Crystal structures of  $\{\mu_2 - N, N' - bis[(pyridin-3-yl)-methyl]ethanediamide}tetrakis(dimethylcarbamo-dithioato)dizinc(II) dimethylformamide disolvate and <math>\{\mu_2 - N, N' - bis[(pyridin-3-yl)methyl]ethanedi-amide}tetrakis(di-$ *n*-propylcarbamodithioato)-dizinc(II)

## Hadi D. Arman,<sup>a</sup> Pavel Poplaukhin<sup>b</sup> and Edward R. T. Tiekink<sup>c</sup>\*

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, The University of Texas at San Antonio, One UTSA Circle, San Antonio, Texas 78249-0698, USA, <sup>b</sup>Chemical Abstracts Service, 2540 Olentangy River Rd, Columbus, Ohio, 43202, USA, and <sup>c</sup>Research Centre for Crystalline Materials, School of Science and Technology, Sunway University, 47500 Bandar Sunway, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia. \*Correspondence e-mail: edwardt@sunway.edu.my

The title structures,  $[Zn_2(C_3H_6NS_2)_4(C_{14}H_{14}N_4O_2)] \cdot 2C_3H_7NO$  (I) and [Zn<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NS<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>(C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>)] (II), each feature a bidentate, bridging bipyridyl-type ligand encompassing a di-amide group. In (I), the binuclear compound is disposed about a centre of inversion, leading to an open conformation, while in (II), the complete molecule is completed by the application of a twofold axis of symmetry so that the bridging ligand has a Ushape. In each of (I) and (II), the dithiocarbamate ligands are chelating with varying degrees of symmetry, so the zinc atom is within an NS<sub>4</sub> set approximating a square-pyramid for (I) and a trigonal-bipyramid for (II). The solvent dimethylformaide (DMF) molecules in (I) connect to the bridging ligand via amide-N-H···O(DMF) and various amide-, DMF-C-H···O(amide, DMF) interactions. The resultant three-molecule aggregates assemble into a three-dimensional architecture via  $C-H \cdots \pi$  (pyridyl, chelate ring) interactions. In (II), undulating tapes sustained by amide- $N-H \cdots O(amide)$  hydrogen bonding lead to linear supramolecular chains with alternating molecules lying to either side of the tape; no further directional interactions are noted in the crystal.

## 1. Chemical context

The potential of self-association between amide functionalities via amide-N-H···O(amide) hydrogen-bonding has long been recognized (MacDonald & Whitesides, 1994). In this way, eight-membered  $\{\cdots HNCO\}_2$  synthons can be formed. Alternatively, extended aggregation patterns based on a single point of contact repeat associations leading to supramolecular chains or double-connections (edge-shared) leading to tapes. In this connection, isomeric di-amide structures of the general formula  $(n-NC_5H_4)CH_2N(H)C(=O)-C(=O)N(H)CH_2$ - $(C_5H_4N-n)$ , for n = 2, 3 and 4, hereafter abbreviated as  ${}^{n}LH_2$ , have long attracted interest for their potential to form supramolecular tapes. For example, as realized in the twodimensional structure formed in the 1:1 co-crystal of  ${}^{4}LH_{2}$  and the conformer, bi-functional 1,4-di-iodobuta-1,3-diyne (Goroff et al., 2005). Here, the amide tapes are orthogonal to the N···I halogen bonding. In the realm of metal-containing species, a three-dimensional architecture can be assembled in







CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC COMMUNICATIONS

ISSN 2056-9890

Received 9 September 2017 Accepted 11 September 2017

Edited by W. T. A. Harrison, University of Aberdeen, Scotland

**Keywords:** crystal structure; zinc; dithiocarbamate; di-amide; hydrogen bonding.

CCDC references: 1573823; 1573822

**Supporting information**: this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e

the crystal of  $\{[Ag(^{3}LH_{2})_{2}]BF_{4}\}_{n}$  by a combination of  $Ag \leftarrow N$  bonds for the tetrahedral silver(I) atom, provided by bidentate bridging ligands, where the latter are also connected *via* concatenated  $\{\cdots HNC_{2}O\}_{2}$  synthons (Schauer *et al.*, 1997).



A similar coordination/hydrogen-bonding arrangement is found in the three-dimensional assembly in crystals of  $\{[Cu(^{3}LH_{2})_{2}Br] \cdot Br \cdot H_{2}O\}_{n}$  (Zeng *et al.*, 2008). Motivated by these results, investigations were commenced exploring the coordination ability of  ${}^{n}LH_{2}$  with zinc(II) dithiocarbamates functionalized with hydrogen-bonding potential, i.e.  $Zn[S_2CN(R)CH_2CH_2OH]_2$ , for  $R = alkyl, CH_2CH_2OH$ . As discussed in more detail in the Database survey, none of these crystals exhibited self-association of the amide residues. For example, in the crystal of binuclear {Zn[S2CN(Me)CH2- $CH_2OH_2_2(^3LH_2)$ , supramolecular chains are constructed as a result of hydroxy-O-H···O(hydroxy) hydrogen bonding that leads to the formation of sterically unencumbered 28membered  $\{\cdots HOC_2 NCSZnSCNC_2 O\}_2$  synthons. Two chains inter-weave through these rings and are held in place by hydroxy-O-H···O(amide) hydrogen bonding (Poplaukhin & Tiekink, 2010). In a continuation of these studies, attention was directed towards the interaction of <sup>n</sup>LH<sub>2</sub> with all-alkyl zinc(II) dithiocarbamates with the view of 'turning-off' putative hydroxy-O-H···O(amide) hydrogen bonding. Herein, the crystal and molecular structures of  $[Zn(S_2CNMe_2)]_2$ - $(^3LH_2)\cdot 2DMF$  [(I); DMF = dimethylformamide] and  $\{Zn[S_2CN(n-Pr)_2]_2\}_2(^3LH_2)$ , (II), are described where amide-N-H···O(DMF) hydrogen bonding precludes supramolecular association *via* amide···amide hydrogen bonding in (I), but not in (II), where supramolecular amide tapes are observed.





The molecular structures of (a) (I) (solvent DMF molecules are omitted) and (b) (II) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 70% probability level.

Table 1 Geometric data (Å,  $^\circ)$  for (I) and (II).

(I); $n = 4$ ; $m = 13^a$	(II); $n = 8; m = 21^b$
2.3770 (5)	2.3289 (5)
2.4784 (5)	2.5917 (6)
2.3807 (5)	2.3484 (5)
2.5565 (6)	2.5731 (5)
2.0959 (16)	2.0595 (15)
1.732 (2)	1.7391 (19)
1.720 (2)	1.715 (2)
1.7310 (19)	1.7435 (19)
1.7224 (19)	1.7114 (19)
1.229 (2)	1.237 (2)
1.334 (2)	1.334 (2)
1.550 (4)	1.538 (4)
150.85 (2)	125.23 (2)
161.48 (2)	170.88 (2)
	(1); $n = 4$ ; $m = 13^{a}$ 2.3770 (5) 2.4784 (5) 2.3807 (5) 2.5565 (6) 2.0959 (16) 1.732 (2) 1.720 (2) 1.7310 (19) 1.7224 (19) 1.229 (2) 1.334 (2) 1.550 (4) 150.85 (2) 161.48 (2)

Notes: (a) symmetry code: (i) -x, 2 - y, 1 - z; (b) symmetry code: (i) -x, y,  $\frac{1}{2} - z$ .

