Supplemental Online Content

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This supplemental material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable 1. Difference-in-Differences Estimates in Frequent Mental Distress Among Females Compared With Males Before and After SB8 in Texas, 2016 to 2022 With Adjustment of Gender Identity

	Males		Fen	Females				
	% (95% CI)		% (95% CI)		Unadjusted change		Adjusted change	
	Period 1	Period 2	Period 1	Period 2				
	(Jan 2012 –	(Sept 2021 –	(Jan 2012 –	(Sept 2021 –	%	P-	%	P-
	Aug 2021)	Dec 2022)	Aug 2021)	Dec 2022)	(95% CI)	value	(95% CI)	value
Frequent								
mental	12.0	15.3	15.0	21.9	3.6		3.6	
distress	(10.8, 13.1)	(13.1, 16.9)	(14.0, 16.5)	(19.4, 24.4)	(0.0, 7.2)	0.048	(0.0, 7.1)	0.044

Note: Gender identity was reported as transgender (male to female, female to male, gender nonconforming) and no transgender. The missing values (>20%) were imputed using multiple imputations with chained equations. The adjusted model accounted for study covariates, such as age, gender identity, race and ethnicity, education, employment, marital status, check-up within 1 year, body mass index, and a year fixed effect. Complex survey weights and design variables were accounted.

eTable 2. Sensitivity Analysis for Difference-in-Differences Estimates in Frequent Mental Health in Females in Texas Compared With Males in Texas and Females From Control States, Before and After SB8 Legislation in Texas (PERIOD 2 Set From May 2021 When SB8 Was Enacted)

			Five sta (Arkansas, I Kentucky, Mis	ndiana,			
	Males in Texas		Oklahon	na)	California		
	%		%		%		
	(95% CI)	P-value	(95% CI) P-value		(95% CI)	P-value	
Frequent							
mental	6.3		3.9		4.9		
health	(2.7, 9.8)	<.001	(0.5, 7.2)	0.021	(1.2, 8.6)	0.010	

Note: Analyses using linear probability models were adjusted for study covariates, such as age, race and ethnicity, education, employment, marital status, check-up within 1 year, body mass index, health status, and a year fixed effect. Complex survey weights and design variables were accounted.

eMethods. Difference-in-Differences Model Specification

Difference-in-Differences model specification for males and females in Texas

1)
$$Y_{it} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 TexasSB8_t + \beta_2 Female_i + \beta_3 (TexasSB8_t * Female_i) + \gamma X_{it} + T_t + \epsilon_{it}$$

Where Y_{it} represents frequent mental distress for individual i in calendar year t from 2012 to 2022. $TexasSB8_t$ is an indicator for one (after Texas SB8 went into effect in September 2021) and zero otherwise. $Female_i$ is an indicator equal to one for an individual identified as female at birth and zero for an individual identified as male at birth. Females are the target population of Texas SB8 to restrict their access to abortion or reproductive care. X_{it} is a vector of demographics and control variables (age, race and ethnicity, marital status, education, employment, and check-up within 1 year.). T_t is a year fixed effect, and ϵ_{it} is a random error.

Difference-in-Differences model specification for females in Texas compared to females in control states

2)
$$Y_{ist} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 TexasSB8_t + \beta_2 Texas_s + \beta_3 (TexasSB8_t * Texas_s) + \gamma X_{ist} + State_s + T_t + \epsilon_{ist}$$

Where Y_{ist} represents frequent mental distress for individual i from a state s in calendar year t from 2012 to 2022. $State_s$ is a state fixed effect.

