

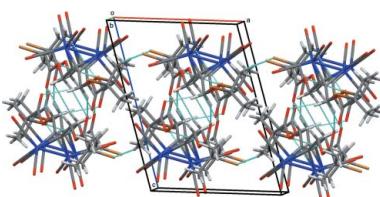
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Crystal structures of ($\mu_2\text{-}\eta^2,\eta^2$ -4-hydroxybut-2-yn-1-yl 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate- $\kappa^4C^2,C^3:C^2,C^3$)-bis[tricarbonylcobalt(II)](Co—Co) and [$\mu_2\text{-}\eta^2,\eta^2$ -but-2-yne-1,4-diyl bis(2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate)- $\kappa^4C^2,C^3:C^2,C^3$]bis[tricarbonylcobalt(II)](Co—Co)

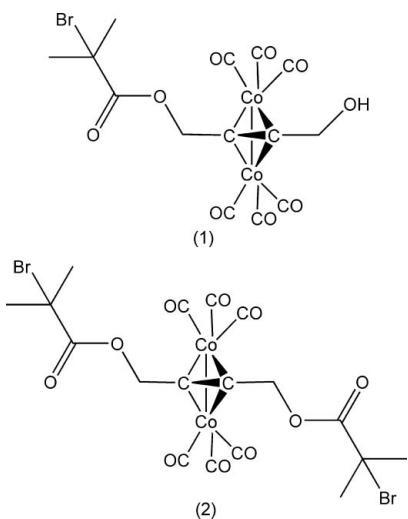
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The title compounds, $[\text{Co}_2(\text{C}_8\text{H}_{11}\text{BrO}_3)(\text{CO})_6]$, (1), and $[\text{Co}_2(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{Br}_2\text{O}_4)(\text{CO})_6]$, (2), result from the replacement of two carbonyl ligands from dicobalt octacarbonyl by the alkynes 4-hydroxybut-2-ynyl 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate and but-2-yne-1,4-diyl bis(2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate), respectively. Both molecules have classic tetrahedral C_2Co_2 cluster cores with the Co^{II} atoms in a highly distorted octahedral coordination geometry. The alkyne ligands both adopt a *cis*-bent conformation on coordination. In the crystal structure of (1), classical $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and non-classical $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ contacts form inversion dimers. These combine with weak $\text{O}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{Br}\cdots\text{O}$ contacts to stack the molecules into interconnected columns along the *b*-axis direction. $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Br}$ contacts stabilize the packing for (2), and a weak $\text{Br}\cdots\text{O}$ contact is also observed. Interconnected columns of molecules again form along the *b*-axis direction.

1. Chemical context

In 1954 alkynes were found to act as ligands and displace two carbonyl groups from dicobalt octacarbonyl to form alkyne-hexacarbonyl-dicobalt complexes (Sternberg *et al.*, 1954). The novelty of these compounds, together with their close isolobal relationship to other members of the ‘tetrahedrane series’ (Hoffmann, 1982), spawned enormous interest in both the hexacarbonyls and their substituted derivatives. Applications include use in organic synthesis (Melikyan *et al.*, 2012), as biological probes (Salmain & Jaouen, 1993) and in the stabilization of high-performance energetic materials (Windler *et al.*, 2012). Their diverse redox properties (Robinson & Simpson, 1989) have also been exploited in the development of molecular wires (McAdam *et al.*, 1996; Hore *et al.*, 2000; Xie *et al.*, 2012) where alkyne-hexacarbonyl-dicobalt cores are separated by electronically conducting spacers or connecting groups. Our recent interest in incorporating redox-active organometallic species into polymer materials (Dana *et al.*, 2007; McAdam *et al.*, 2008) prompted us to investigate the synthesis of alkyne-hexacarbonyl-dicobalt complexes with potential ATRP initiator functionality by the incorporation of one or more known initiator substrates, such as 2-halo-2-methyl propanoyl esters (Wang & Matyjaszewski, 1995; Laurent & Grayson, 2006), into the alkyne system. The structures of two such molecules with 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate substituents are reported here.



2. Structural commentary

The molecular structures of (1) and (2) are illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2. Both compounds are classic alkyne dicobalt cluster systems incorporating the triple bonds of 4-hydroxybut-2-ynyl 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate for (1) and but-2-yne-1,4-diybis(2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate) for (2) into the tetrahedral

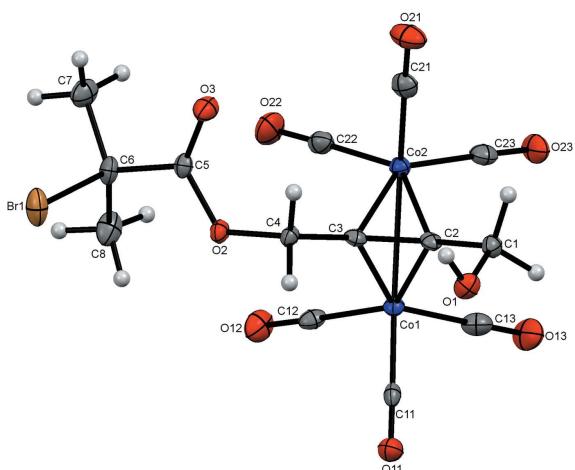


Figure 1
The structure of (1) with ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

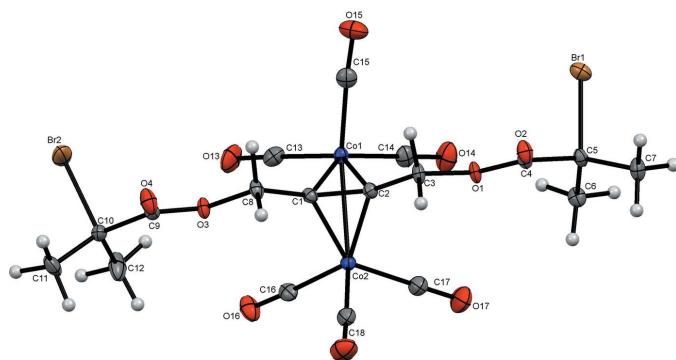


Figure 2
The structure of (2) with ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table 1
Selected bond lengths (\AA) for (1).

C2—C3	1.344 (5)	C2—Co2	1.972 (3)
Co1—Co2	2.4723 (7)	C3—Co1	1.956 (4)
C2—Co1	1.967 (3)	C3—Co2	1.960 (3)

Table 2
Selected bond lengths (\AA) for (2).

C1—C2	1.343 (3)	C1—Co2	1.949 (2)
Co1—Co2	2.4759 (10)	C2—Co1	1.9508 (19)
C1—Co1	1.960 (2)	C2—Co2	1.948 (2)

C_2Co_2 core of the alkyne dicobalt cluster unit. The coordination geometry around each cobalt atom is distorted octahedral. Each cobalt atom carries one pseudo-axial and two pseudo-equatorial carbonyl substituents. The C2 and C3 atoms of the alkyne ligand for (1) and the corresponding C1 and C2 atoms for (2) are also pseudo-equatorial, with the bonds to the second Co atoms completing the highly distorted coordination spheres in pseudo-axial sites.

