metal-organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Poly[(acetonitrile- κN)- μ_3 -thiocyanato- $\kappa^3 N: S: S - \mu_2$ -thiocyanato- $\kappa^2 N: S$ -cadmium]

Thorben Reinert,* Inke Jess and Christian Näther

Institut für Anorganische Chemie, Christian-Albrechts-Universität Kiel, Max-Eyth Strasse 2, D-24098 Kiel, Germany Correspondence e-mail: treinert@ac.uni-kiel.de

Received 5 June 2013; accepted 7 June 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 200 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.006 Å; R factor = 0.033; wR factor = 0.090; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.7.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $[Cd(NCS)_2(CH_3CN)]_n$, consists of one Cd^{II} cation, two thiocvanate anions and one acetonitrile ligand, all in general positions. The Cd^{II} cation is coordinated by three N atoms of two thiocyanate anions and one acetonitrile ligand, as well as three S atoms of symmetry-related thiocyanate anions within a slightly distorted octahedral coordination environment. The Cd^{II} cations are linked by μ -1,3(N,S) and μ -1,1,3(S,S,N) thiocyanate anions into layers that are located in the *ab* plane.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Wöhlert et al. (2011). For background to transition metal thiocyanate coordination polymers and their magnetic properties, see: Boeckmann et al. (2010, 2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$V = 1680.38 (18) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 8
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$\mu = 3.02 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
T = 200 K
$0.10 \times 0.09 \times 0.05$ r

Data collection

STOE IPDS-1 diffractometer Absorption correction: numerical (X-SHAPE and X-RED32; Stoe & Cie. 2008) $T_{\min} = 0.447, T_{\max} = 0.799$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$	93 parameters
$vR(F^2) = 0.090$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.17	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 1.09 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2022 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.89 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

 \times 0.09 \times 0.05 mm

22741 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.043$

2022 independent reflections

1943 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Table 1 Selected bond lengths (Å).

Cd1-N2		2.254 (3)	Cd1-	-S2 ⁱ	2.625	3 (9)
Cd1-N1		2.287 (4)	Cd1-	-S1 ⁱⁱ	2.752	2 (8)
Cd1-N11		2.340 (3)	Cd1-	-S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.878	0 (8)
Symmetry codes: $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$.	(i)	-x+1, -y+2,	-z + 1;	(ii)	$x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1;$	(iii)

Data collection: X-AREA (Stoe & Cie, 2008); cell refinement: X-AREA; data reduction: X-AREA; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS92 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL92 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: XP in SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2011); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

We gratefully acknowledge financial support by the DFG (project No. NA 720/5-1) and the State of Schleswig-Holstein. We thank Professor Dr Wolfgang Bensch for the opportunity to use his experimental facility.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZL2553).

References

Boeckmann, J. & Näther, C. (2010). Dalton Trans. 39, 11019-11026.

- Boeckmann, J. & Näther, C. (2011). Chem. Commun. 47, 7104-7106.
- Brandenburg, K. (2011). DIAMOND. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany. Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Stoe & Cie (2008). X-SHAPE, X-AREA and X-RED32. Stoe & Cie, Darmstadt, Germany.

Westrip, S. P. (2010). J. Appl. Cryst. 43, 920-925.

Wöhlert, S., Jess, I. & Näther, C. (2011). Acta Cryst. E67, m309.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, m398 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813015870]

Poly[(acetonitrile- κN)- μ_3 -thiocyanato- $\kappa^3 N$:S:S- μ_2 -thiocyanato- $\kappa^2 N$:S-cadmium]

Thorben Reinert, Inke Jess and Christian Näther

Comment

The structure determination of the title compound was performed as part of a project on the synthesis of new coordination polymers based on transition metal thiocyanates and the investigations on their magnetic properties (Boeckmann *et al.* (2010, 2011)). Within this project, we have reacted cadmium(II)thiocyanate with 4-*tert*-butylpyridine in acetonitrile, which resulted in the formation of crystals of the title compound by accident. In the crystal structure the Cd cations are surrounded by three N atoms of two *N*-bonded μ -1,3-briding thiocyanato anions and one acetonitril ligand as well as three S atoms of three S-bonded μ -1,1,3-bridging thiocyanato anions in a slightly distorted octahedral geometry (Fig. 1 and Tab. 1). The Cd…N distances range from 2.2544 (28) Å to 2.3396 (28) Å, the Cd…S distances from 2.6254 (9) Å to 2.8781 (8) Å (Table 1). The Cd cations are linked into dimeric units by pairs of μ -1,3-bridging thiocyanato anions that are further connected into chains by single μ -1,3-briding anionic ligands. These chains are further connected by pairs of μ -1,1,3-bridging thiocyanato anions into layers which are parallel to the crystallographic *a-b*-plane.

