Supplementary Online Content

Hogan J, Orav EJ, Zhang T, et al. Radiotherapy utilization in traditional Medicare and Medicare Advantage. *JAMA Netw Open.* 2025;8(4):e253018. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2025.3018

- **eTable 1.** Patient Comorbidities Included in Sensitivity Analyses Listed by Hierarchical Condition Category
- eTable 2. ICD-10 Codes Used to Define Each of the 15 Cancer Types of Interest
- **eTable 3.** Regression Results for all Medicare Advantage Plans, Adjusted for Cancer Type, Age, Dual-Eligibility Status, and Patient Comorbidities
- **eTable 4.** Regression Results Adjusted for Cancer Type, Age, Dual-Eligibility Status, Patient Comorbidities, County, and RT Center Type
- eTable 5. Mean Unadjusted Number of Treatments for All Modalities and Majority Modality Only
- **eFigure 1.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes Overall, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 2.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Anal Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 3.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Bladder Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 4.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Bone Metastases, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 5.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Brain Metastases, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 6.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Breast Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 7.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Cervical Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 8.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for CNS Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 9.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Colorectal Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 10.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Head and Neck Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 11.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Lung Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 12.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Lymphoma, MA vs TM, 2018

- **eFigure 13.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Pancreatic Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 14.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Prostate Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 15.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Upper Gastrointestinal Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018
- **eFigure 16.** Radiotherapy Technology Type Utilization Across 90-Day Radiation Therapy Episodes for Uterine Cancer, MA vs TM, 2018

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable 1. Patient comorbidities included in sensitivity analyses listed by Hierarchical Condition Category (HCC)

Characteristics Category Overall			N Episodes MA	SMD
Overall		22,594	8969	
HCC1 HIV/AIDS		39 (0.17%)	19 (0.21%)	-0.0092
HCC2 Septicemia, Seps Inflammatory Res	is, Systemic sponse Syndrome/Shock	2191 (9.70%)	858 (9.57%)	0.0044
HCC6 Opportunistic Inf	ections	238 (1.05%)	97 (1.08%)	-0.0027
HCC8 Metastatic Cance	r and Acute Leukemia	8885 (39.32%)	3220 (35.90%)	0.0704
HCC9 Lung and Other S	evere Cancers	2994 (13.25%)	1149 (12.81%)	0.0130
HCC10 Lymphoma and C	Other Cancers	1663 (7.36%)	617 (6.88%)	0.0186
HCC11 Colorectal, Bladd	er, and Other Cancers	1317 (5.83%)	561 (6.25%)	-0.0180
HCC12 Breast, Prostate, Tumors	and Other Cancers and	6255 (27.68%)	2567 (28.62%)	-0.0209
HCC21 Protein-Calorie N	1alnutrition	2922 (12.93%)	1126 (12.55%)	0.0113
HCC22 Morbid Obesity		1015 (4.49%)	366 (4.08%)	0.0201
HCC23 Other Significant Metabolic Disord		1760 (7.79%)	630 (7.02%)	0.0289
HCC27 End-Stage Liver D	Disease	185 (0.82%)	61 (0.68%)	0.0158
HCC28 Cirrhosis of Liver		178 (0.79%)	66 (0.74%)	0.0059
HCC29 Chronic Hepatitis		97 (0.43%)	34 (0.38%)	0.0078
HCC33 Intestinal Obstru	ction/Perforation	810 (3.59%)	319 (3.56%)	0.0015
HCC34 Chronic Pancreat	itis	83 (0.37%)	28 (0.31%)	0.0093
HCC35 Inflammatory Bo	wel Disease	210 (0.93%)	81 (0.90%)	0.0028
HCC39 Bone/Joint/Musc	le Infections/Necrosis	250 (1.11%)	74 (0.83%)	0.0279
HCC40 Rheumatoid Arth Connective Tissue	ritis and Inflammatory e Disease	1065 (4.71%)	383 (4.27%)	0.0212
HCC46 Severe Hematolo	gical Disorders	205 (0.91%)	77 (0.86%)	0.0052
HCC47 Disorders of Imm	unity	2764 (12.23%)	1056 (11.77%)	0.0141
HCC48 Coagulation Defe Hematological Di	cts and Other Specified sorders	2450 (10.84%)	876 (9.77%)	0.0351
HCC51 Dementia With C	omplications	NA	NA	NA
HCC52 Dementia Withou	ut Complication	NA	NA	NA
HCC54 Drug/Alcohol Psy	chosis	18 (0.08%)	NA	NA
HCC55 Drug/Alcohol Dep	pendence	478 (2.12%)	208 (2.23%)	-0.0140
HCC57 Schizophrenia		62 (0.27%)	21 (0.23%)	0.0079
HCC58 Major Depressive Disorders	e, Bipolar, and Paranoid	612 (2.71%)	192 (2.14%)	0.0361
HCC70 Quadriplegia		37 (0.16%)	NA	NA
HCC71 Paraplegia		91 (0.40%)	38 (0.42%)	-0.0033
HCC72 Spinal Cord Disor	ders/Injuries	455 (2.01%)	156 (1.74%)	0.0199
HCC73 Amyotrophic Late Motor Neuron Di	eral Sclerosis and Other sease	NA	NA	NA
HCC74 Cerebral Palsy		14 (0.06%)	NA	NA

