High Rate of Overlapping Question Content Among Commonly Used Patient-Reported Outcome Measurements for Anterior Cruciate Ligament Injury



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Purpose: To precisely compare the questions and content between the most commonly cited knee-specific patient-reported outcome measurements (PROs) for anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) injury. **Methods:** A literature review through Medline from November 1, 2018, to November 1, 2020, was performed to find the most cited knee-specific PROs for assessment of ACL injuries. Each question was then classified as 1) identical, similar, or unique; 2) pertaining to 1 of 6 domains (pain, symptoms, functional activities, occupational activities, sports/recreation, and quality of life). The PROs were then compared to each other to assess question overlap and domain coverage. **Results:** A total of 133 questions were analyzed from the seven most common PROs: International Knee Documentation Committee (IKDC) form, Knee Injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score (KOOS), Lysholm Knee Scoring Scale, Tegner Activity Scale, Marx Scale, Knee Outcome Survey (KOS), and Cincinnati Knee Rating System (CKRS). The total distribution of identical (31.6%), similar (31.6%), and unique (36.8%) questions was found to be relatively even. However, this distribution varied within each PRO. KOS and Lysholm had the highest percentages of identical questions (64% and 62.5%, respectively). KOOS had the highest number of unique questions (26/42, 61.9%), while Tegner held the highest percentage (11/16, 68.8%). Sports/recreation was the only domain assessed by all PROs. **Conclusion:** Nearly two-thirds of questions overlap between the commonly used PROs for ACL injury. Although sports/recreation is assessed by all PROs, each has its own pattern of coverage across this and other domains. **Level of Evidence:** IV, cross-sectional study.

Introduction

Outcome measures are valuable instruments in assessment of injury, surgery, and rehabilitation. A standardized manner of evaluation allows

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comparisons between patients, treatments, and studies. These comparisons provide further knowledge and enable clinicians to deliver the highest level of evidence-based medicine. However, studies that examine the same disease process often use different patient-reported outcomes (PROs), making comparisons between studies challenging.

In a 2020 consensus meeting that sought to establish a standardized evaluation of ACL treatment, patientreported outcome (PROs) measures were identified as one of four robust outcome categories; the other three being early adverse events, ACL graft failure/recurrent ligament disruption, and clinical measures of knee function and structure.¹ A 2015 consensus also recognized PROs as part of the criteria for successful outcome following ACL injury or reconstruction.² PROs allow patients to give a direct report of their health condition.³ Previous studies in orthopaedic populations have shown that clinicians, as compared to patients, rate symptoms as less severe and function as better. This discrepancy supports the notion that patient-relevant data should be collected from patients themselves.⁴

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Clinicians can use these questionnaires to understand what matters most to patients, such as symptoms with daily activities.⁵

Although earlier studies have assessed the validity and applicability of PROs in evaluating patients with ACL injuries,^{1,6–8} no study has examined exactly how similar these PROs are to each other. Understanding the question content of PROs may allow clinicians and researchers to select the appropriate measurement for a given study or population.

The purpose of this study is to precisely compare the questions and domain coverage between the most commonly cited knee-specific PROs for ACL injury. Our hypothesis is that there is significant overlap (identical or similar questions) between different PROs; however, each PRO may offer a different perspective based on its question composition and focus.

Methods

A literature review was performed through Medline using "anterior cruciate ligament" [title] AND "patient reported outcome*" from November 1, 2018, to November 1, 2020. This literature search was limited to the preceding 2 years in an effort to capture the most current usage. Duplicate studies and those that did not mention a specific PRO were excluded. From the remaining studies, the most frequently used kneespecific PROs were determined.

Questions from each PRO were then analyzed. Each question was first classified as "identical," "similar," or "unique." A question that was repeated in another PRO was labeled "identical." A question that imprecisely asked about the same activity or symptom was labeled "similar." A question that did not appear in another PRO was labeled "unique." The classification for each question was agreed upon by all authors. PROs were then compared to each other to determine the amount of overlap (identical and similar questions) and uniqueness.

Next, in reviewing the content of all questions, it was determined that each question could be characterized as pertaining to one of six domains: pain, symptoms, functional activities, sports/recreation, quality of life, and occupational. Again, the domain classification for each question was agreed upon by all authors. Each PRO was then assessed for the degree of coverage across the various domains.

Results

PRO Questionnaires

As depicted in Fig 1, literature review of ACL studies involving PROs within the preceding 2 years yielded 126 studies. Six studies did not identify a specific PRO. One study was copublished in more than one journal. Of the remaining 119 studies, the most commonly used knee-specific PROs were the International Knee Documentation Committee (IKDC) form, Knee Injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score (KOOS), Lysholm Knee Scoring Scale, Tegner Activity Scale, Marx Scale, Knee Outcome Survey (KOS), and Cincinnati Knee Rating System (CKRS) (Appendix 1).

The most frequently used PRO, found in 83 studies (69.7%), was the IKDC form. The IKDC was formed in 1987 by a group of clinicians who felt there was a need for a standardized method to quantify the disability caused by knee ligament injuries and the results of treatment. The IKDC Knee Ligament Standard

	Percent of Studies	Publication Date	Domains	Number of Questions
IKDC	69.7%	2001	Pain, symptoms, functional activities, sports/recreation	19
KOOS	60.5%	1998	Pain, symptoms, functional activities, sports/recreation, quality of life	42
Lysholm	43.7%	1982	Pain, symptoms, functional activities	8
Tegner	37.0%	1985	Functional activities, sports/recreation, occupational	11
Marx	10.9%	2001	Sports/recreation	4
KOS	7.6%	1998	Pain, symptoms, functional activities, sports/recreation	25
CKRS	6.7%	1983	Pain, symptoms, functional activities, sports/recreation, occupational	19

Table 1. The most common knee-specific PROs cited in studies pertaining to ACL injury between November 1, 2018, and November 1, 2020

ACL, anterior cruciate ligament; CKRS, Cincinnati Knee Rating System; IKDC, International Knee Documentation Committee; KOOS, Knee Injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score; KOS, Knee Outcome Survey; PROs, patient-reported outcomes.

