

Draft Genome Sequence of Halotolerant Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon-Degrading *Pseudomonas bauzanensis* Strain W13Z2

Xinxin Wang,^{a,b} Decai Jin,^{c,d} Lisha Zhou,^e Liang Wu,^{b,f} Lin Qi,^g Chen Li,^g Wei An,^b Yu Chen^{a,b}

School of Environmental Science and Engineering, Tianjin University, Tianjin, China^a; China Offshore Environmental Service Co. Ltd., Tianjin, China^b; College of Resources and Environment, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China^c; Research Center for Eco-Environmental Sciences, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China^d; Shenzhen Key Laboratory of Environmental Microbial Genomics and Application, BGI, Shenzhen, China^e; College of Environmental Science and Engineering, Ocean University of China, Qingdao, China^f; School of Chemical Engineering and Technology, Tianjin University, Tianjin, China^g

X.W. and D.J. contributed equally to this work.

***Pseudomonas bauzanensis* W13Z2 is a halotolerant polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH)-degrading bacterium isolated from petroleum-contaminated drill cuttings in the Bohai Sea. Here, we report the 8.6-Mb draft genome sequence of this strain, which will provide insights into the diversity of *Pseudomonas* and the mechanism of PAHs degradation in drill cuttings.**

Received 9 September 2014 Accepted 10 September 2014 Published 16 October 2014

Citation Wang X, Jin D, Zhou L, Wu L, Qi L, Li C, An W, Chen Y. 2014. Draft genome sequence of halotolerant polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon-degrading *Pseudomonas bauzanensis* strain W13Z2. *Genome Announc.* 2(5):e01049-14. doi:10.1128/genomeA.01049-14.

Copyright © 2014 Wang et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported license](#).

Address correspondence to Xinxin Wang, wangxx200899@163.com.

Microbial populations in drill cuttings have been well documented (1, 2). However, little is known about polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH)-degrading bacteria in such an environment. *Pseudomonas bauzanensis* W13Z2, which can degrade phenanthrene and pyrene with 5% NaCl, was isolated from petroleum-contaminated drill cuttings in the Bohai Sea of China. However, genomic information about *P. bauzanensis* is still unknown, which limits understanding of the mechanism of PAH degradation in drill cuttings. Here, the draft genome sequence of *P. bauzanensis* W13Z2 is presented for the first time.

Genomic DNA was extracted and sequenced using an Illumina HiSeq 2000 platform. The shotgun sequencing produced 14,417,292 paired-end reads with an average insert size of 300 bp (yielding approximately 170-fold coverage), which were filtered by NGS QC toolkit v 2.3 (3). Filtered reads were assembled, scaffolded, gap filled, and validated using SOAPdenovo v. 2.04 (4), SSPACE v. 2.0 (5), GapFiller v. 1.10 (6), and bwa v. 0.7.4 (7). Final assembly consisted of 69 contigs with an N_{50} length of 289,896 bp and the largest length of 1,692,974 bp. The genome sequence was annotated using the NCBI Prokaryotic Genome Automatic Annotation Pipeline (PGAAP) (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genome/annotation_prok/).

The genome consists of 8.6 Mb, with a G+C content of 61.8%. A total of 7,839 coding sequences (CDS), 139 pseudogenes, 97 tRNA genes, and 2 noncoding RNA (ncRNA) and 11 rRNA genes were identified. Of the CDS, 76.5% were assigned to clusters of orthologous groups (COGs) with amino acid transport and metabolism as the most abundant class, and 43.3% can be annotated into 2,479 KEGG orthologous groups by using KAAS (8), involving 218 metabolic pathways. A total of 209 tandem repeats were detected by Tandem Repeats Finder v. 4.07 (9). The IS5 family dominated the insertion sequence (IS) elements as revealed by ISFinder (10). A total of 695 potentially secreted proteins were identified by SignalP v. 4.0 (11). One clustered regularly inter-

spaced short palindromic repeat (CRISPR) element with 20 spacers was identified by CRISPRFinder (12). Average nucleotide identity (ANI) analysis (13) revealed that *P. bauzanensis* W13Z2 is phylogenetically related to *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* PAO1 (70.5%) (14), *P. brassicacearum* NFM421 (69.55%) (15), *P. denitrificans* ATCC 13867 (70.7%) (16), *P. entomophila* L48 (70.2%) (17), *P. mendocina* NK01 (70.5%) (18), *P. monteilii* SB3078 (70.0%) (19), *P. poae* RE*1/1/14 (69.7%) (20), *P. putida* KT2440 (69.8%) (21), *P. resinovorans* NBRC106553 (70.8%) (22), *P. stutzeri* A1501 (70.8%) (23), and *P. syringae* pv. tomato DC3000 (69.2%) (24).