eTable 3. Participant Characteristics in Texas

			Period 1			Period 2		
			(Jan 2012 – Aug 2021)			(Sept 2021 – Dec 2022)		
			(3 20		P-	(= 5p : 2)		P-
		Total	Females	Males	value	Females	Males	value
		wt %	wt %	wt %		wt %	wt %	
		(n)	(n)	(n)		(n)	(n)	
		100	49.5	50.5		49.1	50.9	
Overall		(30,114)	(12,638)	(11,285)		(2,976)	(3,215)	
Age, years					0.030			0.072
	10.20	44.6	42.6	46.1		41.0	45.6	
	18–29	(11,394)	43.6	46.1		41.0	45.6	
	30–39	(12,422)	38.1	36.6		40.3	36.0	
	30 37	17.5	36.1	30.0		70.5	30.0	
	40–44	(6,298)	17.3	17.3		18.6	18.3	
Race/ethnicity		(0,=>0)	2,10		0.002			0.28
		36.0						
	Non-Hispanic Whites	(13,546)	34.9	38.1		32.4	34.9	
		11.3						
	Non-Hispanic Blacks	(2,604)	12.5	10.3		12.3	9.9	
	N III' ' 0.1	9.1		0.6			10.6	
	Non-Hispanic Others	(2,441)	8.7	8.6		11.2	10.6	
	Higmanias	43.6	42.0	42.0		44.2	115	
Marital Status	Hispanics	(11,477)	43.9	43.0	<.001	44.2	44.5	0.010
Iviaittai Status		42.6			<u>~.001</u>			0.010
	Currently married	(13,607)	44.6	40.7		44.9	40.5	
	Divorced/widowed/	9.8	1110	10.7		11.7	10.5	
	separated	(3,493)	11.5	8.8		9.3	7.2	
		7.8						
	Unmarried couple	(2,257)	8.4	7.0		8.6	8.5	
		39.8						
	Never married	(10,459)	35.5	43.5		37.2	43.7	
Education		1.7.0			<.001			0.002
	Taradhan bish sahaal	15.2	16.2	15.2		12.2	11.0	
	Less than high school	(3,204) 28.5	16.3	15.3		13.2	11.9	
	High school	(7,868)	25.5	31.0		25.5	33.1	
	Titgii school	31.6	23.3	31.0		23.3	33.1	
	Some college	(8,100)	33.1	30.2		33.3	30.0	
		24.7					2 3.0	
	College degree or above	(10,810)	25.1	23.5		28.0	25.0	
Employment					<.001			<.001
		32.1						
	No	(9,101)	44.4	20.8		38.6	23.1	
	37	67.8	55.5	70.2		50.4	7.00	
Cl I-	Yes	(20,713)	55.6	79.2		58.4	76.9	
Check-up within 1 year					<.001			<.001
within I year		39.5			~.001			~.001
	No	(11,651)	35.2	43.9		33.0	44.5	
	110	(11,031)	JJ.∠	тЭ.Э	<u> </u>	22.0	⊤ †.J	l

		60.5						
	Yes	(17,877)	64.8	56.1		67.0	55.5	
Body Mass								
Index					<.001			<.001
		2.5						
	Underweight	(543)	1.5	2.7		2.6	2.0	
		36.4						
	Normal weight	(8,836)	30.0	39.3		29.8	36.5	
		32.2	• • •	• • •			•- •	
	Overweight	(8,645)	38.5	26.9		37.2	27.0	
1	0.1	28.8	20.0	21.1		20.4	24.5	
TT 1.1	Obese	(8,536)	30.0	31.1	0.015	30.4	34.5	0.51
Health status		10.0			0.015			0.51
	37 . 1	12.3	11.0	10.0		10.1	140	
	Not good	(3,899)	11.2	12.9		13.1	14.0	
		87.7	00.0	07.1		06.0	560	
37	Good	(26,083)	88.8	87.1		86.9	56.0	
Year		11.7						
	2012	11.7						
	2012	(2,978) 11.9						
	2014	(4,447)						
	2014	12.2						
	2016	(2,952)						
	2010	12.4						
	2018	(3,469)						
	2010	12.8						
	2019	(3,711)						
	2019	13.1						
	2020	(4,022)						
		12.2						
	2021	(3,575)						
		13.7						
	2022	(4,960)						