Evaluation Form was subsequently published in 1993.⁹ In 1997, the American Orthopaedic Society for Sports Medicine (AOSSM) moved to revise the form to broaden its application, including ligament and meniscal injuries, articular cartilage lesions, arthritis, and patellofemoral conditions. The resultant IKDC Subjective Knee Form was published in 2001 and has 19 questions divided in three sections: 1) symptoms, including pain, stiffness, swelling, locking/catching, and giving way; 2) sports and daily activities; and 3) current knee function and knee function prior to knee injury.¹⁰

The next most common PRO was the KOOS, cited in 72 studies (60.5%). The KOOS was published in 1998 as an instrument to assess young and middle-aged patients with ACL injury, meniscus injury, or post-traumatic osteoarthritis.¹¹ The creators of KOOS emphasized "patient-relevant outcomes," covering five dimensions: pain, symptoms, activities of daily living, sport and recreation function, and knee-related quality of life. Among the 42 questions is the Western Ontario and MacMaster Universities (WOMAC) Osteoarthritis Index, widely used in the evaluation of patients with hip and knee osteoarthritis.^{11,12}

The Lysholm and Tegner forms appeared in 52 (43.7%) and 44 (37%) studies, respectively. The Lysholm Knee Scoring Scale was originally published in 1982 to evaluate outcomes of knee ligament surgery, particularly symptoms of instability.¹³ The scale was revised in 1985, at the same time that the Tegner Activity Score was introduced. The Tegner score was intended for use in conjunction with the Lysholm. The Lysholm scale asks about 8 items: limp, support, locking, instability, pain, swelling, stair-climbing, and squatting. To complement this, the Tegner scale consists of a graduated list of sports/recreation, functional, and occupational activities. The patient selects the option that best describes their activity level at a given time point (i.e., current level, before injury or following surgery).

On the 11-item Tegner Activity Scale, there was occasionally more than one domain asked in a single query. For example, one item combined "sedentary work" (occupational) and "walking on even ground" (functional activities). The decision was made to treat these combined items separately, yielding instead a total of 16 questions for analysis.

The more recently created (2001) Marx scale was used in 13 studies (10.9%). The goal of the Marx scale is to provide information on a patient's baseline level of activity.¹⁴ Its authors explained that a patient's activity level must be taken into account when evaluating their outcome. Namely, active patients will have different expectations and demands than patients who are relatively sedentary. The questionnaire was purposely designed with the goal that it could be completed in 1 minute, so as to allow use with other instruments. With this focus, the Marx scale asks about four activities: running, cutting, deceleration, and pivoting. By choosing not to base questions on specific sports, authors are able to compare patients across different activities. The Marx scale distinguishes itself from the Tegner Activity Score by evaluating both the type of activity and the amount of participation time.

Nine studies (7.6%) employed the KOS. Its 1998 publication explains that the questionnaire was developed from existing instruments, including the CKRS, Lysholm, WOMAC, and IKDC.¹⁵ The KOS consists of 25 questions within two scales: the Activities of Daily Living Scale (KOS-ADLS) and the Sports Activity Scale (KOS-SAS). The questions address symptoms and functional limitations experienced during activities of daily living and sports activities.

Finally, the CKRS was used in 8 studies (6.7%) and consisted of 19 questions. Its first version, published in 1983, focused on knee function in athletic participation.^{16,17} It has been subsequently revised with

Domain	Question	IKDC	KOOS	Lysholm	Tegner	Marx	KOS	Cincinnati
Pain	Pain			+			+	+
Symptom	Swelling		+	+			+	+
	Limping			+			+	
	(Slipping or) Partial giving way						+	+
	(Buckling or) Full giving way						+	+
Functional	Go upstairs (ascending)	+	+				+	
activities	Go down stairs (descending)	+	+				+	
	Stairs			+				+
	Kneel on the front of your knee	+					+	
	Squatting	+		+			+	
	Sit with your knee bent	+					+	
	Rise from a chair	+					+	
	Standing		+				+	
	Walking						+	+
Sports/recreation	Running straight	+					+	+
	Jump and land on involved/affected leg	+					+	+
	Stop and start quickly	+					+	

Table 2. Identical Questions

IKDC, International Knee Documentation Committee; KOOS, Knee Injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score; KOS, Knee Outcome Survey.

additional scales and modifications for occupational activities, athletic activities, symptoms, and functional limitations with sports and daily activities.^{18,19}

PRO Question Analysis of Overlap

Seven PROs, with a total of 133 questions, were evaluated (Table 1). The KOOS had the highest number of questions (42), with the KOS second (25). The Marx contained the fewest number of questions (4). The aggregate distribution of identical, similar, and unique questions was found to be 31.6% (42 questions), 31.6% (42 questions), and 36.8% (49 questions), respectively. Table 2 lists identical questions, and Table 3 lists unique questions. Despite this relatively even distribution across all gathered questions, the distribution for each individual PRO differed from one another (Fig 2). The KOOS had the highest number of unique questions (26/42, 61.9%), while Tegner held the highest percentage (11/16, 68.8%). The KOS, which was developed from four of the other PROs (the CKRS, Lysholm, WOMAC, and IKDC)¹⁵, was found to have the highest percentage of identical questions (16/ 25, 64%). Aside from Marx, the KOS also had the lowest percentage of unique questions (2/25, 8%). All four questions in the Marx scale were similar to those in other PRO scales.

Table 4 lists the most commonly asked questions. Questions about stiffness/swelling, stairs, running, and jumping were included in 5 of the 7 PROs. There was no single question that was included in every PRO. The percentages of both identical and similar questions between different pairs of PROs are shown in Fig 3. All 4 (100%) Marx questions overlapped with the KOS and 3 (75%) questions overlapped with the CKRS. The Lysholm overlapped 75% (6/8) with both the IKDC and KOS. The Lysholm and Tegner, made to complement one another, did not overlap at all. Neither overlapped with the Marx scale as well.

PRO Question Analysis of Domain Coverage

Fig 4 illustrates each PRO's coverage across different domains. No single PRO assessed all 6 domains of patient outcomes. Instead, each PRO had a distinct question composition that varied across the different domains. The CKRS and KOOS evaluated all domains except Quality of Life and Occupational, respectively. The KOS and IKDC evaluated 4/6 domains, while the Lysholm and Tegner evaluated 3/6. Sports/Recreation was the only domain assessed by all PROs. With the exception of Marx, which only assessed Sports/Recreation, Functional Activities was evaluated in all PROs. The KOOS was the only PRO that evaluated Quality of Life.

