

Poly[μ -aqua-diaquabis[μ -2-cyano-2-(oxidoimino)acetato]copper(II)-dipotassium]

Irina A. Golenya,^a Yulia A. Izotova,^b Natalia I. Usenko,^a Valentina A. Kalibabchuk* and Natalia V. Kotova^a

^aKiev National Taras Shevchenko University, Department of Chemistry, Volodymyrska Str. 64, 01601 Kiev, Ukraine, ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Saint-Petersburg State University, Universitetsky Pr. 26, 198504 Stary Peterhof, Russian Federation, and *Department of General Chemistry, O. O. Bohomolets National Medical University, Shevchenko Blvd. 13, 01601 Kiev, Ukraine
Correspondence e-mail: kalibabchuk@ukr.net

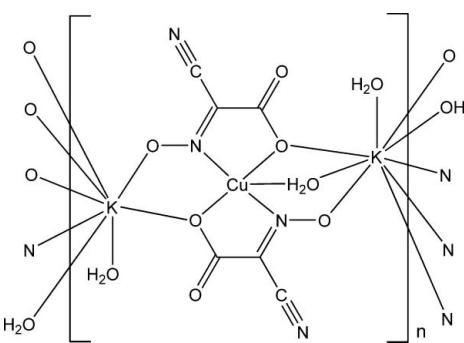
Received 18 August 2012; accepted 22 August 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.024; wR factor = 0.062; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.6.

In the title compound, $[CuK_2(C_3N_2O_3)_2(H_2O)_3]_n$, the Cu^{2+} atom is in a distorted square-pyramidal coordination geometry. Two N atoms belonging to the oxime groups and two O atoms belonging to the carboxylate groups of two *trans*-disposed doubly deprotonated residues of 2-cyano-2-(hydroxyimino)acetic acid make up the basal plane and the apical position is occupied by the water molecule. The neighboring Cu-containing moieties are linked into a three-dimensional framework by K–O and K–N contacts formed by two potassium cations with the carboxylate and the oxime O atoms and the nitrile N atoms of the ligand. The environments of the K^+ cations are complemented to octa- and nonacoordinated, by K–O contacts with H_2O molecules. The crystal structure features O–H···O hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For the use of mononuclear complexes in the preparation of polynuclear complexes, see: Kahn (1993); Goodwin *et al.* (2000); Krämer & Fritsky (2000); Fritsky *et al.* (2001, 2003); Wörl *et al.* (2005). For the use of derivatives of 2-hydroxy-iminocarboxylic acids and their derivatives as versatile ligands, see: Dvorkin *et al.* (1990a,b); Lampeka *et al.* (1989); Skopenko *et al.* (1990); Sachse *et al.* (2008); Fritsky *et al.* (1998, 2006); Kandleral *et al.* (2005); Moroz *et al.* (2008, 2010, 2012). For metal complexes of 2-cyano-2-(hydroxyimino)acetic acid, see: Sliva *et al.* (1998); Mokhir *et al.* (2002); Eddings *et al.* (2004). For related structures, see: Duda *et al.* (1997); Fritsky *et al.* (2004); Onindo *et al.* (1995); Sliva *et al.* (1997); Świątek-Kozłowska *et al.* (2000); Kovbasyuk *et al.* (2004). For the synthesis of the ligand, see: Sliva *et al.* (1998).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[CuK_2(C_3N_2O_3)_2(H_2O)_3]$	$V = 1361.3 (7)$ Å ³
$M_r = 419.89$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, P_{21}/c	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 8.767 (2)$ Å	$\mu = 2.27$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 12.426 (3)$ Å	$T = 100$ K
$c = 13.159 (5)$ Å	$0.24 \times 0.16 \times 0.07$ mm
$\beta = 108.26 (3)^\circ$	

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer	9166 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>DENZO/SCALEPACK</i> ; Otwinski & Minor, 1997)	3189 independent reflections
$T_{min} = 0.657$, $T_{max} = 0.859$	3006 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{int} = 0.043$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$	4 restraints
$wR(F^2) = 0.062$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.09$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.56$ e Å ⁻³
3189 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.56$ e Å ⁻³
205 parameters	

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D\cdots H\cdots A$	$D\cdots H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots\cdots A$	$D\cdots H\cdots A$
O1W–H11W···O3A ⁱ	0.89	1.85	2.7257 (19)	171
O1W–H21W···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.80	1.96	2.6910 (19)	151
O2W–H12W···O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.81	2.19	2.993 (2)	173
O2W–H22W···O3A ⁱ	0.92	2.02	2.926 (2)	164

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 2000); cell refinement: *DENZO/SCALEPACK* (Otwinski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO/SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR2004* (Burla *et al.*, 2005); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

This work was supported by the State Fund for Fundamental Researches of Ukraine (grant No. F40.3/041), the Russian Fund for Basic Research (grants 11-03-00262 and 11-03-90417) and the Federal Targeted Program Scientific and Scientific-Pedagogical Personnel of Innovative Russia in 2009–2013 (contract P1294 from 09/06/2010).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HP2047).