HCC75	Polyneuropathy	602 (2.66%)	187 (2.08%)	0.0371
HCC76	Muscular Dystrophy	NA	NA	NA
HCC77	Multiple Sclerosis	67 (0.30%)	19 (0.21%)	0.0162
HCC78	Parkinson's and Huntington's Diseases	187 (0.83%)	76 (0.85%)	-0.0022
HCC79	Seizure Disorders and Convulsions	958 (4.24%)	332 (3.70%)	0.0272
HCC80	Coma, Brain Compression/Anoxic Damage	1508 (6.67%)	526 (5.86%)	0.0330
HCC82	Respirator Dependence/Tracheostomy Status	196 (0.87%)	87 (0.97%)	-0.0109
HCC83	Respiratory Arrest	14 (0.06%)	NA	NA
HCC84	Cardio-Respiratory Failure and Shock	2834 (12.54%)	1133 (12.63%)	-0.0027
HCC86	Acute Myocardial Infarction	656 (2.90%)	207 (2.31%)	0.0365
HCC87	Unstable Angina and Other Acute Ischemic Heart Disease	368 (1.63%)	136 (1.52%)	0.0090
HCC88	Angina Pectoris	334 (1.48%)	127 (1.42%)	0.0052
HCC99	Cerebral Hemorrhage	389 (1.72%)	146 (1.63%)	0.0073
HCC100	Ischemic or Unspecified Stroke	547 (2.42%)	204 (2.27%)	0.0096
HCC103	Hemiplegia/Hemiparesis	685 (3.03%)	221 (2.46%)	0.0340
HCC104	Monoplegia, Other Paralytic Syndromes	95 (0.42%)	20 (0.22%)	0.0328
HCC106	Atherosclerosis of the Extremities with Ulceration or Gangrene	107 (0.47%)	38 (0.42%)	0.0074
HCC110	Cystic Fibrosis	NA	NA	NA
HCC112	Fibrosis of Lung and Other Chronic Lung Disorders	525 (2.32%)	140 (1.56%)	0.0531
HCC114	Aspiration and Specified Bacterial Pneumonias	826 (3.66%)	337 (3.76%)	-0.0054
HCC115	Pneumococcal Pneumonia, Empyema, Lung Abscess	456 (2.02%)	188 (2.10%)	-0.0055
HCC122	Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy and Vitreous Hemorrhage	19 (0.08%)	NA	NA
HCC124	Exudative Macular Degeneration	40 (0.18%)	NA	NA
HCC134	Dialysis Status	165 (0.73%)	61(0.68%)	0.0059
HCC135	Acute Renal Failure	2834 (12.54%)	1176 (13.11%)	-0.0171
HCC136	Chronic Kidney Disease, Stage 5	33 (0.15%)	14 (0.16%)	-0.0026
HCC137	Chronic Kidney Disease, Severe (Stage 4)	118 (0.52%)	46 (0.51%)	0.0013
HCC138	Chronic Kidney Disease, Moderate (Stage 3)	NA	NA	NA
HCC139	Chronic Kidney Disease, Mild or Unspecified (Stages 1-2 or Unspecified)	NA	NA	NA
HCC140	Unspecified Renal Failure	NA	NA	NA
HCC141	Nephritis	NA	NA	NA
HCC157	Pressure Ulcer of Skin with Necrosis Through to Muscle, Tendon, or Bone	43 (0.19%)	20 (0.22%)	-0.0073
HCC158	Pressure Ulcer of Skin with Full Thickness Skin Loss	185 (0.82%)	60 (0.67%)	0.0171

