butyl groups. These molecules interact by way of  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$  hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional hydrogen-bonding array.

**Related literature**

Examples of closely related structures are *N*-methyl-1,4-diazabicyclo(2.2.2) octonium trichloro-aqua-nickel(II) (Ross & Stucky, 1969) and *N,N'*-dimethyl-1,4-diazaniabicyclo[2.2.2]-octane tetrachlorocobaltate ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2$ )[ $\text{CoCl}_4$ ] (Qu & Sun, 2005). The organic cation in both structures do not coordinate to the cobalt ion but, in each case, the  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$  hydrogen-bonding interactions are similar to those in the title compound. For hydrogen bonding in related structures, see: Bremner & Harrison (2003).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$[\text{Co}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2)\text{Cl}_3]$   
 $M_r = 334.57$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1$   
 $a = 8.379$  (2) Å  
 $b = 12.1090$  (13) Å  
 $c = 14.711$  (4) Å  
 $\beta = 91.683$  (4)°

$V = 1492.0$  (6) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Synchrotron radiation  
 $\lambda = 0.69430$  Å  
 $\mu = 1.67$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 120$  K  
 $0.12 \times 0.02 \times 0.02$  mm

*Data collection*

Bruker D8 with APEXII detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (TWINABS; Bruker, 2004)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.597$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.746$   
 (expected range = 0.774–0.967)

12848 measured reflections  
 8831 independent reflections  
 7018 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.054$

*Refinement*

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.098$   
 $S = 1.04$   
 8831 reflections  
 292 parameters  
 1 restraint

H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.65$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.44$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983),  
 3980 Friedel pairs  
 Flack parameter: 0.064 (17)

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}2-\text{H}2\text{B}\cdots\text{Cl}6^{\text{i}}$	0.99	2.66	3.567 (5)	153
$\text{C}4-\text{H}4\text{A}\cdots\text{Cl}1^{\text{ii}}$	0.99	2.66	3.511 (5)	145
$\text{C}6-\text{H}6\text{B}\cdots\text{Cl}3^{\text{iii}}$	0.99	2.69	3.606 (5)	154
$\text{C}7-\text{H}7\text{B}\cdots\text{Cl}3^{\text{iii}}$	0.99	2.80	3.729 (5)	157
$\text{C}12-\text{H}12\text{B}\cdots\text{Cl}5^{\text{iv}}$	0.99	2.62	3.485 (4)	146
$\text{C}14-\text{H}14\text{A}\cdots\text{Cl}6^{\text{iv}}$	0.99	2.75	3.567 (5)	140
$\text{C}16-\text{H}16\text{A}\cdots\text{Cl}1^{\text{v}}$	0.99	2.60	3.548 (4)	161
$\text{C}16-\text{H}16\text{B}\cdots\text{Cl}5^{\text{v}}$	0.99	2.81	3.739 (4)	156

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - 1, y, z - 1$ ; (ii)  $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$ ; (iii)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (iv)  $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + 2$ ; (v)  $x + 1, y, z$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: APEX2; data reduction: TWINABS (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS86 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: PLATON (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank the Thailand Research Fund, Center for Innovation in Chemistry and Thailand Toray Science Foundation for financial support. BY thanks the Royal Golden Jubilee PhD program and the Graduate School of Chiang Mai University for a Graduate Scholarship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2775).

**References**

- Brandenburg, K. & Putz, H. (2005). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.  
 Bremner, C. A. & Harrison, W. T. A. (2003). *Acta Cryst.* **E59**, m425–m426.  
 Bruker (2004). *TWINABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
 Bruker (2007). *APEX2*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
 Flack, H. D. (1983). *Acta Cryst.* **A39**, 876–881.

Qu, Y. & Sun, X.-M. (2005). *Acta Cryst.* **E61**, m2121–m2123.  
Ross, F. K. & Stucky, G. D. (1969). *Inorg. Chem.* **8**, 2734–2740.

Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.  
Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.