References

- Brandenburg, K. (2009). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
- Burla, M. C., Caliandro, R., Camalli, M., Carrozzini, B., Cascarano, G. L., De Caro, L., Giacovazzo, C., Polidori, G. & Spagna, R. (2005). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **38**, 381–388.
- Duda, A. M., Karaczyn, A., Kozłowski, H., Fritsky, I. O., Głowiak, T., Prisyazhnaya, E. V., Sliva, T. Yu. & Świątek-Kozłowska, J. (1997). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 3853–3859.
- Dvorkin, A. A., Fritskii, I. O., Simonov, I. A., Lampeka, R. D., Mazus, M. D. & Malinovskii, T. I. (1990a). *Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR*, **310**, 87–90.
- Dvorkin, A. A., Simonov, I. A., Skopenko, V. V., Fritskii, I. O. & Lampeka, R. D. (1990b). *Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR*, **313**, 98–101.
- Eddings, D., Barnes, C., Gerasimchuk, N., Durham, P. & Domasevich, K. (2004). *Inorg. Chem.* **43**, 3894–3909.
- Fritsky, I. O., Kozłowski, H., Kanderal, O. M., Haukka, M., Świątek-Kozłowska, J., Gumienna-Kontecka, E. & Meyer, F. (2006). *Chem. Commun.* pp. 4125–4127.
- Fritsky, I. O., Kozłowski, H., Sadler, P. J., Yefetova, O. P., Świątek-Kozłowska, J., Kalibabchuk, V. A. & Głowiak, T. (1998). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 3269–3274.
- Fritsky, I. O., Ott, R., Pritzow, H. & Krämer, R. (2001). *Chem. Eur. J.* **7**, 1221–1231.
- Fritsky, I. O., Ott, R., Pritzow, H. & Krämer, R. (2003). *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, **346**, 111–118.
- Fritsky, I. O., Świątek-Kozłowska, J., Dobosz, A., Sliva, T. Yu. & Dudarenko, N. M. (2004). *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, **357**, 3746–3752.
- Goodwin, J. C., Sessoli, R. & Gatteschi, D. (2000). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 1835–1840.
- Kahn, O. (1993). In *Molecular Magnetism*. New York: VCH.
- Kanderal, O. M., Kozłowski, H., Dobosz, A., Świątek-Kozłowska, J., Meyer, F. & Fritsky, I. O. (2005). *Dalton Trans.* pp. 1428–1437.
- Kovbasuk, L., Pritzow, H., Krämer, R. & Fritsky, I. O. (2004). *Chem. Commun.* pp. 880–881.
- Krämer, R. & Fritsky, I. O. (2000). *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* pp. 3505–3510.
- Lampeka, R. D., Dvorkin, A. A., Simonov, Y. A., Fritsky, I. O. & Skopenko, V. V. (1989). *Ukr. Khim. Zh.* **55**, 458–461.
- Mokhir, A. A., Gumienna-Kontecka, E. S., Świątek-Kozłowska, J., Petkova, E. G., Fritsky, I. O., Jerzykiewicz, L., Kapshuk, A. A. & Sliva, T. Yu. (2002). *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, **329**, 113–121.
- Moroz, Y. S., Demeshko, S., Haukka, M., Mokhir, A., Mitra, U., Stocker, M., Müller, P., Meyer, F. & Fritsky, I. O. (2012). *Inorg. Chem.* **51**, 7445–7447.
- Moroz, Y. S., Kulon, K., Haukka, M., Gumienna-Kontecka, E., Kozłowski, H., Meyer, F. & Fritsky, I. O. (2008). *Inorg. Chem.* **47**, 5656–5665.
- Moroz, Y. S., Szryweil, L., Demeshko, S., Kozłowski, H., Meyer, F. & Fritsky, I. O. (2010). *Inorg. Chem.* **49**, 4750–4752.
- Nonius (2000). *COLLECT*. Nonius BV, Delft, The Netherlands.
- Onindo, C. O., Sliva, T. Yu., Kowalik-Jankowska, T., Fritsky, I. O., Buglyo, P., Pettit, L. D., Kozłowski, H. & Kiss, T. (1995). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 3911–3915.
- Otwinowski, Z. & Minor, W. (1997). *Methods in Enzymology*, Vol. 276, *Macromolecular Crystallography*, Part A, edited by C. W. Carter Jr & R. M. Sweet, pp. 307–326. New York: Academic Press.
- Sachse, A., Penkova, L., Noel, G., Dechert, S., Varzatskii, O. A., Fritsky, I. O. & Meyer, F. (2008). *Synthesis*, **5**, 800–806.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Skopenko, V. V., Lampeka, R. D. & Fritskii, I. O. (1990). *Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR*, **312**, 123–128.
- Sliva, T. Y., Dobosz, A., Jerzykiewicz, L., Karaczyn, A., Moreeuw, A. M., Świątek-Kozłowska, J., Głowiak, T. & Kozłowski, H. (1998). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 1863–1868.
- Sliva, T. Yu., Kowalik-Jankowska, T., Amirhanov, V. M., Głowiak, T., Onindo, C. O., Fritsky, I. O. & Kozłowski, H. (1997). *J. Inorg. Biochem.* **65**, 287–294.
- Świątek-Kozłowska, J., Fritsky, I. O., Dobosz, A., Karaczyn, A., Dudarenko, N. M., Sliva, T. Yu., Gumienna-Kontecka, E. & Jerzykiewicz, L. (2000). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 4064–4068.
- Wörl, S., Pritzow, H., Fritsky, I. O. & Krämer, R. (2005). *Dalton Trans.* pp. 27–29.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, m1303–m1304 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812036641]

Poly[μ -aqua-diaquabis[μ -2-cyano-2-(oxidoimino)acetato]copper(II)dipotassium]

Irina A. Golenya, Yulia A. Izotova, Natalia I. Usenko, Valentina A. Kalibabchuk and Natalia V. Kotova

