



Editorial Fungal Biofilms 2020

Célia F. Rodrigues ^{1,*} and Jesus A. Romo ^{2,*}

- ¹ LEPABE—Laboratory for Process Engineering, Environment, Biotechnology and Energy,
- Faculty of Engineering, University of Porto, Rua Dr. Roberto Frias, 4200-465 Porto, Portugal
 Department of Molecular Biology and Microbiology, Tufts University School of Medicine, Boston, MA 02111, USA
- * Correspondence: c.fortunae@gmail.com (C.F.R.); jesus.romo@tufts.edu (J.A.R.)

Fungal infections are an important and increasing global threat, carrying not only high morbidity and mortality rates, but also extraordinary healthcare costs. Without an effective response, it is predicted that 10 million people will die per year because of multidrug-resistant pathogens. A high percentage of the mortalities caused by fungi are known to have a biofilm etiology [1–4]. In fact, biofilms are the predominant mode of fungal growth. They have several ecologic benefits, for example higher nutrient availability, metabolic cooperation, protection from the environmental stresses, and acquisition of new and advantageous features. Besides, single-species and mixed-species biofilms are particularly problematic to eradicate, being, thus, the foundation of chronic infections, particularly if medical devices are existent [5].

A total of ten papers were published in this Special Issue including three reviews and six original articles. These cover a wide range of topics with original research on polymicrobial biofilms of fungi and bacteria, small molecule screening, characterization of the impact of current antifungals on biofilms of non-*albicans* species, characterization of non-*albicans* species biofilm matrix, and biofilms of *Aspergillus fumigatus*. Additionally, review articles cover the antifungal effect of *quorum sensing* molecules on *Candida* biofilms, sexual biofilms of *Candida albicans*, and a compilation of plant derived compounds and their activities against biofilms formed by *Candida* species.

The reports describe original research in the area of antimicrobials and include work involving individual and combinatorial efficacy of compounds with specific activity against fungi, bacteria, or both within polymicrobial biofilms [6], a screen of a small molecule library alone or in combination with current antifungals in search of compounds with antibiofilm and pre-formed biofilm activities [7], characterization of the effect of echinocandins against planktonic and biofilm lifestyles of clinical isolates from the *Candida haemulonii* complex [8], and the use of a membranotropic peptide to disrupt polymicrobial biofilms of *Candida albicans* and *Klebsiella pneumoniae* [9]. Additional reports phenotypically characterized colonies from *Candida parapsilosis* clinical isolates as a way to predict their biofilm formation capabilities [10], conducted analyses of the biofilm matrix composition from the *Candida haemulonii* species complex [11], and investigated the virulence and biofilm capabilities of an *Aspergillus fumigatus* environmental isolate with interest in the role of this isolate in the textile industry [12].

The reviews in this Special Issue covered recent developments in the area of *Candida albicans* sexual biofilms specifically focusing on how they are formed, their physical characteristics, and their role in *Candida* biology [13], the properties of the quorum sensing molecules farnesol and tyrosol secreted by *Candida* and their effect as anti-biofilm agents [14], and an extensive compilation of plant derived compounds with activities against biofilms of distinct *Candida* species [15]. Overall, this Special Issue is a great resource highlighting novel work on fungal biofilms.



Citation: Rodrigues, C.F.; Romo, J.A. Fungal Biofilms 2020. *J. Fungi* **2021**, *7*, 603. https://doi.org/10.3390/ jof7080603

Received: 22 July 2021 Accepted: 23 July 2021 Published: 26 July 2021

Publisher's Note: MDPI stays neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.



Copyright: © 2021 by the authors. Licensee MDPI, Basel, Switzerland. This article is an open access article distributed under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (https:// creativecommons.org/licenses/by/ 4.0/). Acknowledgments: C.F.R. would like to acknowledge the UID/EQU/00511/2020 Project—Laboratory of Process Engineering, Environment, Biotechnology and Energy (LEPABE)—financed by national funds through FCT/MCTES (PIDDAC).

Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

References

- 1. Ivanova, K.; Ramon, E.; Hoyo, J.; Tzanov, T. Innovative Approaches for Controlling Clinically Relevant Biofilms: Current Trends and Future Prospects. *Curr. Top. Med. Chem.* 2017, *17*, 1889–1914. [CrossRef]
- Costerton, J.W.; Cheng, K.J.; Geesey, G.G.; Ladd, T.I.; Nickel, J.C.; Dasgupta, M.; Marrie, T.J. Bacterial biofilms in nature and disease. *Annu. Rev. Microbiol.* 1987, 41, 435–464. [CrossRef]
- 3. Costerton, J.W.; Stewart, P.S.; Greenberg, E.P. Bacterial biofilms: A common cause of persistent infections. *Science* **1999**, *284*, 1318–1322. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- 4. Hall-Stoodley, L.; Costerton, J.W.; Stoodley, P. Bacterial biofilms: From the natural environment to infectious diseases. *Nat. Rev. Microbiol.* **2004**, *2*, 95–108. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- Santos, A.; Galdino, A.C.M.; Mello, T.P.; Ramos, L.S.; Branquinha, M.H.; Bolognese, A.M.; Columbano Neto, J.; Roudbary, M. What are the advantages of living in a community? A microbial biofilm perspective! *Mem. Inst. Oswaldo Cruz* 2018, 113, e180212. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- Lobo, C.I.V.; Lopes, A.; Klein, M.I. Compounds with Distinct Targets Present Diverse Antimicrobial and Antibiofilm Efficacy against Candida albicans and Streptococcus mutans, and Combinations of Compounds Potentiate Their Effect. *J. Fungi* 2021, 7, 340. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- Lohse, M.B.; Ennis, C.L.; Hartooni, N.; Johnson, A.D.; Nobile, C.J. A Screen for Small Molecules to Target Candida albicans Biofilms. J. Fungi 2020, 7, 9. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- 8. Ramos, L.S.; Silva, L.N.; Branquinha, M.H.; Santos, A.L.S. Susceptibility of the Candida haemulonii Complex to Echinocandins: Focus on Both Planktonic and Biofilm Life Styles and a Literature Review. *J. Fungi* **2020**, *6*, 201. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- Maione, A.; de Alteriis, E.; Carraturo, F.; Galdiero, S.; Falanga, A.; Guida, M.; Di Cosmo, A.; Maselli, V.; Galdiero, E. The Membranotropic Peptide gH625 to Combat Mixed Candida albicans/Klebsiella pneumoniae Biofilm: Correlation between In Vitro Anti-Biofilm Activity and In Vivo Antimicrobial Protection. J. Fungi 2021, 7, 26. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- 10. Gomez-Molero, E.; De-la-Pinta, I.; Fernandez-Pereira, J.; Gross, U.; Weig, M.; Quindos, G.; de Groot, P.W.J.; Bader, O. Candida parapsilosis Colony Morphotype Forecasts Biofilm Formation of Clinical Isolates. *J. Fungi* **2021**, *7*, 33. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- 11. Ramos, L.S.; Mello, T.P.; Branquinha, M.H.; Santos, A.L.S. Biofilm Formed by Candida haemulonii Species Complex: Structural Analysis and Extracellular Matrix Composition. *J. Fungi* **2020**, *6*, 46. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- 12. Rebaza, T.D.; Ludena, Y.; Samolski, I.; Villena, G.K. Gene Expression Analysis of Non-Clinical Strain of Aspergillus fumigatus (LMB-35Aa): Does Biofilm Affect Virulence? J. Fungi 2020, 6, 376. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- 13. Perry, A.M.; Hernday, A.D.; Nobile, C.J. Unraveling How Candida albicans Forms Sexual Biofilms. *J. Fungi* 2020, *6*, 14. [CrossRef] [PubMed]
- Kovacs, R.; Majoros, L. Fungal Quorum-Sensing Molecules: A Review of Their Antifungal Effect against Candida Biofilms. J. Fungi 2020, 6, 99. [CrossRef]
- 15. Karpinski, T.M.; Ozarowski, M.; Seremak-Mrozikiewicz, A.; Wolski, H.; Adamczak, A. Plant Preparations and Compounds with Activities against Biofilms Formed by Candida spp. *J. Fungi* **2021**, *7*, 360. [CrossRef] [PubMed]