**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2009). E65, m321-m322 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536809005893 ]

## (1-Butyl-1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octon-1-ium- $\kappa N^4$ )trichloridocobalt(II)

S. Luachan, B. Yotnoi, T. J. Prior and A. Rujiwatra

### Comment

The crystals of  $\text{Co}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2)\text{Cl}_3$  (**I**) were unintentionally obtained as a by-product from the hydrothermal reaction between cobalt(II) sulfate heptahydrate and 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane in a water/butan-1-ol mixture. The *N*-butyl-1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octanium ligand was presumably generated *in situ* under acidic conditions. The structure of **I** is built up from two distinct  $[\text{Co}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2)\text{Cl}_3]$  molecules as shown in Fig. 1. They are different in the spatial orientation of the butyl group of the *N*-butyl-1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octanium ligand, one of which is in the eclipsed conformation (**A**) and the other is in the staggered conformation (**B**). The **A** molecules are connected by the  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$  hydrogen bonding interactions to form a two-dimensional **A** sheet in the *ab* plane (Fig. 2), whereas the **B** molecules form the **B** sheet also in the *ab* plane using similar  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$  hydrogen bonding interactions (Fig. 3). The **A** and **B** sheets are then regularly alternated in the **ABAB** fashion, and linked by way of also the  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$  hydrogen bonding interactions along *c* to give the infinite three-dimensional hydrogen bonding array (Fig. 4).

The hydrogen bond geometries found in **I** ( $\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ , 2.62–2.81 Å;  $\text{C}\cdots\text{Cl}$ , 3.485 (4)–3.739 (4) Å;  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ , 140.00–164.00°) are well comparable to those found in related structures, *e.g.*  $(\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)[\text{CoCl}_4]$  (Bremner & Harrison, 2003) and  $(\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2)[\text{CoCl}_4]$  (Qu & Sun, 2005).

### Experimental

Crystals of **I** were obtained as a by-product from the hydrothermal reaction of cobalt(II) sulfate heptahydrate, 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane and hydrochloric acid in a water/butan-1-ol mixture at 453 K for 120 h.

### Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions with  $\text{C}-\text{H} = 0.99\text{Å}$  or  $0.98\text{Å}$  for methyl H atoms and were included in the refinement in a riding-model approximation with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  or  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for methyl H atoms.

The examined crystal was found to be twinned, composing of two crystal components which were miss-set by about two degrees. The crystal was therefore treated as a twin and the two components integrated separately using the same unit cell. Both components were used for the structure refinement and the twin fraction was found to be 0.698:0.302 (1).

Three alerts from checkCIF:

PLAT220\_ALERT\_2\_C

PLAT222\_ALERT\_2\_C

## supplementary materials

---

The rather weak van der Waals interactions involving the *n*-butyl chains mean there is considerable freedom for these carbon and hydrogen atoms to vibrate. The slightly enlarged displacement parameters observed are entirely expected on chemical grounds.

PLAT341\_ALERT\_3\_C

The calculated estimated standard uncertainties associated with the unit-cell parameters are faithfully reproduced from the Bruker APEXII suite (Bruker, 2004). All observed data were used in their calculation. These give rise to moderate precision in the C—C bonds. To some extent this is a consequence of the integration procedure which uses two twin components - deconvolution of the low angle components is problematic as the two components are miss-set by approximately 2°.

### Figures



Fig. 1. View of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms are drawn at the 70% probability level.

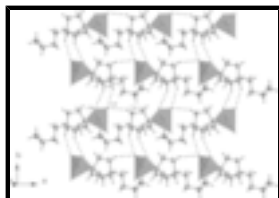


Fig. 2. View of the **A** sheet along the *ab* plane with the hydrogen bonding atoms indicated.

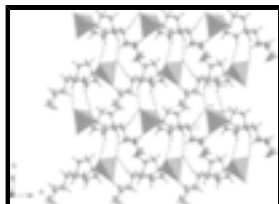


Fig. 3. View of the **B** sheet along the *ab* plane with the hydrogen bonding atoms indicated.

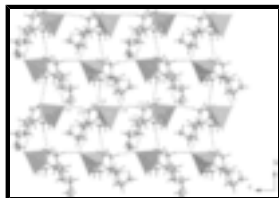


Fig. 4. The packing of **A** and **B** sheets along *c* in **ABAB** fashion.

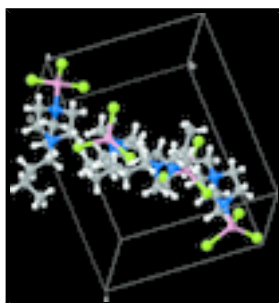


Fig. 5. Molecular packing in unit cell.