#### 2. Structural commentary

The molecular structure of the centrosymmetric, binuclear zinc(II) compound in (I) is shown in Fig. 1a and selected geometric parameters are collected in Table 1. The zinc centre is coordinated by two chelating dithiocarbamate ligands and the coordination geometry is completed by a pyridyl-N atom. The dithiocarbamate ligands coordinate differently, with the S1-ligand coordinating almost symmetrically with  $\Delta(Zn-S) =$  $(Zn-S_{long} - Zn-S_{short}) = 0.10$  A. By contrast, the S3-ligand coordinates slightly more asymmetrically with  $\Delta(Zn-S) =$ 0.18 Å. These differences are not reflected in the associated C-S bond lengths, which span an experimentally equivalent range of 1.720 (2) to 1.732 (2) Å. The resulting NS<sub>4</sub> donor set defines a distorted square-pyramidal geometry as judged by the value of  $\tau = 0.18$  which compares to  $\tau = 0.0$  for an ideal square-pyramid and 1.0 for an ideal trigonal-bipyramidal geometry (Addison et al., 1984). In this description, the zinc atom lies 0.5011 (3) Å above the plane defined by the four sulfur atoms [r.m.s. deviation = 0.0976 Å with the range of deviations being -0.0990 (3) Å for the S3 atom to 0.0987 (3) Å for S2]. The widest angles are defined by the sulfur atoms forming the shorter of the Zn-S bonds of each dithiocarbamate ligand and by those forming the longer Zn-S bonds. The dihedral angle between the best plane through the four sulfur atoms and that through the pyridyl ring is  $87.13 (4)^{\circ}$ , indicating a near perpendicular relationship. The dihedral angle between the two chelate rings is  $27.46 (6)^{\circ}$ .

The molecular structure of the binuclear zinc(II) compound, (II), is shown in Fig. 1b and again selected geometric parameters are collected in Table 1. The first and most obvious distinction between the binuclear compounds in (I) and (II) relates to the symmetry within the molecules, *i.e.* the bridging ligand is disposed about a centre of inversion in (I), leading to an extended conformation, but is disposed about a twofold axis in (II), leading to a curved conformation. While to a first approximation the coordination geometry in (II) matches that in (I), some differences are apparent. Each dithiocarbamate ligand coordinates asymmetrically with  $\Delta(Zn-S) = 0.26$  and 0.22 Å, respectively, and these differences are apparent.

ences are reflected in the associated C–S bond lengths with those associated with the weakly coordinating sulfur atoms being significantly shorter than those associated with the more tightly bound sulfur atoms, Table 1. There is also a significant difference in the coordination geometry defined by the NS<sub>4</sub> donor set with  $\tau = 0.76$ . This difference arises from a reduction, by approximately 25°, of the angle subtended at the zinc atom by the more tightly bound sulfur atoms, Table 1. The change in coordination geometry is reflected in the relatively wide dihedral angle between the chelate rings of 59.41 (3)°.

The common feature of (I) and (II) is the relatively long central  $sp^2$ -C-C( $sp^2$ ) bond, Table 1. This feature for these ligands is well established and is reflected by comparable bond lengths determined by experiment and theory for the two polymorphs known for the uncoordinated ligand,  ${}^{3}LH_{2}$  (Jotani, Zukerman-Schpector *et al.*, 2016). Interestingly, in one of the polymorphs, both independent molecules are disposed about a centre of inversion and adopt an *anti*-periplanar form, as in (I), while in the second polymorph, the molecule is twofold symmetric with a U-shaped conformation, *i.e.* is *syn*-periplanar, as in (II). Computational chemistry indicated no significant energy difference between the two conformations, a result consistent with the literature expectation for the majority of conformational polymorphs (Cruz-Cabeza *et al.*, 2015).

#### 3. Supramolecular features

The presence of solvent DMF molecules in the crystal of (I) precludes supramolecular self-association between the amide functionality. Instead, three-molecule aggregates are generated via amide-N-H···O(DMF) hydrogen bonds, Fig. 2a and Table 2. These aggregates are further linked via DMF-C- $H \cdots O(amide)$  and pyridyl- $C - H \cdots O(DMF)$  interactions, leading to eight-membered { $\cdots$ OC<sub>2</sub>NH $\cdots$ OCH} and sevenmembered {···O···HNC<sub>3</sub>H} synthons, respectively. Connections between these aggregates are of the type methyl-C-H··· $\pi$ , where the  $\pi$ -systems are either the pyridyl ring or one of the chelate rings. Referring to the latter, such C- $H \cdots \pi$  (chelate) ring interactions are more and more being observed in the structural chemistry of metal dithiocarbamates owing, no doubt, to the effective chelating ability of dithiocarbamate ligands, which leads to significant  $\pi$ -electron density within the chelate rings they form (Tiekink & Zukerman-Schpector, 2011; Tiekink, 2017). The net result of the foregoing is a three-dimensional architecture, Fig. 2b. From the view down the b axis, Fig. 2c, there are obvious areas with little or no directional interactions between the residues.

By contrast to the myriad of supramolecular associations identified in the crystal of (I), only conventional amide-N- $H \cdots O(amide)$  hydrogen bonding is found in the crystal of (II), Table 3, with no other specific interactions identified based on the distance criteria in *PLATON* (Spek, 2009). The hydrogen bonding leads to linear supramolecular chains along the *c* axis, Fig. 3*a*, with alternate binuclear molecules lying above and below the plane defined by the supramolecular tape

## research communications



#### Figure 2

Molecular packing in (I): (a) supramolecular three-molecule aggregate sustained by amide- $N-H\cdots O(DMF)$  hydrogen bonding, (b) a view of the unitcell contents in projection down the a axis and (c) a view of the unit-cell contents in projection down the b axis. The  $N-H\cdots O$ ,  $C-H\cdots O$  and  $C-H\cdots \pi$  interactions are shown as orange, blue and purple dashed lines, respectively.



#### Figure 3

Molecular packing in (II): (a) linear supramolecular chain aligned along the c axis and sustained by amide-N-H···O(amide) hydrogen bonding (orange dashed lines), with non-participating hydrogen atoms omitted (b) detail of the amide-N-H···O(amide) hydrogen-bonded tape and (c) a view of the unit-cell contents in projection down the c axis, with one chain highlighted in space-filling mode.

Table 2Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å,  $^{\circ}$ ) for (I).

Cg1-Cg3 are the centroids of the Zn/S1/S2/C1, Zn/S3/S4/C4 and N3/C7-C11 rings, respectively.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$N4-H4N\cdots O2$	0.87(2)	1.99 (2)	2.779 (2)	151 (2)
C7−H7···O2	0.95	2.44	3.290 (3)	149
$C14-H14\cdots O1^{i}$	0.95	2.49	3.245 (2)	137
$C15-H15B\cdots O1^{ii}$	0.98	2.47	3.310 (3)	144
$C3-H3B\cdots Cg2^{iii}$	0.98	2.93	3.884 (3)	165
$C5-H5B\cdots Cg1^{iv}$	0.98	2.97	3.924 (2)	164
$C16-H16C\cdots Cg3^{v}$	0.98	2.72	3.562 (3)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y + 2, -z + 1; (ii) x + 1, y - 1, z; (iii) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z; (iv) x, y - 1, z; (v) x + 1, y, z.

shown in Fig. 3b. A view of the unit-cell contents, with one chain highlighted in space-filling mode, is shown in Fig. 3c.