This combination of coordination spheres results in classical ‘sawhorse’ structures (Arewgoda *et al.*, 1983) for each molecule. The CH_2OH and 2-bromo-2-ethylpropanoate substituents for (1) and the two 2-bromo-2-ethylpropanoate groups for (2), adopt a *cis*-bent configuration similar to the excited state of an alkyne system (Dickson & Fraser, 1974). Furthermore, the $\text{C}11\text{—Co}1\text{—Co}2\text{—C}21$ and $\text{C}1\text{—C}2\text{—C}3\text{—C}4$ planes for (1) and $\text{C}15\text{—Co}1\text{—Co}2\text{—C}18$ and $\text{C}3\text{—C}2\text{—C}1\text{—C}8$ planes for (2) are close to orthogonal with interplanar angles of $89.65 (7)$ and $85.91 (7)^\circ$, respectively. The $\text{Co}1\text{—Co}2$ bond lengths are $2.4723 (7)$ \AA for (1) and $2.4759 (10)$ \AA for (2) with corresponding $\text{C}2\text{—C}3$ and $\text{C}1\text{—C}2$ distances of $1.344 (5)$ and $1.343 (3)$ \AA (Tables 1 and 2). These are not unusual in comparison to those found for the 480 C_2Co_2 alkyne dicobalt clusters with 6 CO ligands found in the Cambridge Structural Database (Allen, 2002). For these, the mean Co—Co and C—C distances are found to be $2.47 (1)$ and $1.337 (15)$ \AA , respectively. The eight $\text{Co—C}_{\text{alkyne}}$ distances average $1.958 (7)$ \AA , again comparable to the mean value of $1.965 (5)$ \AA found previously.

The C=O groups of the 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate units point away from the cluster cores in both molecules. The two carbonyl groups in (2) each lie on the same side of the molecule, with the 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate units arranged symmetrically with respect to the central C_2Co_2 unit. Bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles in the $-\text{OC(O)}\text{—C}(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{Br}$ chains are not unusual and are similar in both molecules.

3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal structure of (1), classical $\text{O}1\text{—H}1\cdots\text{O}3$ hydrogen bonds (Table 3) are augmented by two $\text{C—H}\cdots\text{O}$ contacts that link adjacent molecules into inversion dimers generating $R_2^2(10)$, $R_2^2(18)$ and $R_2^2(20)$ rings (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). Two additional inversion dimers also result from weaker $\text{C}1\text{—H}1\text{A}\cdots\text{O}1$ and $\text{C}8\text{—H}8\text{A}\cdots\text{O}12$ hydrogen bonds

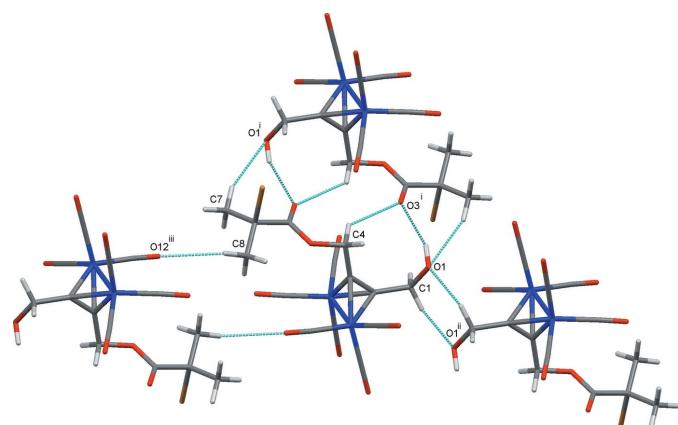
Table 3Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$) for (1).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.84	2.16	2.946 (4)	156
C4—H4B \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.99	2.60	3.360 (4)	134
C7—H7A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.98	2.71	3.637 (5)	157
C1—H1A \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.55	3.307 (5)	133
C8—H8A \cdots O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.98	2.71	3.485 (5)	136

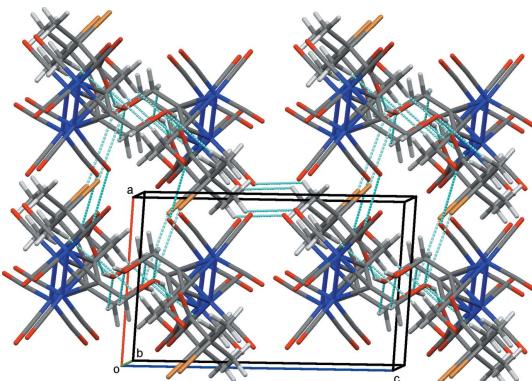
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 2$; (ii) $-x, -y + 2, -z + 2$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

(Fig. 3). These contacts, together with weak O2 \cdots O21, [2.965 (4) \AA ; symmetry operation $1 + x, y, z$] and Br1 \cdots O1 [3.307 (3) \AA ; symmetry operation $-x, 1 - y, 2 - z$] contacts stack the molecules into interconnected columns along the b -axis direction (Fig. 4).

Hydrogen bonding also figures prominently in the structure of (2), although in this molecule no classical hydrogen bonds are possible. Bifurcated C3—H3B \cdots O2 and C8—H8A \cdots O2 contacts (Table 4) produce $R_2^1(7)$ rings while inversion-related C8—H8B \cdots O4 hydrogen bonds form $R_2^2(10)$ rings (Fig. 5). The other significant contacts involve C—H \cdots Br hydrogen bonds. C12—H12C \cdots Br1 contacts link molecules into $C_2^2(14)$

**Figure 3**

Inversion dimers in the crystal structure of (1). Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines and symmetry operations are those detailed in Table 2.

**Figure 4**

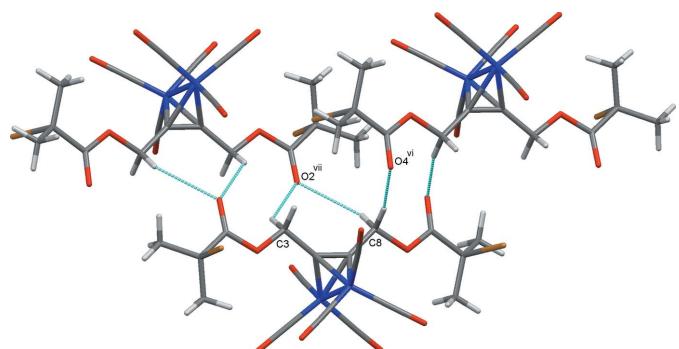
Overall packing for (1) viewed along the b axis. Hydrogen bonds and other interatomic contacts are drawn as dashed lines.

Table 4Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$) for (2).