Comment

Many reported mononuclear complexes of 3 d-metals contains vacant donor atoms or chelate centers, so that they can be considered as ligands for preparation of homo- and heteropolynuclear systems which are widely used in bioinorganic modeling, catalysis and in molecular magnetism (Kahn, 1993; Goodwin *et al.*, 2000; Krämer *et al.*, 2000; Fritsky *et al.*, 2001; Fritsky *et al.*, 2003; Wörl *et al.*, 2005). Polydentate ligands containing oxime and carboxylic groups attract particular attention due to their potential for the bridging mode of coordination and mediation of strong magnetic exchange interactions between metal ions (Lampeka *et al.*, 1989; Dvorkin *et al.*, 1990a, 1990b; Skopenko *et al.*, 1990; Sachse *et al.*, 2008; Moroz *et al.*, 2008, 2010, 2012) and for preparation of metal complexes with efficient stabilization of unusually high oxidation states of 3 d-metal ions like copper(III) and nickel(III) (Fritsky *et al.*, 1998; Kanderal *et al.*, 2005; Fritsky *et al.*, 2006). 2-cyano-2-(hydroxyimino)acetic acid (aaco) is an efficient chelating ligand for Cu(II) and Ni(II) ions (Sliva *et al.*, 1998; Mokhir *et al.*, 2002). To date, only one heterometallic complex containing this ligand $K_2[Pd(aaco-2H)_2].4H_2O$ has been structurally characterized (Eddings *et al.*, 2004). Herein we report the second heterometallic complex based on 2-cyan-2-hydroxyiminoacetic acid.

The title compound, $[K_2Cu(C_3N_2O_3)_2(H_2O)_3]_n$, has an ionic structure containing 2- charged Cu(II)-centered complex anions, potassium cations and water molecules (Fig. 1). The Cu atom is in a distorted square-pyramidal geometry, defined by two N atoms belonging to the oxime groups and two O atoms belonging to the carboxylic groups of two *trans*-disposed doubly deprotonated residues of 2-cyano-2-(hydroxyimino)acetic acid. The apical position is occupied by the water molecule O1W which also serves as a bridge between Cu1 and K1 ions. The coordination bond lengths Cu—N and Cu—O (Table 1) are typical for square-pyramidal Cu(II) complexes with deprotonated oxime and carboxylate donors (Sliva *et al.*, 1997; Kanderal *et al.*, 2005). The bite angles around the central atom deviate from an ideal square-planar configuration [e.g. O2—Cu1—N1 = 82.89 (6) $^\circ$], which is a consequence of the formation of five-membered chelate rings. The bond lengths C—O, N—O and C—N in the coordinated 2-oximinocarboxylate ligand are typical for copper(II) complexes with cyanoximes and carboxylates (Onindo *et al.*, 1995; Duda *et al.*, 1997; Fritsky *et al.*, 2004;).

The potassium cations K1 and K2 are bound to the copper(II) complex anion in a chelate fashion *via* the oxime oxygen (O1A and O1, respectively) and the carboxylic oxygen (O2 and O2A, respectively) atoms. Such coordination of two potassium cations from the different side of the complex anion results in a closed metallamacrocyclic framework. Both potassium cations also forms additional K—O and K—N contacts with the carboxylic and the oxime O atoms and the nitrile N atoms of the neighboring Cu complex anions thus uniting them in a three-dimensional framework (Fig. 2). The environments of K1 and K2 potassium cation are complemented to octa- and nona-coordinated, respectively, by K—O contacts with H₂O molecules. The K—O and K—N bond lengths are normal for potassium cations and close to those reported in the structures of the carboxylate and the oximate complexes (Fritsky *et al.*, 1998; Świątek-Kozłowska *et al.*,

2000; Kovbasyuk *et al.*, 2004). The crystal structure involves intermolecular O—H···O hydrogen bonds where the water molecules act as donors, and the carboxylic and the oxime O atoms act as acceptors (Table 2).

Experimental

$\text{Cu}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (0.242 g, 1 mmol) was dissolved in water (3 ml) and added to the methanolic solution (15 ml) of 2-cyano-2-(hydroxyimino)acetic acid (0.228 g, 2 mmol), synthesized according to Sliva *et al.*, 1998). To the obtained mixture, aqueous solution of potassium hydroxide (1*M*, 4 ml) was added with vigorous stirring at room temperature. The obtained transparent solution was stirred 20 min. and then set aside for crystallization at ambient temperature. Bright brown crystals were separated by filtration after 72 h, washed with cold water (10 ml) and dried (yield 78%). Analysis calculated for $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{CuK}_2\text{N}_4\text{O}_9$: C 17.16, H 1.44, N 13.34%; found: C 17.10, H 1.53, N 13.42%.

Refinement

The H atoms of the water molecule were located at the difference Fourier map and their coordinates were allowed to ride on the coordinates of the parent atom with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}$.

Computing details

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 2000); cell refinement: *DENZO/SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO/SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR2004* (Burla *et al.*, 2005); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008).

