

POSTER PRESENTATION

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Novel role of platelet endothelial cell adhesion molecule-1 (PECAM-1) in facilitating TGF-beta-mediated inhibition of T cell function

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Transforming Growth Factor β (TGF β) is an immunosuppressive cytokine that inhibits pro-inflammatory functions of T cells, and is a major contributor to abrogating T_H1 and cytotoxic T cell activity against tumors. While canonical signal transduction through effector Smads has been well-defined as a requirement for TGF β -mediated inhibition of T cells, essential non-canonical pathways have not, to date, been defined. This abstract describes the identification of Platelet Endothelial Cell Adhesion Molecule-1 (PECAM-1), CD31, as a novel facilitator of non-canonical TGF β signal transduction in T cells. Subcutaneously injected tumor cells known to require TGF β -mediated suppression of immunity for clearance grew more slowly in PECAM-1^{-/-} mice relative to wild type counterparts, and T cells isolated from PECAM-1^{-/-} mice demonstrated relative insensitivity to TGF β -induced inhibition of IFN γ production and proliferation. Similarly, human T cells lacking PECAM-1 expression demonstrated decreased sensitivity to TGF β in a manner that could be partially restored by re-expression of PECAM-1. Phosphorylation of PECAM-1 on an Immunoreceptor Tyrosine-based Inhibitory Motif (ITIM) and resultant binding of the inhibitory Src homology 2 domain-containing tyrosine phosphatase-2 (SHP-2) was observed after co-incubation of T cells with TGF β and anti-CD3, and inducible co-localization of PECAM-1 with the TGF β receptor complex was identified using co-immunoprecipitation, confocal microscopy and proximity ligation assays. These studies indicate an unexpected role for PECAM-1 in enhancing crucial inhibitory functions of TGF β in T cells and suggest that targeting of the PECAM-1/TGF β inhibitory axis represents a novel

means to overcome TGF β -dependent immunosuppression within the tumor microenvironment.

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