Discussion

There is notable overlap among commonly used patient-administered questionnaires in evaluation of ACL injuries. Within the seven PROs examined in this study, 62.4% (84 of 133 questions) of questions were found to be identical or similar. This amount of overlap can be reassuring when attempting to compare studies that employ different PROs. Each PRO, however, is distinguished by its pattern of domain coverage. Understanding the strengths and limitations of available PROs will help guide clinicians in selecting the appropriate surveys for their desired goals.

Table 3. Unique Questions

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IKDC, International Knee Documentation Committee; KOOS, Knee Injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score; KOS, Knee Outcome Survey.

The IKDC and KOOS are the most commonly used today, cited in 69.7% and 60.5%, respectively, of ACL studies over the past 2 years. Most of the questions asked in the IKDC were found to be identical (47.4%)

or similar (36.8%) to another PRO. The KOOS displayed an opposite distribution: 61.9% of its questions were unique, while only 9.5% were identical. Incorporated questions from the WOMAC, commonly used



Fig 2. Distributions of overlapping (identical and similar) and unique questions for each patient-reported outcome (PRO) measurement: International Knee Documentation Committee (IKDC) form, Knee Injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score (KOOS), Lysholm Knee Scoring Scale, Tegner Activity Scale, Marx Scale, Knee Outcome Survey (KOS), and Cincinnati Knee Rating System (CKRS).

□ Identical / Similar Questions ■ Unique Questions

for hip and knee osteoarthritis patients, were a large contributor to this uniqueness. Importantly, despite the KOOS covering 5/6 domains and the greatest number of questions among this selection of PROs, it does not include specific items related to instability. This notable absence suggests that KOOS may be more appropriately applied for general knee health.

A 2015 study looked at the various objective and subjective outcomes presented in studies related to ACL reconstruction in four high-impact-factor orthopaedic journals from 2010 through 2014.²⁰ Authors similarly found that the IKDC was the most prevalent PRO used, found in 71.4% of those studies. The Lysholm and Tegner followed with 63% and 42%, respectively. Interestingly, the KOOS was found to be the fourth most common PRO. Notably, when compared to the preceding 5-year period (2005 through 2009), the KOOS showed the largest increase in usage from 8% to 20%.²⁰ It is possible that with greater appreciation of patient well-being, the use of KOOS has continued to

Table 4. Most Commonly Asked Questions

increase with time. As patient satisfaction draws more attention with increasing clinical and economic implications,²¹ the Quality of Life section of KOOS may be seen as a meaningful advantage.

In the same 2015 review on ACL studies in highimpact factor orthopaedic journals, it was found that most studies reported either two (41%) or three (33%)PROs.²⁰ The 2020 consensus statement agrees with this practice of applying more than one outcome measurement in evaluation of ACL treatment.¹ Specifically, the consensus recommends the use of at least one kneespecific tool, one health-related quality-of-life tool, and one activity rating scale.¹ The IKDC Subjective Knee Form is the endorsed knee-specific tool, agreed upon by nearly all (24/25) consensus members. However, the authors add that despite the IKDC being "currently the optimal scale, ... we should be careful not to neglect the other scores."¹ For sports and activity assessment, the consensus recommends the Marx scale. The consensus statement did not recommend a

Domain	Question Stem	Percent of PROs	IKDC	KOOS	Lysholm	Tegner	Marx	KOS	Cincinnati
Symptom	Stiffness/Swelling	71.4% (5/7)	+	+	+			+	+
Functional activity	Stairs		+	+	+			+	+
Sports/recreation	Running		+	+			+	+	+
	Jumping		+	+		+		+	+
Pain	Pain Severity	57.1% (4/7)	+		+			+	+
Symptom	Giving way		+		+			+	+
Functional activity	Squatting		+		+			+	+
	Walking			+		+		+	+
Sports/recreation	Pivoting			+			+	+	+
Symptom	Lock/catch	42.9% (3/7)	+	+	+				
Functional activity	Kneeling		+					+	+
	Sitting		+	+				+	
	Rising		+	+				+	
Sports/recreation	Stopping/starting		+				+	+	
	Cutting						+	+	+



Fig 3. Percentage of overlapping questions between pairs of patient-reported outcome (PROs) measurements for the International Knee Documentation Committee (IKDC) form, Knee Injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score (KOOS), Lysholm Knee Scoring Scale, Tegner Activity Scale, Marx Scale, Knee Outcome Survey (KOS), and Cincinnati Knee Rating System (CKRS). The row for each PRO lists the percentage of its total questions that are identical or similar to those of another PRO (column). The denominator for the percentage of overlap is based on the total number of questions for the PRO in that row (indicated by *n*). Red color indicates a higher percentage of overlap.

particular health-related quality of life measure. However, among their list of possible options, the KOOS is the only PRO analyzed in this study that fulfills the role. The impact of ACL injury on the patient's overall wellbeing should not be overlooked.²² The KOOS validation study showed that the quality of life subscale had the highest effect size at 6 months postoperatively for patients who underwent ACL reconstruction.¹¹ It is notable that this domain only makes up 9.5% (4 questions) of the questionnaire.

There are other measures that could instead serve as a health-related quality of life measure, including Quality of Life Outcome Measure for Chronic Anterior Cruciate Ligament Deficiency (ACL-QOL), European Quality of Life-5 dimensions (EQ-5D), Short-Form-36 and -8 health surveys (SF-36, SF-8), Sickness Impact Profile (SIP), and Quality of Well-being (QWB).¹ Notably, in a systematic review of patients following ACL reconstruction, poorer health-related qualify of life measures were reported using the KOOS Quality of Life subscale than those assessed using a generic health-related qualify of life measure such as SF-36.²³ The authors added the caveat that only a limited number of studies investigated these factors and would be a valuable direction for future research. Although there are PROs like the KOOS that broadly cover multiple domains, this comprehensive coverage comes with the risk of survey fatigue for patients. A concise and targeted PRO that covers all domains could be validated for patients with ACL and ligamentous injuries to the knee, but that would need to be further studied. It is our recommendation that IKDC and Marx, with the addition of SF-12 if a quality of life measure is desired, be used for the most comprehensive and efficient combination.

