data reports



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Crystal structure of a monoclinic polymorph of 5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2(3H)-one

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The title compound, $C_2H_3N_3OS$, is a monoclinic $(P2_1/c)$ polymorph of the previously reported triclinic structure [Kang et al. (2012). Acta Cryst. E68, o1198]. The asymmetric unit contains two independent molecules which are essentially planar, with r.m.s. deviations of 0.001 and 0.032 Å from the mean plane defined by the seven non-H atoms. In the crystal, $N-H \cdots N$ and $N-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules into a sheet parallel to (111).

Keywords: crystal structure; polymorph; thiadiazolone; hydrogen bonds.

CCDC reference: 1013072

1. Related literature

For structures and reactivity of thiadiazole derivatives, see: Parkanyi et al. (1989); Cho et al. (1996). For the triclinic polymorph, see; Kang et al. (2012).



2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

C ₂ H ₃ N ₃ OS	
$M_r = 117.13$	
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	

a = 3.8182 (3) Å b = 10.8166 (7) Å c = 21.8043 (15) Å $\beta = 91.015 \ (4)^{\circ}$ V = 900.37 (11) Å³ Z = 8Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

2.2. Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2002)
$T_{\rm min} = 0.911, T_{\rm max} = 0.931$

2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$	151 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.099$	All H-atom parameters refined
S = 1.08	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.37 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
1709 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.29 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
N3−H3···N11	0.77 (3)	2.12 (3)	2.891 (4)	174 (3)
$N7 - H7A \cdots O13^{i}$	0.86 (3)	2.07 (4)	2.913 (4)	167 (3)
$N7 - H7B \cdot \cdot \cdot N4^{ii}$	0.85 (4)	2.21 (4)	3.048 (4)	171 (3)
N10−H10···O13 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.84 (3)	2.09 (3)	2.910 (3)	165 (3)
$N14-H14A\cdots O6^{iv}$	0.91 (4)	2.14 (4)	3.005 (4)	159 (4)
N14 $-$ H14 B ···O6	0.73 (4)	2.58 (4)	3.306 (5)	173 (4)
Symmetry codes:	(i) $x + 1, y - $	- 1, z; (ii)	-x + 2, -y + 1,	-z + 1; (iii)
-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1;	(iv) $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, y = \frac{1}{2}$	$-z + \frac{1}{2}$.		

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2002); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS2013 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2013 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 2012).

Acknowledgements

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK5326).

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 $\mu = 0.58 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

 $0.21 \times 0.1 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$

5812 measured reflections 1709 independent reflections

1376 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

T = 296 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.048$

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2014). E70, o922 [doi:10.1107/S1600536814016055]

Crystal structure of a monoclinic polymorph of 5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2(3*H*)one

Namhun Kim and Sung Kwon Kang

S1. Chemical context

S2. Structural commentary

5-Amino-2*H*-1,2,4-thiadiazolin-3-one heterocycle is an analog of cytosine (Parkanyi *et al.*, 1989). Derivatives of this heterocyclic compound are interesting in the antibacterial activity, potential carcinogenicity, and kinase inhibitor activity (Cho *et al.*, 1996). The title compound, 5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2(3*H*)-one (I) is an isomer of 5-amino-2*H*-1,2,4-thia-diazolin-3-one, which has become an attractive moiety due to potential biological activities. These heterocyclic compounds are potentially good ligands because of N, O, and S atoms which are good donor atoms to both transition metals (Cu, Zn, Cd) and lanthanide metals (Tb and Eu). In our interest to metal complexes with these heterocyclic compounds, the title compound was isolated accidently.

In (I), Fig. 1, two independent molecules comprise the asymmetric unit, which are linked by the intermolecular N— $H\cdots N$ and N— $H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds. The 1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-one units are almost planar, with r.m.s. deviations of 0.001 – 0.032 Å from the corresponding least-squares plane defined by the seven constituent atoms. The crystal structure is stabilized by the intermolecular N— $H\cdots N$ and N— $H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds, which link the molecules into a two-dimensional sheet parallel to *111* plane (Table 1 and Fig. 2).

S3. Supramolecular features

S4. Database survey

S5. Synthesis and crystallization

The title compound (I) was synthesized by the process of the previous report (Kang *et al.* 2012). Copper(II) chloride (1.36 g, 8 mmol) dissolved in ethanol, was added drop wise to a stirred ethanolic solution containing 5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2(3*H*-one (1.87 g, 16 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 10 h at room temperature. The resulting solution was filtered and allowed to stand at room temperature. Colourless crystals of (I) were obtained at room temperature over a period of a few weeks.

S6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 1. H atoms of the NH and NH_2 groups were located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely [refined distances = 0.73 (4)–0.91 (4) Å].



Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom-numbering scheme and 30% probability ellipsoids. Intermolecular N—H…N and N—H…O hydrogen bonds are indicated by dashed lines.