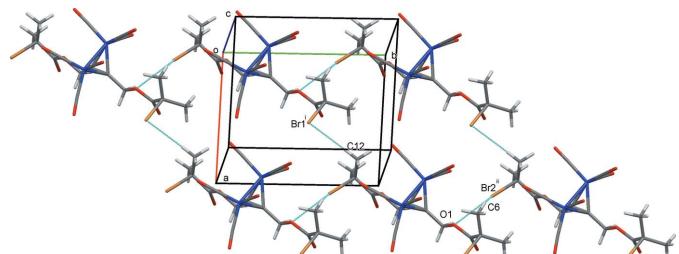
$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C12—H12C \cdots Br1 ⁱ	0.98	2.99	3.961 (3)	170
C6—H6A \cdots Br2 ⁱⁱ	0.98	3.01	3.788 (2)	137
C8—H8B \cdots O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.45	3.411 (3)	165
C3—H3B \cdots O2 ^{iv}	0.99	2.58	3.341 (3)	133
C8—H8A \cdots O2 ^{iv}	0.99	2.64	3.454 (3)	139

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y - 1, z$; (ii) $x, y + 1, z$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (iv) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

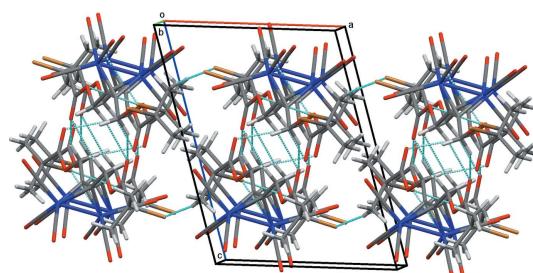
chains approximately parallel to [110] while C6—H6A \cdots Br2 interactions, bolstered by short O1 \cdots Br2 contacts [3.296 (2) \AA , symmetry operation $x, -1 + y, z$], form $C_2^2(12)$ chains parallel to [010] (Fig. 6). The net result of these contacts is a series of interconnected columns of molecules stacked along the b -axis direction (Fig. 7).

**Figure 5**

C—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds in the crystal structure of (2). Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines and symmetry operations are those detailed in Table 4.

**Figure 6**

Chains of molecules of (2) formed by C—H \cdots Br hydrogen bonds drawn as dashed lines. Symmetry operations are those detailed in Table 4.

**Figure 7**

Overall packing for (2) viewed along the b axis. Hydrogen bonds and other interatomic contacts are drawn as dashed lines.

Table 5
Experimental details.

	(1)	(2)
Crystal data		
Chemical formula	[Co ₂ (C ₈ H ₁₁ BrO ₃)(CO) ₆]	[Co ₂ (C ₁₂ H ₁₆ Br ₂ O ₄)(CO) ₆]
<i>M</i> _r	521.00	669.99
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, <i>P</i> ̄1	Triclinic, <i>P</i> ̄1
Temperature (K)	91	91
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	7.3887 (8), 11.1147 (12), 11.7274 (13)	9.392 (5), 10.710 (5), 13.269 (5)
α , β , γ (°)	78.583 (6), 85.239 (6), 76.342 (6)	71.314 (5), 71.973 (5), 84.630 (5)
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	916.67 (18)	1202.3 (10)
<i>Z</i>	2	2
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> α	Mo <i>K</i> α
μ (mm ⁻¹)	4.03	4.75
Crystal size (mm)	0.39 × 0.16 × 0.04	0.25 × 0.11 × 0.06
Data collection		
Diffractometer	Bruker APEXII CCD area detector	Bruker APEXII CCD area detector
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2011)	Multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2011)
<i>T</i> _{min} , <i>T</i> _{max}	0.302, 0.855	0.611, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and observed [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)] reflections	11686, 3713, 2966	21546, 8127, 6040
<i>R</i> _{int}	0.055	0.037
(sin θ /λ) _{max} (Å ⁻¹)	0.628	0.751
Refinement		
<i>R</i> [<i>F</i> ² > 2σ(<i>F</i> ²)], <i>wR</i> (<i>F</i> ²), <i>S</i>	0.038, 0.097, 1.03	0.031, 0.069, 0.95
No. of reflections	3713	8127
No. of parameters	238	293
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained	H-atom parameters constrained
Δρ _{max} , Δρ _{min} (e Å ⁻³)	0.83, -0.73	1.43, -1.06

Computer programs: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2011), *SHELXS97* and *SHELXL2013* (Sheldrick, 2008), *TITAN2000* (Hunter & Simpson, 1999), *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008), *enCIFer* (Allen *et al.*, 2004), *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

4. Database survey

The first structure, of dicobalt hexacarbonyl diphenylacetylene, was reported using film data (Sly, 1959). The current database (Version 5.35, November 2013 with 1 update) details 480 hexacarbonyl structures. However, this number rises to 730 if the search is extended to cover dicobalt alkyne compounds in which one or more carbonyl group has been substituted, mainly by phosphine ligands. Interestingly there are no current examples of similar 4-hydroxybut-2-ynyl carboxylate derivatives and only one but-2-yne-1,4-diyl diacetate complex [(4-diacetoxybut-2-yne)-hexacarbonyl-dicobalt; Soleilhavoup *et al.*, 2002] among this plethora of structures, underlining the novelty of the compounds reported here.

5. Synthesis and crystallization

In typical preparations, 1:1 molar quantities of 4-hydroxybut-2-ynyl 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate for (1) or a 2:1 molar ratio of but-2-yne-1,4-diyl bis(2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate) for (2) with Co₂(CO)₈ were allowed to react at room temperature for 1 h in CH₂Cl₂ under nitrogen. The reaction mixtures were filtered through silica gel to remove any insoluble impurities and the filtrates taken to dryness *in vacuo*. The complexes were then purified by recrystallization from hexane at 273 K. Yields were in the range 70–80%. Complexation was confirmed by the absence of a band at 1860 cm⁻¹ in the infrared spectrum, attributable to the μ₂ (bridging) carbonyl groups of the dicobalt octacarbonyl

starting material. In addition, a hypsochromic shift of approximately 30 cm⁻¹ of the remaining carbonyl stretching frequencies is seen, due to the decrease in electron density at the metal atoms upon coordination of these alkynes. Characteristic IR spectra were recorded for both products as follows: IR (ν, cm⁻¹): (1): 3300 (broad, OH), ν(C≡O) 2099, 2062, 2032, ν(C=O) 1735; (2): ν(C≡O) 2096, 2058, 2031, ν(C=O) 1734.

6. Refinement

All H atoms bound to carbon were refined using a riding model with *d*(C–H) = 0.99 Å, *U*_{iso} = 1.2*U*_{eq} (C) for CH₂, 0.98 Å, *U*_{iso} = 1.5*U*_{eq} (C) for CH₃ atoms. In the final refinement, two reflections from the data for (2) with *F*_o << *F*_c were omitted from the refinement.

