

POSTER PRESENTATION

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# Prognosis of tumor infiltrating lymphocytes in operable tongue cancer patients

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## Background

The immune microenvironment is important to the pathophysiology of head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC). Our aim was to investigate the prognostic significance of tumour-infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs) in operable tongue cancer patients treated with curative surgery and adjuvant radiotherapy with or without chemotherapy.

## Patients and methods

The presence of CD3+, CD4+, CD8+ and FOXP3+ TILs in tumor tissues obtained from 93 patients during surgery were examined by immunohistochemistry. Correlation between clinicopathological features and TILs was investigated. The prognostic roles of TILs for local recurrence-free survival (LRFS), regional recurrence-free survival (RRFS), distant metastasis-free survival (DMFS) and overall survival (OS) were analyzed.

## Results

Median follow up time was 31.4 months (range, 0.2–99.8 months). Higher number of CD4+ cells ( $p = 0.006$ ), higher CD4/FOXP3 ratio ( $p = 0.012$ ), lower CD3/CD4 ratio ( $p = 0.043$ ), and higher CD4/CD8 ratio ( $p = 0.006$ ) were correlated with the absence of lymphovascular invasion (LVI). Patients with lower FOXP3+ TILs and higher CD8/FOXP3 ratio had marginally better RRFS ( $p = 0.071$ , and  $p = 0.069$ , respectively) (Figure 1 and Figure 2.). Patients with higher CD4/CD3 ratio had a significantly better DMFS ( $p = 0.036$ ) (Figure 3).

## Conclusion

CD4+ TILs and its ratio to other TILs were inversely correlated with LVI. Higher CD4/CD3 ratio predicts

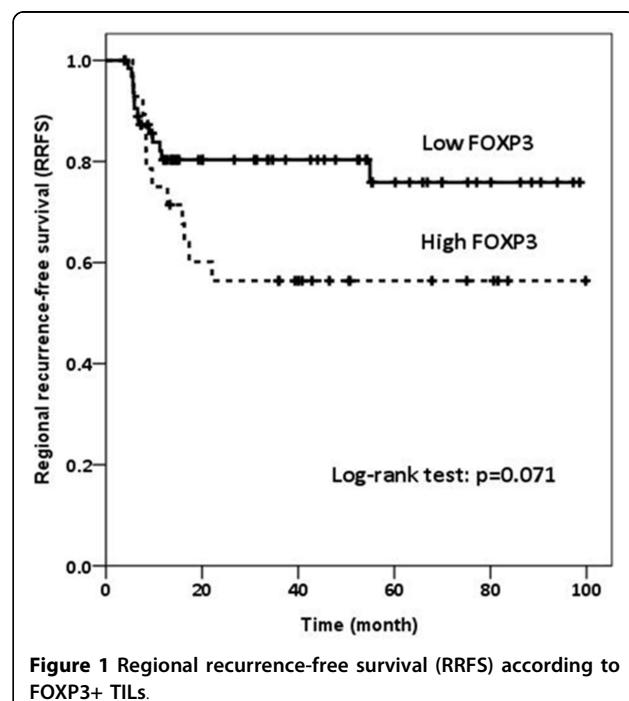


Figure 1 Regional recurrence-free survival (RRFS) according to FOXP3+ TILs.

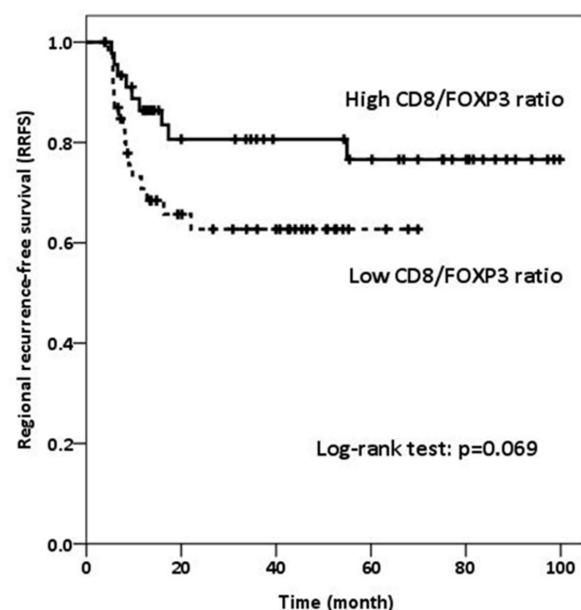
better DMFS. Prognostic role of FOXP3 in RRFS was marginally significant and warrants further investigation.

## Authors' details

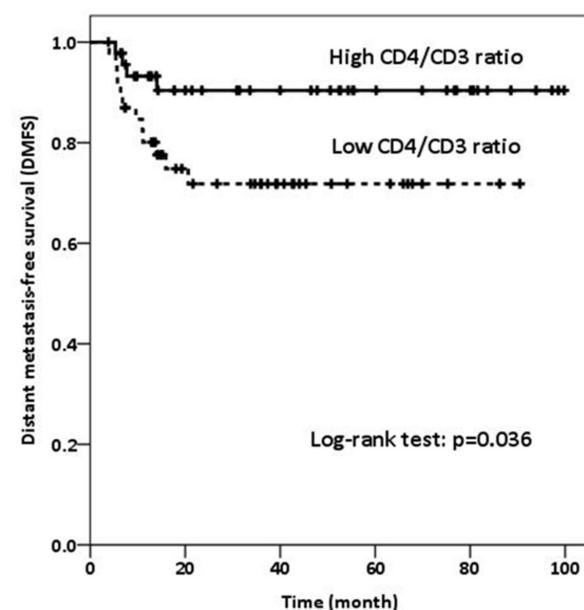
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**Figure 2** RRFS according to CD8/FOXP3 ratio.



**Figure 3** Distant metastasis-free survival (DMFS) according to CD4/CD3 ratio.

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