



Correction

Correction: Kim, Y. K. et al. Tussilagone Inhibits the Inflammatory Response and Improves Survival in CLP-Induced Septic Mice. *Int. J. Mol. Sci.* 2017, 18, 2744

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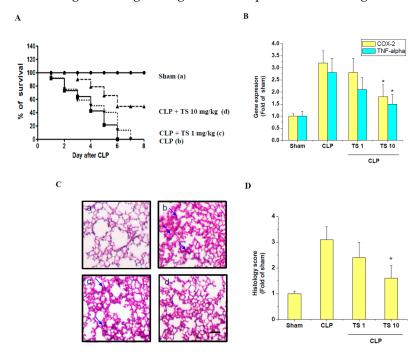
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We wish to make the following corrections to this paper [1]:

We found that Figure 7A,C data were unintentionally reused from the previously published data [2]. The mistake happened during the preparation of data figures for the revision in the peer-review process. All authors regret that error.

Due to the incorrect figure in original Figure 7A,C, replace the following



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with the corrected Figure 7 (Figure 1)

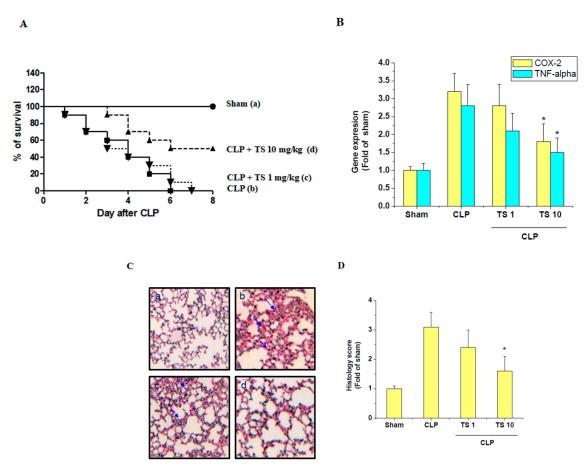


Figure 1. Effect of TS on survival and lung injury in cecal ligation and puncture (CLP)-induced septic mice. (**A**) To examine the effect of TS on the survival of CLP-induced septic mice, survival of mice was then monitored every 24 h for up to 8 days for the following experimental groups (a) sham control; mice were orally administered with either (b) vehicle (corn oil, 0.1 mL per mouse, n = 5), (c) 1 mg/kg TS (n = 5), or (d) 10 mg/kg TS (n = 5), 2 h prior to the operation. Significantly different from CLP-induced septic group (**B**) Expression of COX-2 and TNF-α transcripts in the isolated PAM were determined by real-time PCR; * p < 0.05 vs. CLP-induced septic group (n = 3 in each group) (**C**) The lungs from each experimental group were processed for histologic evaluation 1 day after CLP. Representative histologic changes in lung tissue obtained from mice belonging to each group are displayed and the arrows indicate the damaged area (hematoxylin and eosin staining; magnification $400\times$). Scale bar represents 200 um. (**D**) The extent of lung injury was estimated using scores in different sections for neutrophil infiltration, hemorrhage, necrosis, congestion, and edema. * p < 0.05 vs. CLP-induced septic group (n = 3 in each group).

We would like to apologize for any inconvenience caused to the readers by these changes.

Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

References

1. Kim, Y.K.; Yeo, M.G.; Oh, B.K.; Kim, H.Y.; Yang, H.J.; Cho, S.S.; Gil, M.; Lee, K.J. Tussilagone Inhibits the Inflammatory Response and Improves Survival in CLP-Induced Septic Mice. *Int. J. Mol. Sci.* **2017**, *18*, 2744. [CrossRef] [PubMed]

2. Gil, M.; Kim, Y.K.; Hong, S.B.; Lee, K.J. Naringin Decreases TNF-α and HMGB1 Release from LPS-Stimulated Macrophages and Improves Survival in a CLP-Induced Sepsis Mice. *PLoS ONE* **2016**, *11*, e0164186. [CrossRef] [PubMed]



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