#### 4. Database survey

The investigation of zinc(II) dithiocarbamates,  $Zn(S_2CNRR')_2$ , with at least one of R/R' being  $CH_2CH_2OH$ , has lead to an interesting array of structures owing to hydrogen bonding. Thus, hydroxy- $O - H \cdot \cdot \cdot O(hydroxy)$ hydrogen bonding links otherwise molecular species into supramolecular chains in the cases of  $Zn[S_2CN(R)CH_2CH_2OH]_2(pyridine) \cdot pyridine for R = Me and$ Et (Poplaukhin & Tiekink, 2017) and Zn[S<sub>2</sub>CN(Me)CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>OH]<sub>2</sub>(3-hydroxypyridine) (Jotani, Arman et al., 2016) and supramolecular layers via hydroxy-O-H···S(dithiocarbamate) hydrogen bonds in Zn[S2CN(i-Pr)CH2CH2OH]2(2,2'bipyridine) (Safbri et al., 2016); the propensity for the hydroxy group in dithiocarbamate ligands with  $R = CH_2CH_2OH$  to form  $O-H \cdots S$  rather than  $O-H \cdots O$  hydrogen bonds has been summarized recently (Jamaludin et al., 2016). With potentially bridging ligands, mixed results have been observed in recent studies: in terms of potentially tetra-coordinate urotropine (hexamethylenetetraamine, hmta), monodentate coordination has been found in each of the four independent molecules comprising the asymmetric unit of Zn[S<sub>2</sub>CN(*i*-Pr)-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH]<sub>2</sub>(hmta) (Câmpian et al., 2016). Supramolecular layers are sustained by hydroxy-O-H···O(hydroxy) and hydroxy- $O-H \cdots S$ (dithiocarbamate) hydrogen bonding, as per above, augmented by hydroxy-O-H···N(hmta) hydrogen bonding. Bidentate bridging has been found in 2:1 adducts of Zn[S2CN(CH2CH2OH)2]2}2 with pyrazine (Jotani et al., 2017) and 4,4'-bipyridyl (Benson et al., 2007) in which three-dimensional architectures are sustained by hydroxy-O-H...O(hydroxy) hydrogen bonding. Apart from the interwoven polymers discussed in the Chemical context, the most closely related compounds to the title compounds are thioamide analogues of <sup>3</sup>LH<sub>2</sub>, *i.e.* <sup>3</sup>LSH<sub>2</sub>. Some interesting crystal chemistry occurs when {Zn[S2CN(Me)CH2CH2OH]2}2-(<sup>3</sup>LSH<sub>2</sub>) is recrystallized from acetonitrile (Poplaukhin et al., 2012). Upon prolonged standing, a one molar ratio of  $S_8$ , a decomposition product, is incorporated in the co-crystal with

Table 3	
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for (II).	

	•			
$D - H \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
N4-H4 $N$ ···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.87 (2)	2.16 (2)	2.959 (2)	153 (2)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

hydroxy-O-H···O(hydroxy) hydrogen bonding leading to a two-dimensional array. When DMF is diffused into an acetonitrile solution of the same compound, one hydroxy group hydrogen bonds to the DMF-O while the other hydroxyl group self-associates to form a supramolecular chain. In the present study, when additional hydrogen-bonding functionality is not present, the amide groups are able to self-assemble as shown in Fig. 3. With the foregoing in mind, *i.e.* variable coordination geometries, flexible conformations of the bridging ligands and different hydrogen-bonding potential, more systematic studies in this area are warranted.

### 5. Synthesis and crystallization

Crystals of (I) were grown from liquid diffusion of ether into a 1:1 molar ratio of  $Zn(S_2CNMe_2)_2$  and  ${}^3LH_2$  in DMF; m.p. 479–481 K. Crystals of (II) were grown from the slow evaporation of a 2:1 molar ratio of  $Zn[S_2CN(n-Pr)_2]_2$  and  ${}^3LH_2$  in a MeOH/ EtOH solution.

### 6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 4. For each of (I) and (II), carbonbound H atoms were placed in calculated positions (C-H = 0.95-0.98 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding-model approximation, with  $U_{iso}(H)$  set to 1.2- $1.5U_{eq}(C)$ . The N-bound H atoms were located in difference-Fourier maps but were refined with a distance restraint of N-H =  $0.88\pm0.01$  Å, and with  $U_{iso}(H)$  set to  $1.2U_{eq}(N)$ . Owing to poor agreement, two reflections, *i.e.* (356) and (014), were omitted from the final cycles of refinement of (I).

### Acknowledgements

Sunway University is thanked for support of biological and crystal engineering studies of metal dithiocarbamates.

### References

- Addison, A. W., Rao, T. N., Reedijk, J., van Rijn, J. & Verschoor, G. C. (1984). J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans. pp. 1349–1356.
- Benson, R. E., Ellis, C. A., Lewis, C. E. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2007). *CrystEngComm*, **9**, 930–941.
- Brandenburg, K. (2006). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
- Câmpian, M. V., Azizuddin, A. D., Haiduc, I. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2016). Z. Kristallogr. 231, 737–747.
- Cruz-Cabeza, A. J., Reutzel-Edens, S. M. & Bernstein, J. (2015). Chem. Soc. Rev. 44, 8619–8635.
- Farrugia, L. J. (2012). J. Appl. Cryst. 45, 849-854.
- Goroff, N. S., Curtis, S. M., Webb, J. A., Fowler, F. W. & Lauher, J. W. (2005). Org. Lett. 7, 1891–1893.

Table 4Experimental details.

	(I)	(II)
Crystal data		
Chemical formula	$[Zn_2(C_2H_6NS_2)_4(C_{14}H_{14}N_4O_2)]\cdot 2C_2H_7NO$	$[Zn_2(C_2H_{14}NS_2)_4(C_{14}H_{14}N_4O_2)]$
М.	1028.05	1106.28
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	Monoclinic, $C2/c$
Temperature (K)	98	98
a, b, c (Å)	9.0998 (8), 9.3544 (10), 15.508 (2)	31.048 (4), 16.923 (2), 10.3453 (14)
$\alpha, \beta, \gamma$ (°)	84.176 (1), 75.540 (8), 61.067 (6)	90, 100.361 (2), 90
$V(A^3)$	1118.5 (2)	5347.1 (12)
Z	1	4
Radiation type	Μο Κα	Μο Κα
$\mu (\mathrm{mm}^{-1})$	1.49	1.25
Crystal size (mm)	$0.22 \times 0.16 \times 0.07$	$0.35 \times 0.27 \times 0.19$
Data collection		
Diffractometer	Rigaku AFC12K/SATURN724	Rigaku AFC12K/SATURN724
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)	Multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
$T_{\min}, \hat{T}_{\max}$	0.823, 1.000	0.642, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	9634, 5062, 4874	17361, 6129, 5700
R <sub>int</sub>	0.026	0.031
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\max} (\dot{A}^{-1})$	0.650	0.650
Refinement		
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.031, 0.084, 1.05	0.033, 0.077, 1.09
No. of reflections	5062	6129
No. of parameters	262	287
No. of restraints	1	1
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max},  \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ ({\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.41, -0.51	0.31, -0.39

Computer programs: CrystalClear (Molecular Structure Corporation & Rigaku, 2005), SHELXS (Sheldrick, 2008), SHELXL2014/7 (Sheldrick, 2015), ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012), DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006) and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

Higashi, T. (1995). ABSCOR. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.

- Jamaludin, N. S., Halim, S. N. A., Khoo, C.-H., Chen, B.-J., See, T.-H., Sim, J.-H., Cheah, Y.-K., Seng, H.-L. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2016). Z. *Kristallogr.* 231, 341–349.
- Jotani, M. M., Arman, H. D., Poplaukhin, P. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2016). Acta Cryst. E72, 1700–1709.
- Jotani, M. M., Poplaukhin, P., Arman, H. D. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2017). Z. Kristallogr. 232, 287–298.
- Jotani, M. M., Zukerman-Schpector, J., Sousa Madureira, L., Poplaukhin, P., Arman, H. D., Miller, T. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2016). Z. Kristallogr. 231, 415–425.
- MacDonald, J. C. & Whitesides, G. M. (1994). Chem. Rev. 94, 2383–2420.
- Molecular Structure Corporation & Rigaku (2005). *CrystalClear*. MSC, The Woodlands, Texas, USA, and Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Poplaukhin, P., Arman, H. D. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2012). Z. Kristallogr. 227, 363–368.

Poplaukhin, P. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2010). CrystEngComm, 12, 1302– 1306.