(1-Butyl-1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octon-1-ium- $\kappa$ N<sup>4</sup>)trichloridocobalt(II)

*Crystal data*

[Co(C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>21</sub> N <sub>2</sub> )Cl <sub>3</sub> ]	$F(000) = 692$
$M_r = 334.57$	$D_x = 1.490 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1$	Synchrotron radiation, $\lambda = 0.69430 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: P 2yb	Cell parameters from 12848 reflections
$a = 8.379 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 1.4\text{--}30.7^\circ$
$b = 12.1090 (13) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.67 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 14.711 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 120 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 91.683 (4)^\circ$	Needle, blue
$V = 1492.0 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.12 \times 0.02 \times 0.02 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

*Data collection*

Bruker D8 with APEXII detector diffractometer	8831 independent reflections
Radiation source: Daresbury SRS, UK silicon 111	7018 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$\omega$ scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.054$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (TWINABS; Bruker, 2004)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.7^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.4^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.597$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.746$	$h = -12 \rightarrow 12$
12848 measured reflections	$k = -17 \rightarrow 17$
	$l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

*Refinement*

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.098$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0352P)^2 + 0.2945P]$
$S = 1.04$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
8831 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
292 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.65 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1 restraint	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.43 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 3980 Friedel pairs
	Flack parameter: 0.064 (17)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations

## supplementary materials

---

between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Co1	0.17969 (6)	0.70552 (4)	0.56075 (3)	0.02973 (12)
Cl1	0.08844 (13)	0.78922 (10)	0.68543 (6)	0.0382 (2)
Cl2	0.28560 (14)	0.53800 (9)	0.58911 (8)	0.0416 (2)
Cl3	0.32696 (13)	0.81305 (9)	0.47062 (7)	0.0373 (2)
N1	-0.0308 (4)	0.6782 (3)	0.48346 (19)	0.0264 (7)
N2	-0.2901 (4)	0.6376 (3)	0.3900 (2)	0.0278 (7)
C1	-0.1094 (5)	0.7827 (4)	0.4539 (3)	0.0304 (8)
H1A	-0.0310	0.8306	0.4240	0.037*
H1B	-0.1485	0.8224	0.5077	0.037*
C2	-0.2502 (5)	0.7587 (3)	0.3875 (3)	0.0296 (9)
H2A	-0.3443	0.8026	0.4047	0.036*
H2B	-0.2216	0.7801	0.3251	0.036*
C3	0.0056 (5)	0.6132 (4)	0.4005 (3)	0.0327 (9)
H3A	0.0741	0.5495	0.4175	0.039*
H3B	0.0647	0.6601	0.3578	0.039*
C4	-0.1487 (5)	0.5719 (4)	0.3539 (3)	0.0319 (9)
H4A	-0.1630	0.4923	0.3665	0.038*
H4B	-0.1430	0.5818	0.2872	0.038*
C5	-0.1470 (5)	0.6141 (4)	0.5373 (3)	0.0318 (8)
H5A	-0.1588	0.6499	0.5972	0.038*
H5B	-0.1048	0.5386	0.5480	0.038*
C6	-0.3093 (5)	0.6065 (4)	0.4892 (2)	0.0315 (8)
H6A	-0.3853	0.6575	0.5179	0.038*
H6B	-0.3516	0.5305	0.4937	0.038*
C7	-0.4381 (6)	0.6160 (4)	0.3329 (3)	0.0351 (9)
H7A	-0.4196	0.6415	0.2701	0.042*
H7B	-0.5264	0.6607	0.3569	0.042*
C8	-0.4898 (7)	0.4966 (4)	0.3294 (3)	0.0477 (13)
H8A	-0.5210	0.4732	0.3909	0.057*
H8B	-0.3982	0.4504	0.3118	0.057*
C9	-0.6289 (7)	0.4765 (5)	0.2626 (3)	0.0541 (15)
H9A	-0.7187	0.5257	0.2779	0.065*
H9B	-0.5958	0.4951	0.2004	0.065*
C10	-0.6843 (9)	0.3581 (7)	0.2648 (4)	0.086 (3)
H10A	-0.5968	0.3094	0.2473	0.129*
H10B	-0.7752	0.3484	0.2221	0.129*
H10C	-0.7167	0.3393	0.3264	0.129*
Co2	0.86290 (6)	0.69012 (4)	1.06702 (3)	0.02719 (12)