HCC159	Pressure Ulcer of Skin with Partial Thickness Skin Loss	NA	NA	NA
HCC160	Pressure Pre-Ulcer Skin Changes or Unspecified Stage	NA	NA	NA
HCC161	Chronic Ulcer of Skin, Except Pressure	325 (1.44%)	76 (0.85%)	0.0528
HCC162	Severe Skin Burn or Condition	NA	NA	NA
HCC166	Severe Head Injury	NA	NA	NA
HCC167	Major Head Injury	168 (0.74%)	60 (0.67%)	0.0088
HCC169	Vertebral Fractures without Spinal Cord Injury	683 (3.02%)	257 (2.87%)	0.0093
HCC170	Hip Fracture/Dislocation	455 (2.01%)	159 (1.77%)	0.0175
HCC173	Traumatic Amputations and Complications	52 (0.23%)	16 (0.18%)	0.0112
HCC176	Complications of Specified Implanted Device or Graft	805 (3.56%)	305 (3.40%)	0.0088
HCC186	Major Organ Transplant or Replacement Status	123 (0.53%)	46 (0.51%)	0.0043
HCC188	Artificial Openings for Feeding or Elimination	1210 (5.36%)	471 (5.25%)	0.0046
HCC189	Amputation Status, Lower Limb/Amputation Complications	99 (0.44%)	44 (0.49%)	-0.0078

TM: Traditional Medicare, MA: Medicare Advantage, SMD: Standardized Mean Difference, HCC: Hierarchical Condition Category. Values <12 were unable to reported for privacy reasons and are marked as NA.

eTable 2. *ICD-10* codes used to define each of the 15 cancer types of interest

Cancer Type	ICD-10 Codes
Anal	C21.xx
Bladder	C67.xx
Bone Metastases	C79.5x
Brain Metastases	C79.3x
Breast	C50.xx, D05.xx
Cervical	C53.xx
Central Nervous System	C70.xx, C71.xx, C72.xx
Colorectal	C18.xx, C19.xx, C20.xx
Head & Neck	C00.xx, C01.xx, C02.xx, C03.xx, C04.xx, C05.xx, C06.xx, C07.xx, C08.xx, C09.xx, C10.xx, C11.xx, C12.xx, C13.xx, C14.xx, C30.xx, C31.xx, C32.xx, C76.0x
Lung	C33.xx, C34.xx, C39.xx, C45.xx
Lymphoma	C81.xx, C82.xx, C83.xx, C84.xx, C85.xx, C86.xx, C88.xx, C91.4x
Pancreatic	C25.xx
Prostate	C61.xx
Upper Gastrointestinal	C15.xx, C16.xx, C17.xx
Uterine	C54.xx, C55.xx

ICD: International Classification of Diseases.

eTable 3. Regression results for all Medicare Advantage plans, adjusted for cancer type, age, dual-eligibility status, and patient comorbidities

	MA [95% CI] n=12,509	TM [95% CI] n=22,553	OR/RR [95% CI]	P value	
	Type of Radiation Treat	ment Technology (% of Episodes)			
2D/3D Conventional	n=5624	n=9578	1.19 [1.12, 1.26]	< 0.001	
	44.88% [44.22%, 45.55%]	42.39% [41.89%, 42.88%]			
Intensity Modulated	n=4720	n=8353	1.05 [0.99, 1.11]	0.12	
	37.66% [36.98%, 38.33%]	36.97% [36.47%, 37.47%]			
Proton	n=69	n=371	0.33 [0.26, 0.43]	< 0.001	
	0.55% [0.35%, 0.74%]	1.64% [1.50%, 1.78%]			
Stereotactic	n=1659	n=3385	0.83 [0.77, 0.89]	<0.001	
5 1 1	13.24% [12.70%, 13.78%]	14.98% [14.58%, 15.38%]	0.00 [0.77.4.04]	0.067	
Brachytherapy	n=437	n=868	0.88 [0.77, 1.01]	0.067	
	3.49% [3.19%, 3.78%]	3.84% [3.62%, 4.06%]			
0		Length (Number of Treatments)	1.00 [1.00 1.00]	10.001	
Overall	21.07 [20.87 ,21.26]	19.50 [19.35 ,19.64]	1.08 [1.06, 1.09]	<0.001	
2D/3D Conventional	17.19 [16.98 ,17.41]	16.02 [15.86 ,16.19]	1.07 [1.05, 1.09]	<0.001	
Intensity Modulated	32.53 [32.24 ,32.82]	30.67 [30.44 ,30.89]	1.06 [1.05, 1.08]	<0.001	
Proton	35.42 [33.25 ,37.60]	31.79 [30.84 ,32.73]	1.11 [1.02, 1.21]	0.012	
Stereotactic	4.23 [4.14 ,4.32]	3.93 [3.87 ,3.99]	1.08 [1.04, 1.11]	<0.001	
Brachytherapy	7.35 [7.02 ,7.68]	7.11 [6.86 ,7.35]	1.04 [0.98, 1.10]	0.19	
Radiation Therapy Spending (Dollars)					
Overall	\$8408.44 [\$8314.27, \$8502.6]	\$8395.20 [\$8325.14, \$8465.25]	1.02 [1.00, 1.03]	0.021	
2D/3D Conventional	\$4332.86 [\$4270.38, \$4395.3]	\$3966.43 [\$3919.18, \$4013.69]	1.08 [1.01, 1.11]	<0.001	
Intensity Modulated	\$13,399.64 [\$13,255.88, \$13,543.41]	\$13,398.30 [\$13,288.79, \$13,507.81]	1.02 [1.01, 1.04]	0.0041	
Proton	\$34,709.37 [\$32,447.34, \$36,971.41]	\$31,604.74 [\$30,623.23, \$32,586.24]	1.10 [0.99, 1.21]	0.075	
Stereotactic	\$8022.37 [\$7876.20, \$8168.5]	\$7508.55 [\$7407.88, \$7609.22]	1.07 [1.04, 1.10]	<0.001	
Brachytherapy	\$3660.11 [\$3496.56 <i>,</i> \$3823.66]	\$3152.78 [\$3032.85, \$3272.72]	1.27 [1.18, 1.37]	<0.001	

