Editorial

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The Scope of Clinical Applications of Handheld Echocardiography

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 See the article "Handheld Echocardiography in a Clinical Practice Scenario: Concordances Compared to Standard Echocardiographic Reports" in volume 30 on page 25.

Handheld echocardiographic devices (HHEs) are useful for rapidly assessing cardiac function and addressing specific cardiac-focused problems with the following advantages: 1) they are easier to use, 2) they provide easy implementation for bedside and outpatient clinics, and 3) they have relatively lower cost compared to conventional echocardiography. In addition, such devices have the potential for screening and surveillance during physical examinations such as abnormal auscultation. Recently, a pocket-sized transducer has been combined with a wireless and app-based platform. With this miniaturization of echo devices over the past two decades, variable models of HHEs have become widely and readily available with a variety of clinical uses. The diagnostic accuracy of HHEs is insufficient to replace high-end echocardiography systems with high frame rates and complex measurements techniques.¹⁾ However, it is clear that for assessment of specific diagnostic targets such as ventricle enlargement, systolic dysfunction, hypertrophy, pericardial effusion, and right atrial pressure elevation, HHEs outperform physical examinations and lead to reduced use of other types of imaging examinations as well.²⁻⁴ Therefore it is important to be familiar with the diagnostic performance and accuracy of handheld evaluation, especially regarding the heart and causable disease spectrum.

In this issue of *Journal of Cardiovascular Imaging*, Blume et al.⁵⁾ investigated the usefulness of a particular HHE in real-world clinical practice by comparing it with standard transthoracic echocardiography. They demonstrated that this HHE had a favorable comparison with standard echocardiography regarding brief evaluation of left/right ventricle size, systolic function, presence of regional wall motion abnormality, and valve stenosis. However, the diagnostic accuracy for the evaluation of atrium or right-sided valves using their device was modest. They showed similar results with previous data using variable handheld devices.⁶⁾ Although it is difficult to draw a clear scope of clinical applications of this HHE from the data given (because the study population was too small and most measurements were assessed visually), this study is meaningful to prospectively confirming the application of HHEs in real-world practice.

Several studies have shown that there is a favorable comparison between HHEs and standard echocardiography in variable targets. The overall diagnostic metrics are similarly high (sensitivity 95%, specificity 83%), and are even higher for patients with underlying

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Conflict of Interest

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co-morbidities (sensitivity 98% and specificity 89%).⁷⁴¹⁾ Although the above data were highly heterogeneous and tested in different settings with different cohorts, the clinical usefulness as a focused cardiac evaluation tool has been consistently shown. The diagnostic performance of valvular regurgitation using HHEs was consistently limited considering previous data. It will be helpful for clinical practice when HHEs are used to evaluate specific diagnostic targets while ensuring high accuracy. Considering the increasing needs and adoption of HHEs, it is time to update the appropriate use guidelines, including the scope of practice, training systems, and reporting protocols for HHEs.¹²⁾ In addition, future investigations on whether HHE systems improve clinical outcomes are needed to evaluate their full potential.

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