

Amoxicillin/metronidazole

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Toxic epidermal necrolysis: case report

A 55-year-old man developed toxic epidermal necrolysis (TEN) following treatment with amoxicillin and metronidazole.

The patient was admitted to a hospital for evaluation of TEN. It was revealed that he had been in contact with a person who had confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection. However, his two initial corona tests were found to be negative. It was also noted that, he had been receiving amoxicillin and metronidazole [*dosages and routes not stated*]. He was later found to be positive for COVID-19. It was suspected that, the TEN was possibly triggered by amoxicillin and metronidazole [*durations of treatments to reaction onset not stated*].

The man was treated with high-doses of unspecified systemic steroids and adequate topical treatment. A complete resolution of the TEN was eventually noted.

Herbst M, et al. Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis (TEN) - Caused by, Worsened or Parallel to a SARS-CoV-2 Infection? Aktuelle Dermatologie : 25 Aug 2021. Available from:
URL: <http://doi.org/10.1055/a-1545-8708> [German; summarised from an English abstract]

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