- Poplaukhin, P. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2017). Acta Cryst. E73, 1246– 1251.
- Safbri, S. A. M., Halim, S. N. A. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2016). *Acta Cryst.* E72, 203–208.
- Schauer, C. L., Matwey, E., Fowler, F. W. & Lauher, J. W. (1997). J. Am. Chem. Soc. 119, 10245–10246.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015). Acta Cryst. C71, 3-8.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). Acta Cryst. D65, 148-155.
- Tiekink, E. R. T. (2017). Coord. Chem. Rev. 345, 209-228.
- Tiekink, E. R. T. & Zukerman-Schpector, J. (2011). Chem. Commun. 47, 6623–6625.
- Westrip, S. P. (2010). J. Appl. Cryst. 43, 920-925.
- Zeng, Q., Li, M., Wu, D., Lei, S., Liu, C., Piao, L., Yang, Y. A. S., An, S. & Wang, C. (2008). *Cryst. Growth Des.* **8**, 869–876.

## Acta Cryst. (2017). E73, 1501-1507 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989017012956]

Crystal structures of  $\{\mu_2-N,N'$ -bis[(pyridin-3-yl)methyl]ethanediamide}tetrakis-(dimethylcarbamodithioato)dizinc(II) dimethylformamide disolvate and  $\{\mu_2-N,N'$ -bis[(pyridin-3-yl)methyl]ethanediamide}tetrakis(di-*n*-propylcarbamodithioato)dizinc(II)

## Hadi D. Arman, Pavel Poplaukhin and Edward R. T. Tiekink

**Computing details** 

For both structures, data collection: *CrystalClear* (Molecular Structure Corporation & Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear* (Molecular Structure Corporation & Rigaku, 2005); data reduction: *CrystalClear* (Molecular Structure Corporation & Rigaku, 2005); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014*/7 (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

 $\{\mu_2 - N, N' - bis[(pyridin - 3 - yl)methyl]ethanediamide\}$ tetrakis(dimethylcarbamodithioato)dizinc(II) dimethylformamide disolvate (I)

## Crystal data

$[7n (C \sqcup NS) (C \sqcup N \cap)]$	7 - 1
$[2\Pi_2(C_3\Pi_6\Pi_5_2)_4(C_14\Pi_14\Pi_4O_2)]^2C_3\Pi_7\Pi_0$	L = 1
$M_r = 1028.05$	F(000) = 534
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.526 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
a = 9.0998 (8) Å	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
b = 9.3544 (10)  Å	Cell parameters from 4952 reflections
c = 15.508 (2)  Å	$\theta = 2.6 - 40.2^{\circ}$
$\alpha = 84.176 \ (1)^{\circ}$	$\mu = 1.49 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 75.540 \ (8)^{\circ}$	T = 98  K
$\gamma = 61.067 \ (6)^{\circ}$	Prism, colourless
V = 1118.5 (2) Å <sup>3</sup>	$0.22 \times 0.16 \times 0.07 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	

9634 measured reflections 5062 independent reflections 4874 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.026$  $\theta_{max} = 27.5^\circ, \ \theta_{min} = 2.6^\circ$  $h = -11 \rightarrow 10$  $k = -12 \rightarrow 11$  $l = -20 \rightarrow 20$  Refinement

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0453P)^2 + 0.5471P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.41 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.51 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Zn	0.18051 (3)	0.47082 (2)	0.16514 (2)	0.01527 (7)	
S1	0.41361 (6)	0.51174 (6)	0.17595 (3)	0.02024 (11)	
S2	0.19922 (6)	0.65950 (6)	0.04378 (3)	0.01958 (11)	
S3	0.06877 (6)	0.33365 (6)	0.10167 (3)	0.01858 (11)	
S4	0.23877 (6)	0.20909 (6)	0.25237 (3)	0.02033 (11)	
01	-0.22504 (17)	1.09018 (16)	0.51306 (10)	0.0212 (3)	
O2	0.28455 (17)	0.53249 (17)	0.44844 (10)	0.0228 (3)	
N1	0.4385 (2)	0.7345 (2)	0.06102 (11)	0.0194 (3)	
N2	0.0654 (2)	0.08356 (19)	0.19845 (11)	0.0183 (3)	
N3	-0.03266 (19)	0.63692 (18)	0.25797 (10)	0.0149 (3)	
N4	-0.0222 (2)	0.82110 (19)	0.49761 (11)	0.0158 (3)	
H4N	0.0877 (14)	0.752 (2)	0.4880 (16)	0.019*	
N5	0.5648 (2)	0.40804 (18)	0.37075 (11)	0.0169 (3)	
C1	0.3596 (2)	0.6454 (2)	0.08945 (12)	0.0170 (3)	
C2	0.5708 (3)	0.7264 (3)	0.10280 (15)	0.0269 (4)	
H2A	0.5225	0.7510	0.1668	0.040*	
H2B	0.6080	0.8064	0.0756	0.040*	
H2C	0.6701	0.6164	0.0938	0.040*	
C3	0.4000 (3)	0.8489 (3)	-0.01199 (14)	0.0243 (4)	
H3A	0.3314	0.8288	-0.0441	0.036*	
H3B	0.5081	0.8333	-0.0529	0.036*	
H3C	0.3347	0.9611	0.0121	0.036*	
C4	0.1196 (2)	0.1949 (2)	0.18628 (12)	0.0159 (3)	
C5	0.1033 (3)	-0.0373 (2)	0.26815 (14)	0.0255 (4)	
H5A	0.1810	-0.0286	0.2986	0.038*	
H5B	0.1587	-0.1471	0.2415	0.038*	
H5C	-0.0042	-0.0174	0.3111	0.038*	
C6	-0.0452 (3)	0.0813 (3)	0.14425 (14)	0.0247 (4)	
H6A	-0.1440	0.1906	0.1452	0.037*	
H6B	-0.0866	0.0031	0.1687	0.037*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

