

## Isopropyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1,2-benzothiazole-2-carboxylate

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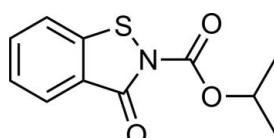
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 153\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.039;  $wR$  factor = 0.078; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.7.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{11}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ , was synthesized by the reaction of benzo[*d*]isothiazol-3(2*H*)-one with isopropanol in toluene. The benzoisothiazolone ring system is essentially planar, with a mean deviation of 0.018 (2)  $\text{\AA}$  from the least-squares plane defined by the nine constituent atoms. In the crystal, molecules are linked by weak intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bonds.

### Related literature

For background to the synthesis of benzoisothiazolone derivatives, see: Davis (1972); Elgazwy & Abdel-Sattar (2003). For the biological activity of 1, 2-benzoisothiazolone derivatives, see: Taubert *et al.* (2002). For structural studies of related alkyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1,2-benzothiazole-2-carboxylate derivatives, see: Wang *et al.* (2011a,b).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{11}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$

$M_r = 237.27$

Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$   
 $a = 4.6218 (19)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 11.621 (5)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 20.510 (9)\text{ \AA}$   
 $V = 1101.6 (8)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.28\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 153\text{ K}$   
 $0.68 \times 0.12 \times 0.07\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Rigaku AFC10/Saturn724+ diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*ABSCOR*; Higashi, 1995)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.830$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.980$

9436 measured reflections  
2897 independent reflections  
2245 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.045$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.078$   
 $S = 1.00$   
2897 reflections  
147 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.26\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
Absolute structure: Flack, (1983),  
1150 Friedel pairs  
Flack parameter: -0.02 (8)

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C2—H2···O1 <sup>1</sup>	0.95	2.47	3.225 (3)	137
Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ .				

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2008); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LX2199).

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## **supplementary materials**

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## Isopropyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1,2-benzothiazole-2-carboxylate

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### Comment

1,2-benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-ones are a class of compounds with a wide spectrum of biological activities (Davis, 1972; El-gazwy & Abdel-Sattar, 2003). 1,2-Benzisothiazolone derivatives have been reported to possess high antibacterial and antifungal activity (Taubert *et al.*, 2002). As a part of our ongoing study of the substituent effect on the solid state structures of alkyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1,2-benzothiazole-2-carboxylate analogues (Wang, *et al.*, 2011*a,b*), we report herein the crystal structure of the title compound.

The title compound crystallizes as the non-centrosymmetric space group  $P\bar{1} 21 21 21$  in spite of having no asymmetric C atoms. In the title molecule (Fig. 1), the benzothiazolone ring system is essentially planar, with a mean deviation of 0.018 (2) Å from the least-squares plane defined by the nine constituent atoms and the C8—C2—C9—C11 torsion angle is 156.63 (18)°. The crystal packing is stabilized by weak intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bonds between a benzene H atom and the O atom of the carbonyl group (Table 1; C2—H2···O1<sup>i</sup>).

### Experimental

A solution (20 ml) containing benzo[*d*]isothiazol-3(2H)-one (1.51 g, 0.01 mol) was added dropwise to a solution of isopropanol (0.61 g, 0.01 mol) and bis(trichloromethyl)Carbonate in toluene (20 ml) under stirring on an ice-water bath. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4.5 h to afford the title compound (1.72 g, yield 72.6%). Single crystals suitable for X-ray measurements were obtained by recrystallization of the title compound from cyclohexane at room temperature.

### Refinement

The H atoms were placed at calculated positions and refined in riding mode, with the carrier atom—H distances = 0.95 Å for aryl, 0.99 Å for methylene, 0.98 Å for the methyl. The  $U_{iso}$  values were constrained to be 1.5  $U_{eq}$  of the carrier atom for the methyl H atoms and 1.2  $U_{eq}$  for the remaining H atoms.

### Figures

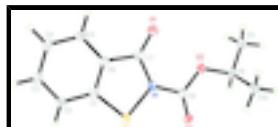


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

# supplementary materials

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## Isopropyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1,2-benzothiazole-2-carboxylate

### Crystal data

C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>11</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> S	<i>F</i> (000) = 496
<i>M<sub>r</sub></i> = 237.27	<i>D<sub>x</sub></i> = 1.431 Mg m <sup>-3</sup>
Orthorhombic, <i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub>	Mo <i>Kα</i> radiation, $\lambda$ = 0.71073 Å
Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab	Cell parameters from 3268 reflections
<i>a</i> = 4.6218 (19) Å	$\theta$ = 2.7–29.1°
<i>b</i> = 11.621 (5) Å	$\mu$ = 0.28 mm <sup>-1</sup>
<i>c</i> = 20.510 (9) Å	<i>T</i> = 153 K
<i>V</i> = 1101.6 (8) Å <sup>3</sup>	Prism, colorless
<i>Z</i> = 4	0.68 × 0.12 × 0.07 mm