Acknowledgements

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supporting information

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Crystal structures of ($\mu_2\text{-}\eta^2,\eta^2\text{-}4\text{-hydroxybut-2-yn-1-yl}$ 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate- $\kappa^4\text{C}^2,\text{C}^3\text{:C}^2,\text{C}^3$)bis[tricarbonylcobalt(II)](Co—Co) and [$\mu_2\text{-}\eta^2,\eta^2\text{-but-2-yne-1,4-diyl}$ bis(2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate)- $\kappa^4\text{C}^2,\text{C}^3\text{:C}^2,\text{C}^3$]bis[tricarbonylcobalt(II)](Co—Co)

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Computing details

For both compounds, data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2011); cell refinement: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2011); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2011); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2013* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *TITAN2000* (Hunter & Simpson, 1999); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL2013* (Sheldrick, 2008), *enCIFer* (Allen *et al.*, 2004), *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

(1) [$\mu_2\text{-}\eta^2,\eta^2\text{-}4\text{-Hydroxybut-2-yn-1-yl}$ 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate- $\kappa^4\text{C}^2,\text{C}^3\text{:C}^2,\text{C}^3$]bis[tricarbonylcobalt(II)](Co—Co)

Crystal data

$[\text{Co}_2(\text{C}_8\text{H}_{11}\text{BrO}_3)(\text{CO})_6]$	$Z = 2$
$M_r = 521.00$	$F(000) = 512$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$D_x = 1.888 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$a = 7.3887 (8) \text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$b = 11.1147 (12) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 3089 reflections
$c = 11.7274 (13) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 4.7\text{--}51.2^\circ$
$\alpha = 78.583 (6)^\circ$	$\mu = 4.03 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 85.239 (6)^\circ$	$T = 91 \text{ K}$
$\gamma = 76.342 (6)^\circ$	Irregular fragment, orange-red
$V = 916.67 (18) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.39 \times 0.16 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	11686 measured reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3713 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	2966 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2011)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.5^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.3^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.302, T_{\text{max}} = 0.855$	$h = -8\text{--}9$
	$k = -13\text{--}13$
	$l = -14\text{--}14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.097$
 $S = 1.03$
 3713 reflections
 238 parameters
 0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0486P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.83 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.73 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	-0.0205 (4)	0.8525 (2)	1.0602 (2)	0.0210 (6)
H1	-0.0387	0.7844	1.1000	0.032*
C1	-0.1326 (5)	0.8873 (4)	0.9601 (3)	0.0159 (8)
H1A	-0.1616	0.9800	0.9357	0.019*
H1B	-0.2517	0.8605	0.9803	0.019*
C2	-0.0346 (4)	0.8277 (3)	0.8618 (3)	0.0137 (7)
C3	0.0896 (4)	0.7232 (3)	0.8429 (3)	0.0135 (7)
C4	0.1996 (5)	0.6065 (3)	0.9107 (3)	0.0131 (7)
H4A	0.2813	0.6282	0.9626	0.016*
H4B	0.1144	0.5594	0.9600	0.016*
O2	0.3132 (3)	0.5272 (2)	0.8345 (2)	0.0160 (5)
C5	0.2596 (5)	0.4240 (3)	0.8234 (3)	0.0147 (8)
O3	0.1198 (4)	0.3939 (2)	0.8680 (2)	0.0220 (6)
C6	0.3981 (5)	0.3471 (3)	0.7453 (3)	0.0185 (8)
C7	0.3045 (6)	0.2640 (4)	0.6933 (3)	0.0254 (9)
H7A	0.2510	0.2089	0.7560	0.038*
H7B	0.3967	0.2127	0.6472	0.038*
H7C	0.2052	0.3169	0.6431	0.038*
C8	0.5019 (6)	0.4259 (4)	0.6532 (3)	0.0274 (9)
H8A	0.5921	0.3703	0.6097	0.041*
H8B	0.5676	0.4733	0.6910	0.041*
H8C	0.4126	0.4847	0.5995	0.041*
Br1	0.58507 (6)	0.23943 (4)	0.85597 (4)	0.02956 (14)
Co1	0.14649 (6)	0.86999 (5)	0.73644 (4)	0.01350 (13)
C11	0.3041 (5)	0.9142 (3)	0.8218 (3)	0.0153 (8)
O11	0.4032 (3)	0.9404 (3)	0.8748 (2)	0.0216 (6)
C12	0.3119 (5)	0.7980 (4)	0.6321 (3)	0.0188 (8)
O12	0.4169 (4)	0.7477 (3)	0.5703 (2)	0.0299 (7)
C13	0.0360 (5)	1.0278 (4)	0.6608 (3)	0.0235 (9)
O13	-0.0335 (4)	1.1244 (3)	0.6144 (3)	0.0358 (8)