Figure 2

Part of the crystal structure of the title compound, showing molecules linked by intermolecular N—H…N and N—H…O hydrogen bonds (dashed lines).

5-Amino-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2(3H)-one

Crystal data

C₂H₃N₃OS $M_r = 117.13$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 3.8182 (3) Å b = 10.8166 (7) Å c = 21.8043 (15) Å $\beta = 91.015$ (4)° V = 900.37 (11) Å³ Z = 8

Data collection

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier mapLeast-squares matrix: fullAll H-atom parameters refined $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$ $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0317P)^2 + 0.833P]$ $wR(F^2) = 0.099$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ S = 1.08 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ 1709 reflections $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³151 parameters $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.29$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

F(000) = 480

 $\theta = 2.7 - 25.7^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 0.58 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.048$

 $h = -4 \rightarrow 4$ $k = -12 \rightarrow 13$ $l = -26 \rightarrow 26$

Block, colourless

 $0.21 \times 0.1 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$

 $\theta_{\rm max} = 25.8^\circ, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 1.9^\circ$

1709 independent reflections 1376 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.728 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1700 reflections

Fractional	atomic	coordinates	and	isotropic	or ed	quivalent	isotropic	displa	acement	parameters	$(Å^2$?)
				1		(1			1	· · ·	/

x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
0.5670 (2)	0.33458 (7)	0.36148 (3)	0.0316 (2)	
0.4389 (8)	0.4860 (3)	0.33723 (13)	0.0297 (7)	
0.5448 (8)	0.5631 (3)	0.38116 (12)	0.0327 (7)	
0.487 (9)	0.631 (3)	0.3829 (14)	0.030 (10)*	
0.7091 (7)	0.5177 (2)	0.43328 (11)	0.0301 (6)	
0.7362 (8)	0.3992 (3)	0.42932 (13)	0.0259 (7)	
0.2779 (7)	0.5107 (2)	0.28964 (10)	0.0454 (6)	
0.8708 (8)	0.3270 (3)	0.47486 (13)	0.0349 (7)	
0.968 (9)	0.259 (3)	0.4641 (14)	0.035 (10)*	
0.983 (10)	0.364 (3)	0.5033 (17)	0.049 (11)*	
	x 0.5670 (2) 0.4389 (8) 0.5448 (8) 0.487 (9) 0.7091 (7) 0.7362 (8) 0.2779 (7) 0.8708 (8) 0.968 (9) 0.983 (10)	x y 0.5670 (2)0.33458 (7)0.4389 (8)0.4860 (3)0.5448 (8)0.5631 (3)0.5448 (8)0.631 (3)0.487 (9)0.631 (3)0.7091 (7)0.5177 (2)0.7362 (8)0.3992 (3)0.2779 (7)0.5107 (2)0.8708 (8)0.3270 (3)0.968 (9)0.259 (3)0.983 (10)0.364 (3)	xyz 0.5670 (2) 0.33458 (7) 0.36148 (3) 0.4389 (8) 0.4860 (3) 0.33723 (13) 0.5448 (8) 0.5631 (3) 0.38116 (12) 0.487 (9) 0.631 (3) 0.3829 (14) 0.7091 (7) 0.5177 (2) 0.43328 (11) 0.7362 (8) 0.3992 (3) 0.42932 (13) 0.2779 (7) 0.5107 (2) 0.28964 (10) 0.8708 (8) 0.3270 (3) 0.47486 (13) 0.968 (9) 0.259 (3) 0.4641 (14) 0.983 (10) 0.364 (3) 0.5033 (17)	xyz U_{iso}^*/U_{eq} 0.5670 (2)0.33458 (7)0.36148 (3)0.0316 (2)0.4389 (8)0.4860 (3)0.33723 (13)0.0297 (7)0.5448 (8)0.5631 (3)0.38116 (12)0.0327 (7)0.487 (9)0.631 (3)0.3829 (14)0.030 (10)*0.7091 (7)0.5177 (2)0.43328 (11)0.0301 (6)0.7362 (8)0.3992 (3)0.42932 (13)0.0259 (7)0.2779 (7)0.5107 (2)0.28964 (10)0.0454 (6)0.8708 (8)0.3270 (3)0.47486 (13)0.0349 (7)0.968 (9)0.259 (3)0.4641 (14)0.035 (10)*0.983 (10)0.364 (3)0.5033 (17)0.049 (11)*