Cl4	0.74916 (13)	0.52684 (9)	1.09830 (7)	0.0360 (2)
Cl5	0.70380 (13)	0.79352 (9)	0.97538 (7)	0.0361 (2)
Cl6	0.97391 (13)	0.78267 (9)	1.18605 (6)	0.0331 (2)
N3	1.0632 (4)	0.6586 (3)	0.98991 (19)	0.0256 (7)
N4	1.3114 (4)	0.6133 (3)	0.8981 (2)	0.0266 (7)
C11	1.1771 (5)	0.5881 (4)	1.0443 (2)	0.0335 (9)
H11A	1.1303	0.5138	1.0523	0.040*
H11B	1.1955	0.6211	1.1052	0.040*
C12	1.3367 (5)	0.5778 (3)	0.9963 (2)	0.0290 (8)
H12A	1.4181	0.6254	1.0268	0.035*
H12B	1.3748	0.5005	0.9990	0.035*
C13	1.0170 (5)	0.5989 (4)	0.9044 (3)	0.0323 (9)
H13A	0.9572	0.6493	0.8628	0.039*
H13B	0.9464	0.5360	0.9186	0.039*
C14	1.1659 (5)	0.5563 (4)	0.8579 (2)	0.0303 (9)
H14A	1.1755	0.4755	0.8667	0.036*
H14B	1.1569	0.5712	0.7918	0.036*
C15	1.1471 (5)	0.7610 (3)	0.9650 (3)	0.0314 (8)
H15A	1.1927	0.7963	1.0206	0.038*
H15B	1.0701	0.8131	0.9361	0.038*
C16	1.2827 (5)	0.7362 (3)	0.8985 (2)	0.0279 (8)
H16A	1.2516	0.7618	0.8366	0.033*
H16B	1.3814	0.7755	0.9183	0.033*
C17	1.4589 (5)	0.5863 (4)	0.8441 (3)	0.0345 (9)
H17A	1.5547	0.6134	0.8782	0.041*
H17B	1.4522	0.6265	0.7855	0.041*
C18	1.4796 (5)	0.4631 (4)	0.8249 (3)	0.0348 (9)
H18A	1.4422	0.4199	0.8773	0.042*
H18B	1.4131	0.4424	0.7708	0.042*
C19	1.6527 (5)	0.4346 (4)	0.8082 (3)	0.0385 (10)
H19A	1.6602	0.3550	0.7935	0.046*
H19B	1.7167	0.4477	0.8648	0.046*
C20	1.7244 (6)	0.5012 (4)	0.7312 (3)	0.0417 (11)
H20A	1.6572	0.4932	0.6760	0.062*
H20B	1.8321	0.4739	0.7197	0.062*
H20C	1.7300	0.5793	0.7485	0.062*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Co1	0.0326 (3)	0.0238 (3)	0.0327 (2)	-0.0009 (2)	-0.0002 (2)	0.0029 (2)
Cl1	0.0502 (6)	0.0355 (6)	0.0288 (4)	-0.0037 (5)	0.0015 (4)	-0.0005 (4)
Cl2	0.0429 (6)	0.0268 (5)	0.0546 (6)	0.0019 (5)	-0.0071 (5)	0.0055 (4)
Cl3	0.0385 (5)	0.0285 (5)	0.0454 (5)	-0.0021 (4)	0.0099 (4)	0.0031 (4)
N1	0.0319 (17)	0.0216 (17)	0.0260 (13)	0.0059 (13)	0.0046 (12)	0.0006 (12)
N2	0.0305 (18)	0.0259 (18)	0.0271 (15)	0.0015 (14)	0.0002 (13)	-0.0009 (12)
C1	0.034 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.0347 (18)	0.0029 (17)	0.0007 (15)	0.0025 (15)
C2	0.036 (2)	0.024 (2)	0.0297 (18)	0.0071 (16)	0.0058 (16)	-0.0001 (14)



## supplementary materials

---

C3	0.035 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.0273 (17)	0.0080 (18)	0.0036 (15)	-0.0027 (15)
C4	0.035 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.0349 (19)	0.0051 (17)	0.0052 (16)	-0.0050 (15)
C5	0.040 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.0277 (17)	-0.0031 (18)	0.0017 (15)	0.0001 (14)
C6	0.041 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.0230 (16)	-0.0036 (19)	0.0033 (15)	0.0048 (14)
C7	0.040 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.0294 (18)	0.0053 (19)	0.0000 (16)	-0.0029 (15)
C8	0.058 (3)	0.045 (3)	0.040 (2)	-0.015 (2)	-0.005 (2)	-0.0049 (19)
C9	0.045 (3)	0.077 (4)	0.040 (2)	-0.015 (3)	0.005 (2)	-0.018 (2)
C10	0.086 (5)	0.118 (7)	0.054 (3)	-0.066 (5)	0.020 (3)	-0.032 (4)
Co2	0.0293 (3)	0.0241 (3)	0.0285 (2)	-0.0002 (2)	0.00579 (18)	-0.0004 (2)
Cl4	0.0406 (6)	0.0265 (5)	0.0415 (5)	-0.0042 (4)	0.0101 (4)	0.0004 (4)
Cl5	0.0366 (5)	0.0301 (6)	0.0414 (5)	0.0042 (4)	-0.0033 (4)	-0.0018 (4)
Cl6	0.0415 (5)	0.0306 (5)	0.0276 (4)	-0.0026 (5)	0.0055 (4)	-0.0014 (4)
N3	0.0284 (17)	0.0228 (17)	0.0258 (14)	-0.0007 (13)	0.0045 (12)	-0.0004 (11)
N4	0.0296 (17)	0.0228 (17)	0.0276 (15)	-0.0018 (14)	0.0030 (12)	-0.0029 (12)
C11	0.033 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0269 (17)	0.0037 (19)	0.0052 (15)	0.0063 (16)
C12	0.034 (2)	0.0229 (19)	0.0305 (17)	0.0007 (16)	0.0021 (15)	0.0017 (14)
C13	0.028 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.0296 (18)	-0.0032 (18)	0.0005 (15)	-0.0075 (16)
C14	0.028 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.0308 (18)	-0.0036 (17)	0.0071 (15)	-0.0063 (15)
C15	0.040 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.0335 (18)	-0.0005 (17)	0.0088 (17)	0.0034 (14)
C16	0.030 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.0269 (17)	-0.0035 (15)	0.0037 (15)	0.0036 (14)
C17	0.035 (2)	0.035 (2)	0.035 (2)	-0.0053 (19)	0.0128 (17)	-0.0069 (17)
C18	0.037 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.036 (2)	-0.0011 (18)	0.0072 (17)	-0.0030 (16)
C19	0.034 (2)	0.046 (3)	0.036 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.0090 (18)	0.0050 (19)
C20	0.045 (3)	0.046 (3)	0.035 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.0141 (19)	-0.0008 (19)