H6C	0.0213	0.0488	0.0828	0.037*
C7	-0.0245 (2)	0.6452 (2)	0.34223 (12)	0.0145 (3)
H7	0.0816	0.5761	0.3588	0.017*
C8	-0.1647 (2)	0.7508 (2)	0.40681 (12)	0.0153 (3)
C9	-0.3197 (2)	0.8473 (2)	0.38194 (14)	0.0209 (4)
H9	-0.4194	0.9170	0.4247	0.025*
C10	-0.3289 (3)	0.8416 (2)	0.29438 (15)	0.0235 (4)
H10	-0.4336	0.9088	0.2761	0.028*
C11	-0.1820 (2)	0.7357 (2)	0.23420 (13)	0.0191 (4)
H11	-0.1873	0.7330	0.1740	0.023*
C12	-0.1430 (2)	0.7598 (2)	0.49952 (12)	0.0169 (4)
H12A	-0.2564	0.8328	0.5380	0.020*
H12B	-0.1002	0.6497	0.5254	0.020*
C13	-0.0750 (2)	0.9808 (2)	0.50327 (12)	0.0154 (3)
C14	0.4233 (2)	0.5333 (2)	0.41560 (13)	0.0189 (4)
H14	0.4289	0.6300	0.4230	0.023*
C15	0.5633 (3)	0.2589 (2)	0.35369 (14)	0.0220 (4)
H15A	0.4470	0.2718	0.3775	0.033*
H15B	0.6450	0.1676	0.3827	0.033*
H15C	0.5968	0.2367	0.2894	0.033*
C16	0.7237 (3)	0.4164 (3)	0.33479 (15)	0.0246 (4)
H16A	0.7471	0.4160	0.2696	0.037*
H16B	0.8192	0.3218	0.3541	0.037*
H16C	0.7121	0.5171	0.3564	0.037*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Zn	0.01537 (12)	0.01651 (12)	0.01506 (12)	-0.00876 (9)	-0.00181 (8)	-0.00223 (8)
<b>S</b> 1	0.0178 (2)	0.0245 (2)	0.0207 (2)	-0.01150 (19)	-0.00697 (18)	0.00486 (18)
S2	0.0239 (2)	0.0256 (2)	0.0169 (2)	-0.0171 (2)	-0.00714 (18)	0.00306 (17)
S3	0.0260 (2)	0.0194 (2)	0.0159 (2)	-0.01463 (19)	-0.00632 (18)	0.00188 (16)
S4	0.0212 (2)	0.0184 (2)	0.0229 (2)	-0.00868 (18)	-0.00950 (19)	0.00188 (17)
O1	0.0164 (6)	0.0168 (6)	0.0288 (8)	-0.0050 (5)	-0.0074 (6)	-0.0032 (5)
O2	0.0145 (6)	0.0239 (7)	0.0270 (7)	-0.0068 (6)	-0.0030 (6)	-0.0040 (6)
N1	0.0218 (8)	0.0220 (8)	0.0189 (8)	-0.0138 (7)	-0.0051 (6)	0.0002 (6)
N2	0.0227 (8)	0.0163 (7)	0.0169 (8)	-0.0111 (6)	-0.0023 (6)	0.0001 (6)
N3	0.0143 (7)	0.0159 (7)	0.0164 (7)	-0.0086 (6)	-0.0030 (6)	-0.0016 (6)
N4	0.0147 (7)	0.0153 (7)	0.0174 (7)	-0.0065 (6)	-0.0037 (6)	-0.0024 (6)
N5	0.0145 (7)	0.0152 (7)	0.0202 (8)	-0.0065 (6)	-0.0035 (6)	-0.0008 (6)
C1	0.0172 (8)	0.0175 (8)	0.0149 (8)	-0.0079 (7)	-0.0005 (7)	-0.0043 (6)
C2	0.0259 (10)	0.0379 (12)	0.0271 (11)	-0.0219 (10)	-0.0081 (9)	-0.0004 (9)
C3	0.0289 (10)	0.0269 (10)	0.0215 (10)	-0.0188 (9)	-0.0025 (8)	0.0035 (8)
C4	0.0151 (8)	0.0127 (8)	0.0165 (8)	-0.0049 (7)	-0.0005 (7)	-0.0031 (6)
C5	0.0348 (11)	0.0178 (9)	0.0222 (10)	-0.0130 (8)	-0.0038 (9)	0.0033 (7)
C6	0.0321 (11)	0.0264 (10)	0.0240 (10)	-0.0204 (9)	-0.0048 (9)	-0.0030 (8)
C7	0.0144 (8)	0.0148 (8)	0.0160 (8)	-0.0081 (7)	-0.0032 (7)	-0.0001 (6)
C8	0.0155 (8)	0.0141 (8)	0.0191 (9)	-0.0094 (7)	-0.0026 (7)	-0.0016 (6)

C9	0.0155 (9)	0.0170 (8)	0.0267 (10)	-0.0047 (7)	-0.0027 (8)	-0.0061(7)
C10	0.0181 (9)	0.0189 (9)	0.0306 (11)	-0.0034 (8)	-0.0108 (8)	-0.0036(8)
C11	0.0199 (9)	0.0194 (8)	0.0205 (9)	-0.0095 (7)	-0.0081 (7)	-0.0011(7)
C12	0.0183 (8)	0.0168 (8)	0.0170 (9)	-0.0100 (7)	-0.0009 (7)	-0.0043(6)
C13	0.0176 (9)	0.0164 (8)	0.0125 (8)	-0.0073 (7)	-0.0047 (7)	-0.0022(6)
C14	0.0175 (9)	0.0171 (8)	0.0195 (9)	-0.0055 (7)	-0.0058 (7)	-0.0001(7)
C15	0.0220 (9)	0.0174 (9)	0.0261 (10)	-0.0087 (8)	-0.0048 (8)	-0.0032(7)
C14 C15 C16	0.0175 (9) 0.0220 (9) 0.0199 (9)	0.0174 (9) 0.0260 (10)	0.0195 (9) 0.0261 (10) 0.0274 (10)	-0.0035(7) -0.0087(8) -0.0126(8)	-0.0038 (7) -0.0048 (8) 0.0006 (8)	-0.0001(7) -0.0032(7) -0.0039(8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Zn—N3	2.0959 (16)	С3—НЗА	0.9800
Zn—S1	2.3770 (5)	С3—Н3В	0.9800
Zn—S3	2.3807 (5)	С3—НЗС	0.9800
Zn—S2	2.4784 (5)	С5—Н5А	0.9800
Zn—S4	2.5565 (6)	С5—Н5В	0.9800
S1—C1	1.732 (2)	С5—Н5С	0.9800
S2—C1	1.720 (2)	C6—H6A	0.9800
S3—C4	1.7310 (19)	С6—Н6В	0.9800
S4—C4	1.7224 (19)	С6—Н6С	0.9800
O1—C13	1.229 (2)	C7—C8	1.396 (2)
O2—C14	1.241 (2)	С7—Н7	0.9500
N1—C1	1.324 (2)	C8—C9	1.387 (3)
N1—C3	1.462 (3)	C8—C12	1.515 (3)
N1—C2	1.472 (3)	C9—C10	1.389 (3)
N2—C4	1.332 (2)	С9—Н9	0.9500
N2—C5	1.458 (2)	C10—C11	1.386 (3)
N2—C6	1.472 (3)	C10—H10	0.9500
N3—C7	1.339 (2)	C11—H11	0.9500
N3—C11	1.343 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9900
N4—C13	1.334 (2)	C12—H12B	0.9900
N4—C12	1.460 (2)	C13—C13 <sup>i</sup>	1.550 (4)
N4—H4N	0.872 (9)	C14—H14	0.9500
N5—C14	1.331 (2)	C15—H15A	0.9800
N5—C15	1.453 (2)	C15—H15B	0.9800
N5—C16	1.451 (2)	C15—H15C	0.9800
C2—H2A	0.9800	C16—H16A	0.9800
C2—H2B	0.9800	C16—H16B	0.9800
C2—H2C	0.9800	C16—H16C	0.9800
N3—Zn—S1	104.88 (4)	H5A—C5—H5B	109.5
N3—Zn—S3	104.27 (4)	N2—C5—H5C	109.5
S1—Zn—S3	150.85 (2)	H5A—C5—H5C	109.5
N3—Zn—S2	99.88 (5)	H5B—C5—H5C	109.5
S1—Zn—S2	74.936 (18)	N2—C6—H6A	109.5
S3—Zn—S2	100.297 (19)	N2—C6—H6B	109.5
N3—Zn—S4	98.56 (4)	H6A—C6—H6B	109.5
S1—Zn—S4	101.877 (19)	N2—C6—H6C	109.5