Limitations

There are several limitations to this study. First, only the seven most cited knee-specific PROs for ACL injury were selected for analysis, possibly excluding others that may provide valuable insight. For example, general



Fig 4. Percentage of question distribution by domain across each patient-reported outcome (PRO) measurement for the International Knee Documentation Committee (IKDC) form, Knee Injury and Osteoarthritis Outcome Score (KOOS), Lysholm Knee Scoring Scale, Tegner Activity Scale, Marx Scale, Knee Outcome Survey (KOS), and Cincinnati Knee Rating System (CKRS).

health measures such as SF-36 and EQ-5D were not included but could provide supplementary information in evaluation of these patients. Second, the Marx and Tegner activity scores were not intended to be used in isolation. It may not be appropriate to compare the focused nature of these tools to the broader assessments sought by other PROs. Third, the clinician-reported portions of IKDC and CKRS were not included in the present study but may further distinguish these PROs from others. Fourth, the classification of questions as "identical," "similar," or "unique" is not a validated instrument. The classification for each question was agreed upon by all authors without an intra- or interrater reliability analysis performed. Finally, only the questions themselves were analyzed. The question format, answer choices, and scoring systems were not included in this analysis but could certainly impact patient response and score interpretation.

Conclusion

Nearly two-thirds of questions overlap between the commonly used PROs for ACL injury. Although Sports/ Recreation is assessed by all PROs, each has its own pattern of coverage across this and other domains.

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International Knee Documentation Committee (IKDC) Subjective Knee Evaluation Form

2000 IKDC SUBJECTIVE KNEE EVALUATION FORM

Your Full Name				
Today's Date:// Day Month Year	Date of Injury: _	/ Day	/ Month	Year

SYMPTOMS*:

*Grade symptoms at the highest activity level at which you think you could function without significant symptoms, even if you are not actually performing activities at this level.

1. What is the highest level of activity that you can perform without significant knee pain?

Very strenuous activities like jumping or pivoting as in basketball or soccer
 Strenuous activities like heavy physical work, skiing or tennis
 Moderate activities like moderate physical work, running or jogging
 Light activities like walking, housework or yard work
 Unable to perform any of the above activities due to knee pain

2. During the past 4 weeks, or since your injury, how often have you had pain?

Never	0	1 □	2	3 □	4 □	5 🗖	6 □	7	8	9 🗖	10 □	Constant
3. If y	vou have	e pain, h	iow seve	ere is it?								
No pair	0 n 🖬	1	2	3 □	4	5 , D	6 □	7 □	8 □	9 □	10 □	Worst pain imaginable

4. During the past 4 weeks, or since your injury, how stiff or swollen was your knee?

Not at all
Mildly
Moderately
Very
Extremely

5. What is the highest level of activity you can perform without significant swelling in your knee?

Very strenuous activities like jumping or pivoting as in basketball or soccer
 Strenuous activities like heavy physical work, skiing or tennis
 Moderate activities like moderate physical work, running or jogging
 Light activities like walking, housework, or yard work
 Unable to perform any of the above activities due to knee swelling

6. During the past 4 weeks, or since your injury, did your knee lock or catch?

□Yes □No

7. What is the highest level of activity you can perform without significant giving way in your knee?
□Very strenuous activities like jumping or pivoting as in basketball or soccer
□Strenuous activities like heavy physical work, skiing or tennis
□Moderate activities like moderate physical work, running or jogging
□Light activities like walking, housework or yard work
□Unable to perform any of the above activities due to giving way of the knee

Page 2 – 2000 IKDC SUBJECTIVE KNEE EVALUATION FORM

SPORTS ACTIVITIES:

8. What is the highest level of activity you can participate in on a regular basis?

Very strenuous activities like jumping or pivoting as in basketball or soccer
 Strenuous activities like heavy physical work, skiing or tennis
 Moderate activities like moderate physical work, running or jogging
 Light activities like walking, housework or yard work
 Unable to perform any of the above activities due to knee

9. How does your knee affect your ability to:

		Not difficult at all	Minimally difficult	Moderately Difficult	Extremely	Unable to do
a.	Go up stairs					
b.	Go down stairs					
c.	Kneel on the front of your knee					
d.	Squat					
e.	Sit with your knee bent					
f.	Rise from a chair					
g.	Run straight ahead					
h.	Jump and land on your involved leg					
i.	Stop and start quickly					

FUNCTION:

10. How would you rate the function of your knee on a scale of 0 to 10 with 10 being normal, excellent function and 0 being the inability to perform any of your usual daily activities which may include sports?

FUNCTION PRIOR TO YOUR KNEE INJURY:

Cannot perform daily activities	0	1	2	3	4	5	6 □	7	8	9	10 □	No limitation in daily activities
CURRENT FUNCTION OF YOUR KNEE:												
Cannot perform daily activities	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 □	No limitation in daily activities

KOOS KNEE SURVEY

Today's date: ____ / ____ Date of birth: ___ / ____ /

Name:

INSTRUCTIONS: This survey asks for your view about your knee. This information will help us keep track of how you feel about your knee and how well you are able to perform your usual activities.

Answer every question by ticking the appropriate box, only <u>one</u> box for each question. If you are unsure about how to answer a question, please give the best answer you can.

Symptoms

These questions should be answered thinking of your knee symptoms during the **last week**.

S1. Do you have swelling in your knee?									
Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Often	Always					
S2. Do you feel	grinding, hear cl	icking or any other	type of noise wl	hen your knee					
moves?		_							
Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Often	Always					
S2 Dees your l	naa aatah ar han	- un when moving?	,						
SS. DOES YOUR K	Rarely	g up when moving : Sometimes	Often	Always					
-	-	-	-	_					
S4. Can you stra	ughten vour knee	e fully?							
Always	Öften	Sometimes	Rarely	Never					
S5. Can you ben	d your knee full	y?							
Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely	Never					

Stiffness

The following questions concern the amount of joint stiffness you have experienced during the **last week** in your knee. Stiffness is a sensation of restriction or slowness in the ease with which you move your knee joint.

 S6. How severe is your knee joint stiffness after first wakening in the morning?

 None
 Mild
 Moderate
 Severe
 Extreme

 Image: I

S7. How severe is your knee stiffness after sitting, lying or resting later in the day? None Mild Moderate Severe Extreme

Pain

P1. How often do you experience knee pain?									
Never	Monthly	Weekly	Daily	Always					

What amount of knee pain have you experienced the **last week** during the following activities?