eTable 4. Participant Characteristics of Females From Other Control States

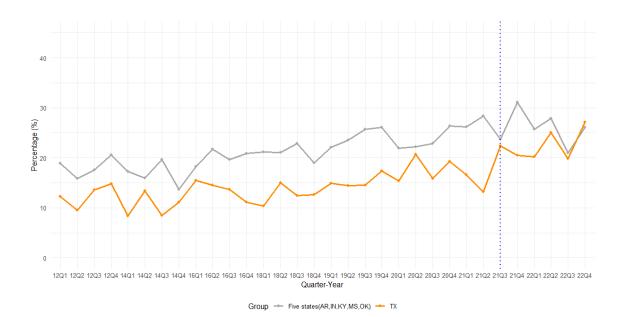
			Five states				
		(Arkansas	s, Indiana, k	Centucky.			
			sippi, Oklal			California	
		1,115515	Period 1	Period 2		Period 1	Period 2
			(Jan	(Sept		(Jan	(Sept
			2012 -	2021 -		2012 -	2021 -
			Aug	Dec		Aug	Dec
		Total	2021)	2022)	Total	2021)	2022)
		wt % (n)	wt % (n)	wt % (n)	wt % (n)	wt % (n)	wt % (n)
Overall		(34,559)	(28,859)	(5,700)	(14,936)	(12,890)	(2,046)
Age, years			, , ,	, ,	, , ,		, ,
		43.9			42.9		
	18-29	(11,972)	44.2	42.7	(5,739)	43.0	42.4
		37.8			39.1		
	30-39	(14,487)	37.6	38.7	(6,235)	39.1	39.3
		18.3			18.0		
	40–44	(8,100)	18.2	18.7	(2,962)	17.9	18.3
Race/ethnicity							
		67.3			28.1		
	Non-Hispanic Whites	(24,388)	67.9	64.5	(5,199)	28.3	26.7
		16.2			5.0		
	Non-Hispanic Blacks	(5,152)	16.3	15.7	(792)	5.3	3.6
		7.2			22.0		
	Non-Hispanic Others	(2,414)	6.7	9.5	(2,473)	21.7	23.5
		9.3			44.9		
	Hispanics	(2,577)	9.0	10.3	(6,427)	44.7	46.2
Marital Status							
		44.9			41.0		
	Currently married	(17,278)	45.0	44.3	(6,345)	41.2	40.2
	Divorced/widowed/	13.2			8.9		
	separated	(5,140)	13.6	11.8	(1,525)	9.1	8.1
		6.2			9.9		
	Unmarried couple	(1,852)	6.0	6.9	(1,478)	10.0	8.9
		35.7			40.2		
	Never married	(10,153)	35.4	37.1	(5,505)	39.7	42.7
Education					4.5		
		11.6	46.5		16.2	4	15.
	Less than high school	(2,425)	12.3	8.7	(1,953)	16.4	15.4
	TT' 1 1 1	28.5	20.0	20.4	22.5	22.4	22.0
	High school	(8,846)	28.0	30.4	(2,826)	22.4	22.9
	C 11	36.9	26.0	25.2	32.7	22.1	20.5
	Some college	(11,378)	36.8	37.3	(3,721)	33.1	30.5
	College degree or	23.0	22.0	22.6	28.6	20.2	21.2
Employees ***	above	(11,844)	22.9	23.6	(6,307)	28.2	31.2
Employment		20.2			45.0		
	No	39.2	40.4	34.1	45.0	45.0	20.5
	No	(12,340)	40.4	34.1	(6,100)	45.9	39.5
	Yes	60.8 (21,966)	50.6	65.9	55.0 (8,740)	5/11	60.5
Check-up	108	(21,900)	59.6	03.9	(0,/40)	54.1	60.5
within 1 year							
within I year			I			<u> </u>	<u> </u>