### Data collection

AFC10/Saturn724+ diffractometer	2897 independent reflections
Radiation source: Rotating Anode graphite	2245 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 28.5714 pixels mm <sup>-1</sup>	$R_{\text{int}}$ = 0.045
phi and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 29.1^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.5^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>ABSCOR</i> ; Higashi, 1995)	$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.830$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.980$	$k = -14 \rightarrow 15$
9436 measured reflections	$l = -28 \rightarrow 26$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.078$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0289P)^2 + 0.116P]$
$S = 1.00$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2897 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
147 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.26 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Absolute structure: Flack, (1983), 1150 Friedel pairs
	Flack parameter: -0.02 (8)

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations

between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.56113 (12)	0.76406 (4)	0.72970 (2)	0.02649 (13)
O1	0.3920 (3)	0.45795 (12)	0.67074 (7)	0.0339 (4)
O2	0.7876 (3)	0.55858 (12)	0.59264 (7)	0.0289 (3)
O3	0.9282 (3)	0.73722 (11)	0.62359 (6)	0.0303 (3)
N1	0.5743 (4)	0.64449 (13)	0.67914 (8)	0.0231 (4)
C1	0.3073 (4)	0.69457 (17)	0.77902 (10)	0.0258 (5)
C2	0.1822 (4)	0.73839 (18)	0.83559 (10)	0.0285 (5)
H2	0.2327	0.8124	0.8516	0.034*
C3	-0.0175 (5)	0.67062 (18)	0.86754 (11)	0.0333 (6)
H3	-0.1053	0.6986	0.9063	0.040*
C4	-0.0940 (5)	0.56146 (18)	0.84420 (10)	0.0319 (5)
H4	-0.2360	0.5175	0.8666	0.038*
C5	0.0350 (5)	0.51759 (17)	0.78915 (10)	0.0283 (5)
H5	-0.0128	0.4428	0.7738	0.034*
C6	0.2375 (5)	0.58518 (16)	0.75632 (10)	0.0236 (4)
C7	0.3987 (4)	0.55027 (18)	0.69814 (10)	0.0246 (4)
C8	0.7810 (5)	0.65258 (17)	0.62952 (10)	0.0248 (5)
C9	0.9960 (4)	0.56000 (18)	0.53842 (10)	0.0293 (5)
H9	1.1790	0.5981	0.5529	0.035*
C10	0.8682 (6)	0.62614 (19)	0.48198 (11)	0.0400 (6)
H10A	0.6858	0.5902	0.4687	0.048*
H10B	1.0041	0.6254	0.4453	0.048*
H10C	0.8318	0.7058	0.4954	0.048*
C11	1.0554 (6)	0.43512 (19)	0.52321 (12)	0.0432 (6)
H11A	1.1449	0.3982	0.5611	0.052*
H11B	1.1866	0.4299	0.4858	0.052*
H11C	0.8731	0.3961	0.5128	0.052*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0236 (2)	0.0281 (3)	0.0277 (2)	-0.0018 (2)	0.0024 (2)	-0.0002 (2)
O1	0.0339 (9)	0.0294 (8)	0.0386 (9)	-0.0041 (7)	0.0053 (8)	-0.0039 (7)
O2	0.0272 (8)	0.0338 (8)	0.0256 (8)	-0.0021 (7)	0.0072 (6)	-0.0037 (7)
O3	0.0312 (8)	0.0314 (8)	0.0284 (7)	-0.0096 (8)	0.0033 (7)	-0.0001 (6)
N1	0.0192 (8)	0.0240 (8)	0.0261 (9)	-0.0014 (8)	0.0021 (8)	-0.0011 (7)
C1	0.0184 (10)	0.0304 (11)	0.0286 (11)	0.0032 (8)	-0.0010 (9)	0.0056 (9)