P2. Twisting/pivoting None	on your knee Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
P3. Straightening kne None	e fully Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
P4. Bending knee full None	y Mild □	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
P5. Walking on flat su None	Irface Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
P6. Going up or down None	n stairs Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
P7. At night while in None	bed Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
P8. Sitting or lying None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
P9. Standing upright None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme

Function, daily living

The following questions concern your physical function. By this we mean your ability to move around and to look after yourself. For each of the following activities please indicate the degree of difficulty you have experienced in the **last week** due to your knee.

A1. Descending	stairs			
None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A2. Ascending s	tairs	Madamta		Enterna
None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme

For each of the following activities please indicate the degree of difficulty you have experienced in the **last week** due to your knee.

A3. Rising from a None	sitting Mild □	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A4. Standing None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A5. Bending to fl None	loor/pick up an Mild	object Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A6. Walking on f None	flat surface Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A7. Getting in/ou None	it of car Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A8. Going shopp None	ing Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A9. Putting on so None	ocks/stockings Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A10. Rising from None	i bed Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A11. Taking off s None	socks/stockings Mild □	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A12. Lying in be None	d (turning over, Mild	maintaining knee j Moderate	position) Severe	Extreme
A13. Getting in/o None	out of bath Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A14. Sitting None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A15. Getting on/o None	off toilet Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme

For each of the following activities please indicate the degree of difficulty you have experienced in the **last week** due to your knee.

A16. Heavy dom	estic duties (mo	ving heavy boxes, s	scrubbing floors	, etc)
None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
A17. Light dome	stic duties (cool	cing, dusting, etc)		
None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme

Function, sports and recreational activities

The following questions concern your physical function when being active on a higher level. The questions should be answered thinking of what degree of difficulty you have experienced during the **last week** due to your knee.

SP1. Squatting None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
SP2. Running None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
SP3. Jumping None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
SP4. Twisting/piv None	oting on your Mild	injured knee Moderate	Severe	Extreme
SP5. Kneeling None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
Quality of Life				
Q1. How often are Never	e you aware of Monthly	your knee problem Weekly	? Daily	Constantly
Q2. Have you mo	dified your life	e style to avoid poter	ntially damaging	g activities
Not at all	Mildly	Moderately	Severely	Totally
Q3. How much ar Not at all	e you troubled Mildly	with lack of confide Moderately	ence in your kno Severely	ee? Extremely
Q4. In general, ho None	w much diffic Mild	ulty do you have wi Moderate	th your knee? Severe □	Extreme

LYSHOLM KNEE SCORING SCALE

Instructions: Below are common complaints which people frequently have with their knee problems. Please check the statement which best describes your condition.

I.	LIMP:	V.	PAIN:
	I have no limp when I walk. (5)		I have no pain in my knee. (25)
	I have a slight or periodical limp when I walk. (3)		I have intermittent or slight pain in my knee
	I have a severe and constant limp when I walk. (0)		during vigorous activities. (20)
			I have marked pain in my knee during vigorous
			activities. (15)
II.	USING CANE OR CRUTCHES		I have marked pain in my knee during or after
	I do not use a cane or crutches. (5)		walking more than 1 mile. (10)
	I use a cane or crutches with some		I have marked pain in my knee during or after
	weight-bearing. (2)		walking less than 1 mile. (5)
	Putting weight on my hurt leg is impossible. (0)		I have constant pain in my knee. (0)
		VI.	SWELLING
III.	LOCKING SENSATION IN THE KNEE		I have no swelling in my knee. (10)
	I have no locking and no catching		I have swelling in my knee only after vigorous
	sensations in my knee. (15)		activities. (6)
	I have catching sensation but no		I have swelling in my knee after ordinary
	locking sensation in my knee. (10)		activities. (2)
	My knee locks occasionally. (6)		I have swelling constantly in my knee. (0)
	My knee locks frequently. (2)		
	My knee feels locked at this moment. (0)		
	-	VII.	CLIMBING STAIRS:
IV.	GIVING WAY SENSATION FROM THE KNEE		I have no problems climbing stairs. (10)
	My knee never gives way. (25)		I have slight problems climbing stairs. (6)
	My knee rarely gives way, only during athletics or		I can climb stairs only one at a time. (2)
	other vigorous activities. (20)		Climbing stairs is impossible for me. (0)
	My knee frequently gives way during athletics or		
	other vigorous activities, in turn I am unable to	VIII.	SQUATTING
	participate in these activities. (15)		I have no problems squatting. (5)
	My knee occasionally gives way during daily		I have slight problems squatting. (4)
	activities. (10)		I can not squat beyond a 90 degree bend in my
	My knee often gives way during daily activities. (5)		knee. (2)
	My knee gives way every step I take. (0)		Squatting is impossible because of my knee. (0)

TOTAL___/100

Tegner Activity Scale

Activity Level Before Injury	Current Activity Level	Activity Level Following Surgery if applicable	
0	0	0	Competitive sports Soccer - national and international elite
0	0	0	Competitive sports Soccer, lower divisions Ice hockey Wrestling Gymnastics
0	0	0	Competitive sports Bandy Squash or badminton Athletics (jumping, etc.) Downhill skiing
0	С	0	Competitive sports Tennis Athletics (running) Motorcross, speedway Handball Basketball Recreational sports Soccer Bandy and ice hockey Squash Athletics (jumping) Cross-country track findings both recreational and competitive
0	0	0	Recreational sports Tennis and badminton Handball Basketball Downhill skiing Jogging, at least five times per week
0	О	0	WorkHeavy labor (e.g., building, forestry)Competitive sportsCyclingCross-country skiingRecreational sportsJogging on uneven ground at least twice weekly
0	0	0	Work Moderately heavy labor (e.g., truck driving, heavy domestic work) Recreational sports Cycling Cross-country skiing Jogging on even ground at least twice weekly
0	0	0	Work Light labor (<i>e.g.</i> , nursing) Competitive and recreational sports Swimming Walking in forest possible
0	0	0	Work Light labor Walking on uneven ground possible but impossible to walk in forest
0	0	0	Work Sedentary work Walking on even ground possible
0	\bigcirc	0	Sick leave or disability pension because of knee problems

MARX SCALE (ENGLISH VERSION)

Please indicate how often you performed each activity in your healthiest and most active state, in the past year. Kindly put a (\square) mark on the appropriate space after each item.

