PRAJA is overexpressed in glioblastoma and contributes to neural precursor development

Joshua Shin¹, Viveka Mishra², Eric Glasgow³, Sobia Zaidi⁴, Kazufumi Ohshiro⁴, Bhargava Chitti⁵, Jian Chen⁹, Amee A. Kapadia⁶, Neha Rana⁷, Lopa Mishra⁴, Chu-Xia Deng⁸, Shuyun Rao⁴ and Bibhuti Mishra⁴

¹ University of Virginia, Charlottesville, VA, USA

² Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA, USA

³ Department of Molecular Oncology, Georgetown University, Washington, DC, USA

⁴ Center for Translational Medicine, Department of Surgery, George Washington University, Washington, DC, USA

⁵ Department of Medicine, George Washington University, Washington, DC, USA

⁶ John Hopkins University, Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering, Baltimore, MD, USA

⁷ McLean High School, McLean, VA, USA

⁸ Faculty of Health Sciences, University of Macau, Macau SAR, China

⁹ Department of Gastroenterology, Hepatology, & Nutrition, The University of Texas M. D. Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, Texas, USA

Published: September 21, 2017

Copyright: Shin et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC-BY), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

This article has been corrected: Dr. Jian Chen was added to the author list. The authors sincerely apologize for this oversight. Original article: Genes&Cancer. 2017;8:640-649. https://doi.org/10.18632/genesandcancer.151. PMID: 28966725; PMCID: PMC5620009.