MA: Medicare Advantage, TM: Traditional Medicare, 2D: two-dimensional, 3D: three-dimensional, OR: Odds Ratio, RR: Rate Ratio, CI: Confidence Interval. Columns MA and TM contain predictive means from alternative linear regression models. Columns OR/RR (95% CI) contains the odds ratio/rate ratio with 95% CI using logistic regression when estimating the proportion of episodes using each treatment technology, a negative binomial model when estimating treatment length, and a log gamma regression model when estimating spending. For this analysis, covariates included insurance type (TM vs MA), cancer type, age, dual-eligibility status, and patient comorbidities. These results were obtained using data from all MA plans.

eTable 4. Regression results adjusted for cancer type, age, dual-eligibility status, patient comorbidities, county, RT center type

	MA No [95% CI] n=8957	TM [95% CI] n=22,553	OR/RR [95% CI]	P value	
	Type of Radiation Trea	tment Technology (% of Episodes)			
2D/3D Conventional	n=3998	n=9548	1.21 [1.12, 1.30]	< 0.001	
	44.58% [43.80%, 45.36%]	42.26% [41.79%, 42.73%]			
Intensity Modulated	n=3318	n=8419	0.98 [0.91, 1.06]	0.58	
	36.99% [36.21%, 37.77%]	37.26% [36.79%, 37.74%]			
Proton	n=45	n=380	0.26 [0.19, 0.38]	<0.001	
	0.5% [0.27%, 0.73%]	1.68% [1.54%, 1.82%]			
Stereotactic	n=1257	n=3369	0.88 [0.80, 0.97]	0.013	
D 1 11	14.01% [13.37%, 14.46%]	14.91% [14.52%, 15.30%]	4.04[0.00.4.05]	0.77	
Brachytherapy	n=339	n=838	1.04 [0.80, 1.35]	0.77	
	3.78% [3.51%, 4.05%]	3.71% [3.54%, 3.87%]			
0		Length (Number of Treatments)	1 00 [1 00 1 10]	10.001	
Overall	21.29 [21.06, 21.51]	19.51 [19.37, 19.65]	1.08 [1.06, 1.10]	<0.001	
2D/3D Conventional	17.43 [17.19, 17.67]	15.95 [15.81, 16.10]	1.08 [1.06, 1.10]	<0.001	
Intensity Modulated	33.39 [33.06, 33.71]	30.54 [30.35, 30.74]	1.09 [1.07, 1.10]	<0.001	
Proton	37.35 [35.24, 39.46]	31.80 [31.15, 32.45]	1.15 [1.07, 1.24]	<0.001	
Stereotactic	4.31 [4.22, 4.41]	3.93 [3.88, 3.98]	1.10 [1.05, 1.14]	<0.001	
Brachytherapy	7.51 [7.23, 7.80]	7.21 [7.05, 7.36]	1.05 [0.98, 1.13]	0.15	
Radiation Therapy Spending (Dollars)					
Overall	\$8724.63 [\$8615.32, \$8833.94]	\$8374.51 [8308.15, \$8440.88]	1.04 [1.02, 1.06]	<0.001	
2D/3D Conventional	\$4343.54 [\$4275.64 <i>,</i> \$4411.43]	\$3943.86 [\$3902.98, \$3984.75]	1.08 [1.06, 1.11]	<0.001	
Intensity Modulated	\$14,309.68 [\$14,162.56, \$14,456.80]	\$13,222.20 [\$13,131.81, \$13,312.59]	1.09 [1.07, 1.11]	<0.001	
Proton	\$36,089 .29(\$34,007.65, \$38,170.92]	\$31,703.40 [\$31,064.29, \$32,342.51]	1.11 [1.01, 1.23]	0.037	
Stereotactic	\$8234.16 [\$8071.09, \$8397.24]	\$7488.45 [\$7400.08, \$7576.83]	1.09 [1.06, 1.12]	<0.001	
Brachytherapy	\$3698.87 [\$3545.54, \$3852.20]	\$3231.91 [\$3151.08, \$3312.74]	1.25 [1.17, 1.34]	<0.001	