	Less than one time in a month	One time in a month	One time in a week	2 or 3 times in a week	4 or more times in a week
Running : running while playing a sport or jogging	0	1	2	3	4
Cutting : changing directions while running	0	1	2	3	4
Deceleration : coming to a quick stop while running	0	1	2	3	4
Pivoting : turning your body with your foot planted while playing sport; For example: skiing, skating, kicking, throwing, hitting a ball (golf, tennis, squash), etc.	0	1	2	3	4

Knee Outcome Survey (KOS)

Knee Outcome Survey Activities of Daily Living Scale (ADLS).

Symptoms: To what degree does each of the following symptoms affect your level of activity? (check one answer on each line)

	I do not have the symptom	I have the symptom, but it does not affect my activity	The symptom affects my activity slightly	The symptom affects my activity moderately	The symptom affects my activity severely	The symptom prevents me from all daily activity
Pain						
Stiffness						
Swelling						
Giving way, buckling, or shifting of the knee						
Weakness						
Limping						

Functional Limitations With Activities of Daily Living: How does your knee affect your ability to: (check one answer on each line)

	Activity is not difficult	Activity is minimally difficult	Activity is somewhat difficult	Activity is fairly difficult	Activity is very difficult	I am unable to do the activity
<u>Walk</u>						
Go up stairs						
Go down stairs						
Stand						
Kneel on front of your knee						
Squat						
Sit with your knee bent						
Rise from a chair						

Scoring: The first column is scored 5 points for each item, followed in successive columns by scores of 4, 3, 2, 1, and 0 for the last column. The total points from all items are summed, then divided by 70 and multiplied by 100 for the ADLS score. For example, if the individual places marks for 12 items in the first column, and 2 items in the second column the total points would be 12x5 = 60 points, plus 2 x 4 = 8 points, for a total of 68 points. The ADLS score would then be $68/70 \times 100 = 97\%$.

Knee Outcome Survey Sports Activities Scale (SAS).

Symptoms: To what degree does each of the following symptoms affect your level of sports activity? (check one answer on each line)

	Never have	Have, but does not affect my sports activity	Affects sports activity slightly	Affects sports activity moderately	Affects sports activity severely	Prevents me from all sports activity
Pain						
Grinding or grating						
Stiffness						
Swelling						
Slipping or partial giving way of knee						
Buckling or full giving way of knee						
Weakness						

	Not difficult at all	Minimally difficult	Somewhat difficult	Fairly difficult	Very difficult	Unable to do
Run straight ahead						
Jump and land on your involved leg						
Stop and start quickly						
Cut and pivot on your involved leg						

Functional Limitations With Sports Activities: How does your knee affect your ability to: (check one answer on each line)

Scoring: The first column is scored 5 points for each item, followed in successive columns by scores of 4, 3, 2, 1, and 0 for the last column. The total points from all items are summed, then divided by 55 and multiplied by 100 for the SAS score. For example, if the individual places marks for 9 items in the first column, and 2 items in the second column the total points would be 9x5 = 45 points, plus 2 x 4 = 8 points, for a total of 53 points. The SAS score would then be $53/55 \times 100 = 96\%$.

Cincinnati Knee Rating System (CKRS)

Appendix I. Cincinnati Knee Rating System: Symptom Rating Scales, Patient Perception Scale

DIRECTIONS: Using the key below, circle the appropriate boxes on the four scales below which indicate the highest level you can reach WITHOUT having symptoms.

Scale Description

- 10 Normal knee, able to do strenuous work/sports with jumping, hard pivoting
- 8 Able to do moderate work/sports with running, turning and twisting; symptoms with strenuous work/sports
- 6 Able to do light work/sports with no running, twisting or jumping; symptoms with moderate work/sports
- 4 Able to do activities of daily living alone; symptoms with light work/sports
- 2 Moderate symptoms (frequent, limiting) with activities of daily living
- 0 Severe symptoms (constant, not relieved) with activities of daily living

1. PAIN



poor -- I have significant limitations that affect activities of daily living.

fair -- I have moderate limitations that affect activities of daily living, no sports possible.

good -- I have some limitations with sports but I can participate; I compensate.

normal/excellent -- I am able to do whatever I wish (any sport) with no problems.

Appendix II. Cincinnati Knee Rating System:

Sports Activity Scale, Activities of Daily Living Function Scales, Sports Function Scales

Sports Activity Scale

Level I (participates 4-7 days/week)

- 100 Jumping, hard pivoting, cutting (basketball, volleyball, football, gymnastics, soccer)
- 95 Running, twisting, turning (tennis, racquetball, handball, ice hockey, field hockey, skiing, wrestling)
- 90 No running, twisting, jumping (cycling, swimming)

Level II (participates 1-3 days/week)

- 85 Jumping, hard pivoting, cutting (basketball, volleyball, football, gymnastics, soccer)
- 80 Running, twisting, turning (tennis, racquetball, handball, ice hockey, field hockey, skiing, wrestling)
- 75 No running, twisting, jumping (cycling, swimming)

Level III (participates 1-3 times/month)

- 55 Jumping, hard pivoting, cutting (basketball, volleyball, football, gymnastics, soccer)
- 60 Running, twisting, turning (tennis, racquetball, handball, ice hockey, field hockey, skiing, wrestling)
- 55 No running, twisting, jumping (cycling, swimming)
 - Level IV (no sports)
- 40 I perform activities of daily living without problems
- 20 I have moderate problems with activities of daily living
- 0 I have severe problems with activities of daily living; on crutches, full disability

Activities of Daily Living Function Scales

1. Walking	2. Stairs	3. Squatting / kneeling
check one box:	check one box:	check one box:
40 normal, unlimited	40 🗔 normal, unlimited	40 🗆 normal, unlimited
30 some limitations	30 🗔 some limitations	30 🗆 some limitations
20 Only 3-4 blocks possible	20 🗋 only 11-30 steps possible	²⁰ only 6-10 possible
o□ less than 1 block; cane, crutch	o□ only 1-10 steps possible	o□ only 0-5 possible
Sports Function Scales		
1. Straight running	2. Jumping / landing on affected leg	3. Hard twists / cuts / pivots
check one box:	check one box:	check one box:
100 🗔 fully competitive	100 🗆 fully competitive	100 I fully competitive
80 🗌 some limitations, guarding	80 🗋 some limitations, guarding	80 🗆 some limitations, guarding
60 🗋 definite limitations, half speed	∞ \Box definite limitations, half speed	60 🗋 definite limitations, half speed
$_{40}$ \Box not able to do	40 🗆 not able to do	40 🗋 not able to do

innati	Knee Rating S	ystem: Occupa	tional Rating So	cale
hat you a	actually do at work.	Total Points x 2 =		
t or 3 ng on ground	Factor 4 squatting	Factor 5 climbing	Factor 6 lifting/carrying	Factor 7 pounds carried
r/day	∘ □ 0 times/day	o□0 times/day	o □ 0 times/day	<i>₀</i> □0-5 lbs
		. d Allacha		

