# CORRECTION



## Correction to: Real-World Clinical Practice Use of 8-Week Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir in Treatment-Naïve Patients with Compensated Cirrhosis

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Published online: September 11, 2020

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Correction to: Adv Ther (2020) 37:4033-4042

https://doi.org/10.1007/s12325-020-01449-0

In the original article, there is an error in Fig. 1. The correct Fig. 1 is given below:

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1007/s12325-020-01449-0.

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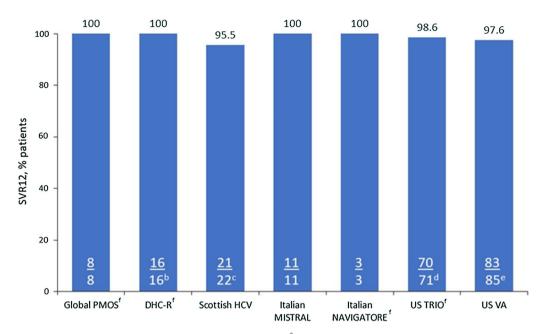
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**Fig. 1** SVR12 rates in TN patients with CC, GT1–6<sup>a</sup> treated with 8 weeks of G/P. <sup>a</sup>Scottish HCV study included GT1,2,4–6, US VA study included GT1–3. <sup>b</sup>Four patients were lost to follow-up in the ITT population. <sup>c</sup>One confirmed reinfection with subsequent spontaneous clearance, no virologic failure. <sup>d</sup>One virologic failure. <sup>c</sup>One patient died after completing treatment but before SVR12 testing, one patient was lost to follow-up.

<sup>t</sup>Patients missing SVR12 data were excluded from SVR12 analysis. *CC* compensated cirrhosis, *DHC-R* German Hepatitis C-Registry, *G/P* glecaprevir/pibrentasvir, *GT* genotype, *HCV* hepatitis C virus, *ITT* intention-to-treat, *PMOS* post-marketing observational studies, *SVR12* sustained virologic response at week 12, *TN* treatment-naïve, *VA* Veterans Association

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