Co2	-0.11056 (6)	0.76340 (5)	0.73243 (4)	0.01475 (14)
C21	-0.2640 (5)	0.6741 (4)	0.8176 (3)	0.0216 (9)
O21	-0.3575 (4)	0.6190 (3)	0.8772 (3)	0.0327 (7)
C22	-0.0153 (5)	0.6651 (4)	0.6246 (3)	0.0216 (9)
O22	0.0493 (4)	0.6009 (3)	0.5607 (3)	0.0342 (7)
C23	-0.2750 (5)	0.8974 (4)	0.6540 (3)	0.0216 (8)
O23	-0.3745 (4)	0.9823 (3)	0.6055 (2)	0.0293 (7)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0248 (14)	0.0207 (15)	0.0180 (14)	-0.0051 (12)	-0.0019 (11)	-0.0039 (11)
C1	0.0151 (17)	0.0157 (19)	0.0168 (19)	-0.0025 (15)	0.0022 (14)	-0.0049 (15)
C2	0.0112 (17)	0.0148 (19)	0.0147 (18)	-0.0052 (14)	0.0024 (13)	-0.0003 (15)
C3	0.0114 (16)	0.0169 (19)	0.0132 (18)	-0.0063 (14)	0.0017 (13)	-0.0020 (15)
C4	0.0151 (17)	0.0108 (18)	0.0135 (18)	-0.0024 (14)	0.0019 (14)	-0.0040 (14)
O2	0.0163 (12)	0.0133 (13)	0.0174 (13)	-0.0020 (10)	0.0043 (10)	-0.0041 (11)
C5	0.0173 (18)	0.0119 (18)	0.0126 (18)	-0.0001 (14)	-0.0014 (14)	-0.0002 (14)
O3	0.0244 (14)	0.0199 (15)	0.0229 (15)	-0.0087 (12)	0.0082 (11)	-0.0059 (12)
C6	0.0210 (19)	0.0128 (19)	0.0185 (19)	0.0021 (15)	-0.0010 (15)	-0.0025 (16)
C7	0.030 (2)	0.025 (2)	0.023 (2)	-0.0080 (18)	0.0048 (17)	-0.0107 (18)
C8	0.036 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.020 (2)	-0.0042 (18)	0.0098 (18)	-0.0042 (18)
Br1	0.0302 (2)	0.0259 (2)	0.0255 (2)	0.00937 (17)	-0.00436 (17)	-0.00550 (18)
Co1	0.0140 (2)	0.0128 (3)	0.0133 (3)	-0.00413 (19)	0.00139 (18)	-0.0009 (2)
C11	0.0146 (17)	0.0111 (18)	0.0171 (19)	0.0004 (14)	0.0047 (15)	-0.0014 (15)
O11	0.0190 (13)	0.0231 (15)	0.0241 (15)	-0.0054 (11)	-0.0014 (11)	-0.0065 (12)
C12	0.023 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.0168 (19)	-0.0116 (16)	0.0023 (16)	-0.0030 (16)
O12	0.0360 (17)	0.0303 (17)	0.0251 (16)	-0.0105 (14)	0.0129 (13)	-0.0111 (14)
C13	0.024 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.024 (2)	-0.0126 (18)	-0.0019 (17)	-0.0033 (18)
O13	0.0362 (17)	0.0196 (17)	0.046 (2)	-0.0045 (14)	-0.0146 (15)	0.0100 (15)
Co2	0.0140 (2)	0.0139 (3)	0.0161 (3)	-0.00375 (19)	-0.00161 (19)	-0.0012 (2)
C21	0.0197 (19)	0.023 (2)	0.021 (2)	-0.0035 (17)	-0.0066 (16)	-0.0010 (17)
O21	0.0254 (15)	0.0375 (19)	0.0351 (18)	-0.0164 (14)	-0.0022 (13)	0.0050 (15)
C22	0.0204 (19)	0.020 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.0062 (16)	-0.0066 (16)	-0.0017 (18)
O22	0.0389 (18)	0.0333 (18)	0.0346 (18)	-0.0058 (14)	-0.0004 (14)	-0.0193 (15)
C23	0.0174 (19)	0.025 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.0101 (17)	0.0015 (16)	-0.0041 (18)
O23	0.0240 (15)	0.0204 (16)	0.0382 (18)	-0.0019 (13)	-0.0105 (13)	0.0068 (13)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C1	1.430 (4)	C7—H7A	0.9800
O1—H1	0.8400	C7—H7B	0.9800
C1—C2	1.493 (5)	C7—H7C	0.9800
C1—H1A	0.9900	C8—H8A	0.9800
C1—H1B	0.9900	C8—H8B	0.9800
C2—C3	1.344 (5)	C8—H8C	0.9800
Co1—Co2	2.4723 (7)	Co1—C11	1.805 (4)
C2—Co1	1.967 (3)	Co1—C12	1.819 (4)

C2—Co2	1.972 (3)	Co1—C13	1.833 (4)
C3—C4	1.476 (5)	C11—O11	1.121 (4)
C3—Co1	1.956 (4)	C12—O12	1.141 (5)
C3—Co2	1.960 (3)	C13—O13	1.125 (5)
C4—O2	1.455 (4)	Co2—C21	1.794 (4)
C4—H4A	0.9900	Co2—C22	1.824 (4)
C4—H4B	0.9900	Co2—C23	1.825 (4)
O2—C5	1.331 (4)	C21—O21	1.136 (5)
C5—O3	1.207 (4)	C22—O22	1.135 (5)
C5—C6	1.535 (5)	C23—O23	1.132 (4)
C6—C7	1.516 (5)	Br1—O1 ⁱ	3.307 (3)
C6—C8	1.526 (5)	O2—O21 ⁱⁱ	2.965 (4)
C6—Br1	1.981 (3)		
C1—O1—H1	109.5	C6—C8—H8A	109.5
O1—C1—C2	111.1 (3)	C6—C8—H8B	109.5
O1—C1—H1A	109.4	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C2—C1—H1A	109.4	C6—C8—H8C	109.5
O1—C1—H1B	109.4	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C2—C1—H1B	109.4	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
H1A—C1—H1B	108.0	C6—Br1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	68.68 (12)
C3—C2—C1	140.2 (3)	C11—Co1—C12	99.92 (16)
C3—C2—Co1	69.5 (2)	C11—Co1—C13	98.37 (16)
C1—C2—Co1	135.5 (3)	C12—Co1—C13	106.52 (17)
C3—C2—Co2	69.5 (2)	C11—Co1—C3	100.69 (15)
C1—C2—Co2	135.7 (2)	C12—Co1—C3	102.34 (16)
Co1—C2—Co2	77.75 (13)	C13—Co1—C3	141.85 (16)
C2—C3—C4	138.8 (3)	C11—Co1—C2	98.44 (15)
C2—C3—Co1	70.4 (2)	C12—Co1—C2	140.87 (16)
C4—C3—Co1	135.6 (2)	C13—Co1—C2	104.58 (16)
C2—C3—Co2	70.5 (2)	C3—Co1—C2	40.06 (14)
C4—C3—Co2	135.3 (3)	C11—Co1—Co2	148.11 (11)
Co1—C3—Co2	78.29 (13)	C12—Co1—Co2	100.47 (12)
O2—C4—C3	111.1 (3)	C13—Co1—Co2	99.02 (12)
O2—C4—H4A	109.4	C3—Co1—Co2	50.92 (10)
C3—C4—H4A	109.4	C2—Co1—Co2	51.21 (10)
O2—C4—H4B	109.4	O11—C11—Co1	179.3 (3)
C3—C4—H4B	109.4	O12—C12—Co1	176.8 (3)
H4A—C4—H4B	108.0	O13—C13—Co1	179.3 (3)
C5—O2—C4	117.6 (3)	C21—Co2—C22	101.27 (18)
C5—O2—O21 ⁱⁱ	142.6 (2)	C21—Co2—C23	101.86 (17)
C4—O2—O21 ⁱⁱ	89.70 (19)	C22—Co2—C23	104.94 (17)
O3—C5—O2	124.9 (3)	C21—Co2—C3	98.31 (15)
O3—C5—C6	123.7 (3)	C22—Co2—C3	103.15 (15)
O2—C5—C6	111.4 (3)	C23—Co2—C3	141.17 (17)
C7—C6—C8	112.2 (3)	C21—Co2—C2	96.59 (16)
C7—C6—C5	110.8 (3)	C22—Co2—C2	141.37 (15)
C8—C6—C5	114.1 (3)	C23—Co2—C2	104.47 (16)

