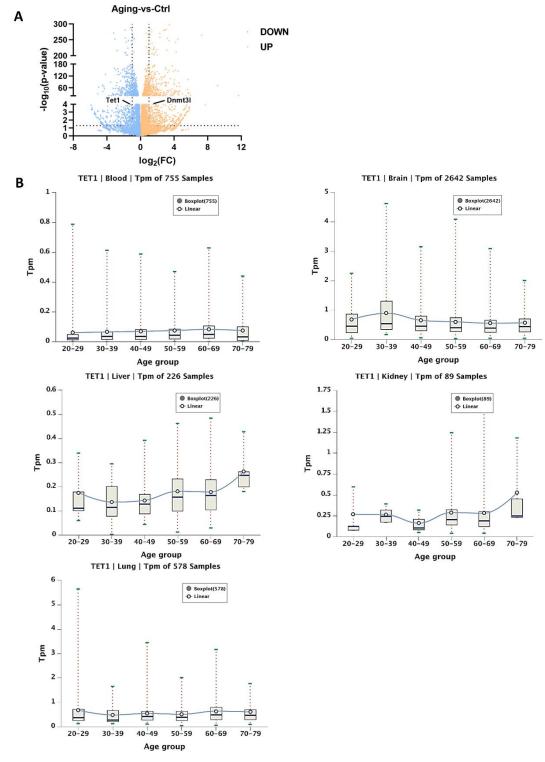
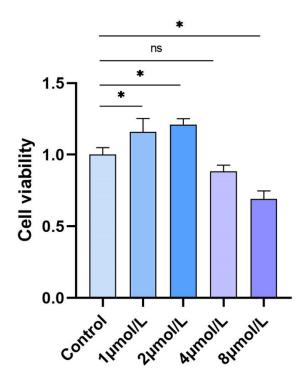
# Hypermethylation of *Bmp2* and *Fgfr2* Promoter Regions in Bone Marrow Mesenchymal Stem Cells Leads to Bone Loss in Prematurely Aged Mice

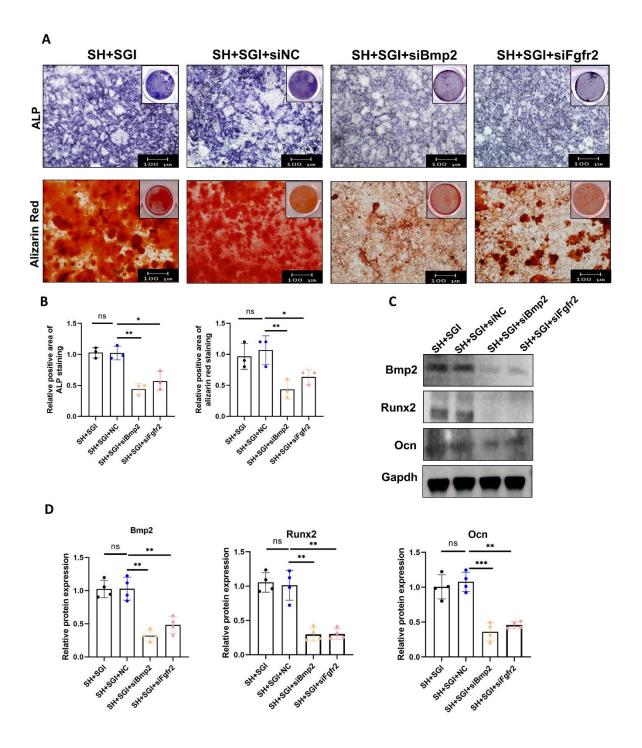
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Supplementary Figure 1. Expression trends of Dnmt1 and Tet1 in naturally aging mouse BMSCs and aging human organs. (A) Volcano plots of differential genes identified by RNA-Seq between 18-month-old and 8-week-old mice. (B) Trends of *Tet1* expression in 20-79-year-old human organs.



Supplementary Figure 2. Cytotoxicity assay of SGI-1027.



Supplementary Figure 3. Knockdown of Bmp2 and Fgfr2 reduces the rescue effect of SGI-1027. (A) ALP and Alizarin Red Staining of Induced BMSCs and their quantification (n=3/group, one technical replicate of three biological replicates for each group). \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, one-way ANOVA. Compared with SH+SGI. For the sequence of siRNA(5'to3'), Fgfr2: UGGCUGAAGCAGUGGGAAUTT, AUUCCCACUGCUUCAGCCATT.Bmp2: CGGAAGACGUCCUCAGCGATT,UCGCUGA GGACGUCUUCCGTT.NC: UUCUCCGAACGUGUCACGUTT, ACGUGACACGUUCGGAGAATT. (B-G) Western blot detection of protein levels of Osteogenesis-related factors (n=4/group, one technical replicate of four biological replicates for each group) \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, one-way ANOVA.