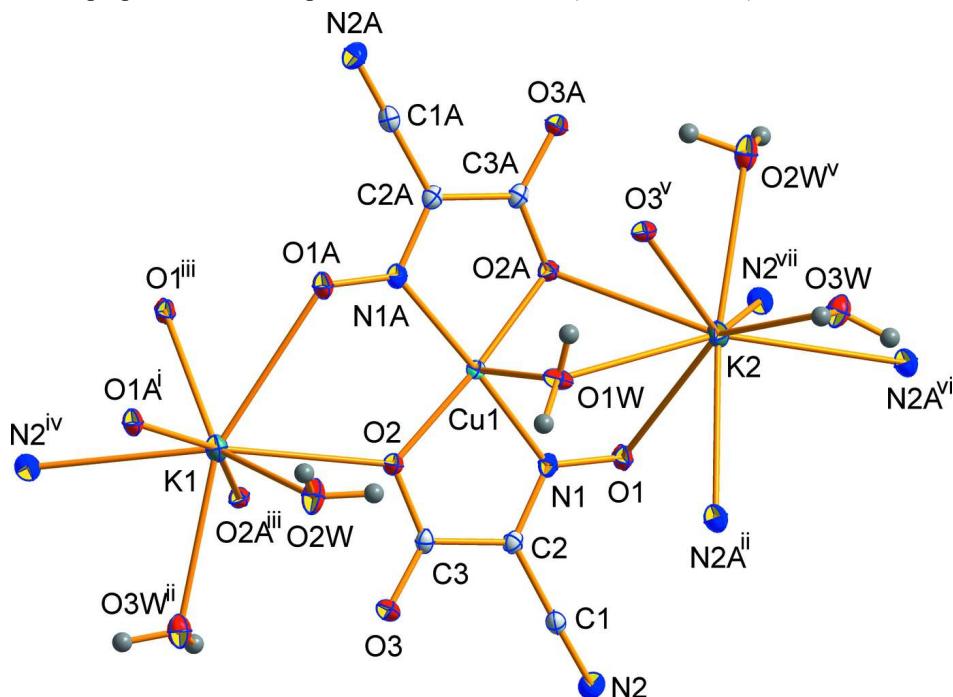
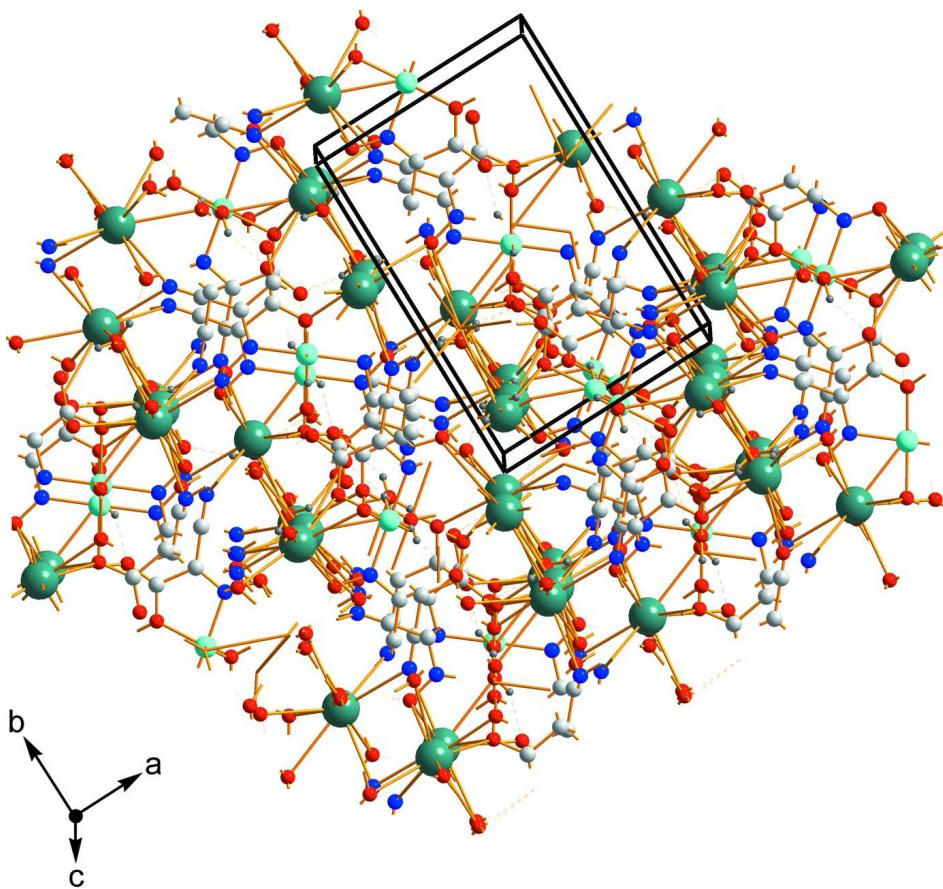


Figure 1

A view of compound (I), with displacement ellipsoids shown at the 50% probability level. H atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radii. Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y + 1, -z$; (ii) $-x + 1, y - 1/2, -z + 1/2$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (iv) $x - 1, -y + 1/2, z - 1/2$; (v) $-x + 1, y + 1/2, -z + 1/2$; (vi) $x + 1, -y + 3/2, z + 1/2$; (vii) $-x + 2, y + 1/2, -z + 1/2$.

**Figure 2**

A packing diagram of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are indicated by dashed lines.

Poly[μ -aqua-diaquabis[μ -2-cyano-2-(oxidoimino)acetato]copper(II)dipotassium]

Crystal data



$M_r = 419.89$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 8.767 (2)$ Å

$b = 12.426 (3)$ Å

$c = 13.159 (5)$ Å

$\beta = 108.26 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1361.3 (7)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 836$

$D_x = 2.049 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 3744 reflections

$\theta = 1.0\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 2.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100$ K

Block, brown

$0.24 \times 0.16 \times 0.07$ mm

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(DENZO/SCALEPACK; Otwinowski & Minor,
1997)

