

Anidulafungin

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Lack of efficacy: case report

A study involving 47 patients described an 88-year-old woman, who exhibited lack of efficacy during treatment with anidulafungin for *Candida auris* fungaemia.

The woman was admitted to a hospital in Brazil due to urinary tract infection and delirium. She was also diagnosed with COVID-19. She had other comorbidities including dementia, hypertension and diabetes mellitus. She underwent invasive procedures including placement of central venous catheter and was started on mechanical ventilation. After 11 days of hospitalisation, she was diagnosed bloodstream infection by *Candida auris* (fungaemia). She started receiving treatment with anidulafungin [dosage and route not stated]. Despite receiving treatment with anidulafungin, she died due to *Candida auris* fungaemia (lack of efficacy).

Nobrega de Almeida J, et al. Axillary Digital Thermometers uplifted a multidrug-susceptible *Candida auris* outbreak among COVID-19 patients in Brazil. *Mycoses* 64: 1062-1072, No. 9, Sep 2021. Available from: URL: <http://doi.org/10.1111/myc.13320>

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