### *Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Co1—N1	2.096 (3)	Co2—N3	2.088 (3)
Co1—Cl2	2.2483 (13)	Co2—Cl4	2.2482 (12)
Co1—Cl1	2.2491 (12)	Co2—Cl5	2.2487 (12)
Co1—Cl3	2.2521 (11)	Co2—Cl6	2.2564 (11)
N1—C1	1.486 (5)	N3—C15	1.477 (5)
N1—C3	1.491 (5)	N3—C13	1.493 (5)
N1—C5	1.491 (5)	N3—C11	1.495 (5)
N2—C7	1.500 (6)	N4—C14	1.507 (5)
N2—C2	1.505 (5)	N4—C16	1.508 (5)
N2—C6	1.520 (5)	N4—C12	1.516 (5)
N2—C4	1.536 (5)	N4—C17	1.524 (5)
C1—C2	1.537 (6)	C11—C12	1.536 (6)
C1—H1A	0.9900	C11—H11A	0.9900
C1—H1B	0.9900	C11—H11B	0.9900
C2—H2A	0.9900	C12—H12A	0.9900
C2—H2B	0.9900	C12—H12B	0.9900
C3—C4	1.530 (6)	C13—C14	1.530 (5)
C3—H3A	0.9900	C13—H13A	0.9900
C3—H3B	0.9900	C13—H13B	0.9900
C4—H4A	0.9900	C14—H14A	0.9900
C4—H4B	0.9900	C14—H14B	0.9900
C5—C6	1.517 (6)	C15—C16	1.550 (5)