$T_{\min} = 0.657$, $T_{\max} = 0.859$

9166 measured reflections

3189 independent reflections

3006 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.4^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.7^\circ$
 $h = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$
 $l = -14 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.062$
 $S = 1.09$
3189 reflections
205 parameters
4 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.028P)^2 + 0.9392P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.56 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.56 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cu1	0.53009 (2)	0.529307 (15)	0.136932 (15)	0.00981 (7)
K1	0.10262 (4)	0.38634 (3)	-0.06404 (3)	0.01425 (9)
K2	0.86027 (5)	0.61378 (3)	0.38164 (3)	0.01645 (9)
O1	0.86577 (14)	0.45133 (10)	0.22512 (10)	0.0138 (2)
O1A	0.20044 (14)	0.60207 (10)	0.03346 (10)	0.0151 (2)
O2	0.41091 (14)	0.39928 (10)	0.08061 (10)	0.0139 (2)
O2A	0.65548 (14)	0.66325 (10)	0.16771 (9)	0.0117 (2)
O3	0.43256 (15)	0.22059 (10)	0.09720 (10)	0.0160 (3)
O3A	0.61938 (14)	0.84124 (10)	0.16679 (10)	0.0140 (2)
O1W	0.52488 (16)	0.52800 (10)	0.30436 (10)	0.0160 (3)
H11W	0.4781 (7)	0.4699 (8)	0.3201 (2)	0.024*
H21W	0.5029 (3)	0.5835 (8)	0.3278 (3)	0.024*
O2W	0.10231 (16)	0.33982 (12)	0.13939 (11)	0.0205 (3)
H12W	0.0333 (11)	0.3648 (4)	0.1612 (4)	0.031*
H22W	0.1900 (14)	0.3541 (3)	0.1987 (10)	0.031*
O3W	0.89136 (15)	0.65821 (11)	0.59001 (11)	0.0194 (3)
H13W	0.8132 (13)	0.6471 (2)	0.6103 (4)	0.029*
H23W	0.9754 (14)	0.6349 (4)	0.6428 (9)	0.029*
N1	0.71631 (17)	0.42739 (12)	0.18069 (11)	0.0111 (3)
N1A	0.34617 (17)	0.62774 (12)	0.07855 (11)	0.0113 (3)
N2	0.86325 (19)	0.16875 (13)	0.23004 (13)	0.0203 (3)
N2A	0.19141 (19)	0.88673 (13)	0.03683 (13)	0.0186 (3)
C1	0.7741 (2)	0.23825 (14)	0.20181 (13)	0.0125 (3)

C1A	0.2811 (2)	0.81670 (14)	0.06281 (13)	0.0128 (3)
C2	0.66627 (19)	0.32726 (14)	0.16742 (13)	0.0111 (3)
C2A	0.3926 (2)	0.72992 (14)	0.09515 (13)	0.0114 (3)
C3	0.4904 (2)	0.31178 (13)	0.11168 (13)	0.0114 (3)
C3A	0.5671 (2)	0.74813 (14)	0.14657 (13)	0.0109 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cu1	0.00914 (11)	0.00802 (11)	0.01111 (11)	0.00006 (7)	0.00152 (8)	-0.00062 (7)
K1	0.01241 (17)	0.01672 (18)	0.01307 (17)	-0.00156 (13)	0.00320 (13)	-0.00110 (13)
K2	0.01638 (18)	0.01814 (19)	0.01222 (17)	0.00000 (14)	0.00070 (14)	-0.00195 (13)
O1	0.0092 (5)	0.0152 (6)	0.0157 (6)	-0.0015 (4)	0.0020 (5)	-0.0016 (5)
O1A	0.0103 (6)	0.0166 (6)	0.0168 (6)	-0.0026 (5)	0.0019 (5)	-0.0013 (5)
O2	0.0106 (5)	0.0111 (6)	0.0173 (6)	0.0003 (4)	0.0006 (5)	-0.0008 (4)
O2A	0.0103 (5)	0.0101 (5)	0.0142 (6)	0.0007 (4)	0.0029 (4)	0.0002 (4)
O3	0.0155 (6)	0.0104 (6)	0.0197 (6)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0021 (5)	-0.0001 (5)
O3A	0.0138 (6)	0.0112 (6)	0.0165 (6)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0037 (5)	-0.0016 (5)
O1W	0.0230 (7)	0.0095 (6)	0.0175 (6)	-0.0016 (5)	0.0093 (5)	-0.0011 (4)
O2W	0.0131 (6)	0.0311 (7)	0.0163 (6)	0.0019 (5)	0.0033 (5)	-0.0007 (5)
O3W	0.0145 (6)	0.0269 (7)	0.0169 (6)	0.0023 (5)	0.0049 (5)	0.0017 (5)
N1	0.0110 (6)	0.0134 (7)	0.0088 (6)	0.0010 (5)	0.0030 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
N1A	0.0103 (6)	0.0138 (7)	0.0098 (6)	-0.0007 (5)	0.0034 (5)	-0.0002 (5)
N2	0.0195 (8)	0.0178 (8)	0.0200 (8)	0.0028 (6)	0.0010 (6)	0.0000 (6)
N2A	0.0147 (7)	0.0180 (8)	0.0212 (8)	0.0026 (6)	0.0029 (6)	0.0006 (6)
C1	0.0118 (7)	0.0140 (8)	0.0103 (7)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0015 (6)	-0.0009 (6)
C1A	0.0120 (7)	0.0149 (8)	0.0110 (7)	-0.0017 (6)	0.0028 (6)	-0.0017 (6)
C2	0.0115 (7)	0.0123 (7)	0.0093 (7)	0.0009 (6)	0.0030 (6)	0.0000 (6)
C2A	0.0117 (8)	0.0131 (8)	0.0094 (7)	0.0021 (6)	0.0036 (6)	0.0000 (6)
C3	0.0111 (7)	0.0140 (8)	0.0085 (7)	-0.0004 (6)	0.0023 (6)	0.0006 (6)
C3A	0.0112 (7)	0.0139 (8)	0.0080 (7)	0.0014 (6)	0.0038 (6)	0.0008 (6)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