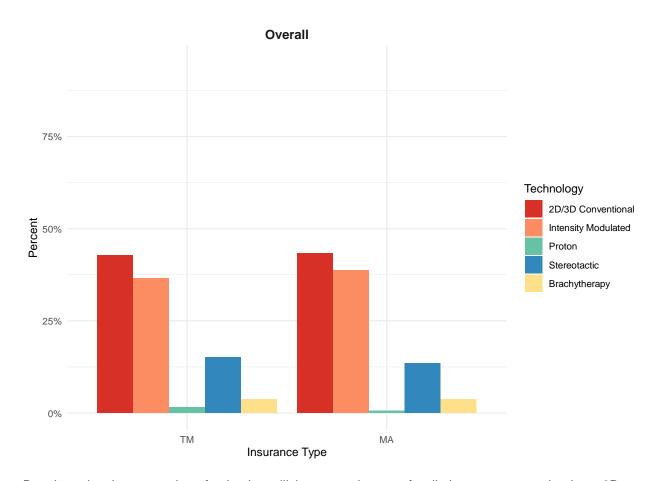
MA: Medicare Advantage, TM: Traditional Medicare, 2D: two-dimensional, 3D: three-dimensional, OR: Odds Ratio, RR: Rate Ratio, CI: Confidence Interval. Columns MA and TM contain predictive means from alternative linear regression models. County was adjusted for using fixed effects. Columns OR/RR (95% CI) contains the odds ratio/rate ratio with 95% CI using logistic regression when estimating the proportion of episodes using each treatment technology, a negative binomial model when estimating treatment length, and a log gamma regression model when estimating spending. For this analysis, covariates included insurance type (TM vs MA), cancer type, age, dual-eligibility status, patient comorbidities, county (fixed effects), and RT center type.

eTable 5. Mean unadjusted number of treatments for all modalities and majority modality only

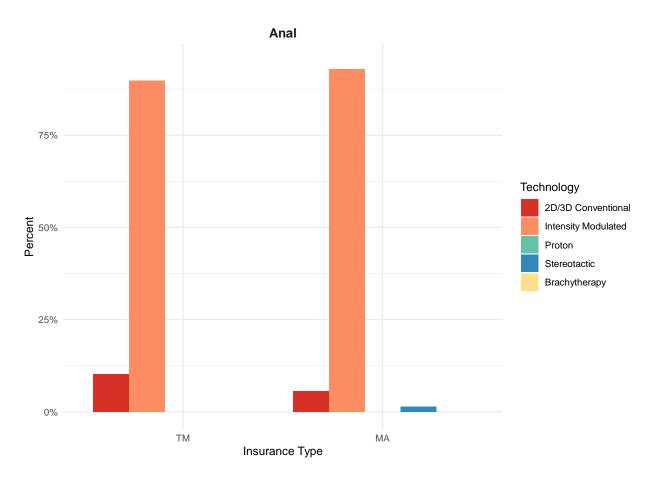
	MA	ТМ	
	Mean N RT Treatments (Majority Modality Only)		
2D/3D Conventional	17.30	15.90	
Intensity Modulated	33.51	29.95	
Proton	36.88	31.46	
Stereotactic	4.31	3.92	
Brachytherapy	7.53	7.16	
	Mean N RT Treatments (All Modalities)		
2D/3D Conventional	17.46	15.94	
Intensity Modulated	33.98	30.29	
Proton	37.18	31.83	
Stereotactic	4.31	3.93	
Brachytherapy	7.61	7.17	

MA: Medicare Advantage, TM: Traditional Medicare, 2D: two-dimensional, 3D: three-dimensional, RT: radiotherapy

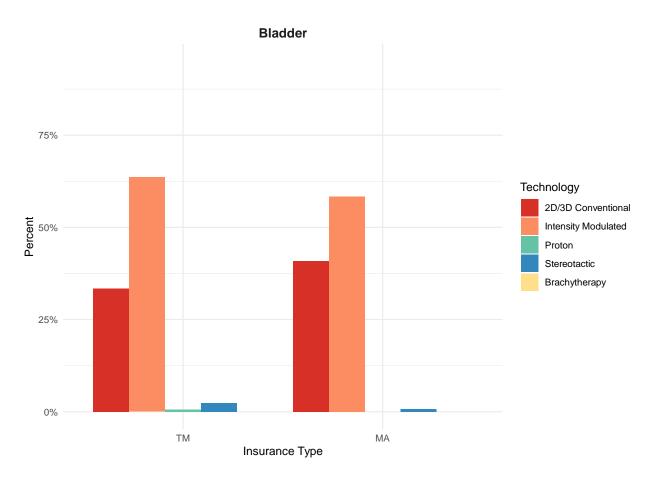
eFigure 1. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes overall, for MA vs TM, 2018