S8	0.0629 (2)	1.02405 (7)	0.34352 (4)	0.0334 (2)
С9	0.2461 (8)	1.0171 (3)	0.41853 (13)	0.0294 (7)
N10	0.3361 (7)	0.9003 (2)	0.42943 (12)	0.0315 (6)
H10	0.438 (8)	0.884 (3)	0.4630 (14)	0.024 (8)*
N11	0.2747 (8)	0.8126 (2)	0.38422 (11)	0.0359 (7)
C12	0.1325 (8)	0.8645 (3)	0.33686 (13)	0.0296 (7)
013	0.2843 (7)	1.1052 (2)	0.45367 (10)	0.0458 (7)
N14	0.0397 (10)	0.8045 (4)	0.28504 (14)	0.0502 (9)
H14A	-0.052 (11)	0.853 (4)	0.2546 (19)	0.068 (13)*
H14B	0.074 (10)	0.738 (4)	0.2852 (17)	0.043 (12)*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U ²²	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0410 (5)	0.0227 (4)	0.0307 (4)	0.0018 (4)	-0.0078 (3)	-0.0059 (3)
C2	0.0324 (18)	0.0272 (17)	0.0295 (16)	0.0007 (14)	-0.0021 (13)	-0.0011 (13)
N3	0.0497 (19)	0.0174 (14)	0.0307 (15)	0.0063 (13)	-0.0095 (12)	-0.0019 (11)
N4	0.0401 (16)	0.0220 (14)	0.0278 (13)	0.0087 (12)	-0.0088 (11)	-0.0033 (11)
C5	0.0287 (17)	0.0221 (16)	0.0269 (15)	0.0020 (13)	0.0001 (12)	-0.0042 (12)
O6	0.0609 (17)	0.0390 (14)	0.0355 (13)	0.0025 (12)	-0.0201 (12)	0.0028 (11)
N7	0.0482 (19)	0.0240 (16)	0.0319 (15)	0.0073 (14)	-0.0118 (13)	-0.0026 (13)
S 8	0.0422 (5)	0.0250 (4)	0.0326 (4)	0.0077 (4)	-0.0091 (3)	0.0031 (3)
C9	0.0343 (18)	0.0242 (16)	0.0296 (16)	0.0068 (14)	-0.0037 (13)	0.0004 (13)
N10	0.0479 (18)	0.0233 (14)	0.0229 (13)	0.0116 (12)	-0.0093 (12)	-0.0023 (11)
N11	0.0550 (19)	0.0239 (14)	0.0284 (14)	0.0093 (13)	-0.0091 (12)	-0.0033 (11)
C12	0.0358 (19)	0.0242 (16)	0.0288 (16)	0.0051 (14)	-0.0027 (13)	-0.0019 (13)
O13	0.0714 (18)	0.0255 (13)	0.0400 (13)	0.0124 (12)	-0.0154 (12)	-0.0079 (11)
N14	0.079 (3)	0.036 (2)	0.0346 (18)	0.0114 (18)	-0.0230 (16)	-0.0056 (15)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C5	1.749 (3)	S8—C12	1.753 (3)	
S1—C2	1.786 (3)	S8—C9	1.769 (3)	
C2—O6	1.226 (4)	C9—O13	1.230 (3)	
C2—N3	1.328 (4)	C9—N10	1.329 (4)	
N3—N4	1.379 (3)	N10—N11	1.385 (3)	
N3—H3	0.77 (3)	N10—H10	0.84 (3)	
N4—C5	1.289 (4)	N11—C12	1.287 (4)	
C5—N7	1.357 (4)	C12—N14	1.345 (4)	
N7—H7A	0.86 (3)	N14—H14A	0.91 (4)	
N7—H7B	0.85 (4)	N14—H14B	0.73 (4)	
C5—S1—C2	88.81 (14)	C12—S8—C9	88.66 (14)	
O6—C2—N3	127.9 (3)	O13—C9—N10	126.7 (3)	
O6—C2—S1	125.5 (2)	O13—C9—S8	125.7 (2)	
N3—C2—S1	106.5 (2)	N10-C9-S8	107.6 (2)	
C2—N3—N4	120.0 (3)	C9—N10—N11	118.9 (3)	
С2—N3—H3	123 (2)	C9—N10—H10	118 (2)	

supporting information

N4—N3—H3	115 (2)	N11—N10—H10	123 (2)
C5—N4—N3	109.5 (2)	C12—N11—N10	109.6 (2)
N4—C5—N7	123.6 (3)	N11—C12—N14	124.4 (3)
N4—C5—S1	115.1 (2)	N11—C12—S8	115.2 (2)
N7—C5—S1	121.2 (2)	N14—C12—S8	120.4 (3)
C5—N7—H7A	117 (2)	C12—N14—H14A	115 (3)
C5—N7—H7A	117 (2)	C12—N14—H14A	115 (3)
C5—N7—H7B	116 (2)	C12—N14—H14B	115 (3)
H7A—N7—H7B	113 (3)	H14A—N14—H14B	130 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N3—H3…N11	0.77 (3)	2.12 (3)	2.891 (4)	174 (3)
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N14—H14 <i>A</i> ···O6 ^{iv}	0.91 (4)	2.14 (4)	3.005 (4)	159 (4)
N14—H14 <i>B</i> ···O6	0.73 (4)	2.58 (4)	3.306 (5)	173 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) x+1, y-1, z; (ii) -x+2, -y+1, -z+1; (iii) -x+1, -y+2, -z+1; (iv) -x, y+1/2, -z+1/2.