

CORRECTION

Correction: Bone Cells in Birds Show Exceptional Surface Area, a Characteristic Tracing Back to Saurischian Dinosaurs of the Late Triassic

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There is an error in [Fig 3](#), “Total lengths of canaliculi per sample.” Please see the corrected [Fig 3](#) and its legend here.



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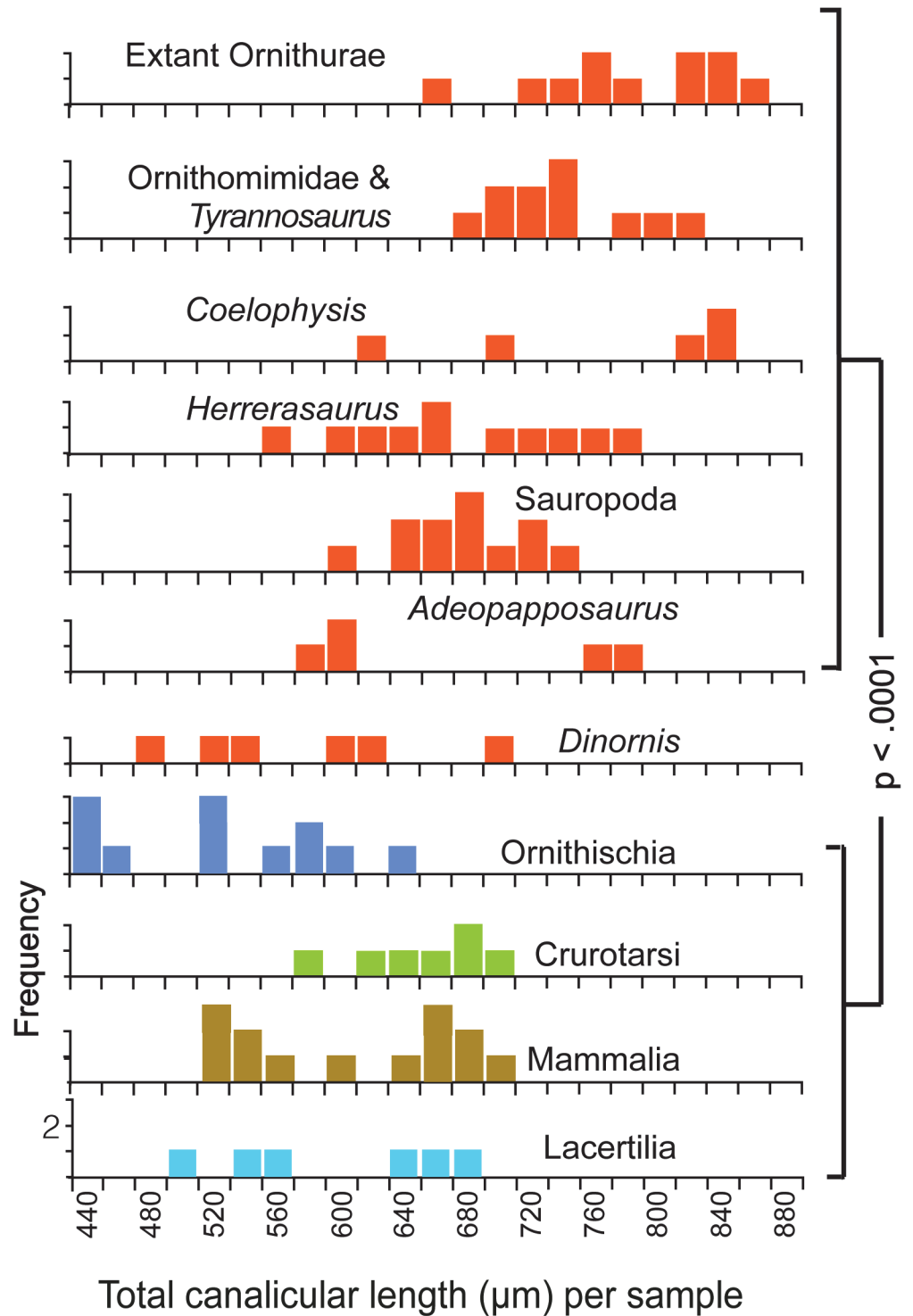


Fig 3. Total lengths of canaliculi per sample. Total lengths of canaliculi per sample. Each sample is $2025 \mu\text{m}^2$ in area; null probabilities were calculated with Fisher's Exact test; red frequency distributions identify Saurischia in this and subsequent figures. Original measurements for Figs 3, 4 and 5 are listed in [S1 Table](#).

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There is an error in [S1 Table](#). Please view the correct [S1 Table](#) below.

Supporting Information

S1 Table. Measurements.
(DOC)

Reference

1. Rensberger JM, Martínez RN (2015) Bone Cells in Birds Show Exceptional Surface Area, a Characteristic Tracing Back to Saurischian Dinosaurs of the Late Triassic. PLoS ONE 10(4): e0119083. doi: [10.1371/journal.pone.0119083](https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0119083) PMID: [25830561](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25830561/)