S3—Zn—S4	73.378 (18)	Н6А—С6—Н6С	109.5
S2—Zn—S4	161.475 (19)	H6B—C6—H6C	109.5
C1—S1—Zn	85.00 (7)	N3—C7—C8	123.02 (17)
C1—S2—Zn	82.11 (7)	N3—C7—H7	118.5
C4—S3—Zn	86.76 (6)	С8—С7—Н7	118.5
C4—S4—Zn	81.49 (6)	C9—C8—C7	117.60 (17)
C1—N1—C3	123.25 (17)	C9—C8—C12	122.39 (17)
C1—N1—C2	121.46 (17)	C7—C8—C12	120.00 (16)
C3—N1—C2	115.28 (16)	C8—C9—C10	119.81 (18)
C4—N2—C5	122.90 (17)	С8—С9—Н9	120.1
C4—N2—C6	121.21 (16)	С10—С9—Н9	120.1
C5—N2—C6	115.82 (16)	C11—C10—C9	118.61 (18)
C7—N3—C11	118.55 (16)	C11—C10—H10	120.7
C7—N3—Zn	121.14 (12)	C9—C10—H10	120.7
C11—N3—Zn	120.29 (13)	N3—C11—C10	122.33 (18)
C13—N4—C12	121.39 (16)	N3—C11—H11	118.8
C13—N4—H4N	119.8 (15)	C10—C11—H11	118.8
C12—N4—H4N	118.6 (15)	N4—C12—C8	111.17 (15)
C14—N5—C15	120.66 (16)	N4—C12—H12A	109.4
C14—N5—C16	121.79 (16)	C8—C12—H12A	109.4
C15—N5—C16	117.52 (16)	N4—C12—H12B	109.4
N1-C1-S2	121.84 (15)	C8—C12—H12B	109.4
N1-C1-S1	120.43 (15)	H12A—C12—H12B	108.0
<u>\$2-C1-\$1</u>	117.73 (11)	01—C13—N4	125.76 (17)
N1—C2—H2A	109.5	$01-C13-C13^{i}$	121.4 (2)
N1—C2—H2B	109.5	$N4-C13-C13^{i}$	112.88 (19)
$H_2A$ — $C_2$ — $H_2B$	109.5	02—C14—N5	124.57 (18)
N1—C2—H2C	109.5	O2-C14-H14	117.7
$H_2A - C_2 - H_2C$	109.5	N5-C14-H14	117.7
H2B-C2-H2C	109.5	N5-C15-H15A	109.5
N1—C3—H3A	109.5	N5—C15—H15B	109.5
N1-C3-H3B	109.5	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
H3A—C3—H3B	109.5	N5-C15-H15C	109.5
N1—C3—H3C	109.5	H15A - C15 - H15C	109.5
H3A—C3—H3C	109.5	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
H3B-C3-H3C	109.5	N5—C16—H16A	109.5
N2-C4-S4	122.67 (15)	N5-C16-H16B	109.5
N2-C4-S3	119 78 (15)	$H_{16A}$ $-C_{16}$ $-H_{16B}$	109.5
<u>84—C4—S3</u>	117 56 (10)	N5-C16-H16C	109.5
N2	109 5	$H_{16A}$ $-C_{16}$ $-H_{16C}$	109.5
N2-C5-H5B	109.5	$H_{16B}$ $C_{16}$ $H_{16C}$	109.5
112 - C5 - 115 B	109.5		109.5
C3—N1—C1—S2	-1.3 (3)	Zn—N3—C7—C8	-178.18 (13)
C2—N1—C1—S2	177.58 (15)	N3—C7—C8—C9	1.8 (3)
$C_3 - N_1 - C_1 - S_1$	179.60 (14)	N3-C7-C8-C12	-176.74 (16)
$C_2 - N_1 - C_1 - S_1$	-1.5 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-2.8(3)
Zn - S2 - C1 - N1	-174.64 (16)	C12 - C8 - C9 - C10	175.73 (18)
$Z_{n} = S_{2} = C_{1} = S_{1}$	4 45 (9)	C8-C9-C10-C11	14(3)
			(0)

Zn—S1—C1—N1	174.49 (16)	C7—N3—C11—C10	-2.2 (3)
Zn—S1—C1—S2	-4.61 (10)	Zn—N3—C11—C10	176.66 (15)
C5—N2—C4—S4	-0.6 (3)	C9-C10-C11-N3	1.2 (3)
C6—N2—C4—S4	176.20 (14)	C13—N4—C12—C8	88.2 (2)
C5—N2—C4—S3	179.90 (14)	C9—C8—C12—N4	-114.59 (19)
C6—N2—C4—S3	-3.3 (2)	C7—C8—C12—N4	63.9 (2)
Zn—S4—C4—N2	-171.25 (16)	C12—N4—C13—O1	2.3 (3)
Zn—S4—C4—S3	8.27 (9)	C12—N4—C13—C13 <sup>i</sup>	-178.06 (18)
Zn—S3—C4—N2	170.73 (15)	C15—N5—C14—O2	2.6 (3)
Zn—S3—C4—S4	-8.80 (10)	C16—N5—C14—O2	-179.34 (19)
C11—N3—C7—C8	0.6 (3)		

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y+2, -z+1.

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1-Cg3 are the centroids of the Zn/S1/S2/C1, Zn/S3/S4/C4 and N3/C7-C11 rings, respectively.

D—H···A	D—H	H…A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N4—H4 <i>N</i> ····O2	0.87 (2)	1.99 (2)	2.779 (2)	151 (2)
С7—Н7…О2	0.95	2.44	3.290 (3)	149
C14—H14…O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.49	3.245 (2)	137
C15—H15 <i>B</i> ····O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.98	2.47	3.310 (3)	144
C3—H3 <i>B</i> ··· <i>C</i> g2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	2.93	3.884 (3)	165
C5—H5 $B$ ··· $Cg1^{iv}$	0.98	2.97	3.924 (2)	164
C16—H16 $C$ ··· $Cg3^{v}$	0.98	2.72	3.562 (3)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*, -*y*+2, -*z*+1; (ii) *x*+1, *y*-1, *z*; (iii) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*; (iv) *x*, *y*-1, *z*; (v) *x*+1, *y*, *z*.

 $\{\mu_2 - N, N' - Bis[(pyridin - 3 - yl)methyl]ethanediamide\}$ tetrakis(di-*n*-propylcarbamodithioato)dizinc(II) (II)

### Crystal data

$[Zn_2(C_7H_{14}NS_2)_4(C_{14}H_{14}N_4O_2)]$	F(000) = 2328
$M_r = 1106.28$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.374 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 31.048 (4) Å	Cell parameters from 12374 reflections
b = 16.923 (2) Å	$\theta = 2.3 - 40.8^{\circ}$
c = 10.3453 (14) Å	$\mu = 1.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 100.361 (2)^{\circ}$	T = 98  K
$V = 5347.1 (12) Å^3$	Prism, colourless
Z = 4	$0.35 \times 0.27 \times 0.19 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Rigaku AFC12K/SATURN724	17361 measured reflections
diffractometer	6129 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	5700 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.031$
ωscans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -40 \rightarrow 30$
(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)	$k = -21 \rightarrow 21$
$T_{\min} = 0.642, \ T_{\max} = 1.000$	$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0308P)^2 + 4.5145P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.39 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Zn	0.13541 (2)	0.24490 (2)	0.60218 (2)	0.01873 (7)	
S1	0.08181 (2)	0.25161 (3)	0.73301 (4)	0.01949 (10)	
S2	0.17501 (2)	0.28982 (3)	0.83257 (4)	0.01932 (10)	
S3	0.17753 (2)	0.13268 (2)	0.57617 (4)	0.01802 (10)	
S4	0.09814 (2)	0.17783 (3)	0.38786 (4)	0.01878 (10)	
01	0.03808 (5)	0.50349 (8)	0.14247 (13)	0.0254 (3)	
N1	0.11727 (5)	0.25613 (8)	0.98790 (15)	0.0180 (3)	
N2	0.14225 (5)	0.04388 (9)	0.36979 (14)	0.0178 (3)	
N3	0.14982 (5)	0.34572 (9)	0.50690 (14)	0.0181 (3)	
N4	0.04959 (5)	0.51477 (9)	0.36629 (15)	0.0196 (3)	
H4N	0.0375 (7)	0.5160 (12)	0.4359 (15)	0.024*	
C1	0.12447 (6)	0.26513 (10)	0.86517 (17)	0.0178 (3)	
C2	0.15269 (6)	0.26758 (11)	1.10193 (17)	0.0199 (4)	
H2A	0.1397	0.2798	1.1804	0.024*	
H2B	0.1708	0.3133	1.0852	0.024*	
C3	0.18182 (7)	0.19481 (11)	1.12973 (17)	0.0215 (4)	
H3A	0.1636	0.1490	1.1458	0.026*	
H3B	0.1949	0.1828	1.0514	0.026*	
C4	0.21819 (7)	0.20604 (12)	1.24757 (18)	0.0243 (4)	
H4A	0.2338	0.2554	1.2378	0.036*	
H4B	0.2387	0.1616	1.2532	0.036*	
H4C	0.2056	0.2083	1.3278	0.036*	
C5	0.07487 (6)	0.22987 (11)	1.01677 (18)	0.0211 (4)	
H5A	0.0800	0.1975	1.0978	0.025*	
H5B	0.0603	0.1959	0.9440	0.025*	
C6	0.04457 (7)	0.29765 (13)	1.0347 (2)	0.0285 (4)	
H6A	0.0384	0.3295	0.9532	0.034*	
H6B	0.0589	0.3323	1.1068	0.034*	
C7	0.00182 (8)	0.26606 (17)	1.0668 (2)	0.0407 (6)	
H7A	-0.0130	0.2338	0.9935	0.061*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