C7—C6—Br1	109.1 (3)	C3—Co2—C2	39.97 (14)
C8—C6—Br1	107.0 (3)	C21—Co2—Co1	145.74 (12)
C5—C6—Br1	103.0 (2)	C22—Co2—Co1	100.40 (12)
C6—C7—H7A	109.5	C23—Co2—Co1	97.76 (12)
C6—C7—H7B	109.5	C3—Co2—Co1	50.79 (10)
H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	C2—Co2—Co1	51.04 (10)
C6—C7—H7C	109.5	O21—C21—Co2	176.0 (3)
H7A—C7—H7C	109.5	O22—C22—Co2	177.1 (3)
H7B—C7—H7C	109.5	O23—C23—Co2	178.5 (3)
O1—C1—C2—C3	30.5 (6)	C3—C4—O2—C5	-106.2 (3)
O1—C1—C2—Co1	-85.6 (4)	C3—C4—O2—O21 ⁱⁱ	100.4 (3)
O1—C1—C2—Co2	147.0 (3)	C4—O2—C5—O3	3.2 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.4 (8)	O21 ⁱⁱ —O2—C5—O3	135.5 (3)
Co1—C2—C3—C4	138.1 (5)	C4—O2—C5—C6	-177.1 (3)
Co2—C2—C3—C4	-137.7 (5)	O21 ⁱⁱ —O2—C5—C6	-44.8 (5)
C1—C2—C3—Co1	-137.7 (5)	O3—C5—C6—C7	22.8 (5)
Co2—C2—C3—Co1	84.12 (10)	O2—C5—C6—C7	-156.8 (3)
C1—C2—C3—Co2	138.1 (5)	O3—C5—C6—C8	150.7 (4)
Co1—C2—C3—Co2	-84.12 (10)	O2—C5—C6—C8	-29.0 (4)
C2—C3—C4—O2	179.8 (4)	O3—C5—C6—Br1	-93.7 (4)
Co1—C3—C4—O2	-64.1 (4)	O2—C5—C6—Br1	86.6 (3)
Co2—C3—C4—O2	64.1 (4)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$; (iii) $-x, -y+1, -z+2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\cdots H\cdots A$	$D\cdots H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\cdots H\cdots A$
O1—H1 \cdots O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.84	2.16	2.946 (4)	156
C4—H4B \cdots O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.60	3.360 (4)	134
C7—H7A \cdots O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.98	2.71	3.637 (5)	157
C1—H1A \cdots O1 ^{iv}	0.99	2.55	3.307 (5)	133
C8—H8A \cdots O12 ^v	0.98	2.71	3.485 (5)	136

Symmetry codes: (iii) $-x, -y+1, -z+2$; (iv) $-x, -y+2, -z+2$; (v) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

(2) [$\mu_2\text{-}\eta^2,\eta^2\text{-But-2-yne-1,4-diyl bis(2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate)-}\kappa^4\text{C}^2,\text{C}^3\text{:C}^2,\text{C}^3\text{]bis[tricarbonylcobalt(II)](Co-Co)}$]

Crystal data



$M_r = 669.99$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

$a = 9.392$ (5) \AA

$b = 10.710$ (5) \AA

$c = 13.269$ (5) \AA

$\alpha = 71.314$ (5) $^\circ$

$\beta = 71.973$ (5) $^\circ$

$\gamma = 84.630$ (5) $^\circ$

$V = 1202.3$ (10) \AA^3

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 656$

$D_x = 1.851 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71069 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 5837 reflections

$\theta = 2.3\text{--}30.9^\circ$

$\mu = 4.75 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 91 \text{ K}$

Rod, dark red

$0.25 \times 0.11 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2011)
 $T_{\min} = 0.611$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$
21546 measured reflections

8127 independent reflections
6040 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$
 $\theta_{\max} = 32.3^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.7^\circ$
 $h = -14 \rightarrow 12$
 $k = -16 \rightarrow 16$
 $l = -19 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.069$
 $S = 0.95$
8127 reflections
293 parameters
0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0311P)^2]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.008$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.43 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.06 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.75011 (2)	0.49577 (2)	0.81786 (2)	0.02064 (5)
C7	0.6143 (2)	0.74032 (18)	0.72699 (17)	0.0192 (4)
H7A	0.5332	0.7891	0.6996	0.029*
H7B	0.7079	0.7554	0.6657	0.029*
H7C	0.6260	0.7708	0.7862	0.029*
C6	0.4399 (2)	0.56200 (19)	0.87435 (16)	0.0167 (4)
H6A	0.3511	0.6010	0.8526	0.025*
H6B	0.4533	0.5981	0.9300	0.025*
H6C	0.4270	0.4662	0.9061	0.025*
C5	0.5769 (2)	0.59405 (18)	0.77269 (16)	0.0140 (4)
C4	0.5703 (2)	0.54055 (17)	0.68077 (16)	0.0134 (4)
O2	0.63231 (16)	0.58983 (13)	0.58281 (11)	0.0182 (3)
O1	0.48633 (15)	0.43066 (12)	0.72283 (11)	0.0140 (3)
C3	0.4766 (2)	0.36816 (18)	0.64290 (15)	0.0143 (4)
H3A	0.5769	0.3390	0.6063	0.017*
H3B	0.4373	0.4311	0.5848	0.017*
C2	0.3747 (2)	0.25397 (17)	0.70430 (15)	0.0126 (4)
C1	0.3246 (2)	0.15033 (18)	0.68869 (15)	0.0123 (4)
C8	0.3382 (2)	0.09321 (18)	0.59884 (16)	0.0147 (4)
H8A	0.3121	0.1598	0.5358	0.018*
H8B	0.4424	0.0644	0.5715	0.018*
O3	0.23609 (15)	-0.01940 (12)	0.64364 (11)	0.0149 (3)