Experimental

The title compound was obtained accidently during the reaction of $68.6 \text{ mg Cd}(\text{NCS})_2$ (0.30 mmol) with $11.1 \ \mu L \ 4$ -tertbutylpyridine (0.08 mmol) in 1.0 ml acetonitrile at RT in a closed 3 ml snap cap vial. After several months colourless blocks of the title compound were obtained.

Refinement

The H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry, allowed to rotate but not to tip and were refined isotropic with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5 U_{eq}(C)$ of the parent atom using a riding model with C—H = 0.98 Å.

Computing details

Data collection: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2008); cell refinement: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2008); data reduction: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS92* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL92* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2011); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).



Figure 1

Crystal structure of the title compound with labelling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. Symmetry codes: i = -x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1; ii = x - 1/2, -y + 3/2, -z + 1; iii = -x + 3/2, y - 1/2, z; iv = x + 1/2, -y + 3/2, -z + 1; v = -x + 3/2, y + 1/2, z.



Figure 2

Crystal structure of the title compound with view along the crystallographic *c*-axis.

Poly[(acetonitrile- κN)- μ_3 -thiocyanato- $\kappa^3 N$:S:S- μ_2 -thiocyanato- $\kappa^2 N$:S-cadmium]

Crystal data	
$[Cd(NCS)_{2}(C_{2}H_{3}N)]$ $M_{r} = 269.61$ Orthorhombic, <i>Pbca</i> Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab $a = 13.0939 (7) \text{ Å}$ $b = 8.9752 (5) \text{ Å}$ $c = 14.2986 (11) \text{ Å}$ $V = 1680.38 (18) \text{ Å}^{3}$ $Z = 8$	F(000) = 1024 $D_x = 2.131 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 22741 reflections $\theta = 1.9-28.2^{\circ}$ $\mu = 3.02 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 200 K Block, colourless $0.10 \times 0.09 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$
Data collection STOE IPDS-1 diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator Phi scans Absorption correction: numerical (<i>X-SHAPE</i> and <i>X-RED32</i> ; Stoe & Cie, 2008) $T_{min} = 0.447, T_{max} = 0.799$	22741 measured reflections 2022 independent reflections 1943 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.043$ $\theta_{max} = 28.1^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 3.1^{\circ}$ $h = -17 \rightarrow 17$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
Least-squares matrix: full	neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.090$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0511P)^2 + 2.768P]$
S = 1.17	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2022 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
93 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 1.09 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.89 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL92</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $Fc^*=kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	Extinction coefficient: 0.0100 (7)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Cd1	0.580143 (17)	0.70475 (2)	0.516796 (17)	0.02222 (14)	
N1	0.7434 (3)	0.7780 (4)	0.4831 (2)	0.0369 (8)	
C1	0.8127 (2)	0.8423 (4)	0.4550 (2)	0.0248 (6)	
S1	0.91085 (5)	0.93385 (8)	0.40941 (5)	0.02174 (19)	
N2	0.5499 (3)	0.9136 (3)	0.5999 (2)	0.0360 (7)	
C2	0.5257 (2)	1.0352 (3)	0.6171 (2)	0.0264 (6)	
S2	0.49199 (8)	1.20580 (8)	0.64506 (6)	0.0318 (2)	
N11	0.6540 (2)	0.5645 (3)	0.6370 (2)	0.0298 (6)	
C11	0.6836 (2)	0.4805 (4)	0.6898 (2)	0.0271 (6)	
C12	0.7197 (4)	0.3726 (5)	0.7579 (3)	0.0470 (10)	
H12A	0.6824	0.2789	0.7500	0.070*	
H12B	0.7083	0.4113	0.8211	0.070*	
H12C	0.7929	0.3550	0.7484	0.070*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cd1	0.01867 (18)	0.01728 (18)	0.03070 (19)	-0.00145 (7)	-0.00221 (7)	0.00423 (7)
N1	0.0250 (16)	0.0377 (19)	0.048 (2)	-0.0124 (13)	0.0000 (13)	-0.0006 (13)
C1	0.0195 (13)	0.0244 (14)	0.0305 (14)	-0.0026 (12)	-0.0042 (11)	-0.0042 (12)
S1	0.0181 (3)	0.0197 (4)	0.0274 (4)	-0.0017 (2)	-0.0021 (2)	0.0012 (3)
N2	0.0481 (18)	0.0210 (13)	0.0388 (15)	0.0052 (12)	-0.0079 (14)	-0.0011 (12)
C2	0.0282 (14)	0.0249 (14)	0.0260 (13)	-0.0030 (12)	-0.0053 (11)	0.0051 (11)
S2	0.0458 (5)	0.0209 (4)	0.0285 (4)	0.0052 (3)	-0.0061 (3)	-0.0017 (3)