Cu1—O2	1.9407 (14)	O2—C3	1.287 (2)
Cu1—O2A	1.9656 (14)	O2A—C3A	1.287 (2)
Cu1—N1A	1.9774 (16)	O2A—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.9244 (15)
Cu1—N1	2.0029 (16)	O3—C3	1.231 (2)
Cu1—O1W	2.2181 (15)	O3—K2 ⁱⁱ	2.9795 (16)
K1—O2W	2.7395 (17)	O3A—C3A	1.242 (2)
K1—O2	2.7803 (16)	O1W—H11W	0.8863
K1—O1A ⁱ	2.8128 (14)	O1W—H21W	0.8027
K1—O3W ⁱⁱ	2.8578 (16)	O2W—K2 ⁱⁱ	2.8513 (17)
K1—O2A ⁱⁱⁱ	2.9244 (15)	O2W—H12W	0.8088
K1—N2 ^{iv}	2.941 (2)	O2W—H22W	0.9250
K1—O1A	2.9795 (16)	O3W—K1 ^v	2.8578 (16)
K1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.0011 (16)	O3W—H13W	0.8215
K2—O3W	2.7255 (17)	O3W—H23W	0.8882
K2—O2W ^v	2.8513 (17)	N1—C2	1.313 (2)
K2—O2A	2.8911 (18)	N1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.4294 (18)

K2—O1	2.8951 (16)	N1A—C2A	1.330 (2)
K2—O3 ^v	2.9795 (16)	N2—C1	1.146 (2)
K2—N2A ^{vi}	2.981 (2)	N2—K1 ^{viii}	2.941 (2)
K2—O1W	2.9904 (17)	N2—K2 ^{ix}	3.2763 (19)
K2—N2A ⁱⁱ	3.1018 (19)	N2A—C1A	1.151 (2)
K2—N2 ^{vii}	3.2763 (19)	N2A—K2 ^x	2.981 (2)
K2—N1	3.444 (2)	N2A—K2 ^v	3.1018 (18)
O1—N1	1.2911 (19)	C1—C2	1.433 (2)
O1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.0011 (16)	C1A—C2A	1.428 (2)
O1A—N1A	1.2692 (19)	C2—C3	1.498 (2)
O1A—K1 ⁱ	2.8128 (14)	C2A—C3A	1.483 (2)
O2—Cu1—O2A	169.44 (5)	O2W ^v —K2—N2 ^{vii}	68.12 (5)
O2—Cu1—N1A	95.20 (6)	O2A—K2—N2 ^{vii}	80.79 (5)
O2A—Cu1—N1A	83.78 (6)	O1—K2—N2 ^{vii}	69.31 (5)
O2—Cu1—N1	82.89 (6)	O3 ^v —K2—N2 ^{vii}	136.83 (4)
O2A—Cu1—N1	97.08 (6)	N2A ^{vi} —K2—N2 ^{vii}	66.99 (5)
N1A—Cu1—N1	174.16 (6)	O1W—K2—N2 ^{vii}	135.12 (4)
O2—Cu1—O1W	101.37 (6)	N2A ⁱⁱ —K2—N2 ^{vii}	123.61 (5)
O2A—Cu1—O1W	89.19 (6)	O3W—K2—Cu1	136.80 (4)
N1A—Cu1—O1W	97.03 (6)	O2W ^v —K2—Cu1	105.92 (4)
N1—Cu1—O1W	88.76 (6)	O2A—K2—Cu1	31.24 (3)
O2—Cu1—K2	137.80 (4)	O1—K2—Cu1	51.18 (3)
O2A—Cu1—K2	49.71 (4)	O3 ^v —K2—Cu1	75.44 (4)
N1A—Cu1—K2	118.52 (5)	N2A ^{vi} —K2—Cu1	156.01 (4)
N1—Cu1—K2	65.73 (5)	O1W—K2—Cu1	36.34 (3)
O1W—Cu1—K2	53.03 (4)	N2A ⁱⁱ —K2—Cu1	83.40 (5)
O2—Cu1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	122.19 (4)	N2 ^{vii} —K2—Cu1	98.86 (4)
O2A—Cu1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	49.64 (4)	N1—K2—Cu1	32.02 (3)
N1A—Cu1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	112.66 (5)	O3W—K2—K1 ^v	43.95 (4)
N1—Cu1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	64.30 (5)	O2W ^v —K2—K1 ^v	41.71 (3)
O1W—Cu1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	122.53 (4)	O2A—K2—K1 ^v	107.77 (4)
K2—Cu1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	69.53 (3)	O1—K2—K1 ^v	167.26 (3)
O2W—K1—O2	69.00 (5)	O3 ^v —K2—K1 ^v	59.37 (4)
O2W—K1—O1A ⁱ	65.22 (5)	N2A ^{vi} —K2—K1 ^v	73.70 (5)
O2—K1—O1A ⁱ	131.17 (4)	O1W—K2—K1 ^v	112.48 (4)
O2W—K1—O3W ⁱⁱ	85.02 (5)	N2A ⁱⁱ —K2—K1 ^v	122.80 (4)
O2—K1—O3W ⁱⁱ	95.09 (5)	N2 ^{vii} —K2—K1 ^v	98.98 (4)
O1A ⁱ —K1—O3W ⁱⁱ	96.98 (5)	N1—K2—K1 ^v	161.23 (3)
O2W—K1—O2A ⁱⁱⁱ	129.37 (5)	Cu1—K2—K1 ^v	129.25 (3)
O2—K1—O2A ⁱⁱⁱ	68.90 (4)	O3W—K2—H21W	91.8
O1A ⁱ —K1—O2A ⁱⁱⁱ	158.93 (4)	O2W ^v —K2—H21W	104.1
O3W ⁱⁱ —K1—O2A ⁱⁱⁱ	72.05 (4)	O2A—K2—H21W	61.0
O2W—K1—N2 ^{iv}	129.21 (5)	O1—K2—H21W	89.6
O2—K1—N2 ^{iv}	154.70 (5)	O3 ^v —K2—H21W	38.2
O1A ⁱ —K1—N2 ^{iv}	73.17 (5)	N2A ^{vi} —K2—H21W	151.5
O3W ⁱⁱ —K1—N2 ^{iv}	72.16 (5)	O1W—K2—H21W	15.4
O2A ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—N2 ^{iv}	86.19 (5)	N2A ⁱⁱ —K2—H21W	73.4
O2W—K1—O1A	81.80 (5)	N2 ^{vii} —K2—H21W	141.4