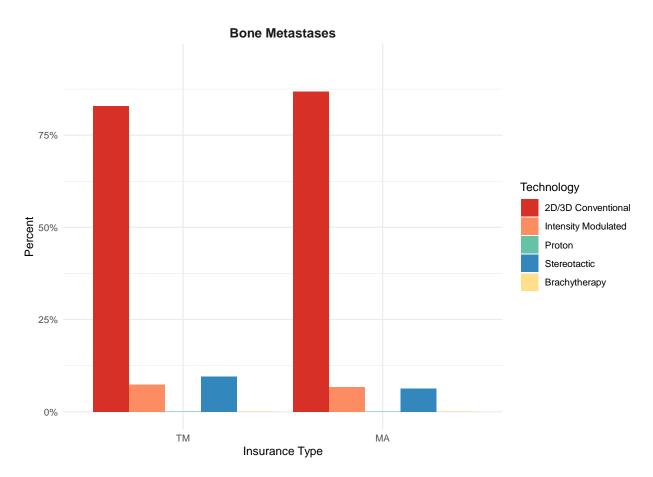
eFigure 2. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for anal cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



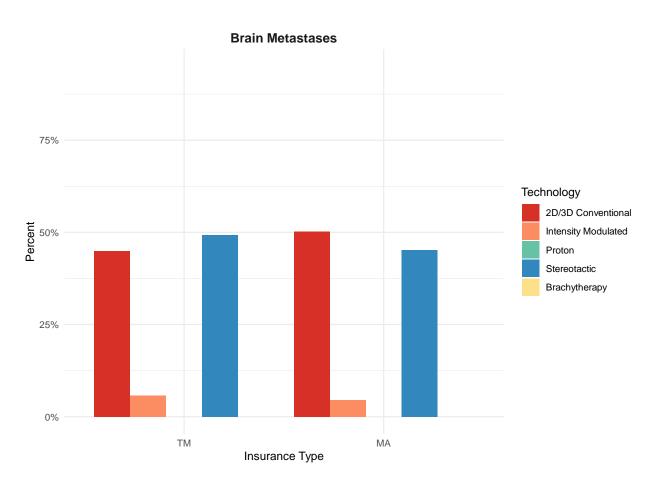
eFigure 3. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for bladder cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



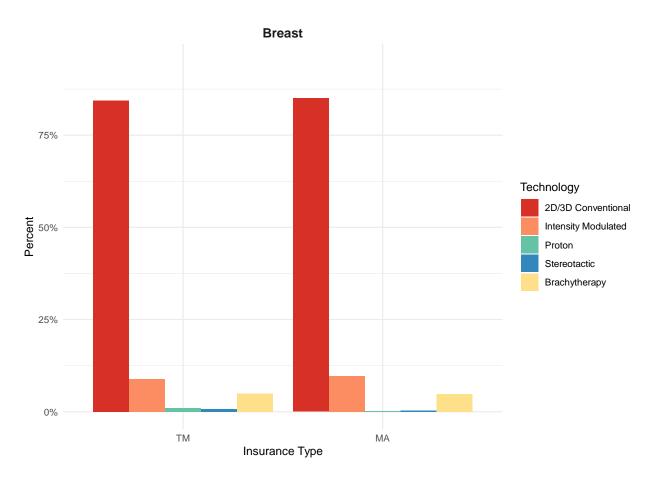
eFigure 4. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for bone metastases, MA vs TM, 2018



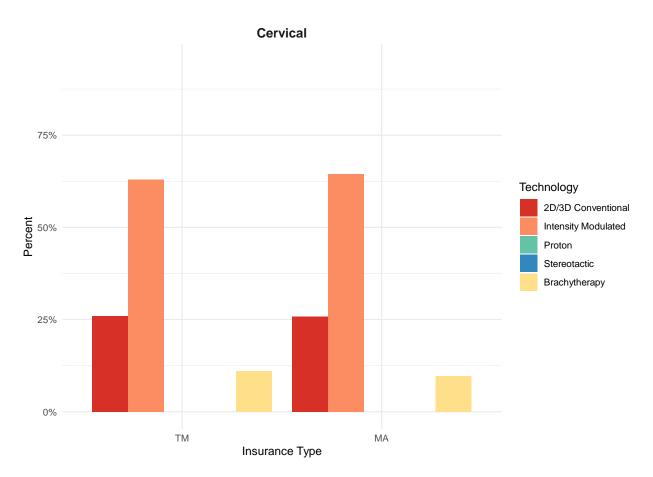
eFigure 5. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for brain metastases, MA vs TM, 2018



