

## CORRECTION

# Correction: Hatha yoga for acute, chronic and/or treatment-resistant mood and anxiety disorders: A systematic review and meta-analysis

The *PLOS ONE* Staff

[Fig 5](#) is incorrectly printed as a duplicate of Fig 4. The publisher apologizes for the error. Please view [Fig 5](#) here.



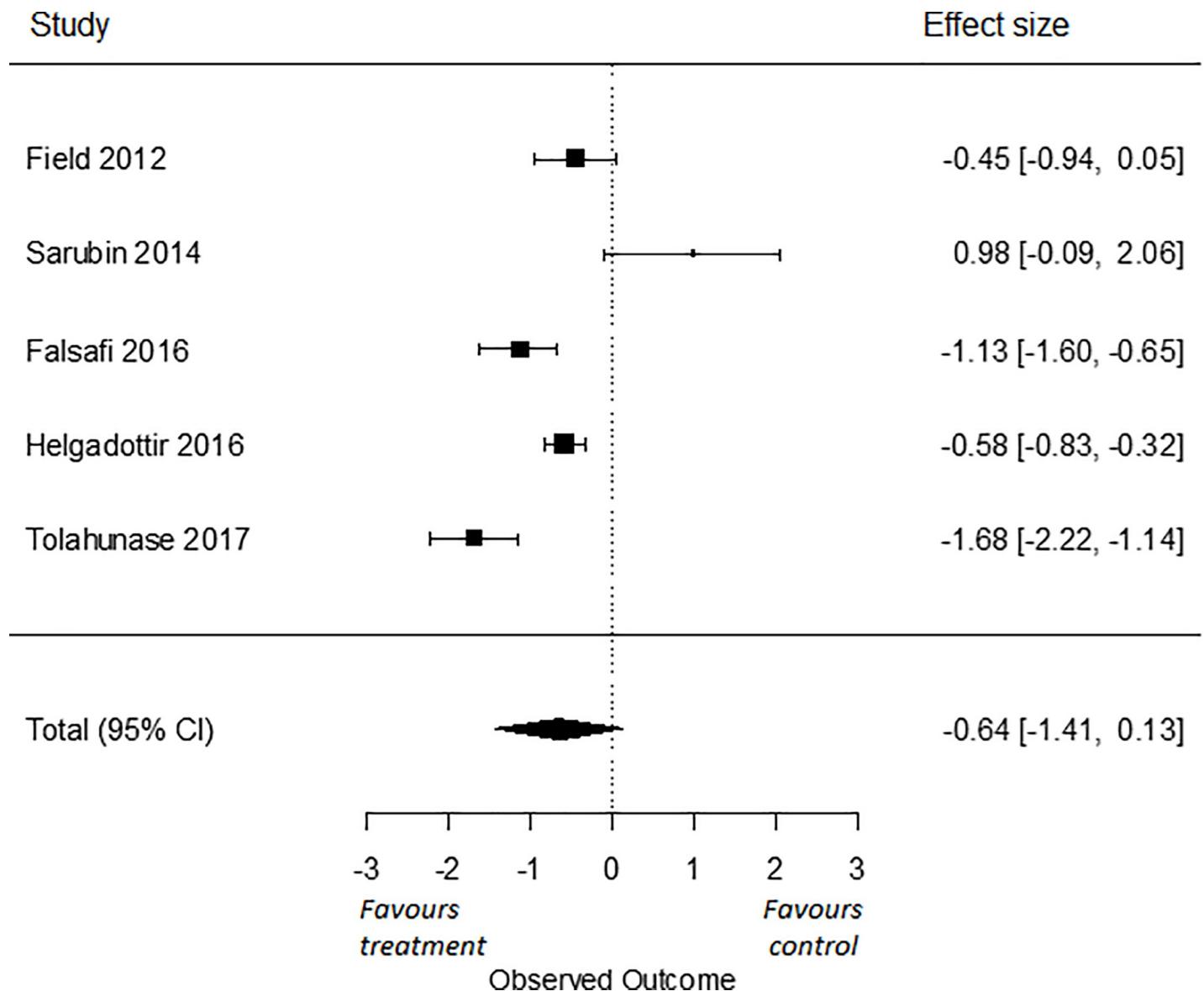
---

## OPEN ACCESS

**Citation:** The *PLOS ONE* Staff (2019) Correction: Hatha yoga for acute, chronic and/or treatment-resistant mood and anxiety disorders: A systematic review and meta-analysis. *PLoS ONE* 14(5): e0216631. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0216631>

**Published:** May 2, 2019

**Copyright:** © 2019 The PLOS ONE Staff. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](#), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.



**Fig 5. Effect of yoga versus TAU on depressive symptoms.**

<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0216631.g001>

## Reference

1. Vollbehrg NK, Bartels-Velthuis AA, Nauta MH, Castelein S, Steenhuis LA, Hoenders HJR, et al. (2018) Hatha yoga for acute, chronic and/or treatment-resistant mood and anxiety disorders: A systematic review and meta-analysis. PLoS ONE 13(10): e0204925. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0204925> PMID: 30273409