O2—K1—O1A	64.30 (5)	N1—K2—H21W	68.4
O1A ⁱ —K1—O1A	92.85 (4)	Cu1—K2—H21W	45.2
O3W ⁱⁱ —K1—O1A	158.48 (4)	K1 ^v —K2—H21W	97.3
O2A ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—O1A	103.74 (4)	N1—O1—K2	104.00 (9)
N2 ^{iv} —K1—O1A	129.20 (5)	N1—O1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	98.06 (9)
O2W—K1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	149.39 (4)	K2—O1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	93.42 (5)
O2—K1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	99.18 (5)	N1A—O1A—K1 ⁱ	141.06 (10)
O1A ⁱ —K1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	111.53 (5)	N1A—O1A—K1	122.63 (10)
O3W ⁱⁱ —K1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	124.96 (4)	K1 ⁱ —O1A—K1	87.15 (4)
O2A ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	64.61 (4)	C3—O2—Cu1	114.14 (11)
N2 ^{iv} —K1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	72.71 (5)	C3—O2—K1	118.81 (10)
O1A—K1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	67.77 (4)	Cu1—O2—K1	126.95 (6)
O2W—K1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	124.58 (4)	C3A—O2A—Cu1	112.93 (11)
O2—K1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	55.64 (4)	C3A—O2A—K2	122.22 (10)
O1A ⁱ —K1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	159.87 (3)	Cu1—O2A—K2	99.04 (6)
O3W ⁱⁱ —K1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	101.26 (4)	C3A—O2A—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	123.20 (10)
O2A ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	30.81 (3)	Cu1—O2A—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	99.55 (5)
N2 ^{iv} —K1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	104.42 (4)	K2—O2A—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	95.14 (5)
O1A—K1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	72.96 (4)	C3—O3—K2 ⁱⁱ	136.08 (11)
O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	50.26 (3)	Cu1—O1W—K2	90.63 (5)
N1 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ	31.75 (3)	Cu1—O1W—H11W	113.2
O2W—K1—K1 ⁱ	66.33 (4)	K2—O1W—H11W	133.5
O2—K1—K1 ⁱ	98.05 (4)	Cu1—O1W—H21W	117.2
O1A ⁱ —K1—K1 ⁱ	48.16 (3)	K2—O1W—H21W	83.8
O3W ⁱⁱ —K1—K1 ⁱ	141.22 (3)	H11W—O1W—H21W	115.1
O2A ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—K1 ⁱ	146.54 (3)	K1—O2W—K2 ⁱⁱ	94.45 (5)
N2 ^{iv} —K1—K1 ⁱ	105.52 (5)	K1—O2W—H12W	119.7
O1A—K1—K1 ⁱ	44.69 (3)	K2 ⁱⁱ —O2W—H12W	122.3
O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—K1 ⁱ	88.64 (4)	K1—O2W—H22W	122.0
N1 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—K1 ⁱ	92.55 (3)	K2 ⁱⁱ —O2W—H22W	100.4
Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—K1 ⁱ	116.27 (3)	H12W—O2W—H22W	98.2
O2W—K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	43.83 (4)	K2—O3W—K1 ^v	94.61 (5)
O2—K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	76.44 (4)	K2—O3W—H13W	117.5
O1A ⁱ —K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	82.18 (4)	K1 ^v —O3W—H13W	104.7
O3W ⁱⁱ —K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	41.44 (3)	K2—O3W—H23W	121.2
O2A ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	99.36 (4)	K1 ^v —O3W—H23W	112.0
N2 ^{iv} —K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	104.45 (5)	H13W—O3W—H23W	105.3
O1A—K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	122.09 (4)	O1—N1—C2	121.88 (14)
O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	163.67 (3)	O1—N1—Cu1	127.20 (11)
N1 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	148.83 (3)	C2—N1—Cu1	110.65 (11)
Cu1 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	117.31 (3)	O1—N1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	60.05 (8)
K1 ⁱ —K1—K2 ⁱⁱ	107.48 (3)	C2—N1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	139.68 (11)
O3W—K2—O2W ^v	85.40 (5)	Cu1—N1—K1 ⁱⁱⁱ	83.94 (5)
O3W—K2—O2A	140.56 (4)	O1—N1—K2	54.66 (8)
O2W ^v —K2—O2A	75.60 (5)	C2—N1—K2	140.04 (11)
O3W—K2—O1	146.95 (4)	Cu1—N1—K2	82.25 (5)
O2W ^v —K2—O1	126.14 (4)	K1 ⁱⁱⁱ —N1—K2	77.30 (4)
O2A—K2—O1	66.37 (5)	O1A—N1A—C2A	121.87 (15)
O3W—K2—O3 ^v	68.49 (5)	O1A—N1A—Cu1	127.23 (12)