C5—H5A	0.9900	C15—H15A	0.9900
C5—H5B	0.9900	C15—H15B	0.9900
C6—H6A	0.9900	C16—H16A	0.9900
C6—H6B	0.9900	C16—H16B	0.9900
C7—C8	1.510 (7)	C17—C18	1.530 (6)
C7—H7A	0.9900	C17—H17A	0.9900
C7—H7B	0.9900	C17—H17B	0.9900
C8—C9	1.522 (7)	C18—C19	1.518 (6)
C8—H8A	0.9900	C18—H18A	0.9900
C8—H8B	0.9900	C18—H18B	0.9900
C9—C10	1.508 (9)	C19—C20	1.528 (6)
C9—H9A	0.9900	C19—H19A	0.9900
C9—H9B	0.9900	C19—H19B	0.9900
C10—H10A	0.9800	C20—H20A	0.9800
C10—H10B	0.9800	C20—H20B	0.9800
C10—H10C	0.9800	C20—H20C	0.9800
N1—Co1—C12	106.21 (10)	N3—Co2—C14	107.62 (10)
N1—Co1—C11	102.29 (9)	N3—Co2—C15	104.35 (9)
C12—Co1—C11	113.39 (5)	C14—Co2—C15	111.41 (5)
N1—Co1—C13	103.81 (9)	N3—Co2—C16	101.11 (10)
C12—Co1—C13	114.25 (5)	C14—Co2—C16	116.46 (4)
C11—Co1—C13	115.14 (5)	C15—Co2—C16	114.35 (5)
C1—N1—C3	108.0 (3)	C15—N3—C13	108.1 (3)
C1—N1—C5	107.9 (3)	C15—N3—C11	108.1 (3)
C3—N1—C5	108.2 (3)	C13—N3—C11	108.7 (3)
C1—N1—Co1	112.5 (2)	C15—N3—Co2	112.2 (2)
C3—N1—Co1	109.8 (2)	C13—N3—Co2	110.7 (2)
C5—N1—Co1	110.3 (2)	C11—N3—Co2	108.9 (2)
C7—N2—C2	109.7 (3)	C14—N4—C16	109.0 (3)
C7—N2—C6	112.7 (3)	C14—N4—C12	109.5 (3)
C2—N2—C6	107.1 (3)	C16—N4—C12	107.1 (3)
C7—N2—C4	110.5 (3)	C14—N4—C17	110.9 (3)
C2—N2—C4	108.8 (3)	C16—N4—C17	110.2 (3)
C6—N2—C4	108.0 (3)	C12—N4—C17	110.1 (3)
N1—C1—C2	110.5 (3)	N3—C11—C12	110.6 (3)
N1—C1—H1A	109.5	N3—C11—H11A	109.5
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C12—C11—H11A	109.5
N1—C1—H1B	109.5	N3—C11—H11B	109.5
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	C12—C11—H11B	109.5
H1A—C1—H1B	108.1	H11A—C11—H11B	108.1
N2—C2—C1	109.6 (3)	N4—C12—C11	108.4 (3)
N2—C2—H2A	109.8	N4—C12—H12A	110.0
C1—C2—H2A	109.8	C11—C12—H12A	110.0
N2—C2—H2B	109.8	N4—C12—H12B	110.0
C1—C2—H2B	109.8	C11—C12—H12B	110.0
H2A—C2—H2B	108.2	H12A—C12—H12B	108.4
N1—C3—C4	110.4 (3)	N3—C13—C14	110.2 (3)
N1—C3—H3A	109.6	N3—C13—H13A	109.6
C4—C3—H3A	109.6	C14—C13—H13A	109.6

## supplementary materials

N1—C3—H3B	109.6	N3—C13—H13B	109.6
C4—C3—H3B	109.6	C14—C13—H13B	109.6
H3A—C3—H3B	108.1	H13A—C13—H13B	108.1
C3—C4—N2	109.0 (3)	N4—C14—C13	109.4 (3)
C3—C4—H4A	109.9	N4—C14—H14A	109.8
N2—C4—H4A	109.9	C13—C14—H14A	109.8
C3—C4—H4B	109.9	N4—C14—H14B	109.8
N2—C4—H4B	109.9	C13—C14—H14B	109.8
H4A—C4—H4B	108.3	H14A—C14—H14B	108.3
N1—C5—C6	112.0 (3)	N3—C15—C16	111.0 (3)
N1—C5—H5A	109.2	N3—C15—H15A	109.4
C6—C5—H5A	109.2	C16—C15—H15A	109.4
N1—C5—H5B	109.2	N3—C15—H15B	109.4
C6—C5—H5B	109.2	C16—C15—H15B	109.4
H5A—C5—H5B	107.9	H15A—C15—H15B	108.0
C5—C6—N2	108.3 (3)	N4—C16—C15	108.3 (3)
C5—C6—H6A	110.0	N4—C16—H16A	110.0
N2—C6—H6A	110.0	C15—C16—H16A	110.0
C5—C6—H6B	110.0	N4—C16—H16B	110.0
N2—C6—H6B	110.0	C15—C16—H16B	110.0
H6A—C6—H6B	108.4	H16A—C16—H16B	108.4
N2—C7—C8	114.7 (4)	N4—C17—C18	113.8 (3)
N2—C7—H7A	108.6	N4—C17—H17A	108.8
C8—C7—H7A	108.6	C18—C17—H17A	108.8
N2—C7—H7B	108.6	N4—C17—H17B	108.8
C8—C7—H7B	108.6	C18—C17—H17B	108.8
H7A—C7—H7B	107.6	H17A—C17—H17B	107.7
C7—C8—C9	112.8 (5)	C19—C18—C17	111.5 (4)
C7—C8—H8A	109.0	C19—C18—H18A	109.3
C9—C8—H8A	109.0	C17—C18—H18A	109.3
C7—C8—H8B	109.0	C19—C18—H18B	109.3
C9—C8—H8B	109.0	C17—C18—H18B	109.3
H8A—C8—H8B	107.8	H18A—C18—H18B	108.0
C10—C9—C8	111.6 (6)	C18—C19—C20	113.4 (4)
C10—C9—H9A	109.3	C18—C19—H19A	108.9
C8—C9—H9A	109.3	C20—C19—H19A	108.9
C10—C9—H9B	109.3	C18—C19—H19B	108.9
C8—C9—H9B	109.3	C20—C19—H19B	108.9
H9A—C9—H9B	108.0	H19A—C19—H19B	107.7
C9—C10—H10A	109.5	C19—C20—H20A	109.5
C9—C10—H10B	109.5	C19—C20—H20B	109.5
H10A—C10—H10B	109.5	H20A—C20—H20B	109.5
C9—C10—H10C	109.5	C19—C20—H20C	109.5
H10A—C10—H10C	109.5	H20A—C20—H20C	109.5
H10B—C10—H10C	109.5	H20B—C20—H20C	109.5

