

Since January 2020 Elsevier has created a COVID-19 resource centre with free information in English and Mandarin on the novel coronavirus COVID-19. The COVID-19 resource centre is hosted on Elsevier Connect, the company's public news and information website.

Elsevier hereby grants permission to make all its COVID-19-related research that is available on the COVID-19 resource centre - including this research content - immediately available in PubMed Central and other publicly funded repositories, such as the WHO COVID database with rights for unrestricted research re-use and analyses in any form or by any means with acknowledgement of the original source. These permissions are granted for free by Elsevier for as long as the COVID-19 resource centre remains active. Contents lists available at ScienceDirect



Contact Lens and Anterior Eye



journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/clae

Increased risk of ocular injury seen during lockdown due to COVID-19

ARTICLE INFO

Keywords: COVID19 Ophthalmology

COVID-19 is a global pandemic which has affected many aspects of health care and impacted social mobility around the world. Although the main impact of this disease is in critical care, other medical specialties have been affected due to mobilisation of staff, resource availability, self-isolation and social distancing. Several reports also suggest that COVID-19 can present with ocular findings such as conjunctivitis [1].

This article reports the effect of lockdown on cases presenting to the ophthalmology emergency department (ED) at Birmingham and Midland Eye Centre over the week up to 15 April 2020. A total of 293 patients presented to ED (about 35% of the normal numbers seen in ED in a typical week). There was a rise in traumatic ocular injuries occurring at home (Total 23 during this week in comparison to 10 a week in 2019) Twelve patients had injuries during gardening, eight patients doing DIY/home improvement projects and three through exercise at home through skipping rope and resistance elastic bands injuries. The majority of these injuries resulted in corneal abrasions. However, there was one case of hyphaema, one chemical injury and one full thickness lid laceration.

Furthermore, the impact of self-isolation and shielding resulted in the delayed presentation of three patients over the age of 70 years old, who presented late with microbial keratitis, 7-14 days after symptoms had started.

Almost 8% of attendances were likely to be as a consequence of lockdown and hence we recommend that all patients take necessary precautions and wear appropriate eye protection whilst conducting any DIY and gardening at home. Further clear guidance should also be issued to raise awareness of the potential ocular injuries which can occur at home. Finally, it is important for patients to seek professional ophthalmology advice regarding ocular symptoms in a prompt manner despite COVID-19 to avoid more serious problems.

These patients could have been seen in the many optometry practices that are still seeing emergencies and the possibility of remote consultation would allow trained staff to give appropriate advice and possible treatment without the need for in-hospital face to face consultations reducing the transmission of COVID-19 and freeing the medical staff for other work [2,3].

References

- Sibylle Bernard Stoecklin, et al., First cases of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) in France: surveillance, investigations and control measures, January 2020, Euro Surveill 25 (6) (2020) 2000094, https://doi.org/10.2807/1560-7917.
- [2] L. Jones, K. Walsh, M. Wilcox, P. Morgan, J. Nichols, The COVID-19 pandemic: Important considerations for contact lens practitioners, Contact Lens and Anterior Eye (2020), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clae.2020.03.012 [Epub ahead of print].
- [3] Z. Fabrizio, S. Naroo, Contact lens practice in the time of COVID-10, Contact Lens and Anterior Eye (2020), https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clae.2020.03.007.

Ahmed Hamroush^{1,*}, Madyan Qureshi², Sunil Shah (Prof.)³ ¹ Ahmed Hamroush, ST7 Ophthalmology, Birmingham and Midland Eye Centre., Birmingham, United Kingdom ² Madyan Qureshi ST4 Ophthalmology, Birmingham and Midland Eye Centre. Birmingham, United Kingdom

³ Prof. Sunil Shah Consultant Ophthalmologist, Birmingham and Midland Eye Centre, Birmingham, United Kingdom

E-mail addresses: ahmed.hamroush@gmail.com (A. Hamroush),

madyannasim@hotmail.com (M. Qureshi),

profsunilshah@gmail.com (S. Shah).

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clae.2020.04.007 Received 18 April 2020

^{*} Corresponding author: Ahmed Hamroush, Birmingham and Midland Eye Centre., Birmingham and Midland Eye Centre, 76 Dudley Road, Birmingham, B18 7QH United Kingdom

^{1367-0484/ © 2020} British Contact Lens Association. Published by Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.