O2W ^v —K2—O3 ^v	72.48 (4)	C2A—N1A—Cu1	110.87 (11)
O2A—K2—O3 ^v	72.90 (5)	C1—N2—K1 ^{viii}	133.74 (14)
O1—K2—O3 ^v	125.73 (4)	C1—N2—K2 ^{ix}	122.50 (13)
O3W—K2—N2A ^{vi}	62.76 (5)	K1 ^{viii} —N2—K2 ^{ix}	87.14 (5)
O2W ^v —K2—N2A ^{vi}	87.22 (5)	C1A—N2A—K2 ^x	129.07 (13)
O2A—K2—N2A ^{vi}	147.35 (5)	C1A—N2A—K2 ^v	138.19 (13)
O1—K2—N2A ^{vi}	104.84 (5)	K2 ^x —N2A—K2 ^v	91.29 (6)
O3 ^v —K2—N2A ^{vi}	128.30 (5)	N2—C1—C2	178.38 (19)
O3W—K2—O1W	101.07 (5)	N2A—C1A—C2A	179.9 (3)
O2W ^v —K2—O1W	116.68 (5)	N1—C2—C1	121.99 (15)
O2A—K2—O1W	60.02 (4)	N1—C2—C3	115.90 (15)
O1—K2—O1W	75.13 (5)	C1—C2—C3	122.10 (15)
O3 ^v —K2—O1W	53.59 (4)	N1A—C2A—C1A	121.76 (15)
N2A ^{vi} —K2—O1W	151.06 (4)	N1A—C2A—C3A	116.05 (15)
O3W—K2—N2A ⁱⁱ	79.38 (5)	C1A—C2A—C3A	122.17 (15)
O2W ^v —K2—N2A ⁱⁱ	164.43 (4)	O3—C3—O2	124.94 (15)
O2A—K2—N2A ⁱⁱ	114.63 (5)	O3—C3—C2	120.30 (15)
O1—K2—N2A ⁱⁱ	69.43 (5)	O2—C3—C2	114.75 (15)
O3 ^v —K2—N2A ⁱⁱ	98.59 (5)	O3A—C3A—O2A	124.08 (15)
N2A ^{vi} —K2—N2A ⁱⁱ	88.71 (6)	O3A—C3A—C2A	119.89 (15)
O1W—K2—N2A ⁱⁱ	63.82 (5)	O2A—C3A—C2A	116.03 (15)
O3W—K2—N2 ^{vii}	123.65 (5)		
O2—Cu1—O2A—C3A	90.4 (3)	O1—N1—C2—C3	-178.21 (13)
N1A—Cu1—O2A—C3A	5.42 (11)	Cu1—N1—C2—C3	7.32 (17)
N1—Cu1—O2A—C3A	179.61 (11)	O1A—N1A—C2A—C1A	-0.2 (2)
O1W—Cu1—O2A—C3A	-91.74 (11)	Cu1—N1A—C2A—C1A	-178.39 (12)
O2—Cu1—N1—O1	175.68 (13)	O1A—N1A—C2A—C3A	-178.72 (14)
O2A—Cu1—N1—O1	6.32 (14)	Cu1—O2—C3—O3	170.18 (14)
O1W—Cu1—N1—O1	-82.70 (13)	Cu1—O2—C3—C2	-10.95 (18)
O2—Cu1—N1—C2	-10.22 (11)	N1—C2—C3—O3	-178.94 (15)
O2A—Cu1—N1—C2	-179.58 (11)	C1—C2—C3—O3	2.5 (2)
O1W—Cu1—N1—C2	91.39 (12)	N1—C2—C3—O2	2.1 (2)
O2—Cu1—N1A—O1A	7.99 (14)	C1—C2—C3—O2	-176.39 (15)
O2A—Cu1—N1A—O1A	177.43 (14)	Cu1—O2A—C3A—O3A	174.67 (13)
O1W—Cu1—N1A—O1A	-94.17 (14)	Cu1—O2A—C3A—C2A	-5.14 (17)
O2—Cu1—N1A—C2A	-173.99 (11)	N1A—C2A—C3A—O3A	-178.48 (14)
O2A—Cu1—N1A—C2A	-4.55 (11)	C1A—C2A—C3A—O3A	3.0 (2)
O1W—Cu1—N1A—C2A	83.86 (12)	N1A—C2A—C3A—O2A	1.3 (2)
O1—N1—C2—C1	0.3 (2)	C1A—C2A—C3A—O2A	-177.14 (14)
Cu1—N1—C2—C1	-174.16 (12)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y+1, -z$; (ii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (iv) $x-1, -y+1/2, z-1/2$; (v) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (vi) $x+1, -y+3/2, z+1/2$; (vii) $-x+2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (viii) $x+1, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (ix) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (x) $x-1, -y+3/2, z-1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\cdots H$	$D—H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—H\cdots A$
O1W—H11W \cdots O3A ⁱⁱ	0.89	1.85	2.7257 (19)	171
O1W—H21W \cdots O3 ^v	0.80	1.96	2.6910 (19)	151

supplementary materials

O2W—H12W···O1 ^{xi}	0.81	2.19	2.993 (2)	173
O2W—H22W···O3A ⁱⁱ	0.92	2.02	2.926 (2)	164

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (v) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (xi) $x-1, y, z$.