Thirteen genes responsible for the degradation of alkanes and PAHs were identified, including 1 alkane 1-monoxygenase gene, 5 catechol 1,2-dioxygenase genes, 2 benzene 1,2-dioxygenase genes, and 5 naphthalene 1,2-dioxygenase genes. Moreover, 9 genes were identified as involved in compatible solute synthesis and uptake, including 3 betaine-aldehyde dehydrogenase, 5 glycine/betaine ABC transporter genes, and 1 ectoine synthase genes. Copper-, mercury-, and tellurium-resistant genes were detected, which may enhance the resistance to heavy metal. Eleven cold shock protein genes were detected, which are helpful for the survival in seawater at low temperatures.

Nucleotide sequence accession number. The draft genome sequence of *P. bauzanensis* W13Z2 has been deposited in GenBank under the accession number JFHS00000000. The version described in this paper is the first version.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This work was supported by the science and technology project from the China National Offshore Oil Corporation (CNOOC-KJ 125 ZDXM 00 000 00 NFCY 2011-04 and CNOOC-KJ 125 ZDXM 25JAB NFCY 2013-01), the science and technology project of the Tianjin Binhai New Area (2012-XJR23017), and the postdoctoral innovation fund project of Tianjin.

REFERENCES

- Benka-Coker MO, Olumagin A. 1995. Waste drilling-fluid-utilising microorganisms in a tropical mangrove swamp oil field location. *Bioresour Technol.* 53:211–215. [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/0960-8524\(95\)00055-1](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/0960-8524(95)00055-1).
- Struchtemeyer CG, Davis JP, Elshahed MS. 2011. Influence of the drilling mud formulation process on the bacterial communities in thermogenic natural gas wells of the Barnett shale. *Appl. Environ. Microbiol.* 77:4744–4753. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/AEM.00233-11>.
- Patel RK, Jain M. 2012. NGS QC Toolkit: a toolkit for quality control of next generation sequencing data. *PLoS One* 7:e30619. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0030619>.
- Luo R, Liu B, Xie Y, Li Z, Huang W, Yuan J, He G, Chen Y, Pan Q, Liu Y, Tang J, Wu G, Zhang H, Shi Y, Liu Y, Yu C, Wang B, Lu Y, Han C, Cheung DW, Yiu SM, Peng S, Xiaoqian Z, Liu G, Liao X, Li Y, Yang H, Wang J, Lam TW, Wang J. 2012. SOAPdenovo2: an empirically improved memory-efficient short-read *de novo* assembler. *Gigascience* 1:18. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1186/2047-217X-1-18>.
- Boetzer M, Henkel CV, Jansen HJ, Butler D, Pirovano W. 2011. Scaffolding pre-assembled contigs using SSPACE. *Bioinformatics* 27: 578–579. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btq683>.
- Boetzer M, Pirovano W. 2012. Toward almost closed genomes with GapFiller. *Genome Biol.* 13:R56. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1186/gb-2012-13-6-r56>.
- Li H, Durbin R. 2009. Fast and accurate short read alignment with Burrows-Wheeler transform. *Bioinformatics* 25:1754–1760. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btp324>.
- Moriya Y, Itoh M, Okuda S, Yoshizawa AC, Kanehisa M. 2007. KAAS: an automatic genome annotation and pathway reconstruction server. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 35:W182–W185. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/nar/gkm321>.
- Benson G. 1999. Tandem repeats finder: a program to analyze DNA sequences. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 27:573–580. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/nar/27.2.573>.
- Siguier P, Perochon J, Lestrade L, Mahillon J, Chandler M. 2006. ISfinder: the reference centre for bacterial insertion sequences. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 34:D32–D36. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/nar/gkj014>.
- Petersen TN, Brunak S, von Heijne G, Nielsen H. 2011. SignalP 4.0: discriminating signal peptides from transmembrane regions. *Nat. Methods* 8:785–786. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.1701>.
- Grissa I, Vergnaud G, Pourcel C. 2007. CRISPRFinder: a web tool to identify clustered regularly interspaced short palindromic repeats. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 35:W52–W57. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/nar/gkm360>.
- Richter M, Rosselló-Móra R. 2009. Shifting the genomic gold standard for the prokaryotic species definition. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A.* 106: 19126–19131. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1073/pnas.0906412106>.