H7B H7C	-0.0171	0.3104	1.0813	0.061*
	0.13020 (6)	0.2330	0.43552(16)	0.001
C0	0.13929(0) 0.17538(6)	-0.01696(10)	0.43552(10) 0.41526(17)	0.0109(3)
	0.17338 (0)	-0.0604	0.41520 (17)	0.0192(4)
	0.1033	0.0094	0.5055	0.023*
П9Б	0.1810	-0.01/2	0.3123 0.26546 (17)	0.025
	0.21/94 (0)	-0.00422(11)	0.30340 (17)	0.0203 (4)
HIUA	0.2513	0.0404	0.4000	0.025*
HIUB CI1	0.2119	-0.0011	0.2083	0.025*
	0.24983 (7)	-0.0/212(12)	0.4094 (2)	0.02/4 (4)
HIIA	0.2547	-0.0/66	0.5053	0.041*
HIIB	0.2///	-0.0616	0.3809	0.041*
HIIC	0.2374	-0.1216	0.3699	0.041*
C12	0.11177 (6)	0.02471 (10)	0.24797 (17)	0.0193 (4)
H12A	0.1276	-0.0055	0.1893	0.023*
H12B	0.1013	0.0745	0.2026	0.023*
C13	0.07247 (7)	-0.02322 (12)	0.27126 (18)	0.0242 (4)
H13A	0.0561	0.0068	0.3289	0.029*
H13B	0.0826	-0.0733	0.3160	0.029*
C14	0.04240 (7)	-0.04110 (13)	0.1408 (2)	0.0309 (5)
H14A	0.0313	0.0085	0.0987	0.046*
H14B	0.0178	-0.0736	0.1568	0.046*
H14C	0.0588	-0.0697	0.0831	0.046*
C15	0.12006 (6)	0.40358 (10)	0.47673 (17)	0.0192 (4)
H15	0.0928	0.3991	0.5059	0.023*
C16	0.12765 (6)	0.46989 (10)	0.40430 (17)	0.0180 (3)
C17	0.16739 (7)	0.47512 (11)	0.36094 (18)	0.0220 (4)
H17	0.1734	0.5191	0.3099	0.026*
C18	0.19815 (7)	0.41597 (11)	0.39255 (18)	0.0232 (4)
H18	0.2255	0.4188	0.3640	0.028*
C19	0.18838 (6)	0.35269 (11)	0.46629 (18)	0.0211 (4)
H19	0.2097	0.3125	0.4892	0.025*
C20	0.09527 (6)	0.53720 (11)	0.38052 (19)	0.0218 (4)
H20A	0.1021	0.5748	0.4546	0.026*
H20B	0.0995	0.5654	0.2999	0.026*
C21	0.02463 (6)	0.50634 (10)	0.24787 (18)	0.0195 (4)
	0.02 100 (0)			

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Zn	0.02188 (13)	0.01688 (11)	0.01907 (11)	0.00339 (8)	0.00807 (9)	0.00169 (7)
<b>S</b> 1	0.0158 (2)	0.0254 (2)	0.0174 (2)	-0.00087 (17)	0.00319 (17)	-0.00181 (16)
S2	0.0158 (2)	0.0231 (2)	0.0198 (2)	-0.00156 (17)	0.00530 (17)	-0.00061 (16)
S3	0.0171 (2)	0.0186 (2)	0.01796 (19)	0.00329 (16)	0.00209 (16)	0.00007 (15)
S4	0.0176 (2)	0.0201 (2)	0.0186 (2)	0.00508 (17)	0.00326 (17)	0.00033 (16)
01	0.0185 (7)	0.0347 (7)	0.0239 (6)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0066 (6)	-0.0023 (6)
N1	0.0154 (8)	0.0209 (7)	0.0178 (7)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0038 (6)	-0.0018 (5)
N2	0.0154 (8)	0.0185 (7)	0.0193 (7)	0.0030 (6)	0.0026 (6)	0.0001 (6)

N3	0.0170 (8)	0.0176 (7)	0.0201 (7)	0.0010 (6)	0.0039 (6)	0.0007 (6)
N4	0.0142 (8)	0.0216 (7)	0.0227 (7)	0.0008 (6)	0.0021 (6)	0.0011 (6)
C1	0.0183 (9)	0.0166 (8)	0.0191 (8)	0.0009 (7)	0.0048 (7)	-0.0009 (6)
C2	0.0201 (10)	0.0221 (8)	0.0175 (8)	-0.0009 (7)	0.0037 (7)	-0.0032 (7)
C3	0.0218 (10)	0.0227 (9)	0.0208 (8)	-0.0008 (7)	0.0059 (7)	0.0006 (7)
C4	0.0210 (10)	0.0285 (10)	0.0234 (9)	-0.0005 (8)	0.0039 (8)	0.0043 (7)
C5	0.0190 (10)	0.0250 (9)	0.0200 (8)	-0.0034 (7)	0.0054 (7)	0.0014 (7)
C6	0.0201 (11)	0.0343 (11)	0.0333 (10)	0.0011 (8)	0.0105 (9)	0.0002 (8)
C7	0.0202 (12)	0.0690 (16)	0.0351 (12)	0.0017 (11)	0.0112 (9)	0.0086 (11)
C8	0.0159 (9)	0.0190 (8)	0.0172 (8)	-0.0003 (7)	0.0063 (7)	0.0022 (6)
C9	0.0196 (10)	0.0161 (8)	0.0219 (8)	0.0051 (7)	0.0039 (7)	0.0013 (6)
C10	0.0199 (10)	0.0213 (8)	0.0201 (8)	0.0028 (7)	0.0034 (7)	-0.0008 (7)
C11	0.0243 (11)	0.0255 (10)	0.0325 (10)	0.0068 (8)	0.0052 (8)	-0.0031 (8)
C12	0.0201 (10)	0.0202 (8)	0.0181 (8)	0.0016 (7)	0.0048 (7)	-0.0014 (6)
C13	0.0210 (10)	0.0279 (10)	0.0239 (9)	-0.0040 (8)	0.0048 (8)	-0.0038 (7)
C14	0.0237 (11)	0.0393 (11)	0.0287 (10)	-0.0025 (9)	0.0027 (9)	-0.0070 (9)
C15	0.0160 (9)	0.0200 (8)	0.0222 (8)	0.0008 (7)	0.0045 (7)	0.0009 (7)
C16	0.0148 (9)	0.0173 (8)	0.0207 (8)	-0.0004 (7)	0.0000 (7)	-0.0004 (6)
C17	0.0191 (10)	0.0222 (9)	0.0246 (9)	-0.0029 (7)	0.0034 (7)	0.0038 (7)
C18	0.0158 (10)	0.0282 (9)	0.0268 (9)	0.0002 (8)	0.0071 (8)	-0.0001 (7)
C19	0.0179 (10)	0.0219 (9)	0.0234 (9)	0.0037 (7)	0.0036 (7)	-0.0005 (7)
C20	0.0146 (9)	0.0187 (8)	0.0312 (9)	-0.0013 (7)	0.0013 (7)	0.0029 (7)
C21	0.0170 (10)	0.0170 (8)	0.0245 (9)	-0.0008 (7)	0.0035 (7)	-0.0002 (6)

## Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Zn—N3	2.0595 (15)	С6—Н6В	0.9900
Zn—S1	2.3289 (5)	С7—Н7А	0.9800
Zn—S3	2.3484 (5)	С7—Н7В	0.9800
Zn—S4	2.5731 (5)	С7—Н7С	0.9800
Zn—S2	2.5917 (6)	C9—C10	1.518 (3)
S1—C1	1.7391 (19)	С9—Н9А	0.9900
S2—C1	1.715 (2)	С9—Н9В	0.9900
S3—C8	1.7435 (19)	C10—C11	1.531 (3)
S4—C8	1.7114 (19)	C10—H10A	0.9900
O1—C21	1.237 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9900
N1-C1	1.337 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9800
N1C5	1.470 (2)	C11—H11B	0.9800
N1-C2	1.474 (2)	C11—H11C	0.9800
N2—C8	1.335 (2)	C12—C13	1.520 (3)
N2-C12	1.470 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9900
N2—C9	1.472 (2)	C12—H12B	0.9900
N3—C19	1.343 (2)	C13—C14	1.527 (3)
N3—C15	1.344 (2)	C13—H13A	0.9900
N4—C21	1.334 (2)	C13—H13B	0.9900
N4—C20	1.450 (2)	C14—H14A	0.9800
N4—H4N	0.870 (9)	C14—H14B	0.9800
C2—C3	1.524 (3)	C14—H14C	0.9800

C2—H2A	0.9900	C15—C16	1.393 (2)
C2—H2B	0.9900	C15—H15	0.9500
C3—C4	1.517 (3)	C16—C17	1.389 (3)
С3—НЗА	0.9900	C16—C20	1.510 (3)
С3—Н3В	0.9900	C17—C18	1.382 (3)
C4—H4A	0.9800	C17—H17	0.9500
C4—H4B	0.9800	C18— $C19$	1 380 (3)
C4—H4C	0.9800	C18—H18	0.9500
C5C6	1 516 (3)	C19—H19	0.9500
C5—H5A	0.9900	$C_{20}$ H20A	0.9900
C5 H5B	0.9900	$C_{20}$ H20R	0.9900
C6 C7	1.522(3)	$C_{20}$ $C_{21}$ $C_{21}^{i}$	1.538(4)
	1.522 (5)	021-021	1.558 (4)
Со—поА	0.9900		
N3—Zn—S1	118.51 (4)	Н7В—С7—Н7С	109.5
N3—Zn—S3	116.21 (5)	N2—C8—S4	122.11 (14)
S1—Zn—S3	125.225 (18)	N2—C8—S3	120.36 (14)
N3—Zn—S4	93.20 (4)	S4—C8—S3	117.52 (10)
S1—Zn—S4	105.351 (19)	N2—C9—C10	113.16 (14)
S3—Zn—S4	73.615 (17)	N2—C9—H9A	108.9
N3—Zn—S2	95.11 (4)	С10—С9—Н9А	108.9
S1—Zn—S2	73.841 (18)	N2—C9—H9B	108.9
S3—Zn—S2	99.247 (17)	С10—С9—Н9В	108.9
S4—Zn—S2	170.877 (16)	Н9А—С9—Н9В	107.8
C1 - S1 - Zn	86.60 (6)	C9-C10-C11	110 41 (15)
C1 = S2 = Zn	79.03 (6)	C9-C10-H10A	109.6
$C_8 = S_3 = Z_n$	87 51 (6)	$C_{11}$ $C_{10}$ $H_{10A}$	109.6
C8 - S4 - 7n	81.18 (6)	C9-C10-H10B	109.6
C1N1C5	12243(16)	$C_{11}$ $C_{10}$ $H_{10B}$	109.6
C1 - N1 - C2	122.43 (10)	H10A - C10 - H10B	109.0
$C_{1}$ $N_{1}$ $C_{2}$	121.12(10) 11634(14)	C10  C11  H11A	108.1
$C_{3}$ N2 $C_{12}$	110.34(14) 122.13(15)	C10 $C11$ $H11P$	109.5
$C_8 N_2 C_0$	122.13(15) 122.71(15)		109.5
$C_{0} = 102 = C_{0}$	122.71(13) 115.15(14)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	109.5
$C_{12} - N_2 - C_7$	113.13 (14)		109.5
$C_{19} = N_{3} = C_{13}$	118.32(10) 120.34(12)		109.5
C15 N2 Tr	120.34(12) 121.01(12)	$\frac{1110}{12} - \frac{11}{12}$	109.3
C13—N3—ZII	121.01(12) 121.14(10)	$N_2 = C_{12} = C_{13}$	113.10 (14)
$C_2 I = N_4 = C_2 U$	121.14(10)	$N_2$ — $C12$ — $H12A$	108.9
$C_2 I = N_4 = H_4 N_1$	119.8 (16)	C13 - C12 - H12A	108.9
C20—N4—H4N	118.0 (15)	N2—C12—H12B	108.9
NI—CI—S2	121.99 (15)	C13—C12—H12B	108.9
NI-CI-SI	119.86 (15)	H12A—C12—H12B	107.8
S2—C1—S1	118.16 (10)	C12—C13—C14	110.26 (16)
N1—C2—C3	112.14 (14)	C12—C13—H13A	109.6
NI—C2—H2A	109.2	C14—C13—H13A	109.6
C3—C2—H2A	109.2	C12—C13—H13B	109.6
N1—C2—H2B	109.2	C14—C13—H13B	109.6
C3—C2—H2B	109.2	H13A—C13—H13B	108.1

H2A—C2—H2B	107.9	C13—C14—H14A	109.5
C4—C3—C2	112.39 (15)	C13—C14—H14B	109.5
С4—С3—НЗА	109.1	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
С2—С3—НЗА	109.1	C13—C14—H14C	109.5
С4—С3—Н3В	109.1	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
С2—С3—Н3В	109.1	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
НЗА—СЗ—НЗВ	107.9	N3—C15—C16	122.43 (17)
C3—C4—H4A	109.5	N3—C15—H15	118.8
C3—C4—H4B	109.5	C16—C15—H15	118.8
H4A—C4—H4B	109.5	C17—C16—C15	118.11 (17)
C3—C4—H4C	109.5	C17—C16—C20	120.22 (16)
H4A—C4—H4C	109.5	C15—C16—C20	121.55 (17)
H4B—C4—H4C	109.5	C18—C17—C16	119.57 (17)
N1—C5—C6	113.23 (16)	C18—C17—H17	120.2
N1—C5—H5A	108.9	С16—С17—Н17	120.2
С6—С5—Н5А	108.9	C19—C18—C17	118.81 (18)
N1—C5—H5B	108.9	C19—C18—H18	120.6
С6—С5—Н5В	108.9	C17—C18—H18	120.6
H5A—C5—H5B	107.7	N3—C19—C18	122.55 (17)
C5—C6—C7	110.23 (18)	N3—C19—H19	118.7
С5—С6—Н6А	109.6	C18—C19—H19	118.7
С7—С6—Н6А	109.6	N4—C20—C16	115.44 (15)
С5—С6—Н6В	109.6	N4—C20—H20A	108.4
С7—С6—Н6В	109.6	C16—C20—H20A	108.4
H6A—C6—H6B	108.1	N4—C20—H20B	108.4
С6—С7—Н7А	109.5	C16—C20—H20B	108.4
С6—С7—Н7В	109.5	H20A—C20—H20B	107.5
H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	O1-C21-N4	125.54 (18)
С6—С7—Н7С	109.5	O1-C21-C21 <sup>i</sup>	121.4 (2)
H7A—C7—H7C	109.5	N4-C21-C21 <sup>i</sup>	112.96 (19)

Symmetry code: (i) -x, y, -z+1/2.

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N4—H4 <i>N</i> ···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.87 (2)	2.16 (2)	2.959 (2)	153 (2)

Symmetry code: (ii) -x+1/2, y+3/2, -z+1/2.