Appendix III. Cinci

Chee	ck the response	which best des	cribes what you a	Check only one resp	Total Points x 2 =		
	Factor 1 sitting	Factor 2 standing/ walking	Factor 2 Factor 3 Factor 4 standing/ walking on squatting walking uneven ground squatting		Factor 5 climbing	Factor 6 lifting/carrying	Factor 7 pounds carried
	⊘□ 8-10 hrs/day	₀□ 0 hr/day	⊘□ 0 hr/day	∘ □ 0 times/day	₀□0 times/day	o □ 0 times/day	₀□0-5 lbs
	∍ □ 6-7 hrs/day	₂⊡ 1 hr/day	₂□ 1 hr/day	≀ □ 1-5 times/day	²□1 flight, 2 times/day	1 □ 1-5 times/day	≀ □ 6-10 lbs
	₂□ 4-5 hrs/day	₄□ 2-3 hrs/day	₄ □ 2-3 hrs/day	² □ 6-10 times/day	₄□3 flights, 2 times/day	²□6-10 times/day	2 □ 11-20 lbs
	₃□ 2-3 hrs/day	₅□ 4-5 hrs/day	⁶ □4-5 hrs/day	₃□ 11-15 times/day	^{e □} 10 flights/ ladders	³□11-15 times/day	₃□21-25 lbs
	□ 1 hr/day	^{⊮ □} 6-7 hrs/day	8⊡ 6-7 hrs/day	4 □ 16-20 times/day	^{s ⊡} ladders with weight 2-3 days/week	4 ^[] 16-20 times/day	₄ □ 26-30 lbs
	₄ ₅□ 0 hr/day	^{10 []} 8-10 hrs/day	¹⁰ 🗆 8-10 hrs/day	₅ □ more than 20 times/day	¹⁰ □ ladders daily with weight	^{₅ □} more than 20 times/day	^{₅ □} more than 30 lbs

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Subjective: 20 points													Exce	llent	Go	bo	<u>F</u>	hir	Po	or
10 = Normal knee, able to do strenuous woo 8 = Able to do moderate work/sports with no run 4 = Able to do adivities of daily living aloro. 2 = Moderate symptoms (trequent, limiting 0 = Severe symptoms (constant, not refere *highest level possible with no or rare a	work/sports brk/sports	Pain Swe Parti Full	lling ial Givir Giving- ¹	ng-Way Way	10 10 10 10	8 6 8 6 8 6	6 4 6 4 6 4 6 4	2 2 2 2	0 0 0	Level 10 10 10 10	Pts. 5 5 5 5	Level 8 8 8 8	Pts. 3 3 3 3	Level 6-4 6-4 6-4 6-4	Pts. 1 1 1 1	2-0 2-0 2-0 2-0 2-0	Pts. 0 0 0			
Activity Level: 15 point	s																			
Pts 3	Pts 2		Pts 1				Pts 0						F	Pts.	P	ts.	F	ts.	Pts	
Walking Normal, unlimited	Some limitation	ns Only	y 3-4 blocks	possible		Less t	han 1 bl	ock,	can	e				3	2			1	0	
Stairs Normal, unlimited	Some limitation	ns Only	y 11-30 step y 6-10 possil	s possibli ble	e	Only 1 Only 0	-10 step -5 poss	ible	SSIL	ne >	> 10	west		3	2			í.	0	
Running Normal, unlimited	Some limitation	ns Run	1/2 speed	+/0		Not ab	le to do							3	2			1-0		
Twists/Cuts Normal, unlimited	Some limitation	ns Defi ns Defi	nite limitatio	ns, 1/2 s ns, 1/2 sp	peed	Not ab	le to do						3 2 3 2			1-0				
Examination: 25 points																				
NL	Pts	MILD	Pts	MOD	Р	ts	SEV	/	Pts				F	Pts.	P	ts.	/	rts.	Pts	
Effusion NL	5	≤25 cc	4	26-60 0	c 2	2	>60	сс	0					5	4	Ļ		2	0	
Lack of Flexion 0-5°	5	6-15°	4	16-30°	2	2	>30	0	0				ł	5	4		2		0	
Tibiofemoral Crepitus NL	5	4-5-	4	Mod*	2		Sev		0				5 4				2		0	
Patellofemoral Crepitus NL	5			Mod*	2		Sev	•	0				5 2			-		0		
			(*indicales defin	ite fibrillation	n, cartilage	e abnorma	ality;moder	ale 25	-50°,	seve	re >	50°)								
Instability: 20 points																				
	Pts	0.5	Pts	6	Pls			Pts					Ι.	~		,				
Pivot Shift negativ	10 e 10	3-5 mm slip	7	definite	4		severe	0						0		,		4	0	
Radiographs: 10 points													Conve	rt sum	-					
4 pts	3 pts	2 pts		0 pt									x-ray p	IS:						
Medial Tibiofemoral NL	Mild	Mod na	rrowing /2 joint space	Sev	narrowia >1/2 joji	ng nt space							12 x-ra	y pts =	11-9 x-r	ay pts =	8-6 x-r	ay pts =	5-0 x-r	ay pts =
Patellofemoral NL	Mild	Mod	in lour obree	Sev				Sun	n po	ints:	:	_		aipts		ar pis	4 10	ai pis	011	aipis
Function Testing: 10 poi	ints																			
One-Legged Hop, 1 hop for distance% limb symmetry Pts. Symmetry Pts. Symmetry Pts. Symmetry Pts. Symmetry Pts.											ry Pts.									
One-Legged Hop, 3 hops for distance% limb symmetryaverage % limb symmetry100-85 10 84-75 7 74-65 4 <6									<65	0										
One-Legged Hop, timed hop One-Legged Hop, cross-ove	for distance	% li	mb symmetr	y V																
Final Rating Acute Injury	y Studies: C	ategory			_				F	ina	al F	Rati	ing Cl	nronic	Inju	ry Stu	dies:	Point	Sum_	
Excellent: all in "excellent" (mag	y have one in "g	ood"); Go	od: all in "e	excellent'	' and "g	good"														
Fair: any one in "fair"; Poor: an	y one in "poor"																			