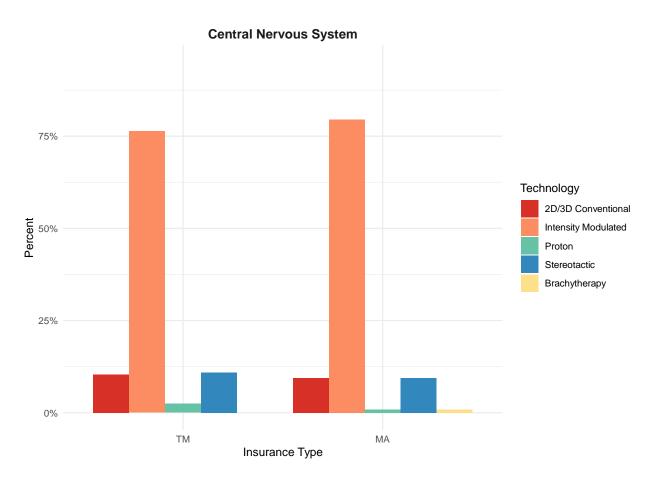
eFigure 6. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for breast cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



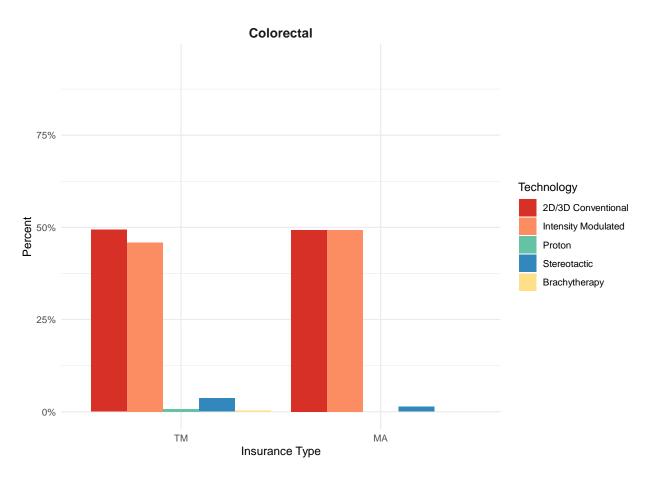
eFigure 7. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for cervical cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



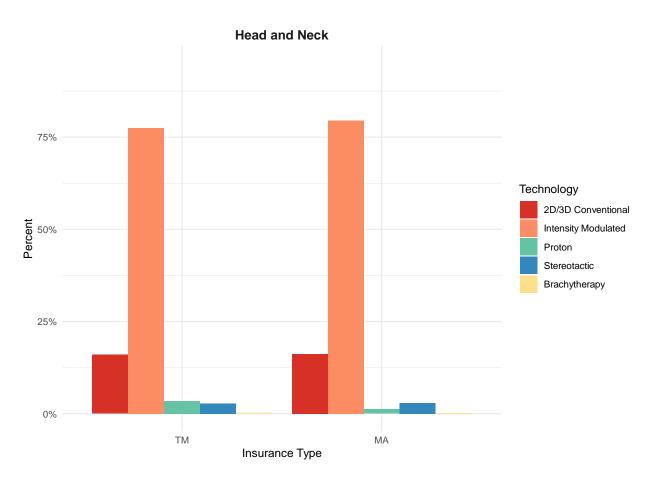
eFigure 8. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for CNS cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



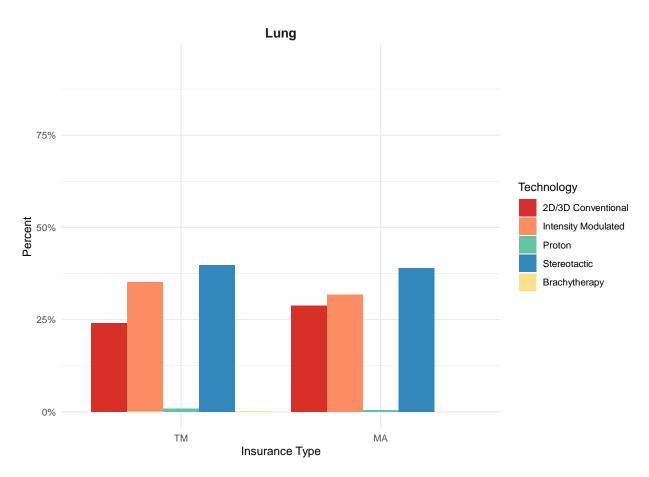
eFigure 9. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for colorectal cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