C9	0.2214 (2)	-0.07240 (18)	0.56873 (16)	0.0142 (4)
O4	0.28657 (18)	-0.03238 (14)	0.47087 (12)	0.0232 (3)
C10	0.1107 (2)	-0.18786 (18)	0.62156 (17)	0.0151 (4)
C11	0.0394 (3)	-0.2029 (2)	0.53826 (19)	0.0235 (5)
H11A	-0.0159	-0.2866	0.5690	0.035*
H11B	0.1175	-0.2021	0.4690	0.035*
H11C	-0.0297	-0.1298	0.5228	0.035*
C12	-0.0002 (3)	-0.1871 (2)	0.7318 (2)	0.0316 (6)
H12A	-0.0649	-0.1099	0.7201	0.047*
H12B	0.0541	-0.1835	0.7832	0.047*
H12C	-0.0615	-0.2675	0.7636	0.047*
Br2	0.24396 (3)	-0.34166 (2)	0.65043 (2)	0.03253 (7)
Co1	0.37507 (3)	0.09639 (2)	0.82922 (2)	0.01282 (6)
C13	0.2937 (2)	-0.0691 (2)	0.89243 (17)	0.0205 (4)
O13	0.2402 (2)	-0.17088 (14)	0.92908 (14)	0.0318 (4)
C14	0.3706 (2)	0.15581 (19)	0.94411 (17)	0.0204 (4)
O14	0.3689 (2)	0.19624 (15)	1.01387 (13)	0.0319 (4)
C15	0.5735 (3)	0.06630 (19)	0.78595 (17)	0.0192 (4)
O15	0.69906 (18)	0.05518 (17)	0.75817 (14)	0.0304 (4)
Co2	0.16116 (3)	0.22826 (2)	0.78080 (2)	0.01303 (6)
C16	0.0196 (2)	0.0985 (2)	0.84785 (17)	0.0179 (4)
O16	-0.06494 (18)	0.01443 (15)	0.88945 (13)	0.0269 (4)
C17	0.1197 (2)	0.3291 (2)	0.87509 (19)	0.0214 (4)
O17	0.0949 (2)	0.39023 (17)	0.93381 (15)	0.0367 (4)
C18	0.0866 (2)	0.3323 (2)	0.67223 (18)	0.0203 (4)
O18	0.0423 (2)	0.39556 (16)	0.60153 (14)	0.0316 (4)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.01709 (11)	0.02490 (11)	0.02151 (11)	-0.00005 (8)	-0.00881 (8)	-0.00622 (8)
C7	0.0267 (12)	0.0152 (9)	0.0180 (10)	-0.0055 (8)	-0.0077 (8)	-0.0054 (8)
C6	0.0178 (10)	0.0187 (9)	0.0128 (9)	-0.0030 (8)	-0.0027 (7)	-0.0047 (7)
C5	0.0169 (10)	0.0136 (8)	0.0136 (9)	-0.0020 (7)	-0.0076 (7)	-0.0034 (7)
C4	0.0150 (10)	0.0116 (8)	0.0143 (9)	-0.0023 (7)	-0.0058 (7)	-0.0031 (7)
O2	0.0226 (8)	0.0179 (7)	0.0127 (7)	-0.0087 (6)	-0.0023 (6)	-0.0031 (5)
O1	0.0181 (7)	0.0130 (6)	0.0118 (6)	-0.0078 (5)	-0.0031 (5)	-0.0041 (5)
C3	0.0191 (10)	0.0138 (8)	0.0114 (9)	-0.0060 (7)	-0.0036 (7)	-0.0051 (7)
C2	0.0122 (9)	0.0124 (8)	0.0128 (9)	-0.0011 (7)	-0.0033 (7)	-0.0035 (7)
C1	0.0105 (9)	0.0135 (8)	0.0124 (9)	-0.0008 (7)	-0.0026 (7)	-0.0038 (7)
C8	0.0146 (10)	0.0147 (8)	0.0136 (9)	-0.0066 (7)	-0.0006 (7)	-0.0043 (7)
O3	0.0168 (7)	0.0145 (6)	0.0134 (7)	-0.0068 (5)	-0.0011 (5)	-0.0056 (5)
C9	0.0129 (9)	0.0141 (8)	0.0190 (10)	0.0017 (7)	-0.0070 (7)	-0.0077 (7)
O4	0.0279 (9)	0.0270 (8)	0.0163 (7)	-0.0110 (7)	-0.0035 (6)	-0.0086 (6)
C10	0.0140 (10)	0.0123 (8)	0.0207 (10)	0.0002 (7)	-0.0067 (8)	-0.0059 (7)
C11	0.0216 (12)	0.0227 (10)	0.0312 (12)	-0.0052 (9)	-0.0156 (9)	-0.0059 (9)
C12	0.0267 (13)	0.0314 (12)	0.0347 (13)	-0.0165 (10)	0.0075 (10)	-0.0190 (11)
Br2	0.03671 (15)	0.01571 (10)	0.05628 (17)	0.00796 (9)	-0.03120 (13)	-0.01135 (10)

Co1	0.01475 (14)	0.01102 (12)	0.01208 (12)	-0.00128 (10)	-0.00391 (10)	-0.00241 (9)
C13	0.0217 (11)	0.0184 (10)	0.0198 (10)	0.0038 (8)	-0.0049 (8)	-0.0061 (8)
O13	0.0383 (10)	0.0140 (7)	0.0350 (9)	-0.0047 (7)	-0.0020 (8)	-0.0037 (7)
C14	0.0262 (12)	0.0153 (9)	0.0186 (10)	-0.0013 (8)	-0.0096 (9)	-0.0005 (8)
O14	0.0538 (12)	0.0281 (8)	0.0198 (8)	0.0015 (8)	-0.0169 (8)	-0.0103 (7)
C15	0.0238 (12)	0.0183 (9)	0.0152 (9)	0.0005 (8)	-0.0089 (8)	-0.0019 (8)
O15	0.0179 (9)	0.0433 (10)	0.0290 (9)	0.0048 (7)	-0.0082 (7)	-0.0100 (7)
Co2	0.01267 (13)	0.01312 (12)	0.01367 (13)	-0.00069 (10)	-0.00305 (10)	-0.00523 (10)
C16	0.0151 (10)	0.0245 (10)	0.0152 (9)	0.0001 (8)	-0.0015 (8)	-0.0102 (8)
O16	0.0219 (9)	0.0329 (9)	0.0241 (8)	-0.0118 (7)	0.0022 (7)	-0.0117 (7)
C17	0.0194 (11)	0.0220 (10)	0.0252 (11)	0.0015 (8)	-0.0068 (9)	-0.0108 (9)
O17	0.0380 (11)	0.0400 (10)	0.0421 (11)	0.0063 (8)	-0.0098 (8)	-0.0299 (9)
C18	0.0180 (11)	0.0202 (10)	0.0251 (11)	0.0012 (8)	-0.0053 (9)	-0.0114 (8)
O18	0.0359 (10)	0.0342 (9)	0.0285 (9)	0.0105 (7)	-0.0173 (8)	-0.0102 (7)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Br1—C5	1.998 (2)	O3—C9	1.338 (2)
C7—C5	1.519 (3)	C9—O4	1.202 (2)
C7—H7A	0.9800	C9—C10	1.528 (3)
C7—H7B	0.9800	C10—C11	1.513 (3)
C7—H7C	0.9800	C10—C12	1.513 (3)
C6—C5	1.518 (3)	C10—Br2	1.983 (2)
C6—H6A	0.9800	C11—H11A	0.9800
C6—H6B	0.9800	C11—H11B	0.9800
C6—H6C	0.9800	C11—H11C	0.9800
C5—C4	1.524 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9800
C4—O2	1.207 (2)	C12—H12B	0.9800
C4—O1	1.341 (2)	C12—H12C	0.9800
O1—C3	1.452 (2)	Co1—C15	1.803 (2)
C3—C2	1.474 (3)	Co1—C14	1.819 (2)
C3—H3A	0.9900	Co1—C13	1.826 (2)
C3—H3B	0.9900	C13—O13	1.135 (2)
C1—C2	1.343 (3)	C14—O14	1.136 (3)
Co1—Co2	2.4759 (10)	C15—O15	1.128 (3)
C1—Co1	1.960 (2)	Co2—C18	1.805 (2)
C1—Co2	1.949 (2)	Co2—C16	1.820 (2)
C2—Co1	1.9508 (19)	Co2—C17	1.835 (2)
C2—Co2	1.948 (2)	C16—O16	1.136 (2)
C1—C8	1.473 (3)	C17—O17	1.130 (3)
C8—O3	1.460 (2)	C18—O18	1.137 (3)
C8—H8A	0.9900	O1—Br2 ⁱ	3.2960 (18)
C8—H8B	0.9900		
C5—C7—H7A	109.5	C11—C10—C9	110.93 (16)
C5—C7—H7B	109.5	C12—C10—C9	114.10 (17)
H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	C11—C10—Br2	106.58 (14)
C5—C7—H7C	109.5	C12—C10—Br2	107.91 (15)

