



LETTER TO THE EDITOR Sodium zirconium cyclosilicate (ZS-9) treatment in patients with serum potassium >6.5 mEq/L

This paper has been commented by Paras Karmacharya et al. Please read the response here.

am writing in regards to an inaccuracy in the recent case report published in the Journal of Community Hospital Internal Medicine Perspectives by Karmacharya et al. (1). The authors had stated that sodium zirconium cyclosilicate (ZS-9) along with patiromer sorbitex calcium (patiromer) has not been studied in patients with serum potassium (K⁺) concentrations >6.5 mEq/L. However, it should be noted that while it is true that the phase III trial of patiromer did not include patients with serum K⁺ >6.5 mEq/L, that is not the case with ZS-9. Specifically, we would like to point out that:

- 1. There was no upper limit of baseline serum K^+ specified for patient inclusion in the ZS-9 HARMONIZE study (2).
- 2. The HARMONIZE study included nine patients with baseline serum $K^+ > 6.5 \text{ mEq/L}$ (up to 7.2 mEq/L).
- 3. The mean baseline serum K^+ of HARMONIZE study patients was 5.6 mEq/L (2).
- 4. A Letter to the Editor published in the *New England Journal of Medicine* described analyses conducted on a combined cohort of 45 patients with baseline serum K⁺ from 6.1 to 7.2 mEq/L from two Phase III ZS-9 studies (ZS003 and HARMONIZE) (3). The mean baseline serum K⁺ concentration of this combined cohort was 6.3 mEq/L.

With these data in mind, I affirm to the reader that there are published clinical data of ZS-9 treatment achieving normokalemia in patients with baseline serum $K^+ > 6.5 \text{ mEq/L}$.

Henrik Rasmussen, MD, PhD ZS Pharma, Inc. 508 Wrangler Drive, Suite 100 Coppell, TX 75019, USA hrasmussen@zspharma.com

References

- Karmacharya P, Poudel RD, Pathak R, Rettew A, Alweis R. Acute hyperkalemia leading to flaccid paralysis: A review of hyperkalemic manifestations. J Community Hosp Intern Med Perspect 2015; 5(3): 27993, doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.3402/jchimp. v5.27993
- Kosiborod M, Rasmussen HS, Lavin P, Wajeh Y, Qunibi WY, Spinowitz BS, et al. Effect of sodium zirconium cyclosilicate on potassium lowering for 28 days among outpatients with hyperkalemia: The HARMONIZE randomized clinical trial. JAMA 2014; 312(21): 2223–33. doi: 10.1001/jama.2014.15688.
- Kosiborod M, Peacock WF, Packham DK. Sodium zirconium cyclosilicate for urgent therapy of severe hyperkalemia. N Engl J Med 2015; 372(16): 1577–8. doi: 10.1056/NEJMc1500353.

Journal of Community Hospital Internal Medicine Perspectives 2015. © 2015 Henrik Rasmussen. This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/), permitting all noncommercial use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited. Citation: Journal of Community Hospital Internal Medicine Perspectives 2015, **5**: 29097 - http://dx.doi.org/10.3402/jchimp.v5.29097

Citation: Journal of Community Hospital Internal Medicine Perspectives 2015, 5: 29097 - http://dx.doi.org/10.3402/jchimp.v5.29097 (page number not for citation purpose)