		30.7			35.0		
	No	(10,143)	31.9	25.6	(5,277)	35.9	30.2
		69.3			65.0		
	Yes	(23,595)	68.1	74.4	(9,558)	64.1	69.8
Body Mass Index							
		2.6			3.8		
	Underweight	(680)	2.7	2.2	(440)	4.0	2.7
		34.7			44.4		
	Normal weight	(10,526)	35.4	31.3	(5,812)	44.9	41.7
		25.9			27.2		
	Overweight	(8,119)	25.8	26.4	(3,510)	29.9	28.8
		36.8			24.6		
	Obese	(11,480)	36.2	40.1	(3,086)	24.2	26.8
Health status							
		14.7			12.7		
	Not good	(4,820)	14.7	14.7	(1,854)	12.4	14.0
		85.3			87.3		
	Good	(29,683)	85.2	85.3	(13,078)	87.6	86.0
Year							
		12.3			12.6		
	2012	(5,547)			(2,666)		
		12.3			11.5		
	2014	(4,667)			(1,492)		
		12.7			14.9		
	2016	(4,449)			(2,634)		
		11.8			11.8		
	2018	(3,712)			(2,099)		
		12.8			13.9		
	2019	(4,227)			(2,266)		
		12.2			11.4		
	2020	(3,932)			(896)		
		12.5			13.9		
	2021	(3,803)			(1,317)		
		13.4			10.0		
	2022	(4,333)			(1,566)		

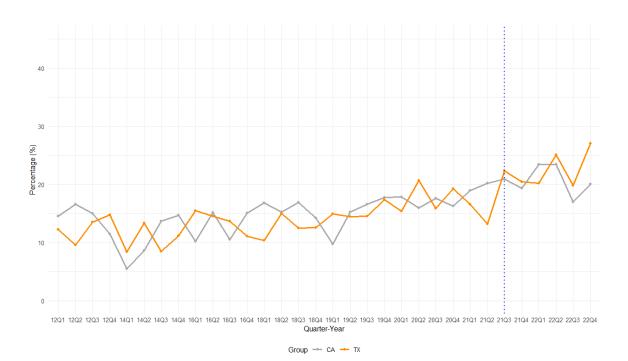
Note: Numbers in bold indicate statistical significance at p<.05 for comparing sample characteristics with those of Texas for each period.

eFigure 1. Unadjusted Frequent Mental Distress in Control States 2012 to 2022

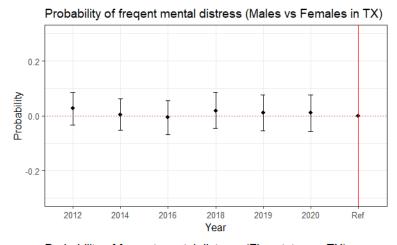
1.1. Five states (AR, IN, KY, MS, OK) vs TX

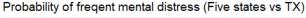


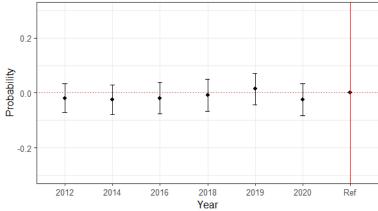
1.2. CA vs TX



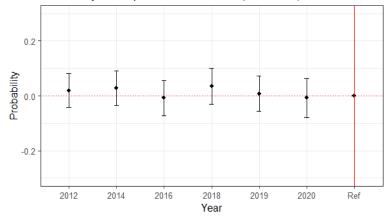
eFigure 2. Parallel Trends Assumption Test From January 2012 to August 2021







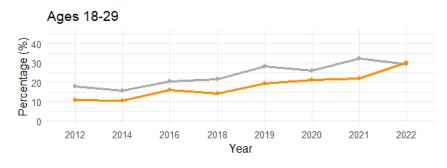
Probability of freqent mental distress (CA vs TX)

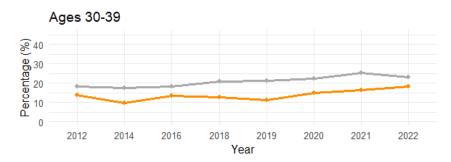


Note: Coefficients in the figure are adjusted difference (95% CI) between females in Texas compared to males in Texas and females from control states, holding the difference at the reference (1/2021-8/2021) at zero. All estimated differences between groups were not statistically different from 0, suggesting that a parallel trend assumption has been met during the baseline.

eFigure 3. Unadjusted Frequent Mental Distress Among Females in Texas Compared With Females in Control States 2012 to 2022 by Age Group

3.1. Five states (AR, IN, KY, MS, OK) vs TX





Group → Five states(AR,IN,KY,MS,OK) → TX



3.2. CA vs TX