H7A—C7—H7C	109.5	C9—C10—Br2	102.33 (13)
H7B—C7—H7C	109.5	C10—C11—H11A	109.5
C5—C6—H6A	109.5	C10—C11—H11B	109.5
C5—C6—H6B	109.5	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
H6A—C6—H6B	109.5	C10—C11—H11C	109.5
C5—C6—H6C	109.5	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
H6A—C6—H6C	109.5	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
H6B—C6—H6C	109.5	C10—C12—H12A	109.5
C6—C5—C7	112.32 (17)	C10—C12—H12B	109.5
C6—C5—C4	114.29 (16)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C7—C5—C4	111.00 (15)	C10—C12—H12C	109.5
C6—C5—Br1	107.83 (13)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C7—C5—Br1	108.67 (14)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C4—C5—Br1	102.04 (13)	C15—Co1—C14	97.61 (10)
O2—C4—O1	124.07 (18)	C15—Co1—C13	103.39 (10)
O2—C4—C5	124.81 (17)	C14—Co1—C13	106.12 (9)
O1—C4—C5	111.12 (15)	C15—Co1—C2	96.50 (8)
C4—O1—C3	115.91 (14)	C14—Co1—C2	105.58 (9)
C4—O1—Br2 ⁱ	78.24 (11)	C13—Co1—C2	139.62 (9)
C3—O1—Br2 ⁱ	91.57 (10)	C15—Co1—C1	102.92 (9)
O1—C3—C2	107.52 (15)	C14—Co1—C1	141.32 (9)
O1—C3—H3A	110.2	C13—Co1—C1	100.56 (9)
C2—C3—H3A	110.2	C2—Co1—C1	40.16 (8)
O1—C3—H3B	110.2	C15—Co1—Co2	146.69 (6)
C2—C3—H3B	110.2	C14—Co1—Co2	96.39 (7)
H3A—C3—H3B	108.5	C13—Co1—Co2	101.48 (8)
C1—C2—C3	140.49 (18)	C2—Co1—Co2	50.52 (6)
C1—C2—Co2	69.89 (11)	C1—Co1—Co2	50.50 (6)
C3—C2—Co2	135.87 (14)	O13—C13—Co1	177.5 (2)
C1—C2—Co1	70.29 (11)	O14—C14—Co1	178.14 (18)
C3—C2—Co1	133.59 (14)	O15—C15—Co1	175.85 (19)
Co2—C2—Co1	78.85 (7)	C18—Co2—C16	100.32 (10)
C2—C1—C8	139.74 (17)	C18—Co2—C17	100.21 (10)
C2—C1—Co2	69.80 (12)	C16—Co2—C17	104.28 (10)
C8—C1—Co2	134.45 (14)	C18—Co2—C2	99.95 (9)
C2—C1—Co1	69.55 (11)	C16—Co2—C2	140.82 (9)
C8—C1—Co1	136.33 (14)	C17—Co2—C2	104.64 (9)
Co2—C1—Co1	78.60 (8)	C18—Co2—C1	98.17 (9)
O3—C8—C1	108.09 (15)	C16—Co2—C1	103.58 (9)
O3—C8—H8A	110.1	C17—Co2—C1	143.05 (9)
C1—C8—H8A	110.1	C2—Co2—C1	40.31 (8)
O3—C8—H8B	110.1	C18—Co2—Co1	147.24 (7)
C1—C8—H8B	110.1	C16—Co2—Co1	97.95 (8)
H8A—C8—H8B	108.4	C17—Co2—Co1	101.33 (7)
C9—O3—C8	115.40 (14)	C2—Co2—Co1	50.63 (6)
O4—C9—O3	123.67 (18)	C1—Co2—Co1	50.90 (6)
O4—C9—C10	124.03 (18)	O16—C16—Co2	177.62 (19)
O3—C9—C10	112.30 (16)	O17—C17—Co2	179.3 (2)

C11—C10—C12	113.98 (19)	O18—C18—Co2	177.7 (2)
C6—C5—C4—O2	151.45 (19)	Co1—C2—C1—C8	-139.0 (3)
C7—C5—C4—O2	23.2 (3)	C3—C2—C1—Co2	-139.2 (3)
Br1—C5—C4—O2	-92.5 (2)	Co1—C2—C1—Co2	84.98 (6)
C6—C5—C4—O1	-28.7 (2)	C3—C2—C1—Co1	135.8 (3)
C7—C5—C4—O1	-156.98 (16)	Co2—C2—C1—Co1	-84.98 (6)
Br1—C5—C4—O1	87.39 (16)	C2—C1—C8—O3	-174.7 (2)
O2—C4—O1—C3	2.0 (3)	Co2—C1—C8—O3	-60.5 (2)
C5—C4—O1—C3	-177.82 (15)	Co1—C1—C8—O3	68.3 (2)
O2—C4—O1—Br2 ⁱ	-83.95 (19)	C1—C8—O3—C9	172.04 (16)
C5—C4—O1—Br2 ⁱ	96.19 (14)	C8—O3—C9—O4	0.2 (3)
C4—O1—C3—C2	-177.40 (15)	C8—O3—C9—C10	-178.94 (15)
Br2 ⁱ —O1—C3—C2	-99.72 (14)	O4—C9—C10—C11	-26.6 (3)
O1—C3—C2—C1	-173.2 (2)	O3—C9—C10—C11	152.47 (17)
O1—C3—C2—Co2	68.6 (2)	O4—C9—C10—C12	-157.0 (2)
O1—C3—C2—Co1	-58.2 (2)	O3—C9—C10—C12	22.1 (2)
C3—C2—C1—C8	-3.2 (5)	O4—C9—C10—Br2	86.7 (2)
Co2—C2—C1—C8	136.1 (3)	O3—C9—C10—Br2	-94.18 (16)

Symmetry code: (i) $x, y+1, z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\cdots H$	$D—H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—H\cdots A$
C12—H12C \cdots Br1 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.99	3.961 (3)	170
C6—H6A \cdots Br2 ⁱ	0.98	3.01	3.788 (2)	137
C8—H8B \cdots O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.45	3.411 (3)	165
C3—H3B \cdots O2 ^{iv}	0.99	2.58	3.341 (3)	133
C8—H8A \cdots O2 ^{iv}	0.99	2.64	3.454 (3)	139

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y+1, z$; (ii) $x-1, y-1, z$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iv) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.