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
---------------	-------	-------------	-------------	---------------

C2—H2B…C16 <sup>i</sup>	0.99	2.66	3.567 (5)	153
C4—H4A…C11 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.66	3.511 (5)	145
C6—H6B…C13 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.69	3.606 (5)	154
C7—H7B…C13 <sup>iii</sup>	0.99	2.80	3.729 (5)	157
C12—H12B…C15 <sup>iv</sup>	0.99	2.62	3.485 (4)	146
C14—H14A…C16 <sup>iv</sup>	0.99	2.75	3.567 (5)	140
C16—H16A…C11 <sup>v</sup>	0.99	2.60	3.548 (4)	161
C16—H16B…C15 <sup>v</sup>	0.99	2.81	3.739 (4)	156

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x-1, y, z-1$ ; (ii)  $-x, y-1/2, -z+1$ ; (iii)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (iv)  $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+2$ ; (v)  $x+1, y, z$ .

Fig. 1

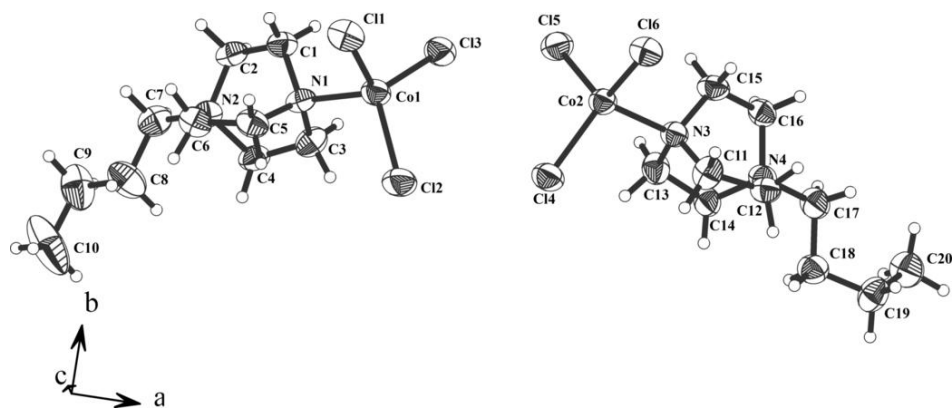


Fig. 2

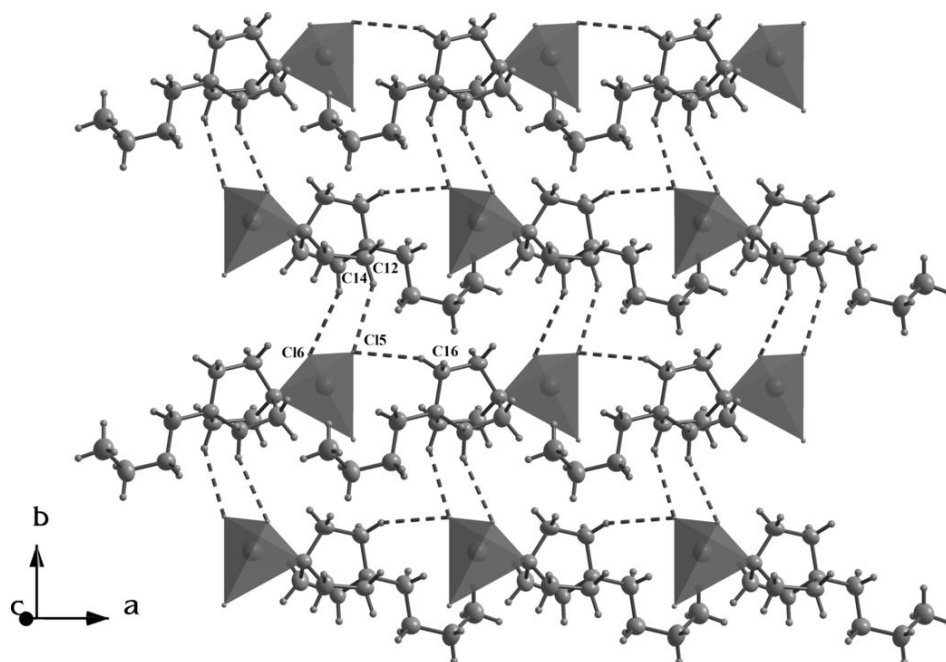


Fig. 3

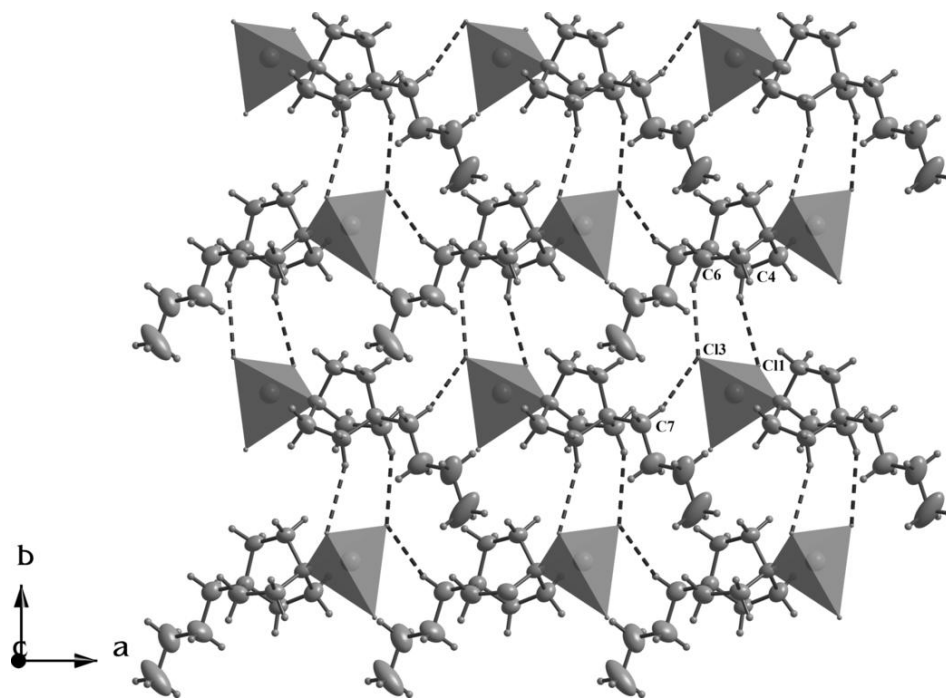


Fig. 4

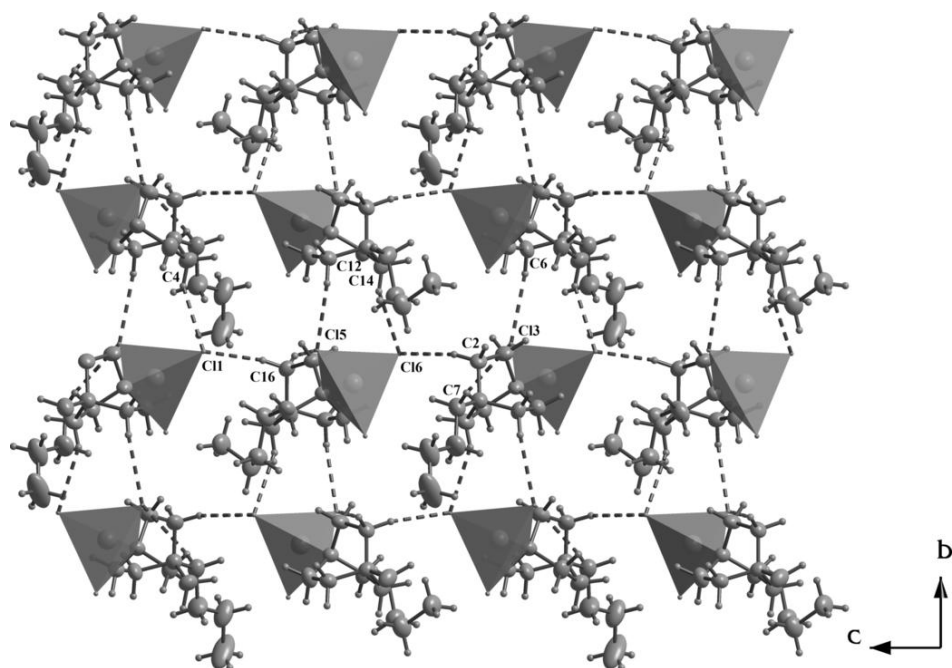




Fig. 5

