

# Vision enhancement technologies, augmented reality and sports integrity considerations

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## VISION ENHANCEMENT TECHNOLOGIES

The International Olympic Committee (IOC) consensus paper on sports-related ophthalmology issues in elite sports is a timely first consensus on this emerging topic. Implementing its recommendations will undoubtedly help support athlete health and well-being. However, like most medical interventions aimed at restoring health, there are important sports integrity considerations with vision enhancement approaches that must be considered, and if necessary, regulations adopted by relevant International Sports Federations and possibly the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) to safeguard meaningful competition.

As stated in the IOC consensus paper, vision, like speed and strength, is a critical component in elite sports performance.<sup>1</sup> Therefore, strategies that correct or enhance vision will likely significantly impact sporting performance. Numerous biotechnology companies are creating solutions to enhance human vision and visual performance (eg, smart contact lenses). Whether the vision enhancement technology is positioned on the sclera (eg, Mojo Vision, [figure 1](#)<sup>2</sup>) or contained within glasses or a headset (eg, Innovega, [figure 2](#)<sup>3</sup>), the use of such technology as a display allows the athlete to be informed on best performance strategies ([figure 3](#)). In addition to enhancing vision per se, such vision enhancement technologies have the potential to replace smartphones, smartwatches, augmented reality glasses, virtual reality headsets and even sports visors, especially when the user wishes to conceal the use of such technology to gain an advantage (eg, competitive sport). There is also interest from sports brands to engage with vision enhancement solutions. Brands such as Adidas (running), Trailforks (cycling/hiking), Wearable X (yoga), Slopes (skiing) and Birdies (golf)<sup>4</sup>; all these brands have declared their interest in augmented reality contact lenses.

While such visual enhancement technologies are not market-ready, applications for FDA (U.S. Food and Drug Administration) approval are being considered.<sup>2</sup> It is, therefore, only a matter of time before such vision enhancement technologies enter the world of sport, where vision is one of the primary senses impacting performance. The world of sports, and sports medicine, need to consider this technology to protect the health of athletes proactively but also preserve the integrity of competition. Options for implementing such technology could be via the standard therapeutic use exemptions (TUE) process.<sup>5</sup> The aim is to establish the conditions that must be satisfied for a TUE to be granted, thereby permitting this method (currently not prohibited) to restore normal vision rather than enhance it beyond normal. This aim will be prone to the same difficulties as with different endocrine diseases and disorders such as adrenal insufficiency, diabetes, male



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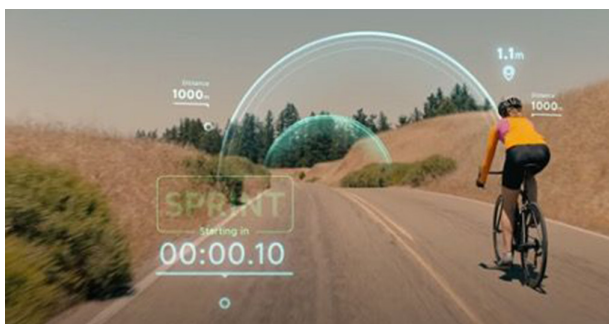
**Figure 1** The prototype Mojo Vision smart contact lens with a 14 000 pixels per inch micro-LED display, the world's smallest at just 0.5 mm in diameter, and densest with a pixel-pitch of just 1.8  $\mu$ m, 5G ultra-low latency radio to stream AR content, continuous eye tracking via custom-configured accelerometers, gyroscopes and magnetometers, medical-grade in-lens batteries and eye-controlled user interface.<sup>2</sup> AR, augmented reality; LED, light-emitting diode.



**Figure 2** The vision enhancement technology by Innovega is made of display glasses and a smart lens that picks up the images and media from the eyewear display and projects it directly on the retina. Outer filters allow one to see the natural world simultaneously while preventing cross-talk between light paths.<sup>3</sup>

hypogonadism, pituitary deficit and thyroid diseases. For such a solution to be implemented in elite sports, the WADA Prohibited List<sup>6</sup> would need to expand to include vision enhancement methods. In readiness for this development, the WADA Prohibited List Expert Advisory Group could conduct a feasibility study to include human enhancement technologies, not limited to vision enhancement. If prohibited either via WADA or the technical regulations of an IF, the physician who treats these athletes (eg, the ophthalmologist) will need to be aware of their specific role and responsibility in applying for a TUE or the equivalent alternative if provided by the IF and in adequately monitoring the use of the prohibited enhancement technologies.

Like with all innovations, both positive and negative consequences emerge from such augmented reality technology developments. These technologies may allow, shortly, the analysis of tear fluid in situ, measuring intraocular pressure, checking for early onset of glaucoma, continuous glucose monitoring<sup>7</sup> or even hydration status.<sup>8,9</sup> Visual enhancement technologies will undoubtedly provide a performance advantage by placing the athletes' relevant content into the world, thus enhancing feedback, decision-making efficiency and unobstructed vision. Contrast enhancement, edge detection and magnification are all enhanced with such technology. No longer will the athlete need to shift their attention



**Figure 3** An example of vision enhancement technologies for use in sport.<sup>2</sup>

from the target to the periphery and back, but they will seemingly do both simultaneously using visual enhancement technologies. It is only a matter of time before this technology can be used to assess vision health, on-eye diagnostics, disease monitoring and real-time biometrics. The benefits will be endless in terms of protecting the health of athletes, but there also needs to be a considered approach in implementing such technologies to safeguard sports integrity. Sport and virtual reality are also becoming more intertwined (eg, Metaverse).<sup>10</sup> The virtual world holds new possibilities for enhancing training, sports competition and fan experience. The world of sports and sports medicine needs to be ready for this technological revolution.

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