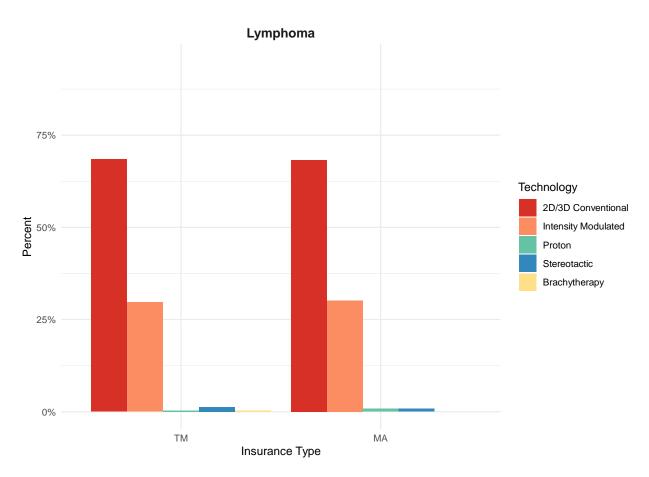
eFigure 10. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for head and neck cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



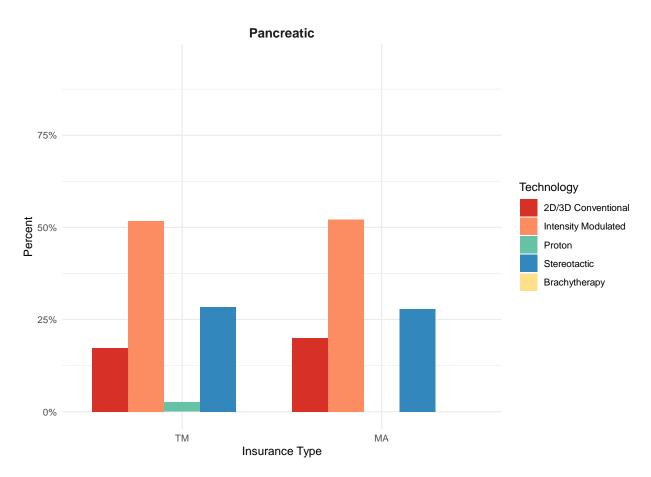
eFigure 11. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for lung cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



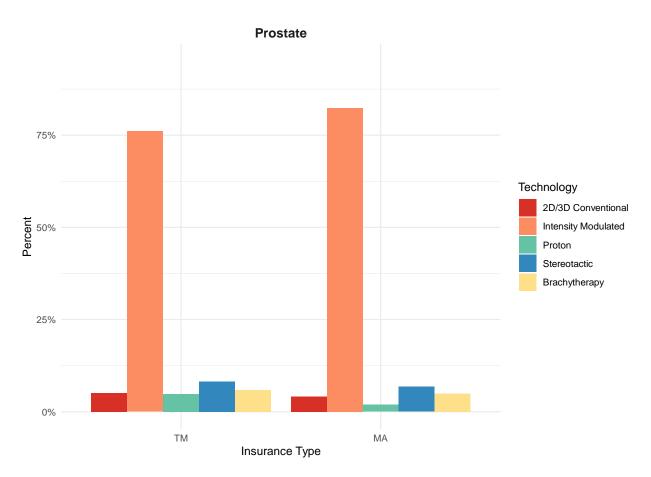
eFigure 12. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for lymphoma, MA vs TM, 2018



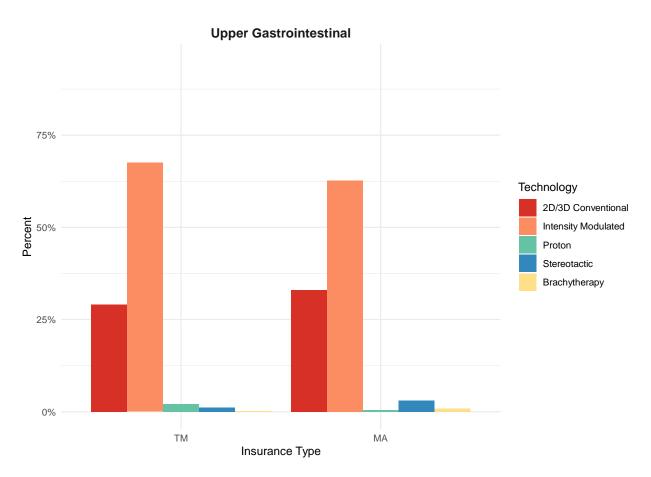
eFigure 13. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for pancreatic cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



eFigure 14. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for prostate cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



eFigure 15. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for upper gastrointestinal cancer, MA vs TM, 2018



eFigure 16. Radiotherapy technology type utilization across 90-day radiation therapy episodes for uterine cancer, MA vs TM, 2018

