

CORRECTION

## Correction: The Tumor Suppressor Gene, RASSF1A, Is Essential for Protection against Inflammation -Induced Injury

The PLOS ONE Staff

There is an error in the legend for Fig. 8. Please see the corrected Fig. 8 here.



## GOPEN ACCESS

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Figure 8. The PTK inhibitor, imatinib, inhibits the appearance of pY-YAP and promoted increased survival of  $Rassf1a^{+/-}$  but not  $Rassf1a^{-/-}$  mice animals following inflammation-induced injury. (A)  $Rassf1a^{+/-}$  or  $Rassf1a^{-/-}$  mice were intraperitoneally injected with the PTK inhibitor, imatinib at 60 mg/ kg body weight on days 3 and 6 following 3% DSS addition. P-value between survival of DSS-treated wild type and  $Rassf1a^{+/-}$  was <0.0001 (n = 17) and between DSS-treated  $Rassf1a^{+/-}$  (+ imatinib) versus DSS-treated  $Rassf1a^{+/-}$  was 0.0086 (n = 17). No significance difference was observed between DSS-treated  $Rassf1a^{+/-}$  and DSS-treated  $Rassf1a^{-/-}$  (+ imatinib) mice (please see Fig. 1A for the survival curve of DSS-treated  $Rassf1a^{-/-}$  mice). Following DSS/



gleevec treatment, (B) histological analysis of colonic sections, (C) serum IL-6, (D) cell death via PARP (late marker of apoptosis); (E) phospho-YAP by IHC, and (F) *In vitro* kinase activity was carried out for c-Abl using colon lystes from DSS-treated wild type and *Rassf1a<sup>+/-</sup>* (top panel) and *Rassf1a<sup>-/-</sup>* (bottom panel) mice with overexpressed FLAG-YAP as substrate. Expression levels of c-Abl were similar in all the lanes (data not shown) and bacterially expressed GST or GST-1A (1A) was used to explore how RASSF1A may directly interfere with c-Abl kinase activity. Expression of FLAG-YAP, GST and GST-1A are shown in Fig. S7D. For (B) p-value between wild type versus *Rassf1a<sup>+/-</sup>* mice (+DSS) was 0.004, wild type versus *Rassf1a<sup>+/-</sup>* mice (+DSS + gleevec) was 0.452 (n = 4 – 8). For (C), p-value between wild type versus *Rassf1a<sup>+/-</sup>* mice (+DSS) was 0.004 and wild type versus *Rassf1a<sup>+/-</sup>* mice (+DSS + gleevec) was 0.347 and wild type versus *Rassf1a<sup>-/-</sup>* mice (+DSS + gleevec) was 0.262 (n = 4 – 8). For (E) P values of *Rassf1a<sup>+/-</sup>* mice or *Rassf1a<sup>-/-</sup>* mice (+DSS –/+ gleevec) was <0.001 (n = 10).

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## Reference

 Gordon M, El-Kalla M, Zhao Y, Fiteih Y, Law J, Volodko N, et al. (2013) The Tumor Suppressor Gene, RASSF1A, Is Essential for Protection against Inflammation -Induced Injury. PLoS ONE 8(10): e75483. doi: <u>10.1371/journal.pone.0075483</u> PMID: <u>24146755</u>