

Corrigendum

Corrigendum to “Assessment of Hip Fracture Risk Using Cross-Section Strain Energy Determined by QCT-Based Finite Element Modeling”

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In the article titled “Assessment of Hip Fracture Risk Using Cross-Section Strain Energy Determined by QCT-Based Finite Element Modeling” [1], there was an error regarding the FRAX[®] tool, which should be clarified as follows:

The article notes: “Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) is a tool to evaluate an individual’s fracture probability in the next 10 years, adopted by the WHO in 2008 [7].” However, the World Health Organization (WHO) did not develop, test or endorse the FRAX[®] tool or its recommendations [2]. The metabolic bone disease unit at the University of Sheffield that developed FRAX[®] was a WHO Collaborating Centre from 1991 to 2010, but treatment guidelines must undergo a formal process before they can be endorsed by the WHO.

References

- [1] H. Kheirollahi and Y. Luo, “Assessment of hip fracture risk using cross-section strain energy determined by QCT-based finite element modeling,” *BioMed Research International*, vol. 2015, Article ID 413839, 2015.
- [2] N. Ford, S. L. Norris, and S. R. Hill, “Clarifying WHO’s position on the FRAX[®] tool for fracture prediction,” *Bulletin of the World Health Organization*, vol. 94, no. 12, p. 862, 2016.