Appendix V.	Modifications for	Overall Rating	Scheme:	Symptom and	Instability	Ratings
-------------	-------------------	----------------	---------	-------------	-------------	---------

Subjective: 20						Exce	llent	God	od	Fair		Poor					
5										Level	Pts.	Level	Pts.	Levei	Pts.	Level	Pts.
6 = Able to do light/mod 4 = Able to do activities 2 = Moderate symptoms 0 = Severe symptoms (c	erate/strenuous work/sports of daily living alone; sympton s (frequent, limiting) with ADL constant, not relieved) with A	without syn ns with ligh DL	nptoms /moderatestrenuous work/sports		Pain Swelling Partial Giving-Way Full Giving-Way	6 6 6	4 4 4	2222	0 0 0	6 6 6	5 5 5	4 4 4	3 3 3 3	2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0
Instability*: 2	0 points	Pts.		Pts.				P	ts.	Pt	s.	P	ts.			Pt	s.
ACL PCL	< 3 mm < 3 mm	5 5	3-5.5 mm 3-5.5 mm	3 3	≥ 6 mm ≥ 6 mm			0 0		5 5		3	3			0	
MCL LCL/PL complex	< 3 mm < 3 mm & < 5° ER	5 5	3-5 mm 3-5 mm or 6-10° ER	3 3	≥ 6 mm > 5 mm or > 10	° E	R	0		5		3	3			0	

*ACL: use knee arthrometer test total AP displacement 20°, 134 N, involved-noninvolved limb PCL: use knee arthrometer test (70°, 89 N) or stress radiographs (70°, 89 N) MCL: use valgus stress test, 25 LCL/PL complex: use varus stress test 25°, external tibial rotation test 30° & 90°, varus recurvatum test

Appendix VI. Similar Questions

Domain	Question Stem	Question	IKDC	KOOS	Lysholm	Tegner	Marx	KOS	Cincinnati	800
Pain	Pain frequency	During the past 4 weeks, or since your injury, how often have	+							0
		you had pain?								
	D :	How often do you experience knee pain?		+						
	Pain severity	If you have pain, how severe is it?	+		1			_	_	
Symptom	Stiffness/Swelling	During the past 4 weeks, or since your injury, how stiff or	+		Т				T	
<i>•1···</i> · <i>•·0</i>	0	swollen was your knee?								
		How severe is your knee joint stiffness after first wakening in the		+						
		morning?								
		How severe is your knee stiffness after sitting, lying or resting		+						
		later in the day?								
		Swelling (in your knee)?		+	+			+	+	
		Stiffness						+		
	Lock/Catch	During the past 4 weeks, or since your injury, did your knee lock or catch?	+							
		Does your knee catch or hang up when moving?		+						
		Locking			+					
	Giving way	What is the highest level of activity you can perform without	+							1
		significant giving way in your knee?								H
		Instability ("Giving way sensation from the knee")			+					Ľ.
		Giving way, buckling, or snifting of the knee						+		IAI
		(Suppling or) Full giving way						+	+	VS
	Knee sensations	Do you feel grinding or hear clicking or any other type of noise		+				Ŧ	Ŧ	102
	(e.g. grinding)	when your knee moves?		I						<pre></pre>
	(0.9.) Simanig)	Grinding or grating						+		Ĩ
Functional	Stairs	Go upstairs (ascending)	+	+				+		AL
Activities		Go down stairs (descending)	+	+				+		•
		Stairs			+				+	
	Kneeling	Kneel on the front of your knee	+					+		
		Squatting / kneeling							+	
	Squatting	Squatting	+		+			+		
		Squatting / kneeling							+	
	Sitting	Sit with your knee bent	+					+		
	D	Sitting		+						
	Rising	Rise from a chair	+					+		
	Function / condition	Rising from sitting		+						
	Function/condition	Pate the overall condition of your knee at the present time	+							
	Walking	Walking on flat surface		1					Ŧ	
	warking	Walking on even ground				+				
		Walking				I		+	+	
	Heavy domestic	Heavy domestic duties (moving heavy boxes, scrubbing floors.		+				'	1	
	duties	etc.)								
		Work (Moderately heavy labor [e.g., truck driving, heavy				+				
		domestic work])								

Appendix VI. Continued

Domain	Question Stem	Question	IKDC	KOOS	Lysholm	Tegner	Marx	KOS	Cincinnati
Sports/	Highest level of	What is the highest level of activity you can participate in on a	+						
Recreation	activity	regular basis?							
	* * 11 4	Sports Activity Scale							+
	Walking uneven surface	Walking on uneven ground possible but impossible to walk in forest				+			
		Walking on uneven ground							+
	Running	Run straight ahead / Straight running	+					+	+
		Running		+					
		Running: running while playing a sport or jogging					+		
	Jumping	Jump and land on your involved/affected leg	+					+	+
		Jumping		+					
		Bandy; Squash or badminton; Athletics (jumping, etc.); Downhill skiing				+			
		Competitive sports (tennis; athletics [running]; motocross, speedway; handball; basketball) or recreational sports (soccer, bandy, and ice hockey; squash, athletics [jumping], cross- country track, findings both recreational and competitive)				+			
	Stopping/Starting	Stop and start quickly	+					+	
	11 0 0	Deceleration: coming to a quick stop while running					+		
	Pivoting	Twisting/pivoting on your injured knee		+					
		Pivoting: turning your body with your foot planted while playing sport, e.g., skiing, skating, kicking, throwing, hitting a ball (golf, tennis, squash).					+		
		Cut and pivot on your involved leg						+	
		Hard twists / cuts / pivots							+
	Cutting	Cutting: changing directions while running					+		
		Cut and pivot on your involved leg						+	
		Hard twists / cuts / pivots							+

Note that questions listed may also appear in Table 2 (Identical Questions) because two questions are identical, but a question from another survey is similar to the two identical questions. As a result, two of the questions would be identical and the third would be similar.