- Stover CK, Pham XQ, Erwin AL, Mizoguchi SD, Warrener P, Hickey MJ, Brinkman FS, Hufnagle WO, Kowalik DJ, Lagrou M, Garber RL, Goltry L, Tolentino E, Westbrock-Wadman S, Yuan Y, Brody LL, Coulter SN, Folger KR, Kas A, Larbig K, Lim R, Smith K, Spencer D, Wong GK, Wu Z, Paulsen IT, Reizer J, Saier MH, Hancock RE, Lory S, Olson MV. 2000. Complete genome sequence of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* PAO1, an opportunistic pathogen. *Nature* 406:959–964. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1038/35023079>.
- Ortet P, Barakat M, Lalaouna D, Fochesato S, Barbe V, Vacherie B, Santaella C, Heulin T, Achouak W. 2011. Complete genome sequence of a beneficial plant root-associated bacterium, *Pseudomonas brassicacearum*. *J. Bacteriol.* 193:3146. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/JB.00411-11>.
- Ainala SK, Somasundar A, Park S. 2013. Complete genome sequence of *Pseudomonas denitrificans* ATCC 13867. *Genome Announc.* 1(3):e00257-13. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/genomeA.00257-13>.
- Vodovar N, Vallenet D, Cruveiller S, Rouy Z, Barbe V, Acosta C, Cattolico L, Jubin C, Lajus A, Segurens B, Vacherie B, Wincker P, Weissenbach J, Lemaitre B, Médigue C, Boccard F. 2006. Complete genome sequence of the entomopathogenic and metabolically versatile soil bacterium *Pseudomonas entomophila*. *Nat. Biotechnol.* 24:673–679. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1038/nbt1212>.
- Guo W, Wang Y, Song C, Yang C, Li Q, Li B, Su W, Sun X, Song D, Yang X, Wang S. 2011. Complete genome of *Pseudomonas mendocina* NK-01, which synthesizes medium-chain-length polyhydroxyalkanoates and alginate oligosaccharides. *J. Bacteriol.* 193:3413–3414. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/JB.05068-11>.
- Dueholm MS, Albertsen M, D'Imperio S, Tale VP, Lewis D, Nielsen PH, Nielsen JL. 2014. Complete genome sequences of *Pseudomonas monteilii* SB3078 and SB3101, two benzene-, toluene-, and ethylbenzene-degrading bacteria used for bioaugmentation. *Genome Announc.* 2(3): e00524-14. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/genomeA.00524-14>.
- Müller H, Zachow C, Alavi M, Tilcher R, Krempel PM, Thallinger GG, Berg G. 2013. Complete genome sequence of the sugar beet endophyte *Pseudomonas poae* Re*1-1-14, a disease-suppressive bacterium. *Genome Announc.* 1(2):e00020-13. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/genomeA.00020-13>.
- Nelson KE, Weinel C, Paulsen IT, Dodson RJ, Hilbert H, Martins dos Santos VA, Fouts DE, Gill SR, Pop M, Holmes M, Brinkac L, Beanan M, DeBoy RT, Daugherty S, Kolonay J, Madupu R, Nelson W, White O, Peterson J, Khouri H, Hance I, Chris Lee P, Holtzapple E, Scanlan D, Tran K, Moazzez A, Utterback T, Rizzo M, Lee K, Kosack D, Moestl D, Wedler H, Lauber J, Stjepanic D, Hoheisel J, Straetz M, Heim S, Kiewitz C, Eisen JA, Timmis KN, Düsterhöft A, Tümmler B, Fraser CM. 2002. Complete genome sequence and comparative analysis of the metabolically versatile *Pseudomonas putida* KT2440. *Environ. Microbiol.* 4:799–808. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1046/j.1462-2920.2002.00366.x>.
- Shintani M, Hosoyama A, Ohji S, Tsuchikane K, Takarada H, Yamazoe A, Fujita N, Nojiri H. 2013. Complete genome sequence of the carbazole degrader *Pseudomonas resinovorans* strain CA10 (NBRC 106553). *Genome Announc.* 1(4):e00488-13. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/genomeA.00488-13>.
- Yan Y, Yang J, Dou Y, Chen M, Ping S, Peng J, Lu W, Zhang W, Yao Z, Li H, Liu W, He S, Geng L, Zhang X, Yang F, Yu H, Zhan Y, Li D, Lin Z, Wang Y, Elmerich C, Lin M, Jin Q. 2008. Nitrogen fixation island and rhizosphere competence traits in the genome of root-associated *Pseudomonas stutzeri* A1501. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A.* 105:7564–7569. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1073/pnas.0801093105>.
- Buell CR, Joardar V, Lindeberg M, Selengut J, Paulsen IT, Gwinn ML, Dodson RJ, Deboy RT, Durkin AS, Kolonay JF, Madupu R, Daugherty S, Brinkac L, Beanan MJ, Haft DH, Nelson WC, Davidsen T, Zafar N, Zhou L, Liu J, Yuan Q, Khouri H, Fedorova N, Tran B, Russell D, Berry K, Utterback T, Van Aken SE, Feldblyum TV, D'Ascenzo M, Deng WL, Ramos AR, Alfano JR, Cartinhour S, Chatterjee AK, Delaney TP, Lazarowitz SG, Martin GB, Schneider DJ, Tang X, Bender CL, White O, Fraser CM, Collmer A. 2003. The complete genome sequence of the *Arabidopsis* and tomato pathogen *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *tomato* DC3000. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A.* 100:10181–10186. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1731982100>.