

ORAL PRESENTATION

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Xenoreactive antibody response following pulmonary valve replacement using porcine bioprosthesis in the young

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Background

Xenoreactive antibody reaction is known to initiate the immune-mediated valve destruction. To investigate the immune effect, serum anti- α -Gal antibody response following the pulmonary bioprosthesis implantation, including clinical factors, immunoglobulin types and patterns that might influence the anti- α -Gal immune response in children and young adults were studied.

Methods

Between January 2008 and February 2011, 40 patients underwent pulmonary valve replacement using a porcine bioprosthesis at an age younger than 30 years. There were 27 males (67.5%), and the median age at operation was 14 years (1.1–27.3 years). Serum was obtained from each patient prior to the operation, 1 day after the operation, at discharge, and at the first and second outpatient clinic visits. These samples were analyzed with an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay.

Results

Regardless of the isotype, anti- α -Gal antibody activity was increased at discharge and at the first outpatient visit. Although anti- α -Gal IgG antibody activity remained increased by the second outpatient visit, anti- α -Gal IgM antibody activity did not. Anti- α -Gal IgG antibody activity was higher at discharge among patients younger than 15 years. Anti- α -Gal IgG antibody activity were more prominent at the second outpatient visit in non-blood group B patients (A, O).

Conclusions

The implantation of a porcine bioprosthesis elicits an increased formation of anti- α -Gal antibodies, with different patterns of IgM and IgG isotypes in children and young adults. Patient's age and ABO blood group may influence the patterns of anti- α -Gal immune response after pulmonary valve replacement.

The early postoperative xenoreactive immune response could be considered to influence the initial process of degenerative valve failure.

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