supplementary materials

N11	0 0296 (13)	0.0277(13)	0.0322 (13)	0 0014 (11)	-0.0037(11)	0 0020 (11)
C11	0.0276 (14)	0.0254 (14)	0.0283 (14)	-0.0016(12)	-0.0055(12)	-0.0017(12)
C12	0.053 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.049 (2)	-0.0052 (17)	-0.0246 (19)	0.0138 (17)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cd1—N2	2.254 (3)	S1—Cd1 ^v	2.8780 (8)	
Cd1—N1	2.287 (4)	N2—C2	1.163 (4)	
Cd1—N11	2.340 (3)	C2—S2	1.643 (3)	
Cd1—S2 ⁱ	2.6253 (9)	S2—Cd1 ⁱ	2.6253 (9)	
Cd1—S1 ⁱⁱ	2.7522 (8)	N11—C11	1.135 (4)	
Cd1—S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.8780 (8)	C11—C12	1.452 (5)	
N1C1	1.148 (5)	C12—H12A	0.9800	
C1—S1	1.659 (3)	C12—H12B	0.9800	
S1—Cd1 ^{iv}	2.7523 (8)	C12—H12C	0.9800	
N2—Cd1—N1	92.08 (13)	N1—C1—S1	177.3 (3)	
N2-Cd1-N11	97.64 (11)	C1—S1—Cd1 ^{iv}	104.43 (11)	
N1-Cd1-N11	85.58 (11)	C1—S1—Cd1 ^v	103.92 (11)	
N2-Cd1-S2 ⁱ	98.45 (8)	$Cd1^{iv}$ — $S1$ — $Cd1^{v}$	98.29 (2)	
N1-Cd1-S2 ⁱ	93.60 (9)	C2—N2—Cd1	160.0 (3)	
N11—Cd1—S2 ⁱ	163.90 (7)	N2—C2—S2	178.1 (3)	
N2-Cd1-S1 ⁱⁱ	91.84 (9)	C2—S2—Cd1 ⁱ	99.62 (11)	
N1—Cd1—S1 ⁱⁱ	164.41 (9)	C11—N11—Cd1	170.7 (3)	
N11—Cd1—S1 ⁱⁱ	78.95 (7)	N11—C11—C12	179.1 (4)	
S2 ⁱ —Cd1—S1 ⁱⁱ	100.74 (3)	C11—C12—H12A	109.5	
N2-Cd1-S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	172.22 (9)	C11—C12—H12B	109.5	
N1—Cd1—S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	95.29 (9)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5	
N11—Cd1—S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	85.43 (7)	C11—C12—H12C	109.5	
S2 ⁱ —Cd1—S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	78.63 (2)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5	
S1 ⁱⁱ —Cd1—S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	81.71 (2)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5	
C1—N1—Cd1	163.1 (3)			

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y+2, -z+1; (ii) x-1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1; (iii) -x+3/2, y-1/2, z; (iv) x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1; (v) -x+3/2, y+1/2, z.