## supplementary materials

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C2	0.0284 (11)	0.0292 (11)	0.0277 (10)	-0.0002 (10)	0.0001 (9)	-0.0004 (9)
C3	0.0330 (14)	0.0401 (13)	0.0267 (11)	0.0055 (10)	0.0060 (9)	0.0043 (9)
C4	0.0271 (12)	0.0346 (12)	0.0341 (12)	0.0014 (11)	0.0050 (10)	0.0105 (10)
C5	0.0234 (11)	0.0239 (11)	0.0376 (12)	0.0004 (9)	-0.0024 (10)	0.0040 (9)
C6	0.0181 (10)	0.0255 (11)	0.0273 (11)	0.0031 (8)	-0.0042 (8)	0.0048 (8)
C7	0.0172 (10)	0.0290 (11)	0.0275 (10)	-0.0003 (9)	-0.0023 (9)	0.0047 (8)
C8	0.0218 (11)	0.0313 (12)	0.0215 (10)	0.0023 (9)	-0.0029 (9)	0.0028 (9)
C9	0.0262 (13)	0.0373 (12)	0.0244 (10)	-0.0021 (10)	0.0055 (9)	-0.0009 (9)
C10	0.0405 (16)	0.0507 (14)	0.0289 (12)	-0.0036 (12)	-0.0017 (11)	0.0002 (11)
C11	0.0464 (15)	0.0454 (13)	0.0377 (13)	0.0011 (14)	0.0115 (13)	-0.0039 (11)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

S1—N1	1.7349 (17)	C4—C5	1.375 (3)
S1—C1	1.747 (2)	C4—H4	0.9500
O1—C7	1.212 (2)	C5—C6	1.395 (3)
O2—C8	1.329 (2)	C5—H5	0.9500
O2—C9	1.472 (2)	C6—C7	1.464 (3)
O3—C8	1.202 (2)	C9—C11	1.509 (3)
N1—C8	1.399 (3)	C9—C10	1.510 (3)
N1—C7	1.418 (3)	C9—H9	1.0000
C1—C6	1.392 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9800
C1—C2	1.393 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9800
C2—C3	1.379 (3)	C10—H10C	0.9800
C2—H2	0.9500	C11—H11A	0.9800
C3—C4	1.401 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9800
C3—H3	0.9500	C11—H11C	0.9800
N1—S1—C1	89.97 (9)	O1—C7—C6	127.63 (19)
C8—O2—C9	115.85 (16)	N1—C7—C6	107.53 (17)
C8—N1—C7	130.00 (17)	O3—C8—O2	127.0 (2)
C8—N1—S1	113.89 (13)	O3—C8—N1	121.00 (19)
C7—N1—S1	115.74 (14)	O2—C8—N1	112.00 (17)
C6—C1—C2	121.1 (2)	O2—C9—C11	105.33 (17)
C6—C1—S1	112.58 (15)	O2—C9—C10	109.20 (17)
C2—C1—S1	126.31 (17)	C11—C9—C10	113.71 (19)
C3—C2—C1	117.7 (2)	O2—C9—H9	109.5
C3—C2—H2	121.1	C11—C9—H9	109.5
C1—C2—H2	121.1	C10—C9—H9	109.5
C2—C3—C4	121.6 (2)	C9—C10—H10A	109.5
C2—C3—H3	119.2	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
C4—C3—H3	119.2	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	120.5 (2)	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.8	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C3—C4—H4	119.8	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	118.6 (2)	C9—C11—H11A	109.5
C4—C5—H5	120.7	C9—C11—H11B	109.5
C6—C5—H5	120.7	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C1—C6—C5	120.5 (2)	C9—C11—H11C	109.5
C1—C6—C7	114.09 (18)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5

C5—C6—C7	125.36 (18)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
O1—C7—N1	124.83 (19)		
C1—S1—N1—C8	−175.20 (15)	S1—N1—C7—O1	−175.99 (17)
C1—S1—N1—C7	−1.47 (16)	C8—N1—C7—C6	175.40 (19)
N1—S1—C1—C6	−0.54 (15)	S1—N1—C7—C6	2.9 (2)
N1—S1—C1—C2	178.93 (19)	C1—C6—C7—O1	175.6 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	−1.3 (3)	C5—C6—C7—O1	−2.9 (3)
S1—C1—C2—C3	179.25 (17)	C1—C6—C7—N1	−3.3 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	−0.2 (3)	C5—C6—C7—N1	178.28 (19)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.6 (3)	C9—O2—C8—O3	−0.8 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	−1.6 (3)	C9—O2—C8—N1	179.12 (16)
C2—C1—C6—C5	1.4 (3)	C7—N1—C8—O3	−173.8 (2)
S1—C1—C6—C5	−179.12 (16)	S1—N1—C8—O3	−1.2 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C7	−177.15 (18)	C7—N1—C8—O2	6.3 (3)
S1—C1—C6—C7	2.3 (2)	S1—N1—C8—O2	178.90 (13)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.1 (3)	C8—O2—C9—C11	156.63 (18)
C4—C5—C6—C7	178.46 (19)	C8—O2—C9—C10	−80.9 (2)
C8—N1—C7—O1	−3.5 (3)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C2—H2···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.47	3.225 (3)	137.

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$ .

## **supplementary materials**

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**Fig. 1**

