

Coordination of TGF β /BMP signaling is associated with the primary cilium

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We previously showed that canonical TGF β signaling is regulated in part by the primary cilium, and that ciliary TGF β signaling is upregulated in stem cells differentiating into cardiomyocytes [1]. Ciliary signaling was shown to be associated with clathrin-dependent endocytosis at the ciliary pocket for activation of SMAD2/3 transcription factors that associate with and promote SMAD4 translocation to the nucleus for target gene expression. Here we investigated whether other receptor types of the TGF β /BMP superfamily are associated with the primary cilium and whether ciliary TGF β /BMP signaling regulates the commitment of stem cells to different lineages. Using retinal pigment epithelium cells, we demonstrate that multiple receptor systems within the TGF β /BMP superfamily localize to the cilium and the ciliary pocket region, including TGF β receptors I and II (TGF-RI/II), BMP receptors I and II (BMP-RI/II) as well as two isoforms of Activin II receptors (AcRIIa/b) that can be activated by their corresponding ligands to phosphorylate SMAD2/3, SMAD1/5, ERK1/2, AKT and TAK1 at the ciliary base. Further, knockdown of the feedback inhibitor of SMAD signaling, SMURF1, leads to increased SMAD1/5 phosphorylation at the ciliary base, indicating a major role of the primary cilium in balancing the cellular level of TGF β /BMP signaling to control cellular processes during development and in tissue homeostasis. Indeed, the level of ciliary TGF β /BMP signaling was shown to be associated with the ability to commit stem cells to either neurogenesis or cardiomyogenesis, such that downregulation of ciliary signaling promotes neurogenesis and inhibits cardiomyogenesis. Current studies focus on the mechanisms for targeting of TGF β /BMP superfamily receptors to the primary cilium, trafficking and activation of the receptors within the ciliary compartment, and how these

processes contribute to differential cross-talking with other signaling pathways in the cilium and at the pocket region to control cellular processes during development.

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